|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| UBND QUẬN \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ PHÒNG GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC | ĐỀ KIỂM TRA \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Năm học: 20\_\_ - 20\_\_ Tiếng Anh - Lớp 8 Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút | |
| Trường: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Họ tên: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lớp: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Điểm | Nhận xét của giáo viên |

|  |
| --- |
| **Tiếng Anh 8 i-Learn Smart World - Luyện tập - HSG Time allotted: 120 minutes** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **PART 1** | **LISTENING (10 questions)** |

**Listen to a conversation between two friends. Choose the best answer for each question. (5 questions)**

**Questions:**

1. What does the girl like about her new school?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. The presentations | B. The school trips | C. The support of her class teacher | D. Her classmates |

2. What is the girl worried about?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. An exam | B. An argument | C. Bullying | D. Something on social media |

3. Who does the boy advise her to speak to?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Her class teacher | B. Her mother | C. Her father | D. Her classmates |

4. What other advice does the boy give her?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Make a study plan | B. Don’t go on social media as much | C. Join some after-school clubs | D. To do her best |

5. What must the girl do next?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Do her homework | B. Go home | C. Get on a bus | D. Go shopping |

**Listen and decide whether each of the following statements is TRUE or FALSE. (5 questions)**

| **Answers** | **True** | **False** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 6. Water puppetry has been around for approximately a century. | **◯** | **◯** |
| 7. Water puppetry came from the Red River Delta in the north of Vietnam. | **◯** | **◯** |
| 8. Originally, water puppet performances were intended for the kings. | **◯** | **◯** |
| 9. Chu Teu is a character that often appears in water puppet shows. | **◯** | **◯** |
| 10. Chu Teu is very humorous. | **◯** | **◯** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **PART 2** | **USE OF ENGLISH (20 questions)** |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

11. The music performances this year are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than last year. I enjoy them a lot.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. worse | B. the best | C. as good | D. much better |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

12. In the UK, you should ask someone else to pass the food, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you shouldn’t talk while eating.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. when | B. but | C. if | D. as long as |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

13. Do you know how long the art exhibition \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. lasts | B. visits | C. performs | D. begins |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

14. His concert ticket isn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as mine because I have to sit very far from the stage.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. much cheap | B. cheaper | C. cheapest | D. so cheap |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

15. If the air quality \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get worse, it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tourism and people’s health.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. continues / will affect | B. continue / affects | C. continued / affected | D. will continued / will affect |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

16. Because there is no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in space, astronauts have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a sleeping bag tied to the wall.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. planet / foat | B. gravity / sleep | C. bed / exercise | D. tablet / spend time |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

17. Jane informed us that we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do a presentation on life in space the next day.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. must | B. have to | C. had to | D. will |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

18. "What are your traditional clothes like, Mary?" asked Andy.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. He asked what her traditional clothes were like. | B. He asked what his traditional clothes are like. | C. He asked what were her traditional clothes like. | D. He asked what were his traditional clothes like. |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

19. In Vietnam, the Kinh have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ number of people, accounting for about 86% of the population.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. large | B. larger | C. the largest | D. largest |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

20. The children were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about the concert than I was.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. excited | B. exciting | C. more excited | D. most excited |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

21. This year’s music festival is not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it was last year.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. as good as | B. as well as | C. different from | D. worse |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

22. In Japan, we have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our shoes when we go inside someone’s house.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. get on | B. take off | C. put on | D. give off |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

23. Children should give things to adults with both hands to show \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. generation | B. permission | C. respect | D. customs |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

24. It is important to learn a local language \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you need to stay there for several months.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. but | B. and | C. if | D. or |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

25. Today is a national holiday. Students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to school.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. have to | B. can't | C. don't have to | D. should |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of students take part in the sports contest.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. A lot | B. Few | C. Many | D. A little |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

27. She uses her phone to go on social media all the time. She may be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to it.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. addict | B. addicting | C. addiction | D. addicted |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

28. Do you have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ information about our coming exams? I’m so nervous.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. little | B. a little | C. any | D. no |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

29. Learning a new language \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ much work and effort.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. is / requires | B. is / required | C. was / requires | D. was / required |

**Choose the best option.**

**Question:**

30. Our teachers always support us, but they don’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our problems – they guide us to find the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. hear / ways | B. see / matters | C. solve / solutions | D. make / issues |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **PART 3** | **READING (41 questions)** |

**Read the text again. Answer each question with NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS. (5 questions)**

|  |
| --- |
| **A**  The first astronauts to come into space only went up for short trips to see what it was like. Astronauts may now spend weeks or even months living and working in space. They live in a large spacecraft that they often call a space station, which circles or travels around Earth. The astronauts on board spend their days doing scientific studies such as examining the effects of space on the human body and the growth of plants. They also keep the space station running in the right way.    **B**  Living in space for a long time will affect an astronaut’s body. Many astronauts get space sicknesses, such as a cold head, stuffy nose or puffy face, shortly after entering space. That is because there is not enough gravity in space. Astronauts will have to exercise to stop their muscles from becoming weak. They also need to monitor their bodies to ensure good health and research the effects of space travel on the human body. Besides doing their jobs, astronauts do the same activities back on Earth. For example, they will eat their meals, sleep, relax and enjoy themselves.    **C**  Eating food in space is a real challenge. In space, everything will become weightless and start to float away. For instance, food will not stay on a plate, and drinks will drift away from a glass. For that reason, people will have to put them in some special packages, so the astronauts will be able to eat the food directly from the packages. For each space travel, astronauts will bring freeze-dried food. The food will become soft and sticky after the astronauts add water and heat them. They have fresh food delivery from Earth, too. |

-> Where will an astronaut live while in space? (31)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
  
-> What will an astronaut experience soon after going into space? (32)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
  
-> What will an astronaut need to do to avoid weak muscles? (33)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
  
-> What type of food will astronauts carry when going into space? (34)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
  
-> Where do astronauts receive a supply of fresh food? (35)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Read the letter and choose the best answer for each question. (5 questions)**

|  |
| --- |
| Dear Sir or Madam,    Last June, I bought several laptops and tablets for my language school from your shop and a smartphone for myself. I didn’t buy the most expensive laptops because the shop assistant said I didn’t need the fastest models. She said **those** were for playing video games or watching films, and I don’t want my students doing that during language laboratory lessons.    The assistant told me that your shop would replace any device which went wrong in the first six months without asking for any more money.    After two months, one of the laptops stopped working. I took it back and the same shop assistant served me. She replaced the device without any problem.    Then about two months later, two of the machines didn’t start. I took them back and I expected the same result because I was still in the first six months. However, this time the shop assistant – a new person – said she couldn’t replace the machines because it was now September. I explained about the six-month promise, but she said they never gave six months. I asked her to fix the machines in that case, and she said I had to pay.    I hope you will keep the promise that your assistant made to me.    Ms Jo Simpson |

**Questions:**

36. What did the customer buy in the shop last June?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Electronic devices for her language school | B. A number of electronic devices, including laptops, tablets and smartphones | C. Some devices for her school and one for herself | D. A number of devices for herself and one for her school |

37. What does **those** mean in the second paragraph?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. The fastest models | B. The ones that the customer bought | C. The smartphones | D. The tablets |

38. If anything went wrong in six months, the shop assistant promised to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. give a refund | B. give a new device | C. repair the device for a small amount of money | D. repair the device for free |

39. The customer says that, when the first laptop went wrong, the shop assistant \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. kept her promise | B. was a different person | C. said she could only give a refund | D. offered to fix the device |

40. What does the customer want the shop manager to do?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Repair the devices at a low cost | B. Repair the devices at no cost | C. Replace the devices | D. Refund the price of the devices |

**Read the text and choose the best answer for each question. (5 questions)**

|  |
| --- |
| It is very difficult to define a culture. Some people say it is the food of a group of people, and others say it is the music they love. These things are important, and they are often very different from culture to culture. But for me, a culture is the normal conversations of people. This is much more important than food and drink.    Before travelling to a new country, most people learn how to say hello and goodbye, and maybe they find out about something like using your right hand to pick up food. But if you get those things wrong, people will just laugh. The first thing to learn is about topics of conversation – what is OK and what is not.    In your own culture, you do not have to worry about someone’s meaning most of the time. But in another culture, you must always think, ‘What does this person mean?’ If a British person says, ‘It’s lovely to meet you’, do they mean, ‘I want to meet you again soon and be your friend’ or ‘I hope we don’t meet again’? No. It’s just a polite way of ending a conversation.    Never come late for a meeting with a British person unless it’s a party. Then you should come ten minutes late. Finally, in some cultures, guests are expected to bring gifts such as flowers, chocolates or even money, but in British culture, hosts of parties do not expect you to bring anything. |

**Questions:**

41. What is the most important thing in a culture, according to the writer?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. The food people eat | B. The music people play | C. Customs | D. The way people talk to each other |

42. What should you learn about a culture before you go to another country?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. The things you can talk about | B. Table manners | C. The way to say hello | D. The way to say goodbye |

43. What does a British person mean by ‘It’s lovely to meet you’?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. I don’t like you. | B. Let’s be friends. | C. We must meet again soon. | D. Goodbye. |

44. When should you arrive for a business appointment in British culture?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. At the time on the invitation | B. Ten minutes early | C. Ten minutes late | D. Half an hour late |

45. What should you give the host of a party in British culture?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. You don’t need to give them anything. | B. You should give flowers. | C. You should give chocolates. | D. You should give money. |

**Rearrange the following sentences so that they make a meaningful text.**

**Question:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 46. | Keywords: Before that date, computers could talk to each other if they were on the same network, in an office, for example./The internet started in 1983./However, there are some disadvantages./Now, with email, text messaging and apps like Instagram, the world is a very different place, and most people are happy about the changes./But they could not communicate with computers in another building, another city or another country.  → ....................................... |

**Read part of a website article. Choose the best word or phrase for each space. (5 questions)**

In about 800 BCE, a Chinese person mixed some things together and set fire to the mixture. It exploded. Today, we call the mixture gunpowder. The ancient Chinese used gunpowder to send (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ high into the air. When they exploded, they made stars of every colour in the rainbow, as well as white. Of course, even the biggest Chinese (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fell back to Earth after some time because of their weight.
  
  
Over 1,000 years later, a German scientist, Wernher von Braun, researched the Chinese invention and produced rockets which were used to hit London towards the end of the Second World War in 1944 and 1945. They were extremely large, but they still could not fly high enough to get away from Earth’s (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  
  
After the war, a Russian studied von Braun’s work and (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the design. He produced the first spacecraft, which took off in October 1957. It did not have any people on board, but four years later, a Russian called Yuri Gagarin became the world’s first astronaut. He flew round our (51)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ once in 108 minutes before landing safely.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (47) | A. rockets | B. robots | C. toys | D. fires |
| (48) | A. scientists | B. experiments | C. devices | D. electronics |
| (49) | A. weight | B. height | C. gravity | D. air |
| (50) | A. proved | B. improved | C. prepared | D. repaired |
| (51) | A. sun | B. solar system | C. universe | D. planet |

**Read an email from Nur to an English-speaking friend, Jill. Choose the best word or phrase for each numbered space. (5 questions)**

Hi Jill,
  
  
How are you? I hope you and everyone in your family is well. Do let me know. But I have another reason for writing to you this time. I hope that you can help me.
  
  
Our teacher has given us a project. She wants every child in the class to write about a festival from a different (52)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I’m sure you have some wonderful festivals in South Africa. Could you choose the best one and give me some information? For example, do people dress up in special (53)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the festival? Are there (54)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – dancing, for example, or concerts? Do people take part in parades or street theatre? In my country, there is a festival specially for children and another festival for (55)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Is it the same in your country?
  
  
Oh, I nearly forgot! When does the festival take place and what does it celebrate? For example, is it about a special event in the past, or does it show people from different (56)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ groups in your country in their traditional clothing?
  
  
Please write soon. I must give in the project in a week!
  
  
Love
  
Nur

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (52) | A. event | B. culture | C. place | D. time |
| (53) | A. customs | B. coats | C. costumes | D. cosplay |
| (54) | A. plays | B. competitions | C. fairs | D. performances |
| (55) | A. old | B. elderly | C. the elderly | D. the older |
| (56) | A. ethnic | B. age | C. education | D. society |

**Read the website article. Choose the best word or phrase for each space. (5 questions)**

Every year, over one million people die in road (57)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around the world and 50 million are injured. These are terrible numbers. More people in the age group five to 30 die on the road than from other accidents, like falling down stairs, or from diseases like cancer.
  
  
The deaths started just ten years (58)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the invention of the motor car. A German called Karl Benz made the first petrol engine car in 1886, but there were still very few cars on English roads by 1896. However, one of those cars (59)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Mrs Bridget Driscoll when she was crossing a road south of London on August 17th that year. A man called Arthur Edsell was the driver of the car, and he was (60)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at four miles per hour. People can walk faster than that! In a newspaper report at the time, someone said, ‘This must never happen again.’
  
  
Nowadays, a death from this (61)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ happens every 24 seconds somewhere in the world. That means that about 1,350,000 people are killed on the roads every year.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (57) | A. crash | B. accidents | C. cars | D. car |
| (58) | A. after | B. from | C. behind | D. since |
| (59) | A. killing | B. killed | C. kill | D. was killing |
| (60) | A. riding | B. working | C. driving | D. doing |
| (61) | A. injury | B. why | C. accident | D. cause |

**Read the text about how to help the environment. Complete each sentence with NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS from the text. (5 questions)**

|  |
| --- |
| **HOW TO HELP THE ENVIRONMENT**   Our planet is suffering from serious environmental problems. Here are some things that you can do to save the environment.    **Using eco-friendly transport**  The best thing you can do to help the environment is to ride bikes whenever you can instead of using cars or other gasoline vehicles. By this way, you can reduce the amount of carbon footprint in the air, and you also benefit good health from this physical activity. Public transport is an option if you need to travel long distances and want to enjoy the scenery.    **Choosing organic food**  Select organic fruits and vegetables because these foods are from natural farming. Farmers only use animals and crop waste to enrich the soil, so the foods do not contain chemical pesticides. In addition, by taking organic foods, we encourage farmers to use more eco-friendly farming methods.  You can even start a garden and grow your own fruits and vegetables. Plants and trees release oxygen and help reduce carbon dioxide. They also give you healthy food.    **Saving energy**  There are many things you can do to make sure that you are using as little energy as possible. Turn off lights and electronic devices when you are not in the room. You can also unplug them for more energy savings. Using energy efficient light bulbs can help you save up to two-thirds of the energy used to light your home. These bulbs also produce less heat than normal light bulbs. |

• Cycling has a positive impact on both your (62)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the environment.
  
• Organic fruits and vegetables do not contain any harmful (63)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  
• We should encourage farmers to use more (64)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ farming practices.
  
• You can try various energy-saving ways, such as switching off lights and (65)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when not in use.
  
• Using energy-efficient (66)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ may help you reduce the amount of energy for indoor lighting by up to two-thirds

**Read the text about school life in Japan. Complete each gap in the summary with NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER. (5 questions)**

|  |
| --- |
| **SCHOOL LIFE IN JAPAN**   Students in Japan have classes from Monday to Friday. They start school at around 8:30 a.m. and finish at around 3:30 p.m. Japanese students learn normal subjects such as maths, science, social studies and other subjects at school, and teachers often divide students into small groups for many activities. After the lessons, most students participate in after-school clubs, such as sports, music, science or art clubs. There are also clubs for students who like doing martial arts, like the Judo clubs. These after-school activities often finish at around 6:00 p.m. However, many students prefer to go to extra classes in the evening for more studying.    During the school year, there are lots of events, such as sports days, visits to historical sites and cultural festivals. Students can go on school trips to various places to gain experience outside of the classroom. Some schools even organise trips to foreign countries like the US, the UK or South Korea. These trips help students learn about these countries as well as the outside world. |

Japanese students study from Monday to Friday. After the last lesson at around (67)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, they often take part in (68)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ including sports, music, science or art clubs. The (69)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are popular with students who fancy martial arts.
  
Students also have (70)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the evening. During school time, to provide students with real-life experiences, schools often organise (71)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ such as sports days, festivals or trips to various places.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **PART 4** | **ERROR CORRECTION (10 questions)** |

**Each of the following sentences has a mistake. Write the mistakes in the Error blanks and correct it in the Correction blanks. If want to delete mistake words in the sentences, write X in the Correction blanks. (10 questions)**

My pottery class usually finish at 11 a.m.
  
-> Error: (72)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
-> Correction: (73)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
  
  
Lily have to take the bus to school.
  
-> Error: (74)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
-> Correction: (75)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
  
  
My father enjoys listen to music.
  
-> Error: (76)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
-> Correction: (77)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
  
  
Today, wedding rings usually made of silver or gold.
  
-> Error: (78)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
-> Correction: (79)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
  
  
Fred wants go scuba diving after school.
  
-> Error: (80)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  
-> Correction: (81)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **PART 5** | **WORD FORMS (10 questions)** |

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

82. After being lulled with soft music, the baby \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ slept in the mother’s arms.

***(PEACE)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

83. He took a few deep \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to calm himself down.

***(BREATHE)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

84. Hmong Hoa girls are therefore taught to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from a very young age.

***(EMBROIDERY)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

85. Emergency \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the National Weather Service are very important to local people during disasters.

***(ANNOUNCE)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

86. During a typhoon, be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to leave your home and follow your escape plan.

***(PREPARATION)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

87. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ typhoon last year made thousands of people homeless.

***(DISASTER)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

88. We should use more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ products to reduce pollution.

***(RECYCLE)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

89. No one is bringing raincoats or umbrellas. Rainy weather at this time of year is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

***(USUALLY)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

90. Before joining the cycling club, my daughter wasn’t an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ girl.

***(ACTION)***

**Write the correct form of the given word.**

91. Teenagers these days seem to spend too much time on their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ devices such as smartphones and laptops.

***(ELECTRON)***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **PART 6** | **WRITING (10 questions)** |

**Rewrite the following sentence without changing its meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

92. If we don't try to reduce plastic pollution, more sea animals will die.

→ UNLESS\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the following sentence without changing its meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

93. Nancy may volunteer to teach in the countryside. She is thinking about it.

→ CONSIDERING\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the following sentences using reported speech.**

94. "Does a Red Dao girl have to sew and embroider her own wedding costume?" Susan asked.

→ Susan asked the tour guide \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the following sentence without changing its meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

95. Colin saw a strange disk-shaped flying object on his way home.

→ WHEN\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the following sentence without changing its meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

96. It will be impossible for people to live on Mars because there is no air.

→ People \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the following sentence without changing its meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

97. My phone can capture high-quality photos because it has 5 cameras.

→ SO\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the following sentence without changing its meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

98. My sister has so much homework that she can't finish it tonight.

→ TOO\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the following sentence without changing their meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

99. James’ mother doesn’t allow him to play video games for more than an hour a day.

→ James is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the above sentence without changing its meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

100. I don't have much money. I can't buy that phone.

→ ENOUGH\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Rewrite the above sentence without changing its meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

101. Andy likes playing soccer. He doesn't like going swimming.

→ PREFERS\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**---THE END---**