BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỰC (Đề thi có 7 trang)

ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH ĐẠI HỌC NĂM 2013 Môn: TIẾNG ANH; Khối D

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Mã đề thi 637

Họ, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:			
ĐỀ THI GỒM 80 CÂU (T	TỪ QUESTION 1 ĐẾN	N QUESTION 80)	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or the underlined word(s) in			(s) CLOSEST in meaning to
Question 1: Many scientists A. annoyances	agree that global warmin B . risks	g poses great <u>threats</u> to C. irritations	all species on Earth. D. fears
Question 2: The works of such men as the English philosophers John Locke and Thomas Hobbes helped pave the way for academic freedom in the modern sense.			
A. initiate Question 3: E-cash cards are	B. lighten	C. terminate	D. prevent
	B. cash-starved	C. cash-strapped	D. cash-in-hand
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.			
Question 4: A. hesitation	B. economics	C. calculation	D. curriculum
Question 5: A. constructive	B. national	C. essential	D. commercial
Question 6: A. cancel	B. remove	C. copy	D. notice
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.			
	vth rates <u>vary</u> among reg B. stay unchanged	ions and even among cou C. restrain	ntries within the same region. D. remain unstable
Question 8: In some comprovements.	ountries, the disease <u>b</u>	burden could be preve	ented through environmental
A. something to sufferC. something to entertain		B. something sadD. something enjoyable	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.			
Question 9: A. invent	B. tennis	C. medicine	D. species
Question 10: A. particular	B. superstar	C. p <u>ar</u> t	D. h <u>ar</u> vest
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the sentence given in each of the following questions.			
Question 11: "I would be grateful if you could send me further details of the job," he said to me. A. He politely asked me to send him further details of the job.			

Question 12: "Why don't we wear sunglasses?" our grandpa would say when we went out on bright sunny days.

- A. Our grandpa asked us why we did not wear sunglasses when going out on bright sunny days.
- B. Our grandpa reminded us of going out with sunglasses on bright sunny days.

D. He felt great because further details of the job had been sent to him.

B. He thanked me for sending him further details of the job.C. He flattered me because I sent him further details of the job.

- C. Our grandpa would warn us against wearing sunglasses on bright sunny days.
- **D.** Our grandpa used to suggest wearing sunglasses when we went out on bright sunny days.

Question 13: David was narrowly defeated and blew his own chance of becoming a champion.

- A. But for his title as the former champion, David would not have defeated his rivals.
- B. As a result of his narrow defeat, David did not win the championship.
- C. Losing the championship came as a terrible blow to David.
- D. In spite of the narrow defeat, David won the championship.

Question 14: People say that Mr. Goldman gave nearly a million pounds to charity last year.

- A. Nearly a million pounds was said to have been given to charity by Mr. Goldman last year.
- B. Mr. Goldman was said to have given nearly a million pounds to charity last year.
- C. Mr. Goldman is said to have given nearly a million pounds to charity last year.
- D. Nearly a million pounds is said to be given to charity by Mr. Goldman last year.

Question 15: I am sure he did not know that his brother graduated with flying colors.

- A. He cannot have known that his brother graduated with very high marks.
- B. He may not know that his brother is flying gradually up in a colorful balloon.
- C. That his brother graduated with flying colors must have been appreciated by him.
- **D.** He should not have been envious of his brother's achievement.

Question 16: If you had stuck to what we originally agreed on, everything would have been fine.

- A. If you had not kept to what was originally agreed on, everything would have been fine.
- B. As you fulfilled the original contract, things went wrong.
- **C.** Things went wrong because you violated our original agreement.
- **D.** If you had changed our original agreement, everything would have been fine.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 17 to 26.

In "Cerealizing America", Scot pounds of sugar per year. America to end, the empty cereal boxes of point three (1.3) million advertis (19) of \$762 million for advertising than the makers of brownian (20) of the boxed cere more than 50% sugar. Cereal may much healthier than they really a now have vitamin-fortified sugar! Before you eat any cereal, ingredient list. Then check the "Note that There are actually only a small whole grains and are sugar-free. (24) to find a healthy, who health food store boxed cereals improvement (26) refined	ans buy 2.7 billion packar from one year's consumements for cereal are airtime. Only automobe eakfast cereal. als found in supermarked anufacturers are very clare by "fortifying" them read the ingredient lisutrition facts" panel. I handful of national corlifyou shop at a healt le grain, sugar-free (or sare sweetened with white sugar, this can resemble of the sugar.	ages of breakfast cereal aption would (18)broadcast on American ile manufacturers sperets contain large amour ever in their marketing with vitamins and minut and see how (22)_mmercially-branded cerest food store instead overy low sugar) cereal. fruit juice or fructoscally skyrocket the calori	l each year. If (17) end to the moon and back. One television every year at a(n) and more money on television ents of sugar and some contain, making many cereals appearmerals. Oh, (21) – you sugar appears on the eals that are made (23) f your local supermarket, you But (25) ! Some of the ea. Although this may be an
Question 17: A. to lay	B. laying	C. lay	D. laid
Question 18: A. reach	B. prolong	C. stretch	D. contact
Question 19: A. charge	B. average	C. cost	D. expense
Question 20: A. Most	B. Mostly	C. Almost	D. Furthermost
Question 21: A. charming	B. lovely	C. gorgeous	D. beautiful
Question 22: A. tall	B. large	C. high	D. many
Question 23: A. by	B. from	C. at	D. in
Question 24: A. are more likelier		B. are much more likely	
C. would be able	C. would be able D. could more or less		
Question 25: A. see through	B. keep alert	C. watch out	D. look up
Ouestion 26: A. at	R from	C with	D on

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 27 to 36.

New surveys suggest that the technological tools we use to make our lives easier are killing our leisure time. We are working longer hours, taking fewer and shorter vacations (and when we do go away, we take our cell phones, PDAs, and laptops along). And, we are more stressed than ever as increased use of e-mail, voice mail, cell phones, and the Internet is destroying any idea of privacy and leisure.

Since the Industrial Revolution, people have assumed that new labor-saving devices would free them from the burdens of the workplace and give them more time to grow intellectually, creatively, and socially exploring the arts, keeping up with current events, spending more time with friends and family, and even just 'goofing off'.

But here we are at the start of the 21st century, enjoying one of the greatest technological boom times in human history, and nothing could be further from the truth. The very tools that were supposed to liberate us have bound us to our work and study in ways that were <u>inconceivable</u> just a few years ago. It would seem that technology almost never does what we expect.

In 'the old days', the lines between work and leisure time were markedly clearer. People left their offices at a predictable time, were often completely disconnected from and out of touch with their jobs as they traveled to and from work, and were off-duty once they were home. That is no longer true. In today's highly competitive job market, employers demand increased productivity, expecting workers to put in longer hours and to keep in touch almost constantly via fax, cell phones, e-mail, or other communications devices. As a result, employees feel the need to check in on what is going on at the office, even on days off. **They** feel pressured to work after hours just to catch up on everything they have to do. Workers work harder and longer, change their work tasks more frequently, and have more and more reasons to worry about job security.

Bosses, colleagues, family members, lovers, and friends expect instant responses to voice mail and e-mail messages. Even college students have become bound to their desks by an environment in which faculty, friends, and other members of the college community increasingly do their work online. Studies of time spent on instant messaging services would probably show staggering use.

This is not what technology was supposed to be doing for us. New technologies, from genetic research to the Internet, offer all sorts of benefits and opportunities. But, when new tools make life more difficult and stressful rather than easier and more meaningful - and we are, as a society, barely conscious of it - then something has gone seriously awry, both with our expectations for technology and our understanding of how it should benefit us

it should benefit us. From "Summit 1" by Joan Saslow & Allen Ascher Question 27: According to the first three paragraphs, technological tools that were designed to make our lives easier _ A. have brought us complete happiness B. have fully met our expectations C. have not interfered with our privacy D. have turned out to do us more harm than good Question 28: Which of the following is NOT true about technological tools, according to new surveys? A. They make our life more stressful. B. They bring more leisure to our life. **C.** They are used even during vacations. **D.** They are being increasingly used. Question 29: Which of the following is true, according to the passage? A. People have more opportunities to get access to technological applications. B. Employees were supposed to make technology do what they expected. **C.** People now enjoy greater freedom thanks to the technological boom. **D.** Students used to have to study more about technological advances. Question 30: The word "inconceivable" in the passage is closest in meaning to "_____". A. unforgettable B. unimaginable C. predictable D. foreseeable Question 31: With the phrase "at a predictable time", the author implies that _____. A. people had to predict the time they were allowed to leave offices B. people wanted to be completely disconnected from their work C. people were unable to foresee their working hours D. people used to have more time and privacy after work Question 32: It can be inferred from the fourth paragraph that ___

A. it is compulsory that employees go to the office, even on days off

B. employees have more freedom to decide what time they start and finish work

. 3	demanding and have efficie with cell phones and other t	•	oyees
Question 33: The word "	They" in the fourth paragra B. employees	ph refers to C. workers	D. tasks
Question 34: Which of the A. New technological ap B. The coming of new to C. New technological actions in the communication of the comm	e following could be the ma oplications are wise entertain echnological advances has so dvances have added more so dvances have reduced work	nment choices of our mode spoiled family and social re tress to daily life.	ern time.
Question 35: This passag A. a science review	e has probably been taken	from C. an advertisement	D a fashion magazine
Question 36: Which of th A. Expectations and Pla	e following could best serve	as the title of the passage B. Benefits of Technolog	e? y
Mark the letter A, B, C, following questions.	or D on your answer sh	neet to indicate the cor	rect answer in each of the
Question 37: We all agre A. the cleverest	e that she is studen B. a more clever		D. most clever
Question 38: Standing on the tip of the cape,A. people have seen a lighthouse far awayC. we can see the lighthouse in the distance		B. a lighthouse can see from the distance	
Question 39: The boat w A. broke	as sailing north when a terri B. would break	ible storm C. had broken	D. was breaking
	n Kennedy was elected pres B. As long as		· ·
Question 41: Only one of A. has been chosen	our gifted students	to participate in the final	competition. D. chosen
Question 42: The pool sh A. so as to	ould not be made so deep _B. though	small children can	be safe there. D. so that
Question 43: I am sorry A. bring in Question 44: Tom: "	I have no time at present to B. come in "	detail of our plan C. take into	D. go into
Mike: "I wo	•		
A. Mike, do you know wB. What about playing lC. How are things withD. What's your favourit	badminton this afternoon? you, Mike?		
A. four times much as C. four times as much a	aire who liked to show off h as	B. four time much than D. four time as many as	I we asked.
every year.		national park in 1951, attr	acts a large number of tourists
A. that Question 47: He	B. what us but he was short of mon	C. where ev at the time.	D. which
A. might help		C. can help	D. could have helped
	ked deeply hurt and surprise		D to scald
A. scolding Question 49: The package	B. scolded es so that it would	C. having scolded be easier to carry them.	D. to scold
-	B. are tied in a bundle	-	D. were tied in a knot
Question 50: In spite of h A. repetitive	ner abilities, Laura has been B. repeatedly		omotion. D. repeat

A. too much B. so much C. much too D. very much				
Question 52: She asked me I was looking at. A. if B. what C. when D. why				
,				
Question 53: Education in many countries is compulsory the age of 16.A. forB. forwardsC. untilD. when				
Question 54: We must push the piano to the corner of the hall to our party tonight.				
A. give place to B. make room for C. take up room to D. make place for Question 55: Stephanie: "Oh, no! I left my book at home. Can I share yours?"				
Scott: ""				
A. No, thanks. B. Yes, I do too. C. No, not at all! D. Yes, sure!				
Question 56: There has been a great increase in retail sales,?				
A. isn't it B. isn't there C. doesn't it D. hasn't there				
Question 57: Long ago, women were to vote in political elections.				
A. prevented B. banned C. forbidden D. stopped				
Question 58: Regular exercise and good diet will bring fitness and health.				
A. about B. from C. to D. up				
Question 59: his brother, Mike is active and friendly.				
A. Dislike B. Liking C. Alike D. Unlike				
Question 60: one of the most beautiful forms of performance art, ballet is a combination of or	lance			
and mime performed to music.				
A. Considered B. Being considering C. Considering D. To consider				
Question 61: has been a topic of continual geological research.				
A. If the continents formed B. The continents formed				
C. How the continents were formed D. How did the continents form				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that n correction in each of the following questions.	eeds			
Question 62: When precipitation occurs, some of it evaporates, some runs off the surface it strikes, and				
A B C				
some <u>sinking</u> into the ground.				
Question 63: A warning printed on a makeshift lifebuoy says: "This is not a <u>life-saving</u> device. <u>Children</u>				
should be <u>accompany</u> by their <u>parents</u> ."				
Question 64: Of all the art-related reference and research <u>library</u> in North America, <u>that of</u> the				
Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York City is <u>among</u> the largest and <u>most complete</u> .				
Question 65: Different fourteen crops were grown 8,600 years ago by some of the world's earliest farmers. A B C D				
Question 66: Globally and internationally, the 1990's stood out as the warmest decade in the history of A C				
weather records.				

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 67 to 76.

Very few people, groups, or governments oppose globalization in its entirety. Instead, critics of globalization believe aspects of the way globalization operates should be changed. The debate over globalization is about what the best rules are for governing the global economy so that its advantages can grow while its problems can be solved.

On one side of this debate are those who stress the benefits of removing barriers to international trade and investment, allowing capital to be <u>allocated</u> more efficiently and giving consumers greater freedom of choice. With free-market globalization, investment funds can move unimpeded from the rich countries to the

developing countries. Consumers can benefit from cheaper products because reduced taxes make goods produced at low cost from faraway places cheaper to buy. Producers of goods gain by selling to a wider market. More competition **keeps sellers on their toes** and allows ideas and new technology to spread and benefit others.

On the other side of the debate are critics who see neo-liberal policies as producing greater poverty, inequality, social conflict, cultural destruction, and environmental damage. They say that the most developed nations - the United States, Germany, and Japan - succeeded not because of free trade but because of protectionism and subsidies. They argue that the more recently successful economies of South Korea, Taiwan, and China all had strong state-led development strategies that did not follow neo-liberalism. These critics think that government encouragement of "infant industries" - that is, industries that are just beginning to develop enables a country to become internationally competitive.

Furthermore, those who criticize the Washington Consensus suggest that the inflow and outflow of money from speculative investors must be limited to prevent bubbles. These bubbles are characterized by the rapid inflow of foreign funds that bid up domestic stock markets and property values. When the economy cannot sustain such expectations, the bubbles burst as investors panic and pull their money out of the country.

Protests by what is called the anti-globalization movement are seldom directed against globalization itself but rather against abuses that harm the rights of workers and the environment. The question raised by nongovernmental organizations and protesters at WTO and IMF gatherings is whether globalization will result in a rise of living standards or a race to the bottom as competition takes the form of lowering living standards and <u>undermining</u> environmental regulations.

One of the key problems of the 21st century will be determining to what extent markets should be regulated to promote fair competition, honest dealing, and fair distribution of public goods on a global scale.

From "Globalization" by Tabb, William K., Microsoft® Student 2009 [DVD] Question 67: It is stated in the passage that _ A. the protests of globalization are directed against globalization itself B. the United States, Germany, and Japan succeeded in helping infant industries C. supporters of globalization stress the benefits of removing trade barriers D. critics of globalization say that the successful economies are all in Asia Question 68: Supporters of free-market globalization point out that _____. A. consumers can benefit from cheaper products B. there will be less competition among producers C. taxes that are paid on goods will be increased D. investment will be allocated only to rich countries Question 69: The word "allocated" in the passage mostly means "____ A. removed B. solved C. offered D. distributed Question 70: The phrase "keeps sellers on their toes" in the passage mostly means "_ A. makes sellers responsive to any changes

B. allows sellers to stand on their own feet C. forces sellers to go bare-footed D. prevents sellers from selling new products Question 71: According to critics of globalization, several developed countries have become rich because of A. their neo-liberal policies B. their help to developing countries **C.** their prevention of bubbles **D.** their protectionism and subsidies Question 72: The word "undermining" in the passage mostly means "_ A. observing B. making more effective C. making less effective D. obeying Question 73: Infant industries mentioned in the passage are _ A. successful economies **B.** young companies C. development strategies **D.** young industries Question 74: Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage? A. Critics believe the way globalization operates should be changed. B. The anti-globalization movement was set up to end globalization. C. Some Asian countries had strong state-led economic strategies. D. Hardly anyone disapproves of globalization in its entirety. Question 75: The debate over globalization is about how _ A. to use neo-liberal policies for the benefit of the rich countries

B. to govern the global economy for the benefit of the community

- C. to spread ideas and strategies for globalization D. to terminate globalization in its entirety Question 76: The author seems to be _____ globalization that helps promote economy and raise living standards globally. A. supportive of **B.** indifferent to C. pessimistic about D. opposed to Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best joins each of the following pairs of sentences in each of the following questions.
- Question 77: We spend about one-third of our lives sleeping. We know relatively little about sleep.
 - A. We know relatively little about sleep; as a result, we spend about one-third of our lives sleeping.
 - B. Despite spending about one-third of our lives sleeping, we know relatively little about sleep.
 - C. We shall know more about sleep if we spend more than one-third of our lives sleeping.
 - D. We spend about one-third of our lives sleeping so that we know relatively little about sleep.
- Question 78: He was successful because he was determined to pursue personal goals. He was not talented.
 - A. His determination to pursue personal goals made him successful and talented.
 - B. It was his determination to pursue personal goals, not talent, that contributed to his success.
 - C. His success lay in his natural ability, not in his determination to pursue personal goals.
 - D. In addition to his determination, his talent ensured his success in pursuing his goals.

Question 79: Overeating is a cause of several deadly diseases. Physical inactivity is another cause of several deadly diseases.

- A. Both overeating and physical inactivity result from several deadly diseases.
- B. Apart from physical activities, eating too much also contributes to several deadly diseases.
- C. Not only overeating but also physical inactivity may lead to several deadly diseases.
- **D.** Overeating and physical inactivity are caused by several deadly diseases.

Question 80: I did not arrive in time. I was not able to see her off.

- A. I did not go there, so I could not see her off. B. She had left because I was not on time.
- C. I arrived very late to say goodbye to her.
- **D.** I was not early enough to see her off.

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