## UBND TỈNH HẢI DƯƠNG SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỰC (Đề thi có 05 trang)

## KHẢO SÁT CHẤT LƯỢNG HỌC SINH LỚP 12, LẦN 1 NĂM HỌC 2023-2024

Bài thi môn: TIẾNG ANH

(Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề)

Mã đề: 414

			1 <b>114 de: 414</b>	
Họ và tên thí sinh:				
Số báo danh:				
Read the following passage	and mark the letter A,	, B, C, or D a	on your answer she	et to indicate the
correct word or phrase that	best fits each of the nur	mbered blank	s from 1 to 5.	
Being able to control eve	ery aspect of your home	e through you	ir smartphone is un	doubtedly a great
advantage. Smart Devices c	can be adapted to (1) _	specific	tasks depending or	n your needs. For
example, a smart doorbell ca	an let you know when so	omeone is at y	our door, and even	some of these (2)
have a small camera t	to take pictures of visitor	rs.		
If you have solar panels	in your home, you can	control the di	stribution of energ	y more efficiently
thanks to some smart device	es. (3) application	ns, such as G	oogle's voice assis	tant, allow you to
control your Smart Home in	a more organized way,	as long as the	y are connected.	
(4), there are also	some risks related to S	mart Homes.	Like any device th	at connects to the
Internet, there is a possibilit	ty that it may be hacked	d; this becom	es a very determin	ing factor when it
comes to protecting your se	curity and the personal	information (	(5) is hosted	on your network.
They may even be able to ac	cess your bank details a	nd extract you	ır savings.	
Question 1: A. choose	<b>B.</b> divide	C. interrupt	<b>D.</b> fulfill	
Question 2: A. materials	<b>B.</b> devices	C. discoverie	es <b>D.</b> positi	ons
Question 3: A. Others	<b>B.</b> Other	C. Another	<b>D.</b> Much	1
Question 4: A. Therefore	<b>B.</b> However	C. Otherwise	<b>D.</b> For e	xample
Question 5: A. that	<b>B.</b> where	C. who	<b>D.</b> whos	e

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 6 to 10.

Australians place a high value on independence and personal choice. This means that a teacher or course tutor will not tell students what to do, but will give them a number of options and suggest **they** work out which one is the best in their circumstances. It also means that they are expected to take action if something goes wrong and seek out resources and support for themselves.

Australians are also prepared to accept a range of opinions rather than believing there is one truth. This means that in an educational setting, students will be expected to form their own opinions and defend the reasons for that point of view and the evidence for it.

Australians are uncomfortable with differences in status and hence idealise the idea of treating everyone equally. An illustration of this is that most adult Australians call each other by their first names. This concern with equality means that Australians are uncomfortable taking anything too seriously and are even ready to joke about themselves.

Australians believe that life should have a balance between work and leisure time. As a consequence, some students may be **critical** of others who they perceive as doing nothing but study. Australian notions of privacy mean that areas such as financial matters, appearance and relationships are only discussed with close friends. While people may volunteer such information, they may resent someone actually asking them unless the friendship is firmly established. Even then, it is considered very impolite to ask someone what they earn.

Question 6: Which best serves as the title for the passage?

**A.** Australian education

**B.** Things to do in Australia

C. Balancing Work and	d Leisure in Australia	<b>D.</b> Australian cultu	are
Question 7: The word the		to	
A. Australians	<b>B.</b> students	C. options	<b>D.</b> teachers
Question 8: In paragraph	3, most adult Australian	s call each other by the	eir first names because
A. they idealize differen	nces in status		
B. they prefer informal	ity and equality		
C. they are ready to jok	ce about themselves		
<b>D.</b> they are uncomforta	ble with opinions		
Question 9: The word <u>cr</u>	itical in paragraph 4 is o	closest in meaning to	·
A. ashamed	<b>B.</b> faultfinding	C. appreciative	<b>D.</b> complimentary
Question 10: Which of the	ne following is NOT tru	e, according to the pas	ssage?
A. Asking someone wh	nat they earn is considered	ed fairly polite.	
<b>B.</b> Students in Australia	a will be expected to for	m their own opinions.	
C. A teacher or course	tutor will not tell studer	its what to do.	
<b>D.</b> Australians are prep	ared to accept a range o	f opinions.	
Read the following passa	ge and mark the letter	A, B, C, or D on you	ur answer sheet to indicate the
correct answer to each of			
Scientists have identify	ied two ways in which	species disappear. T	The first is through ordinary or
"background" extinctions,	, where species that fail	to adapt are slowly i	replaced by more adaptable life
forms. The second is when	large numbers of specie	es go to the wall in relat	tively short periods of biological
time. There have been five	e such extinctions, each	provoked by cataclys	smic evolutionary events caused
by some geological eruption	on, climate shift, or spac	e junk slamming into t	the Earth. Scientists now believe
that another mass extinction	on of species is currently	y under way – and this	s time human fingerprints are on
the trigger.			
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How are we doing it? Simply by demanding more and more space for ourselves. In our <u>assault</u> on the ecosystems around us we have used a number of tools, from spear and gun to bulldozer and chainsaw. Certain especially rich ecosystems have proved the most vulnerable. In Hawaii more than half of the native birds are now gone – some 50 species. Such carnage has taken place all across the island communities of the Pacific and Indian oceans. While many species were hunted to extinction, <u>others</u> simply succumbed to die to the "introduced predators' that humans brought with them: the cat, the dog, the pig, and the rat.

Today the tempo of extinction is picking up speed. Hunting is no longer the major culprit, although rare birds and animals continue to be butchered for their skin, feathers, tusks, and internal organs, or taken as savage pets. Today the main threat comes from the destruction of the habitat of wild plants, animals, and insects need to survive. The draining and damming of wetland and river courses threaten the aquatic food chain and our own seafood industry. Overfishing and the destruction of fragile coral reefs destroy ocean biodiversity. Deforestation is taking a staggering toll, particularly in the tropics where the most global biodiversity is at risk. The **shrinking** rainforest cover of the Congo and Amazon river basins and such places as Borneo and Madagascar have a wealth of species per hectare existing nowhere else. As those precious hectares are drowned or turned into arid pasture and cropland, such species disappear forever.

Question 11: What does the passage mainly discuss?

				•	1 . 1		1.
Α.	The	two	wavs	ın	which	species.	disappear

- **B.** Human activity and its impact on a mass extinction of species
- C. Deforestation as a major cause of mass extinctions of species
- **D.** The tempo of extinction of species today

<b>Question 12:</b>	The word <b>assault</b> in paragraph 2	is closest in meaning to	•
A. attack	R development	C influence	D effort

Question 13: All of the	e following are mention	ned as a form of habitat	destruction EXCEPT		
A. destroying coral reefs		B. cutting down f	<b>B.</b> cutting down forests		
C. hunting rare birds	and animals	D. damming wetl	ands and rivers		
Question 14: The word	l <u>others</u> in paragraph 2	2 refers to			
A. communities	<b>B.</b> Indian oceans	C. species	<b>D.</b> native birds		
<b>Question 15:</b> Which is	no longer considered a	a major cause of the mass	s extinction under way currently?		
A. the shrinking of ra	ainforests in the tropics	S			
B. the destruction of	habitats of species				
C. the killing of anim	nals for their body part	S			
<b>D.</b> the building of da	ms across rivers				
Question 16: The word	l <b>shrinking</b> in paragra	ph 3 is closest in meanin	g to		
A. becoming smaller		<b>B.</b> relating to bio	diversity		
C. being exploited		<b>D.</b> becoming rich	er		
Question 17: It can be	inferred from the pass	age that			
A. it's impossible for	scientists to identify t	he causes of mass extino	etions of species		
<b>B.</b> hunting is the maj	or contributing factor	that speeds up the extinc	tion of species		
C. the current mass e	extinction is different f	rom the other five in that	t it is caused by humans		
<b>D.</b> habitat destruction	n makes a minor contri	bution to the current ma	ss extinction of species		
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the ser	ntence that is closest in meaning		
to each of the following	g questions.				
Question 18: We last vi	isited our uncle two ye	ears ago.			
A. We have two year	s to visit our uncle.				
<b>B.</b> We have visited of	ur uncle for two years.				
C. We haven't visited	d our uncle for two year	ars.			
<b>D.</b> We didn't visit out	r uncle two years ago.				
Question 19: "The Bide	ens are discussing their	r holiday plans now," he	said.		
A. He said that the B	idens are discussing th	eir holiday plans then.			
<b>B.</b> He said that the B	idens are discussing th	eir holiday plans now.			
	•	their holiday plans then.			
<b>D.</b> He said that the B	idens were discussing	their holiday plans now.			
Question 20: It's possib	ole that the weather wi	ll be better next week.			
A. The weather need	s to be better next wee	k.			
<b>B.</b> The weather must	be better next week.				
C. The weather may	be better next week.				
<b>D.</b> The weather shou	ld be better next week.				
Mark the letter A. B. C.	or D on vour answer s	heet to indicate the unde	rlined part that needs correction		
in each of the following	•		F		
• •	· •	ay evening, <u>but</u> he was n	ot at home.		
A. see		<b>C.</b> home	D. have gone		
			ere published this week and they		
make for illuminating re	_	, <u> </u>			
A. published	<b>B.</b> masculinity	C. illuminating	<b>D.</b> exhausting		
•	•	-	sts worked out <u>some</u> solutions to		
reduce their effects.		<i>S</i> ,			
A. some	<b>B.</b> of	C. identifying	<b>D.</b> their		
		, 5			

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions. **Question 24:** The weather is not good. I have to cancel my trip to Nha Trang. **A.** If it weren't for the good weather, I could continue my trip to Nha Trang. **B.** If only the weather were good and I could cancel my trip to Nha Trang. **C.** I have to cancel my trip to Nha Trang as long as the weather is good. **D.** I wish the weather were good and I could have a trip to Nha Trang. **Ouestion 25:** She received the IELTS exam result. She immediately phoned her family. **A.** She received the IELTS exam result as soon as she phoned her family. **B.** She immediately phoned her family that she would receive the IELTS exam result. C. Scarcely had she received the IELTS exam result when she phoned her family. **D.** No sooner had she phoned her family than she received the IELTS exam result. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges. **Question 26:** Two friends Jane and Anne are talking about Anne's new hairstyle. - Jane: "You look so impressive and attractive with your new hairstyle!" - Anne: " . I think it makes me look 10 years older." **A.** You can say that again **B.** Anything will do **D.** You've got be kidding **C.** That's a good idea Question 27: Mrs. Van and Mr. Phuong are talking about teaching soft skills at school. - Mrs. Van: "Some soft skills should be taught to children." - Mr. Phuong: " . They are necessary for them." **A.** I agree with you B. I don't either **C.** You're welcome **D.** You're quite wrong Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. Question 28: With the final examination coming very soon his anxiety was rising to almost unbearable limits. A. confidence **B.** pressure C. boredom **D.** apprehension **Question 29:** He was too wet behind the ears to be in charge of such a difficult task. A. lack of responsibility **B.** full of sincerity **D.** full of experience **C.** without money Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions. Question 30: Don't be afraid to talk the problem over with him because he is a very <u>approachable</u> man. **B.** friendly C. rude D. confident **A.** polite Question 31: The state government is determined to tackle the problem of poverty in the inner cities. A. solve **B.** pose C. encounter D. cause Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. Question 32: A. thick **B.** thing C. thank **D.** though C. find Question 33: A. drive **B.** miss **D.** bite Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

C. attract

C. confidence

**Question 34: A.** install

Question 35: A. relation

**B.** discuss

**B.** interview

**D.** follow

**D.** instrument

	, or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the	correct answer to each of the
following questions.	d hand car that my father	r hought was almost no	w although it was made
2015.	u-nand car that my rather	i bought was almost he	w attnough it was made
<b>A.</b> by	<b>B.</b> on	C. at	D in
Question 37: When I go			
	<b>B.</b> danced		
		•	me in front of the television or
computer, . Enco	•	ig most of their free tr	me in front of the television of
A. nip it in the bud	_	<b>B.</b> clip it in the blo	om
C. check it in the spro	out	<b>D.</b> curb it in the sh	
•			y Michael Jackson during his
remarkable solo career.	ne run story or every	single song o	y Michael Jackson during his
	R to perform	C performed	<b>D.</b> which performed
Question 40: The teacher			
	<b>B.</b> harder		
Question 41: What did y			D. Hardest
	<b>B.</b> a		D an
Question 42: Nam didn'		` /	<b>D.</b> an
	B. has he		D did ha
Question 43: Our teacher			
	<b>B.</b> to listening		
Question 44: The electric			
	B. going off		
future.	e a successiul leader, you	i should have a clear-si	ghted of the company's
	<b>B.</b> view	Cavigion	D. glange
			ways of thinking and creative
solutions to difficult prob		ig language skins, new	ways of tilliking and creative
-	<b>B.</b> diversely	C divargity	D diversify
Question 47: Our friend			
A. prepared	<b>B.</b> had prepared	C. were preparing	
Question 48: Ms. Thuy			
A. get	<b>B.</b> take	C. make	<b>D.</b> do
Question 49: With so n	nany areas of woodland	being cut down, a lot	of wildlife is losing its natural
A. settlement	<b>B.</b> habitat	C. protection	<b>D.</b> beauty
Question 50: Trees and	flowers in the garden	by my grandfathe	er every morning.
A. are watered	<b>B.</b> water	C. are watering	<b>D.</b> have watered
	TI	IF FND	