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| **SỞ GDĐT & ĐT BẮC NINH****ĐỀ SỐ 2** ***Đề gồm:7 trang*** | **ĐỀ THAM KHẢO KỲ THI THPT NĂM 2023****BÀI THI: NGOẠI NGỮ MÔN THI: TIẾNG ANH****Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút ; không kể thời gian phát đề****(50 câu trắc nghiệm)** |

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We work to enhance nutrition in women and children, support smallholder farmers in improving productivity and (37) \_\_\_\_\_\_ losses, help countries and communities prepare for and cope with climate-related shocks, and boost human capital through school feeding programmes.

# In conflict situations, we bring relief to exhausted populations and use food assistance to build pathways to peace and stability – work for (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_ WFP was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2020.

Question 34: A. many B. much C. other D. most

Question 35: A. and B. since C. because D. for

Question 36: A. send B. face C. prove D. owe

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# *Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.*

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It’s a common misconception that mosquitoes suck blood for food. Mosquitoes ingest blood to nourish their bodies so **they** can lay and hatch healthy eggs. Mosquitoes can lay 100 eggs at a time, so populations of this pest can get out of control quickly. When eliminating mosquitoes, it’s key to use multiple methods, to kill mosquitoes at every stage of the life cycle.

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# *Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.*

Food security means having, at all times, both physical and economic access to sufficient food to meet dietary needs for a productive and healthy life. A family is food secure when its members do not live in hunger or fear of hunger. Food **insecurity** is often rooted in poverty and has long-term impacts on the ability of families, communities and countries to develop and prosper. Prolonged undernourishment stunts growth, slows cognitive development and increases susceptibility to illness.

Today, more than 800 million people across the globe go to bed hungry every night, most of them smallholder farmers who depend on agriculture to make a living and feed their families. Despite an explosion in the growth of urban slums over the last decade, nearly 75 percent of poor people in developing countries live in rural areas. Growth in the agriculture sector - from farm to fork - has been shown to be at least twice as effective in reducing poverty as growth in other sectors.

Investing in these smallholder farmers - many of whom are women - and the food systems that nourish **them** is more important than ever. In order to feed a population expected to grow to 9 billion people by 2050, the world will have to double its current food production. Given scarcity of natural resources and other challenges, the world will need to be more efficient in how it meets this demand. To ensure that people have sufficient food, aligning short-term assistance with a long-term development strategy can help countries feed their own people.

By addressing **acute** need as well as the root causes of hunger, poverty and malnutrition, USAID is strengthening prosperity and security while demonstrating American generosity around the world. USAID’s programs draw on America’s strength in agriculture and bring benefits back to America as well. For example, USAID’s research investments have helped farmers abroad and in the United States protect their harvests from pests and disease.

The enactment of the Global Food Security Act of 2016 and the Global Food Security Reauthorization Act of 2018 solidified the U.S. Government’s continued, bipartisan commitment to reducing hunger, malnutrition and poverty around the world.

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Question 47: The word **them** in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. smallholder farmers B. many C. women D. food systems

Question 48: The word **acute** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. intense B. arctic C. severe D. scarce

Question 49: Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

 A. Prolonged undernourishment slows cognitive development.

 B. Depending on agriculture to make a living is not secure.

 C. It need to be more efficient in meeting demand of food.

 D. USAID has helped farmers abroad harvest their product.

Question 50: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

 A. Food security is crucial, and many solutions have to be applied to secure it.

 B. We must be more effective in reducing poverty as growth.

 C. A long-term development strategy can help reduce harvest time.

 D. The Global Food Security Act of 2016 allows the US to help other countries.

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 A. smallholder farmers B. many C. women D. food systems

Question 48: The word **acute** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. intense B. arctic C. severe D. scarce

Question 49: Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

 A. Prolonged undernourishment slows cognitive development.

 B. Depending on agriculture to make a living is not secure.

 C. It need to be more efficient in meeting demand of food.

 D. USAID has helped farmers abroad harvest their product.

Question 50: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

 A. Food security is crucial, and many solutions have to be applied to secure it.

 B. We must be more effective in reducing poverty as growth.

 C. A long-term development strategy can help reduce harvest time.

 D. The Global Food Security Act of 2016 allows the US to help other countries.