4.1. Dạng câu hỏi TÌM MỐI LIÊN HỆ (REFERENCE QUESTIONS)

- 4.1.1. Câu hỏi này thường dùng các loại từ sau để thay thế cho danh từ hoặc cụm danh từ đã được đề cập trước đó
- Đại từ: she, her, he, him, it, they, them, we, us, another, others
- Tính từ sở hữu: her, his, its, their, our
- Đại từ chỉ định: this, that, these, those, one
- Đại từ/trạng từ quan hệ: which, who, whom, that, whose, where, when
- 4.1.2. Dang câu hỏi thường gặp

The word ... in paragraph ... refers to _____.

4.1.3. Cách xử lý dạng câu hỏi này

BƯỚC 01

Tìm đoạn văn có chứa từ gạch chân.

BƯỚC 02

Đọc kỹ câu có chứa từ được gạch chân và câu trước đó.

BƯỚC 03

Xác định từ hoặc cụm từ mà từ gạch chân đang thay thế thông qua mặt ngữ nghĩa.

Ví dụ 1

Unfortunately, when we lose a language, we also lose its culture and knowledge. That's because people in different places have different ways of living and thinking. One example of this is the Tuvan language of southern Siberia. Tuvan people depend on animals for food and other basic needs. **Their** language shows this close connection between people and animals. The Tuvan word ezenggileer, for example, means "to sing with the rhythms of riding a horse." And the word ak byzaa is "a white calf less than one year old."

(Adapted from Explore New Worlds)

The word Their in paragraph 2 refers to _	•
A. basic needs	B. Tuvan people
C. different ways	D. different places
Lời giải chi tiết:	

Loi giai chi tiet:

Từ "Their" trong đoạn 2 đề cập đến _____.

A. những nhu cầu cơ bản B. người Tuvan

C. những cách khác nhau D. những địa điểm khác nhau

- Chúng ta có thể dễ dàng tìm được từ *Their* vì nó đã được bôi đậm gạch chân trong đoạn 2.
- Chúng ta chọn ra câu có chứa từ *Their* và câu trước đó để đọc:
- "Tuvan people depend on animals for food and other basic needs. <u>Their</u> language shows this close connection between people and animals."
- **♦ Tạm dịch**: Người Tuvan phụ thuộc vào động vật để có thức ăn và đáp ứng các nhu cầu cơ bản khác. Ngôn ngữ **của ho** thể hiện mối liên kết chặt chẽ giữa con người và đông vật.
- **Tips**: Chúng ta có thể đặt câu hỏi ai hoặc cái gì để có thể hình dung rõ hơn. Ví dụ đối với câu trên ta có thể đặt câu hỏi: Ngôn ngữ **của họ**. Họ ở đây là ai? Từ đó ta có thể dễ dàng thấy được "Their" đang ám chỉ tới người Tuvan.

→ Do đó B là đáp án đúng.



There are many push factors which force people away from rural life. For example, rural residents have fewer employment options because there are not many large companies nearby. What's more, rural jobs are mainly related to agriculture, so crop failures due to natural disasters can make it difficult to earn a good living. By

	-	-		ve more industries, so people	
	_			r entertainment alternatives,	
such as theme parks, spo	rting and musical e	events, allowing urban		ess leisure activities easily.	
			(.	Adapted from Bright)	
The word They in paragr					
A. industries	B. good jobs		D. pe	ople	
		Lời giải chi tiết:			
Từ "They" trong đoạn 2	đề cập đến		_		
A. các ngành công nghiệ	ρ	B. những công việc tố	òt		
C. các khu vực đô thị		D. con người			
- Chúng ta chọn ra câu ch	•				
				ve a higher standard of living.	
		such as theme parks, sp	orting and mu	isical events, allowing urban	
citizens to access leisure	• .			2 2	
			_	ời có thể dễ dàng tìm được	
	-	J. J.	-	n giải trí như công viên giải trí,	
sự kiện thể thao và âm nh					
	_		n giải trí? Từ d	đó ta có thể dễ dàng thấy được	
"They" đang ám chỉ tới c					
→ Do đó dễ dàng chọn C	là đáp án đúng.				
	\mathbf{B}_{A}	ÀI TẬP VẬN DỤN	\mathbf{G} :		
Paragraph 1:					
Many students find it di	fficult to adapt to	the demands of highe	er education.	Universities often offer support	
services, such as counseli	ng and tutoring, to	help <u>them</u> adjust. Thes	e resources are	e designed to ensure that students	
succeed academically and	d maintain their we	ll-being. As a result, th	ose who take	advantage of such services often	
perform better in their stu	ıdies.				
Question 1: The word <u>th</u>	em in the paragrap	h refers to			
A. demands B.	universities	C. students	D. services		
Paragraph 2:					
Digital media has revolut	ionized the way org	ganizations interact wit	h their target a	udiences. With just a few clicks,	
companies can share the	latest updates, adv	rertise products, and re	ceive instant	feedback from <u>their</u> customers.	
Compared to traditional n	nedia, digital platfo	rms provide flexibility	and accessibil	lity that are unmatched, ensuring	
that businesses stay comp		C			
Question 2: The word th	eir in the paragrap	h refers to			
A. clicks B.	companies	C. updates	D. products		
Paragraph 3:					
CVs are the main form of employability assessment used by recruiters and employers. And research suggests that					
academic qualifications and work experience are both important. Existing research, for example, shows that					
internships can help stu-	dents gain importa	ant insights into the v	vorkplace – i	ncluding how to communicate	
effectively – but they car	n be highly compet	itive.			
			(Adapted fro	om https://theconversation.com)	
Question 3: The word th	ey in the paragraph				
A. qualifications	B. internships	C. stuc	lents	D. insights	

Paragraph 4:

Green living is a lifesty	le that focuses on reduc	cing harm to the environment	t. It encourages using resources wisely,
avoiding waste, and ma	king choices that supp	ort sustainability. From cons	serving water to using public transport,
small changes can ma	ike a big difference.	It represents a commitment	nt to preserving the Earth for future
generations.			
Question 4: The word	It in the paragraph refe	ers to	
A. green living	B. harm	C. environment	D. sustainability
Paragraph 5:			
If you think of the jobs i	robots could never do, y	you would probably put docto	ors and teachers at the top of the list. It's
easy to imagine robot c	leaners and factory wo	rkers, but some jobs need hu	man connection and creativity. But are
we underestimating wh	at robots can do? In so	ome cases, they already per	form better than doctors at diagnosing
illness. Also, some pat	ients might feel more	comfortable sharing person	al information with a machine than a
person.			
		(Adapted from h	ttps://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/)
Question 5: The word	they in the paragraph r	refers to	
A. cases	B. doctors	C. jobs	D. robots
Paragraph 6:			
Cultural diversity enric	hes societies by bring	ing together traditions, langu	uages, and perspectives from different
backgrounds. It fosters	creativity and innovati	ion by allowing people to lea	arn from one another. For instance, the
cuisine of a multicultur	al city is often more div	verse than <u>that</u> of a homoger	nous community. Additionally, cultural
diversity promotes und	erstanding and tolerand	ce among individuals. Embra	acing diversity is essential for building
inclusive and harmonio			
Question 6 : The word			
A. cuisine	B. city	C. community	D. innovation
Paragraph 7:			
Inspirational life stories	s have the power to mo	tivate people to overcome th	neir challenges. A story about someone
who turned their failure	es into success can insp	oire others to do the same. On	ne that stands out is the tale of a young
entrepreneur who starte	ed with nothing but bu	ilt a thriving business throug	gh hard work and determination. Such
stories remind us that pe	erseverance and resilier	nce are key to achieving our o	dreams. They serve as a beacon of hope
for anyone facing adver	•		
Question 7 : The word			
A. power	B. story	C. entrepreneur	D. business
Paragraph 8:			
_			foster change. Activities like teaching,
			e get involved. <u>These</u> provide not only
		ole experiences for the volun	teers themselves.
Question 8 : The word		refers to	
A. cleanups	B. people	C. activities	D. benefits
Paragraph 9:			
Moditation has become	increasingly nonular	as a practice for improving	a mental and physical well being Ite

Meditation has become increasingly popular as a practice for improving mental and physical well-being. <u>Its</u> advantages are numerous, including reduced stress, improved focus, and better emotional regulation. Regular meditation can also enhance overall health by lowering blood pressure and boosting the immune system. As more people adopt this practice, its impact on personal and community wellness continues to grow.

O 4: 0 Tl 114 :	.1 1 C .		
Question 9: The word <u>Its</u> in			D
A. meditation	B. practice	C. well-being	D. stress
Paragraph 10:			
			ife. For <u>others</u> , the city is a dangerous
*		•	ould be a shame to hurt or kill animals
•	•	• • •	ervationists and city residents can work
together and find imagin	•		t of cities without harming them.
			earnenglishteens.britishcouncil.org/)
Question 10: The word other	<u>ers</u> in the paragraph ref		
A. animals	B. dogs	C. humans	D. residents
Paragraph 11:			
Today's city planners face a	a big challenge: fightir	ng the sprawl that has	disconnected communities and forced
people into cars to navigate t	from home to work to si	hopping. In the U.S., sp	orawl happened for reasons that made it
seem like a good idea at the	time. Millions of soldi	ers had come home fro	om World War II to overcrowded, run-
down cities; their new famili	es needed a place to liv	e. Driving to the subur	bs felt liberating and modern. In China,
after the cultural revolution,	sprawl happened for go	ood reasons too. Just as	s with American suburbs, which helped
realize millions of American	dreams, the results are	e great, to a degree. Th	e average Chinese family now has 360
square feet of space per pers	on, four times the aver-	age of two decades ago	b. But the spaces between the buildings
are uninviting, and people de	on't use them.		
		(Adapted from <u>htt</u>	ps://www.nationalgeographic.com/)
Question 11: The word whi	ch in the paragraph ref	ers to	
A. American dreams	B. American suburbs	C. good reasons	D. the results
Paragraph 12:			
Electronic devices present a	big problem for conser	rvation because techno	logy changes so quickly. For example,
-			, televisions, and MP3 players are other
products contributing to "e-v	waste". The U.S. Envir	onmental Protection A	gency (EPA) estimates that Americans
•			products contain minerals as well as
•			that can leach out of landfills into the
soil and water supply.	•		
(Adapted from			