BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

KỲ THI TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2016 Môn: TIẾNG ANH

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 06 trang)

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Mã đề thi 415

Họ và tên thí sinh:			
Số báo danh:			
SECTION A (8 points)			
Mark the letter A, B, C, differs from the other th			ord whose underlined part uestions.
Question 1: A. culture	B. justice	C. br <u>u</u> sh	D. camp <u>u</u> s
Question 2: A. maintains	B. laugh <u>s</u>	C. drop <u>s</u>	D. import <u>s</u>
Mark the letter A, B, C, c three in the position of p			that differs from the other
Question 3: A. curriculum	B. biography	C. admirable	D. compulsory
Question 4: A. struggle	B. anxious	C. comfort	D. confide
Question 5: A. applicant	B. character	C. inflation	D. maximum
Mark the letter A, B, C, following questions.	or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the cor	rrect answer to each of the
Question 6: In the wake o organically.		- •	-
A. that grown	-	C. grown	D. which grows
Question 7: Most teenager A. surfed		et for information and enter C. to surf	ertainment. D. surfing
Question 8: Without your A. wouldn't solve			ter the other day. D. can't solve
Question 9: This part of th A. of	e country is famous B. for	_ its beautiful landscapes C. about	and fine cuisine. D. with
Question 10: In a modern household chores.	family, the husband is exp	ected to join hands with h	is wife to the
A. do	B. make	C. take	D. run
Question 11: It is raining I A. would never see	heavily with rolls of thunder B. had never seen		
Question 12: they A. However	are delicious, hamburgers B. Because	and French fries are too h	nigh in fat. D. Although
Question 13: Canned food A. isn't it	is not as healthy as fresh t B. does it	•	D. is it
Question 14: Two close fri suitable response to comple - Tom: "Can I bring a fri	iends Tom and Kyle are tall		
 Kyle: "" A. The more the merrier C. That's right. 		B. Let's do it then.D. It's my honour.	
Question 15: Most psycho A. quite well established C. by the age of five it is		B. well established quite	by the age of five
Question 16: All the finishing line. A. watchers	 in the stadium applaude B. audience 	d the winner of the marat	hon when he crossed the D. spectators

Question 17: The table in the living room should be moved to the new TV set. A. get rid of B. make room for C. pave the way for **D.** take hold of **Question 18:** The university administrations are introducing new measures to that the enrolment process runs smoothly. A. improve C. ensure **D.** facilitate **B.** maintain Question 19: The US president Barack Obama _____ an official visit to Vietnam in May 2016, which is of great significance to the comprehensive bilateral partnership. A. delivered B. gave C. offered **D.** paid Question 20: She took a course in fine arts _____ starting her own business in interior design. C. with reference to **D.** in order to A. with a view to **B.** in terms of **Question 21:** The Government has brought _____ a new law in an effort to prevent further environmental deterioration. A. about C. in D. on B. up Question 22: A waiter in a restaurant is talking to a customer who has just finished his meal there. Select the most suitable response to complete the exchange. - Waiter: "Here's your bill, sir." - Customer: " A. What do you have? B. Can I pay by credit card? C. You're welcome. **D.** Don't mention it. **Question 23:** Candidates are requested to ______ the form to the admissions officer by July 25th. A. pass over **B.** fill out C. show up **D.** hand in Question 24: The firefighters' single-minded devotion to the rescue of the victims of the fire was **B.** respecting C. respectable A. respectful **D.** respective Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions. **Question 25:** The longer the children waited in the long queue, the more impatiently they became. B С Л Question 26: New sources of energy have been looking for as the number of fossil fuels continues to decrease. Α Question 27: The science of medicine, which progress has been very rapid lately, is perhaps the most important Α B С of all sciences. D Question 28: Because of bad weather conditions, it took the explorers three days reaching their destination. B С Question 29: According to most doctors, massage relieves pain and anxiety, eases depression and B Α speeding up recovery from illnesses. С D Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. **Question 30:** The overall aim of the book is to help <u>bridge the gap</u> between theory and practice, particularly in language teaching. **A.** reduce the differences **B.** minimise the limitations C. construct a bridge D. increase the understanding

Question 31: Not until all their demands had been turned down did the workers decide to go on strike formore welfare.A. rejectedB. sackedC. reviewedD. deleted

Question 32: Environmentalists appeal to the government to enact laws to stop factories from <u>discharging</u> toxic chemicals into the sea.

A. obtaining	B. releasing	C. dismissing

D. producing

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 33 to 42.

Though called by sweet-sounding names like Firinga or Katrina, tropical cyclones are huge rotating storms 200 to 2,000 kilometers wide with winds that blow at speeds of more than 100 kilometers per hour (kph). Weather professionals know them as tropical cyclones, but **they** are called hurricanes in the Caribbean Sea, typhoons in the Pacific Ocean, and cyclones in the Indian Ocean. They occur in both the northern and southern hemispheres. Large ones have destroyed cities and killed hundreds of thousands of people.

Tropical cyclones begin over water that is warmer than 27 degrees Celsius (80 degrees Fahrenheit) slightly north or south of the earth's equator. Warm, **humid** air full of water vapor moves upward. The earth's rotation causes the growing storm to start to rotate around its center (called the eye). At a certain height, the water vapor condenses, changing to liquid and releasing heat. The heat draws more air and water vapor upward, creating a cycle as air and water vapor rise and liquid water falls. If the cycle speeds up until winds reach 118 kilometers per hour, the storm qualifies as a tropical cyclone.

Most deaths in tropical cyclones are caused by storm surge. This is a rise in sea level, sometimes seven meters or more, caused by the storm pushing against the ocean's surface. Storm surge was to blame for the flooding of New Orleans in 2005. The storm surge of Cyclone Nargis in 2008 in Myanmar pushed seawater nearly four meters deep some 40 kilometers inland, resulting in many deaths.

It has never been easy to forecast a tropical cyclone accurately. The goal is to know when and where the next tropical cyclone will form. "And we can't really do that yet," says David Nolan, a weather researcher from the University of Miami. The direction and strength of tropical cyclones are also difficult to predict, even with computer assistance. In fact, long-term forecasts are poor; small differences in the combination of weather factors lead to very different storms. More accurate forecasting could help people decide to **evacuate** when a storm is on the way.

Adapted from "*Reading Explorer 2*" by Paul MacIntyre

	es are storms with winds blowing at speeds of B. less than 100 kph D. no less than 200 kph
5	9 B. wind speeds D. weather professionals
	es are called typhoons in B. the Atlantic Ocean D. the Indian Ocean
Question 36: The word "humid" in paragraph 2 is closA. moistB. thick	est in meaning to C. dry D. thin
	process of storm formation? B. Warm, humid air moves upward. D. Liquid water falls.
	is B. a tropical cyclone D. pushing seawater
Question 39: What is true about the storm surge of Cyc A. It pushed seawater 4 kilometers inland. C. It caused flooding in New Orleans in 2005.	5
•	ostly means B. call for relief supplies D. move to safer places
 Question 41: Which of the following statements is NOT A. Tropical cyclone predictions depend entirely on cor B. Tropical cyclones are often given beautiful names. C. The direction and strength of tropical cyclones are D. The center of a growing storm is known as its eye 	difficult to forecast.
	e best title for the passage? B. Storm Surges D. Cyclone Forecasting

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 43 to 52.

THE DANGERS OF DIETING

Thanks to our modern lifestyle, with more and more time spent sitting down in front of computers than ever before, the (43)_____ of overweight people is at a new high. As people frantically search for a solution (44)_____ this problem, they often try some of the popular fad diets being offered. Many people see fad diets (45)_____ harmless ways of losing weight, and they are grateful to have them. Unfortunately, not only don't fad diets usually (46) the trick, they can actually be dangerous for your health.

Although permanent weight loss is the (47)____, few are able to achieve it. Experts estimate that 95 percent of dieters return to their starting weight, or even (48)_____ weight. While the reckless use of fad diets can bring some (49)_____ results, long-term results are very rare.

(50)_____, people who are fed up with the difficulties of changing their eating habits often turn to fad diets. (51)______ being moderate, fad diets involve extreme dietary changes. They advise eating only one type of food, or they prohibit other types of foods entirely. This results in a situation (52)_____ a person's body doesn't get all the vitamins and other things that it needs to stay healthy.

Adapted from	"Active Skills for Reading: Book 3" by Neil J. Anderson	

Question 43: A. number	B. range	C. amount	D. sum
Question 44: A. with	B. of	C. on	D. to
Question 45: A. through	B. by	C. as	D. like
Question 46: A. take	B. bring	C. play	D. do
Question 47: A. goal	B. profit	C. benefit	D. case
Question 48: A. put	B. lose	C. reduce	D. gain
Question 49: A. initial	B. initiating	C. initiative	D. initiate
Question 50: A. Nonetheless	B. Additionally	C. Consequently	D. Furthermore
Question 51: A. In spite of	B. In addition to	C. Rather than	D. More than
Question 52: A. which	B. where	C. what	D. why

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 53: His dreamlike villa in the new residential quarter is the <u>envy</u> of his friends.

- dreams of **B.** something that everybody looks for
- A. something that everybody dreams of
 C. something that nobody can afford
- **D.** something that nobody wants

Question 54: It is widely known that the excessive use of pesticides is producing a <u>detrimental</u> effect on the local groundwater.

A. useless B. fundamental C. harmless D. damaging

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 55 to 64.

The concept of urban agriculture may conjure up images of rooftop, backyard or community gardens scattered among downtown city streets and surrounding neighborhoods. But in the Seattle area, and within and beyond the Puget Sound region, it means a great deal more. "Urban agriculture doesn't necessarily equate to production that occurs only in a metropolitan urban area," says Jason Niebler, who directs the Sustainable Agriculture Education (SAgE) Initiative at Seattle Central Community College. "It means we are providing for growing population food needs from surrounding rural landscapes, as well as from the core urban landscape."

Picture a series of **concentric** circles, with an urban core that produces some food at varying capacities, surrounded by a series of outlying rings of small farms that become increasingly more rural with distance. The hope is that such land use planning, from the inner core to the outer rings, will encourage local ecologically sound sustainable food production. This, in turn, will create local jobs and decrease reliance on distant food products that originate from petroleum-intensive large scale farms.

That's the idea behind SAgE, believed to be the nation's first metropolitan-based community college sustainable agriculture program that emphasizes farming practices across diverse landscape types from urban

centers to surrounding rural environs. "It's small scale agriculture with an urban focus," Niebler says. "Any urban population, large or small, can practice sustainable agriculture, improve food security and protect the environment, which ultimately results in resilient food systems and communities."

SAgE is a part of the National Science Foundation's Advanced Technological Education (ATE) Program, which is providing the project with \$157,375 over two years. ATE's goal is to support projects that strengthen the skills of technicians who work in industries regarded as vital to the nation's prosperity and security. The support largely goes to community colleges that work **in partnership with** universities, secondary schools, businesses and industries, as well as government agencies, which design and implement model workforce initiatives.

The SAgE project focuses on the environmental, socioeconomic, political and cultural issues related to sustainable food systems within Puget Sound watersheds through student and community education and research, and technological innovation. The curriculum offers courses that cover such issues as agricultural ecology, urban food systems, food politics and ethics, soil science, sustainable food production and technology, the integration of food and forests, and career opportunities.

"We've created a curriculum that is fundamental in nature, addressing the principles of sustainable agriculture and what a food system is – how it functions both locally and globally," Niebler says. "These courses are challenging, robust and inspirational. One of the really wonderful things about **them** is that we offer service learning opportunities, where students volunteer a portion of their time to working with local partner organizations. They can do a research project, or a service learning option. The ideal would be to prompt students into careers that involve sustainable practices in an urban agriculture setting."

Adapted from "Promoting Sustainable Agriculture" by Marlene Cimons

Question 55: It is stated in the passage that Jason Niebler _ A. provides food for Seattle's population B. stu

B. studies at Seattle Central Community College

C. directs the SAgE Initiative

D. preserves the core urban landscape

Question 56: It can be inferred from the passage that the conventional idea of urban agriculture

- A. aims at food production and consumption in both rural and urban regions
- B. is associated with production only in metropolitan urban areas
- **C.** concerns with food production in any city's surrounding areas
- **D.** focuses mainly on agriculture within and beyond the Puget Sound region

Question 57: The word "concentric" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____

A. going in different directions C. coming from different places B. having the same centerD. having the same size

Question 58: Which of the following is supposed to be an outcome of the SAgE's new land use planning?

- A. Dependence on distant food products
- **B.** Increased food production in large scale farms
- **C.** Employment opportunities for local residents
- **D.** Modernized farming practices in rural environs

Question 59: The phrase "in partnership with" in paragraph 4 probably means _____.A. together withB. instead ofC. in place ofD. in addition to

Question 60: The curriculum of SAgE at Seattle Central Community College offers courses covering the following EXCEPT

A. agricultural ecology

- B. urban system development
- C. integration of food and forests D. career opportunities

Question 61: In Niebler's opinion, the courses offered by the SAgE project are

A. robust but unpromising C. hard but encouraging

- B. challenging and costly
- **D.** functional but impractical

Question 62: The word "**them**" in paragraph 6 refers to _____.

A. principles B. courses C. students

D. opportunities

Question 63: Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. ATE helps to improve the skills of technicians in the nation's major industries.
- **B.** The SAgE project alone will offer students sufficient jobs in urban agriculture.
- **C.** Resilient food systems can be attributed to sustainable agricultural practices.
- **D.** The curriculum that the SAgE project designs is fundamental in nature.

Question 64: Which of the following best describes the author's tone in the passage?

A. Provocative B. Supportive C. Satirical D. Skeptical

SECTION B (2 points)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the se printed before it. Write your answers in complete sentences on your answer sheet.	ntence
Question 1: He now regrets that he didn't take the doctor's advice.	
He now wishes	
Question 2: "I'm sorry. I didn't do the homework," Peter said to the teacher.	
Peter apologised	
Question 3: I'm sure that he didn't attend the Conference on Wildlife Protection yesterday.	
He can't	
Question 4: She didn't pass the exam because of her serious illness.	
Had she not	

Question 5: Ms Betty is proud of her singing.

Ms Betty prides _____

II. In about 140 words, write a paragraph about the benefits of knowing how to swim. Write your paragraph on your answer sheet.

The following prompts might be helpful to you.

- Keeping fit
- Relaxing
- Surviving/Saving people's lives

_____THE END_____

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