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|  | **ÔN TẬP KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I- NĂM HỌC 2021-2022**  **MÔN: ANH KHỐI 11 Chương trình 7 năm** |

**I. PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM (8,0 điểm):**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions or do as directed from 1 to 32.**

***Choose the word whose the underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the other words.***

1. A. golden B. gossip C. generation D. garden

2. A. home B. hospital C. holiday D. honour

❖***Pick out the word that has the stress pattern differently from the others:***

3. A. carefully             B. correctly                 C. seriously                     D. personally

4. A.performance B. volunteer C. explosion D. resources

***Choose the best answer among A, B, C or D to complete each of the following sentences or do as directed.***

5. In all the world, there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ only 14 mountains that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_above 8,000 meters.

A. are/reach B. are/reaches C. will be/ reach D. will be/ will reach

6. The traffic was very heavy. By the time I \_\_\_\_\_\_to Mary's party, everyone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. got/ already arrived B. got/ have already arrived

C. had got/ already arrived D. got/ had already arrived

7. Some learners of English have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ideas in writing.

A. trouble expressing B. difficult in expressing C.problem with D.difficulty to express

8.On Valentine’s Day, young people often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their love to each other.

A. hide B. express C. celebrate D. cut

9. She showed her\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by asking lots of trivial questions.

A. experience B. experienced C. inexperienced D. inexperience

10. There is a growing tendency among singers to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some famous singers.

A. imitate B. follow C. reflect D. pursue

11. Indoor heating systems have made \_\_\_\_\_\_ for people to live and work comfortably in temperate climates.

A. it is possible B. it to be possible C. it be possible D. it be possibly

12. The little boy hopes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Disneyland Park on his birthday by his father.

A. to take B. to be taking C. to be taken D. taking

13. I'm really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the party. All my old friends will be there.

A. appreciating B. looking forward C. thinking about D. objecting

14. My mother never allows me to go out alone at night.

A. My mother never lets me go out alone at night.

B. I was not allowed to go out go out alone at night.

C. My mother never goes out alone at night.

D. My mother and I usually go out alone at night.

15. There is now intense\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_between schools to attract students.

A. competence B. competition C. competitive D. competitor

16. Such questions provide a useful means of \_\_\_\_\_\_ students' interest.

A. expressing B. showing C. stimulating D. providing

17. She sent them a present to express her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. gratitude B. appreciation C. willingness D. attitude

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

18. - Mike : “Our living standards have been improved greatly.”

- Susan : “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Thank you for saying so B. Sure. I couldn’t agree more.

C. No, it’s nice to say so. D. Yes, it’s nice of you to say so.

19. – “A: Maybe you can take a vacation next month.”. - B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Nothing special. B. You are welcome.

C. It’s very expensive. D. I don’t think so. I’m teaching all summer.

***Choose the underlined part among A, B, C or D that needs correcting.***

20. You can congratulate yourself about having done an excellent job.

A B C D

21. I made preparation and expected to be inviting to his birthday party, but I wasn’t.

A B C D

22. I didn’t hear you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in. You must have been very quiet.

A. come B. came C. to come D. was coming

***23. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word.***

The construction work was *carried out* by the local contractor .

A. continued B. completed C. done D. run

**24.** ***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)***

They were bitterly **disappointed**  with the result of the game.

A. joyful B. contented C. amazed D. interested

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 25 to 28.***

In Britain, there are two occasions each year when people receive presents: on Christmas Day and birthdays. In the past, your 21st birthday was the most important because it symbolized becoming an adult. People traditionally received a silver key on that day to symbolize opening the door to the adult world. Today, people in Britain legally become adults at the age of eighteen, so they often have the biggest celebration on that birthday.

The custom of giving on 25 December only dates back to Victorian times. Before that it was more common in Britain to exchange presents on New Year‘s Eve 31st December. These days on Christmas Eve parents put presents for young children in ‘stockings’ and leave **them** in their bedrooms while they are asleep. When children wake up in the morning, many of them believe that Santa Claus has visited them in the night and brought them their presents. Gifts for older children and grown – ups are put around the Christmas tree on Christmas Eve. Then on Christmas morning, everyone sits around the tree and opens their presents.

Easter and Mother‘s Day are also important days. Young children usually receive chocolate eggs at Easter, and people often give presents (chocolates or flowers) to their mothers on Mother‘s Day. People also receive gifts on important occasions in their lives. For example, all the guests at a wedding traditionally bring a gift for the bride and groom. And these days, students sometimes get presents from their parents if they do well on their exams.

25. Which special occasions have NOT been mentioned in the text?

A. Birthdays B. Getting married C. Giving births D. Mothers’ Day

26. Before Victorian times, what did people need to do to receive presents from others?

A. They had to prepare presents to give them.

B. They needed to find the most common presents.

C. They had to wait until 31st December each year.

D. They needed to be more than 18 years old.

27. The word “them” in paragraph 2 refer to “ \_\_\_\_\_”.

A. Parents B. Bedrooms C. Children D. Stockings

28. What is NOT true about gift-giving in Britain today?

A. The 18th birthday is becoming the most important.

B. Christmas presents for children are put in stockings.

C. Adults don’t have presents Christmas.

D. People can now receive presents for non-traditional occasions.

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 29 to 32.***

You think it is about time your neighbor put a gate up between your two gardens. Do you (29) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the matter with him in a friendly way? Face him over the disputed fence? Or kick the old one down? This is not a new board game, (30) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a question from researchers at the University of Birmingham, trying to find out (31) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people lose their tempers. Their research shows that there are some very angry people about. One man who had been rung up random had no (32) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in answering . He was one of 50 people picked from the phone book and asked what sort of things really made them mad.

29. A. talk B. deal C. explain D. discuss

30. A. nor B. though C. but D. however

31. A. why B. what C. which D. where

32. A. reason B. doubt C. hesitation D. choice

**II. PHẦN TỰ LUẬN:**

**WRITING: Rewrite each of the sentences so that it is closest in meaning to the original one or do as directed.( 2.0 pts)**

**1. Change the following sentences into reported speech.**

***“***Shall we go to Paris for the weekend?” asked Jerry

**🡪 Jerry suggested \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**

**2**. In the middle of our dinner, there was a knock at the door. (when)

🡪 **When we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

3.She didn’t know where theatre was so she asked for directions at the hotel reception (***Combine two sentences using Participle phrase)***

**🡪 Not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**4. Finish the following sentences with the words given.(1m)**

He/ better/ stay / home/ because/ feel unwell.

**🡪 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

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