

I. GIVE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE VERBS.

1. They (come) back home after they (finish) their work.
2. She said that she (meet) Mr. Bean before.
3. Before he (go) to bed, he (read) a novel.
4. He told me he (not/wear) such kind of clothes before.
5. When I came to the stadium, the match (start)
6. Before she (listen) to music, she (do)..... homework.
7. Last night, Peter (go) to the supermarket before he (go) home.

II. REWRITE THE SENTENCES.

1. David had gone home before we arrived.
– After
2. We had lunch then we took a look around the shops.
– Before
3. The light had gone out before we got out of the office. –
When.....
4. After she had explained everything clearly, we started our work. – By the time
.....
5. My father had watered all the plants in the garden by the time my mother came home. – Before
.....

III. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentence.

1. Many children in our village are still _____. They can't read or write.
A. creative B. illiterate C. unhealthy D. traditional
2. I suggest that we _____ the number of tourists visiting them every day.
A. limited B. should limit C. limiting D. limit
3. I _____ a teddy bear, but I don't have one now.
A. used to having B. used to have C. was used to having D. was used to have
4. They _____ go on holiday when they lived in the countryside.
A. not use to B. weren't use to C. didn't use to D. hadn't used to
5. It _____ that the first temple was built on the current site of Thien Tru in the 15th century during the reign of Le Thanh Tong.
A. thinks B. is thinking C. is thought D. thought

IV. Fill in the blank in the passage with the correct word from the box.

powers	space	fun	attraction	generations
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Traditional folk games of the Vietnamese

As the result of the modern life, after school time, children in cities don't have enough (1), and friends to play together. While parents are busy with their business, the children are kept inside 4 concrete walls and entertain themselves with watching television, playing with their toys or playing video games.

However, the traditional folk games still have very strong and magical (2) to every child. They might not play it very often as the older (3) did, but the stories about these folk games will still be told in every family.

The most favourite folk games must be listed are: the game of Dragon and Snake, the game of Cat and Mouse, Marble game in the Vietnamese style, Mandarin's Square, hide and seek... More than (4), these folk games improve the smartness and (5) of observation in children.

V. Read the passage. Then answer the questions.

My grandmother is more than ninety years old which makes her the oldest person in the whole family. Despite her old age, her memory is still fresh. She always tells us that many things used to be different when she was young.

My grandma used to begin her day very early. She used to start her day at 4 o'clock while everybody else was still in beds. She used to do all the housework by herself. She used to make clothes for her children and as for her outdoor work, she used to raise some chicken and sheep and she also used to help the males to grow vegetables. There didn't use to be many pastime activities. Her hobby used to be listening to the radio. In the evening all the family used to sit by the fire in the sitting room where all the family gathered at night to tell stories or discuss family matters as weddings, harvest time or to assign the next day's work.

When a member of the family was ill, she used to show him which herbs to use. She collected them from the near forest or from the mountain. My grandma used to know so many effective methods to cure illnesses.

1. How is the memory of the writer's grandmother?

.....

2. What time did she use to start her day?

.....

3. What did she use to do in her pastimes?

.....

4. Where did her family use to sit in the evening?

.....

5. What did she usually do when a member of the family was ill?

.....

VI. Rewrite the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one.

1. What about visiting Trang An, a natural wonder of our area?

→ He suggested.....

2. Learning English is necessary for you.

→ It is

3. "What should we do to make Mum feel happier?" they wondered.

→ They wondered what.....

4. They reported that two people had been injured in the accident.

→ It.....

5. She dreams to spend her vacation in Ha Long Bay.

→ She wishes

VII. Use used to or didn't use to with the verbs from the box to complete the sentences.

be	Kill	transport	dye
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1. In the countryside in Viet Nam, families..... extended, i.e. three or more generations lived together in the same house.

2. The farmers in my home village rice home on trucks. They used buff alo-driven carts.

3. In many places in the world, people cloth with natural materials. 4.

Tuberculosis – TB – a lot of people. It was a fatal disease.

VIII. Complete each of the following sentences using the cues given. You can use other words in addition.

1. People / know / Ha Long Bay / recognise / UNESCO.

.....

2. Temple of Literature / be / first / destination / schedule.

.....

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– After David had gone home , we arrived
2. We had lunch then we took a look around the shops.
– Before we took a look around the shops, We had lunch
3. The light had gone out before we got out of the office.
– When we got out of the office, The light had gone out
4. After she had explained everything clearly, we started our work.
– By the time we started our work, she had explained everything clearly
5. My father had watered all the plants in the garden by the time my mother came home.
– Before my mother came home , My father had watered all the plants in the garden

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However, the traditional folk games still have very strong and magical (2) **attraction** to every child. They might not play it very often as the older (3) **generations** did, but the stories about these folk games will still be told in every family.

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V. Read the passage. Then answer the questions.

My grandmother is more than ninety years old which makes her the oldest person in the whole family. Despite her old age, her memory is still fresh. She always tells us that many things used to be different when she was young.

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When a member of the family was ill, she used to show him which herbs to use. She collected them from the near forest or from the mountain. My grandma used to know so many effective methods to cure illnesses.

1. How is the memory of the writer's grandmother?

The memory of the writer's grandmother is fresh

2. What time did she use to start her day?

She used to start her day at 4 o'clock

3. What did she use to do in her pastimes?

She used to listen to the radio in her pastimes

4. Where did her family use to sit in the evening in the evening.

Her family used to sit by the fire in the sitting room

5. What did she usually do when a member of the family was ill?

She used to show him which herbs to use .

VI. Rewrite the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one.

1. What about visiting Trang An, a natural wonder of our area?

→ He suggested visiting Trang An, a natural wonder of our area

2. Learning English is necessary for you.

→ It is necessary for you to Learn English

3. "What should we do to make Mum feel happier?" they wondered.

→ They wondered what to make Mum feel happier.

4. They reported that two people had been injured in the accident.

→ It was reported that two people had been injured in the accident.

5. She dreams to spend her vacation in Ha Long Bay.

→ She wishes to spend her vacation in Ha Long Bay.

VII. Use **used to** or **didn't use to** with the verbs from the box to complete the sentences.

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1. In the countryside in Viet Nam, families **used to be** extended, i.e. three or more generations lived together in the same house.

2. The farmers in my home village **didn't use to transport** rice home on trucks. They used buff alo-driven carts.

3. In many places in the world, people **used to dye** cloth with natural materials.

4. Tuberculosis – TB – **used to Kill** a lot of people. It was a fatal disease.

VIII. Complete each of the following sentences using the cues given. You can use other words in addition.

1. People know that Ha Long Bay is recognized by UNESCO.

2. Temple of Literature is the first destination on schedule.