ENGLISH PRACTICE 11

I. Choose the word that has a different stress pattern from the others.

 A.shower A.increase A.danger A.these A. chamber A. smoothly A dozen A kites A wood A whistled 	B.allow B.creation B.exchange B.theory B. ancient B. southern B glove B catches B good B laughed	C.shout C.mean C.blame C.worth C. danger C. breath C love C oranges C food C lodged	D.arrow D.cheat D.anger D.threaten D. ancestor D. airworthy D stove D buzzes D childhood D received		
I. Choose the word that has a	a different stress pattern	n from the others	S.		
16. A. community	B. developing	C. conditioner	D. interested		
17. A. continue	B. importance	C. different	D. directed		
18. A. medicines	B. opposite	C. pollution	D. capable		
19. A. preservation	B. inspiration	C. disposable	D. popularity		
20. A. exhausted	B. atmosphere	C. suspect	D. computer		
II. Choose the word, phrase or expression which best completes each sentence.21. Hoa: "Are you going to buy a new computer or just continue using the old one?"					
Mary: ""					
A. Yes, I am. B. Yes, I'd like one. Thank you.					
C. That's impossible. I can't afford a new one. D. Neither. I'm going to lease one.					
22. Mr. Black: "What a lovely house you have!"					
Mr John: ""					
A. No problem	B. Tha	ınk you. Hope yo	u will drop in.		
C. Of course not, it's not costly D. I think so.					
23. You have never been to Italy,?					
A. have you B. hav	ven't you C. did you	D. had	you		
24. You can't tell what someone is like just from their					

A. character	B. looking	C. appearance D. personal	ity	
25. "How is it going?"	- "			
A. By bike	B. Not much	C. It sounds better	D. Mustn't grumble	
26 a dentist,	Mike is very concerned	about having healthy teeth.		
A. Because	B. He is	C. As	D. That he is	
27, you need	d to achieve a score of 6	0% or more.		
A. To pass this test		B. For being passed this test	t	
C. In order pass this t	est	D. So that to pass th	nis test	
28. As a famous person	many childre	en admire, it is important for h	ner to act responsibly.	
A. whose	B. whom	C. which	D. when	
29. The brochure says t	hat the hotel has a great	of the sea.		
A. appearance	B. look	C. sight	D. view	
30. Our new coach is po	opular the wh	ole team.		
A. with	B. to	C. by	D. for	
31. As soon as you	that, I'd like you	to go to bed.		
A. have done	B. did	C. will do D.	will have done	
32. Margaret was slow	at school, but she went	on Prime Minister.		
A. being	B. to be	C. having been	D. to have been	
33. In 1870,,	John D. Rockefeller and	d others created the Standard	Oil Company.	
A. in spite of oil prices fluctuated B. despite fluctuating oil prices				
C. but the oil prices fluctuated		D. oil prices were fluctuating		
34. They're staying in r	ented accommodation for	or the time		
A. going	B. making	C. doing	D. being	
35. "I have an idea. Let	's go for a swim on Sun	day afternoon" "	"	
A. OK, what time?	B. You're kidding	C. I know D.	I'm sure	
III. Give the correct fo	orm of the words in bra	ackets.		

36. We found it (thrill) to your wonderful news. THRILLING			
37. He left the room without any (explain). EXPLANATION			
38. He didn't feel happy because he worked (success). UNSUCCESSFULLY			
39. Many people expressed (disagree) with the whole idea. DISAGREEMENT			
40. There was a (wide) dissatisfaction with the government's policies. WIDESPREAD			
41. Her health has(bad) considerably since we last saw her. WORSENED			
42. A lot of plants and animals could be used as medicines against cancer, AIDS, heart diseases and other (sick). SICKNESSES			
43. He was (information) of the consequences in advance. INFORMED			
44. I was kept (wake) last night by the noise from a party in the flat above. AWAKE			
45. This road is so bad that it needs (surface). RESURFACING			
IV. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.			
46. Last week <u>unless</u> my mother <u>had had enough money</u> , she <u>would have bought</u> that toy for me.			
47. It often <u>takes</u> me <u>about fifteen minutes</u> to go to work from here <u>by foot</u> .			
48. Those people say that it is such polluted air that they can't breath, don't they?			
49. It is <u>noisy enough</u> in this room, <u>so</u> I <u>would</u> rather you <u>stop</u> shouting like that.			
50. Dr. Roberts, the first woman to be <u>elected president</u> of the university, <u>is</u> intelligent, capable and <u>awareness</u> of the problem <u>to be solved</u> .			
V. Fill in the gaps			
A. terrible B. size C. hope D. wrong E. loose F. problem G. want			
Choosing clothes can be difficult. Some people (51) to be fashionable, but they don't want to look exactly like everybody else. Not all clothes are suitable for work or school, perhaps because they are not formal enough, or simply not comfortable. It is easy to buy the (52) size, and find that your trousers are too tight, especially if you are a little bit overweight. Very (53) clothes make you feel slim, but when they have shrunk in the washing machine, then you have the same (54)! If you buy light cotton clothes, then they might not be warm enough for winter. If your shoes are not tight, and if you aren't dressed for the cold, you might look good, but feel (55)!!			
(10 points)			
(10 points)			

Schools in the Uni	ted States have not alwa	lys had a large number o	t libraries. As (56)as	
1958 about half of the public schools in the United States had no libraries at all. The number of public				
school libraries increased dramatically (57) the federal government passed the Elementary and				
Secondary Education Act of 1965, (58) provided funds for school districts to improve their				
			, many educators claim that	
since the legislation w	vas passed federal spend	ding has not increased s	sufficiently to meet the rising	
(60) of new libra	ary technologies such as o	computer databases and In	iternet access.	
Daggies the fede	ral gavarnment provides	only limited funds to soh	ools, individual school districts	
	•	•	rity of public school expenses.	
· · · 		•	2) capabilities of the	
			have fully staffed libraries (63)	
	•	•	etional support. In (64)	
	-		srooms or in small rooms. The	
	-		and (65) books that are	
often out-of-date, irrele		, 8	· /	
56. A. freshly	B. recently	C. frequently	D. newly	
57. A. though	B. with	C. during	D. when	
_		C		
58. A. that	B. who	C. which	D. this	
59. A. Nevertheless	B. Therefore	C. Consequently	D. Otherwise	
60. A. fine	B. fee	C. cost	D. sum	
61. A. go	B. come	C. rely	D. stay	
62. A. educational	B. economical	C. political	D. financial	
63. A. for	B. with	C. on	D. by	
	D		D 0' '	
64. A. country	B. converse	C. contrast	D. conflict	
65. A. attain	B. obtain	C. contain	D. maintain	

III. Read the passage and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D(10 points).

Before the mid-nineteenth century, people in the United States ate most foods only **in season**. Drying, smoking and salting could preserve meat for a short time, but the availability of fresh meat, like that of fresh milk, was very limited; there was no way to prevent spoilage. But in 1810, a French inventor named Nicolas Appert developed the cooking-and-sealing process of canning. And in the 1850's an American named Gail Borden developed a means of condensing and preserving milk. Canned goods and condensed milk became more common during the 1860's, but supplies remained low because cans had to be made by hand. By 1880, however, inventors had fashioned stamping and soldering machines that mass-produced cans from tinplate. Suddenly all kinds of food could be preserved and bought at all times of the year.

Other trends and inventions had also helped make it possible for Americans to vary their daily diets. Growing urban population created demand that encouraged fruit and vegetable farmers to raise more produce. Railroad refrigerator cars enabled growers and meat packers to ship perishables great distances and to preserve **them** for longer periods. Thus, by the 1890's, northern city dwellers could enjoy southern and western strawberries, grapes, and tomatoes, previously available for a month at most, for up to six months of the year. In addition, increased use of iceboxes enabled families to store perishables. As easy means of producing ice commercially had been invented in the 1870's, and by 1900 the nation had more than two thousand commercial ice plants, most of which made home deliveries. The icebox became a **fixture** in most homes and remained so until the mechanized refrigerator replaced it in the 1920's and 1930's.

Almost everyone now had a more diversified diet. Some people continued to eat mainly foods that were heavily in starches or carbohydrates, and not everyone could afford meat. **Nevertheless**, many families could take advantage of previously unavailable fruits, vegetables, and dairy products to achieve more varied fare.

- 66. What does the passage mainly discuss?
 - A. Causes of food spoilage
 - B. Commercial production of ice
 - C. Population movements in the nineteenth century
 - D. Inventions that led to changes in the American diet
- 67. The phrase "in season" in line 1 refers to

A. a particular time of year B. a kind of weather

C. an official schedule D. a method of flavoring

68. During the 1860's, canned food products were

A. unavailable in rural areas B. available in limited quantities

C. shipped in refrigerator cars

D. a staple part of the American diet.

69. It can be inferred that railroad refrigerator cars came into use

A. before 1860 B. before 1890 C. after 1900 D. after 1920

70. The word" them" in line 13 refers to

A. refrigerator cars B.growers C. perishables D. distances.

71. The word" **fixture**" in line 18 is closest in meaning to

A. commonplace object B. substance C. luxury item D. mechanical device

72. The author implies that in	the 1920's and 193	30's home deliveries of	fice
A. increased in cost		B. occurred o	only in the summer
C. decreased in number		D. were on an	n irregular schedule
73. The word " Nevertheless "	" in line 21 is close	est meaning to	
A. occasionally	B. however	C. therefore	D. because
74. Which of the following ty	rpes of food preserv	vation was NOT menti	oned in the passage?
A. Drying	B. Chemical add	ditives C. Canning	D. Cold storage
75. Which of the following st	atements is suppor	ted by the passage?	
A. Most farmers in the Unit	ted States raised or	aly fruits and vegetable	S.
B. People who lived in citie	es demanded home	delivery of foods.	
C. Tin cans and iceboxes he	elped to make man	y foods more widely a	vailable.
D. Commercial ice factories	s were developed b	y railroad owners	
E. Writing			
I. Finish each of the followsentences printed before. (5	_	such a way that it	means exactly the same as the
76. Having nothing else to do	, we decided to go	for a walk.	
- Since			
77. She was not only bad-tem	pered but also very	y lazy.	
- As well			
78. "Nothing will persuade n	ne to apply for that	kind of job." She said	
_ She flatly			
79. The school I studied at las	st year was better th	nan this one.	
- This school isn't			
80. You must leave now, or y	ou'll miss the bus.		
- You'll miss			
II. Use the suggested words	and phrases to w	rite complete sentence	es of a letter. (10 points)

81. I/ write/ complain/ hair drier/ buy/ your shop/ last Saturday/ and/ treatment/ I receive/ when/ I try/ return/ a few days later.
82.I buy/ hair drier/ Wednesday, November 22 nd .
83. first time/ try/ use/ handle become/ extremely hot/ and within a few minutes/ part/ plastic casing/ begin/ melt.
84. I turn/ off/ immediately/ return/ with/ receipt/ your shop/ Saturday.
85. I explain/ situation/ one/ assistants/ ask/ money back/ but / be told/ speak/ you.
86. Unfortunately you/ not available/ that day/ I/ write instead.
87. I enclose/ hair drier/ copy of/ original receipt.
88. Please send/ full fund/ soon/ possible.

T 7	C '41 C 11
Valire	taithtiilly
1 Ours	faithfully,

III. Write a paragraph of about 120 words on the following topic: (10 points) What club do you want to be founded in your school? Why?

Keys – practice 11

I. Choose the word that has a different stress pattern from the others.

1.	A.shower	B.all <u>ow</u>	C.sh <u>ou</u> t	D.arr <u>ow</u>
2.	A.increase	B.cr <u>ea</u> tion	C.m <u>ea</u> n	D.ch <u>ea</u> t
3.	A.danger	B.exchange	C.bl <u>a</u> me	D. <u>a</u> nger
4.	A. <u>th</u> ese	B. <u>th</u> eory	C.wor <u>th</u>	D. <u>th</u> reaten
5.	A. chamber	B. ancient	C. danger	D. ancestor
6.	A. smoothly	B. southern	C. brea <u>th</u>	D. airwor <u>th</u> y
7.	A d <u>o</u> zen	B gl <u>o</u> ve	C l <u>o</u> ve	D stove
8.	A kit <u>es</u>	B catches	C oranges	D buzz <u>es</u>
9.	A w <u>oo</u> d	B <u>goo</u> d	C f <u>oo</u> d	D childh <u>oo</u> d
10.	A whistled	B laugh <u>ed</u>	C lodged	D receiv <u>ed</u>

B. PHONETICS: (5 points) (1 point for each correct answer)

16. D 17. C 18. C 19. C 20. B

C. GRAMMAR – VOCABULARY – LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS.

I.

21. D 22. B 23. A 24. C 25. D 26. C 27. A 28.B

29. D 30.A 31. A 32. B 33. B 34. D 35.A

II.

- 36. THRILLING
- 37. EXPLANATION
- 38. UNSUCCESSFULLY
- 39. DISAGREEMENTS
- 40. WIDESPREAD
- 41. WORSENED
- 42. SICKNESSES
- 43. INFORMED
- 44. AWAKE
- 45. RESURFACING

III.

46.A 47. D 48. C 49. D 50.C

D. READING:

I. 51. G 52.D 53.E 54.F 55.A

II.

56. B 57. D 58. C 59. A 60. C

61. C 62. D 63. B 64. C 65. D

III.

66.D 67. A 68. B 69.B 70.C 71.A 72.C 73.B 74.B 75.C

E. WRITING.

I.

76. Since we had nothing else to do, we decided to go for a walk.

Or (Since we didn't have anything else to do, we decided to go for a walk.)

- 77. As well as being bad-tempered, she's very lazy.
- 78. She flatly refused to apply for that kind of job.
- 79. This school isn't as/so good as the one (that/which) I studied at last year.

Or (This school isn't as/so good as the one at which/ where I studied last year.)

80. You'll miss the bus if you don't leave now.

Or (You'll miss the bus unless you leave now.)

- II. Dear Sir or Madam.
- 81. I am writing to complain about the/a hair drier (0.5)(which/that I) bought in your shop last Saturday(0.5) and the treatment (which/that) I received (0.5)when trying/I tried to return it a few days later.(0.5)
- 82. I bought the hair drier(0.5) on Wednesday, November 22nd.(0.5)
- 83. The first time I tried to use it,(0.5) the handle became extremely hot (0.5)and within a few minutes part of the plastic casing began to melt.(0.5)
- 84. I turned it off immediately (0.5) and returned it with the receipt to your shop on Saturday.(0.5)

- 85. I explained the situation to one of the/ your assistants (0.5) and asked for my/the money back(0.5) but I was told (that I had) to speak to you.(0.5)
- 86. Unfortunately, you were not available that day, (0.5) so I am writing instead. (0.5)
- 87. I enclose the hair drier(0.5) and a/the copy of the original receipt.(0.5)
- 88. Please send me a full refund (0.5) as soon as possible (0.5)

Yours faithfully.



NGUỒN SƯU TẦM VÀ CHIA SỂ TÀI LIỆU MIỄN PHÍ CHO BÉ

MUỐN BÉ GIỞI TIẾNG ANH BA MỆ NÊN ĐỘC FILE NÀY https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1PvH2u-NQknWuXihb GLAryuiULLPwNaf?usp=sharing

TỔNG HỢP THƯ VIỆN TÀI LIỆU MIỄN PHÍ CHO BÉ TỪ MẦM NON ĐẾN LỚP 12 TẠI ĐÂY https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/
1c5uj8NtXKypKzMcdaaDEEys0KDXYphpuMn3 DrCwJHk/edit#slide=id.p

Hoặc ba mẹ vào nhóm sưu tầm và chia sẻ tài liệu, APP học TIẾNG ANH CHO BÉ MIỄN PHÍ https://www.facebook.com/100004598379391/videos/796054742280796/

Hoặc nhóm zalo chia sẻ tài liệu: 0917.427.940

https://zalo.me/g/strvoy468

TỔNG HỢP KỂNH YOUTUBE VÀ TRANG WEB HỌC TIẾNG ANH MIỄN PHÍ RẤT CẦN CHO BÉ

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1OOrX J5yy-mjvzjh6ZQWNRXOv6yks2-9/view?usp=sharing

Hoặc ghé kênh youtube có link tải tài liệu trong phần mô tả của video trong DANH SÁCH PHÁT: TÀI LIỆU TIẾNG ANH

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GUt fticYrM&t=341s

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7RMJ6CmjT3c&t=6s

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cd1JBXu3jl4&t=62s