SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO SƠN LA

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

(Đề thi có 09 trang)

KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT
NĂM HỌC 2026 - 2027
Môn thi: Tiếng Anh
(Dành cho thí sinh dự thi chuyên Anh)
Ngày thi: 02/06/2026
Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút, không kể thời gian phát đ

⚠ **THÍ SINH VIẾT CÁC CÂU TRẢ LỜI VÀO TỜ GIẤY THI**

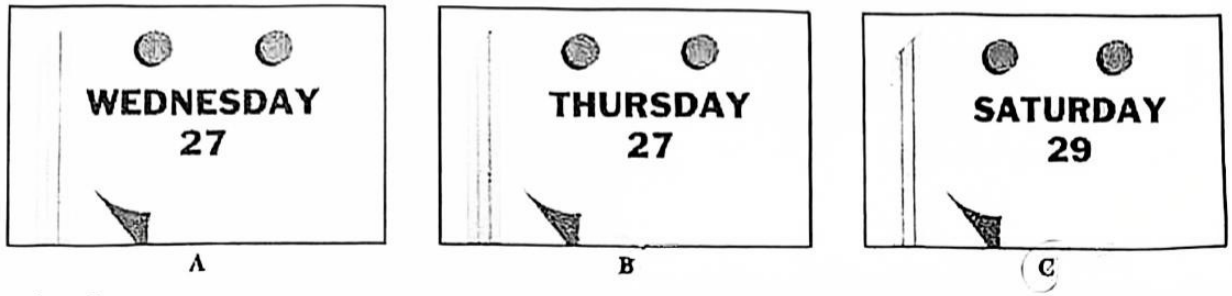
SECTION I: LISTENING

ướng dẫn phần thi nghe:

- *Phần thi nghe có 4 bài, mỗi bài nghe 2 lần. Mở đầu và kết thúc phần thi nghe có tín hiệu nhạ*
- *Các hướng dẫn bằng Tiếng Anh của các bài nghe đã có trong bài.*

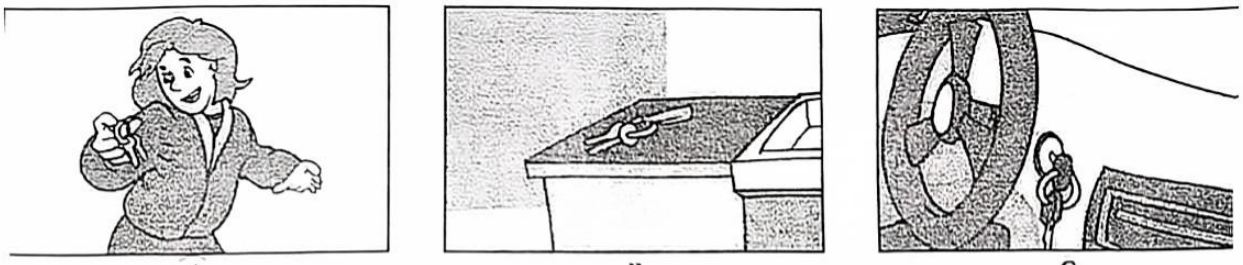
.RT 1. ***Listen to the following conversations and answer each question by choosing the corr***
ture (A, B or C). Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.

estion 1.



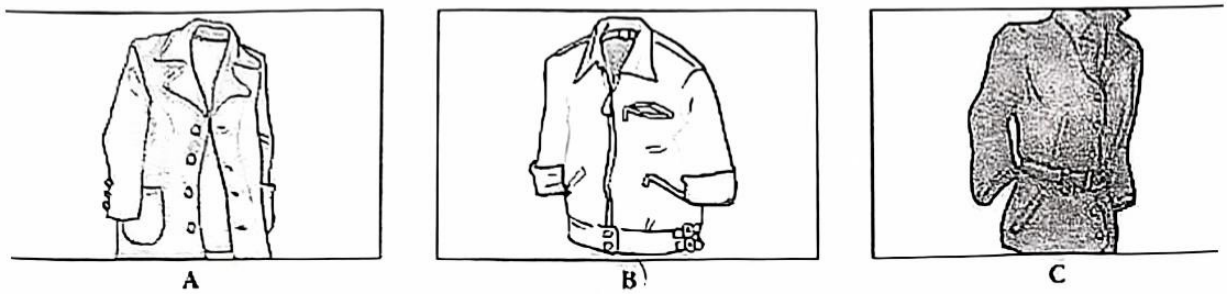
A B C

estion 2.



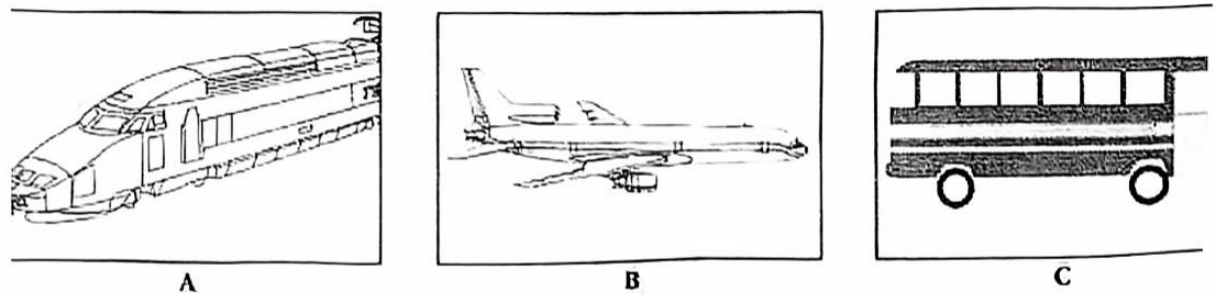
A B C

stion 3.



A B C

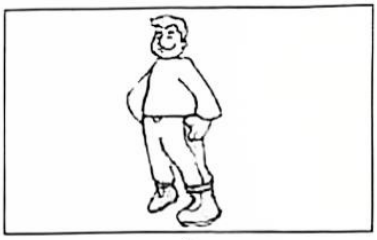
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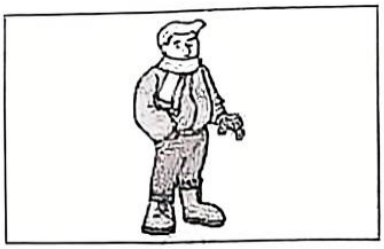
A B C

T

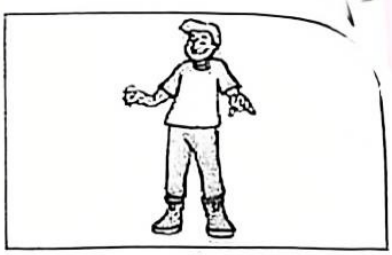
Question 5.



A



B



C

PART 2. ***Listen to the following recording and decide the following statements are TRUE or FALSE***
Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.

Question 6. For their assignment, the students must investigate one part of the entertainment industry.

Question 7. The method the students must use to collect data is online webinars.

Question 8. In total, the students must interview thirteen people.

Question 9. Jack thinks the music preferences of male and female listeners are similar.

Question 10. Lucy thinks they should add classical music to the list because some people like it.

PART 3. ***Listen to a telephone conversation and complete the following form. Use NO MORE THA***
TWO WORDS for each answer. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.

CYCLE TOUR LEADER: APPLICANT ENQUIRY

Example:

Name: Margaret __Smith__

About the applicant:

- wants a **(11)** _____ job
- will soon start work as a doctor
- has led cycle trips in **(12)** _____
- interested in being a leader of a cycling trip for families
- is currently doing voluntary work with members of a **(13)**_____ club
- available for **(14)** _____ from the 1st of May
- can't eat **(15)** _____

Contact details:

- address: 27 **(16)** _____ Place, Dumfries
- postcode: **(17)** _____

Interview:

- interview at 2.30 pm on Tuesday
- will plan a short **(18)** _____ about being a tour guide

PART 4. ***Listen to the recording and answer each question by choosing the best option (A, B, o***
Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.

Question 19. When Bob spots his old colleague, he_____

A. is thrilled to see him again. B. does not want to talk to him. C. is unsure about who h

Question 20. How does Bob feel about Irish folk music?

A. He hates it. B. He is indifferent towards it. C. He doesn't mind it.

Question 21. What does the stall sell?

A. Different kinds of music B. Irish folk music C. Country music

Question 22. How did Carl think of starting the stall?

A. It was suggested to him. B. He wanted to sell his collection. C. He had always wanted to try

Question 23. What happened to Acres the Bakers?

A. It was shut down. B. It expanded its business. C. It is under new owne

Question 24. How did Bob spend most of his redundancy money?

A. On a car B. On a holiday C. On nothing

Question 25. When Andrea suggests that Bob sell his silverware he seems_____

A. reluctant. B. enthusiastic. C. supervised.

SECTION II: LEXICO – GRAMMAR

PART 1. ***Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete the following passage. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.***

GREEN TRANSPORTATION

As cities continue to grow rapidly, traffic congestion and air pollution have become serious concerns in many countries. To solve these problems, some governments are investing heavily in public transportation systems, such as electric buses and underground railways. These solutions are expected to reduce carbon emissions significantly, **(26)** _____.

In many urban areas, cycling has also become increasingly popular. People who ride bicycles regularly not only improve their physical health but also help protect the environment. **(27)** _____ has encouraged local authorities to build more bike lanes and public parks.

However, not everyone is willing to change their daily habits. Some people continue using private vehicles, **(28)** _____. Environmental experts argue that long-term change requires both education and stricter environmental policies. **(29)** _____, many cities are now offering financial support for citizens who choose eco-friendly transportation. In the future, **(30)** _____, this can help create cleaner and more sustainable communities.

Question 26.

A. which many environmental scientists strongly support

B. where many environmental scientists strongly support

C. that many environmental scientists support them strongly

D. whom many environmental scientists strongly support

Question 27.

A. Reduce pollution in crowded cities B. Reducing pollution in crowded cities

C Reduced pollution in crowded cities D. To reduce pollution in crowded cities

Question 28.

A. although public transportation is improving

B. despite public transportation is improving

C. because of public transportation improving

D. only when public transportation improved

Question 29.

A. Because environmental problems are becoming more serious

B. Much as environmental problems are becoming more serious

C. Although environmental problems becoming more serious

D. As though environmental problems become more serious

Question 30.

A. if the governments encouraging people to use greener transportation

B. were the governments to encourage people to use greener transportation

C. should the governments encourage people to use greener transportation

D. unless the governments encourage people to use greener transportation

PART 2. ***Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete the following passage. Write your answer in the ANSWER SHEET.***

THE RISE OF PAPERLESS EXAMS

In the rapidly evolving landscape of modern education, the traditional pen-and-paper method of examination is undergoing a massive, highly anticipated technological transformation. Digital evaluation, once dismissed as an impractical alternative for schools, **(31)** _____ into a fundamental component of institutional assessment. With environmental sustainability becoming a critical priority, many school authorities are replacing paper booklets with portable tablets. If educational leaders **(32)** _____ digital testing platforms a decade ago, the entire academic sector would be far more ecologically sustainable today.

Some skeptical school administrators initially argued that the initial technological costs would be far too high for standard budgets. However, progressive research proved that processing electronic tests across online networks is significantly **(33)** _____ expensive than printing thousands of physical paper sheets each year. Furthermore, this innovative approach streamlines administrative workflows, allowing schools to eliminate physical waste and **(34)** _____ a major milestone in modernizing classroom infrastructure.

Traditional high-stakes examinations have often **(35)** _____ as the absolute metric for measuring student intelligence, but paperless testing completely redefines this classroom experience. In these secure online setups, students submit answers through specialized software. A digital encryption program **(36)** _____ the exam data, monitoring security protocols continuously until each electronic script is ready **(37)** _____ processed by external examiners.

Of course, transitioning to completely paperless assessments is not a walk in the park. IT coordinators must **(38)** _____ up against unexpected technical glitches and internet connectivity issues. Yet, test software continues to improve, and advanced algorithms protect student exam integrity. It is clear that the more we refine these digital platforms, the **(39)** _____ our evaluation systems will become. Educational policy makers must now work together to **(40)** _____ into account the vital operational advantages of electronic testing for all future student generations.

Question 31. A. has evolved	B. evolved	C. is evolving	D. evolves
Question 32. A. adopt	B. had adopted	C. would adopt	D. have adopted
Question 33. A. least	B. much	C. less	D. more
Question 34. A. reach	B. take	C. hit	D. make
Question 35. A. viewed	B. been viewed	C. being viewed	D. been viewing
Question 36. A. looks through	B. sets up	C. brings about	D. runs after
Question 37. A. to be	B. being	C. for being	D. to have
Question 38. A. cope	B. come	C. run	D. face
Question 39. A. reliable	B. more reliable	C. most reliable	D. reliably
Question 40. A. put	B. give	C. bring	D. take

PART 3. ***Fill in the blank in each sentence with the correct form of the CAPITAL word given at the end of each sentence. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.***

Question 41. Being banned from social media, some Australian teenagers expressed _____, believing it limited their personal freedom. **41. SATISFY**

Question 42. The sudden _____ of the ancient civilization still puzzles archeologists today. **42. APPEAR**

Question 43. He was praised for his _____ leadership during the economic crisis. **43. DECIDE**

Question 44. The customer service department deals with a wide variety of _____ every day. **44. COMPLAIN**

Question 45. The data gathered from the research is still _____ and requires further analysis. **45. CONCLUDE**

PART 4. ***Fill in the blank in each sentence with ONE correct preposition or article. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.***

Question 46. He had a great talent _____ singing, and decided to become an opera singer.

Question 47. People ought to be aware _____ the damage they are causing to the environment.

Question 48. If you concentrated more _____ your school work, your grades would improve.

Question 49. I can't use my car at the moment. It's in the garage _____ repair.

Question 50. Last year, Moc Chau Highland attracted _____ large number of tourists.

SECTION III: READING

PART 1. ***Complete the following passage by filling each blank with ONE correct word. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.***

In today's rapidly evolving job market, academic excellence alone no longer guarantees career success. Consequently, secondary schools are increasingly incorporating interpersonal development into their core curricula, recognizing that students **(51)** _____ have mastered emotional intelligence tend to perform better in team environments. Educators emphasize that critical thinking and conflict resolution are not innate talents; rather, they are competencies that can be systematically cultivated.

Acquiring these abilities **(52)** _____ adolescents to navigate complex social dynamics, which is essential for fostering long-term professional relationships. Furthermore, when schools prioritize cooperative projects, students learn to negotiate and compromise effectively. This hands-on approach ensures that learners do not just absorb theoretical knowledge but actually put these vital skills **(53)** _____ practice.

However, integrating soft skills training into traditional frameworks presents challenges, **(54)** _____ standard grading systems are often ill-equipped to measure subjective growth. Despite these structural hurdles, institutions must persevere in balancing metrics with holistic growth. Ultimately, fostering adaptability prepares the next generation for an unpredictable future, ensuring they graduate **(55)** _____ prepared to face modern workplace challenges.

PART 2. ***The passage below consists of four paragraphs (A-D). For questions 56-60, read the passage and do the tasks that follow. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.***

THE SILENT THREAT OF AIR POLLUTION

How is the environmental crisis affecting regional health and everyday life in Southeast Asia? Below are four viewpoints exploring the alarming levels of atmospheric contamination and the comprehensive efforts required to cope with its consequences.

A. In several northern provinces, toxic smog has reached dangerous level, causing a huge increase number of patients in hospital admissions. Dense layers of fine particulate matter, known as PM2.5, are covering major cities, making breathing hazardous for vulnerable citizens. Medical professionals report that thousands of residents have sought urgent treatment for respiratory issues and severe eye irritations over the past few weeks. Health agencies are distributing protective face masks and strongly advising people, particularly children and the elderly, to avoid spending time outdoors until the hazardous haze clears.

B. The environmental crisis is not just a health hazard; it is also damaging the local economy. Thick layers of dust have severely limited visibility, leading to multiple flight cancellations and delays that disrupt regional travel. Tourism, a major source of income for suburban areas, has experienced a sharp decline as international visitors change their travel itineraries to avoid contaminated zones. Restaurant owners and hospitality operators express deep concern over dwindling customer numbers, noting that the visible lack of clean air is discouraging commercial activities and affecting community livelihoods.

C. Environmental researchers have identified agricultural burning and forest fires as the primary drivers behind this massive pollution. During the dry season, farmers frequently clear land by setting fire to agricultural waste, a traditional method that releases heavy volumes of smoke into the atmosphere. This situation is further worsened by stagnant weather patterns that trap toxic particles close to the ground, preventing them from blowing away. To address this, local enforcement units are employing advanced satellite imagery to monitor open burning and penalize landowners who violate environmental safety zones.

D. Dealing with a transnational crisis of this scale requires strong cross-border cooperation and proactive civic engagement. Regional leaders are calling for coordinated policies to implement sustainable farming alternatives, replacing burning methods with modern bio-waste recycling systems. Concurrently, environmental educators are introducing campaigns to help community groups monitor local air quality indexes independently. By promoting a deeper scientific understanding of sustainable ecosystems, authorities believe future generations will be better equipped to reduce ecological degradation.

Which section (A-D) contains the following information?

Question 56. Traditional land-clearing practices are considered a major contributor to the current ecological degradation.

Question 57. The visible decline in atmospheric quality has had a direct negative impact on regional commercial earnings.

Question 58. Special tracking equipment is being utilized by authorities to spot illegal activities in restricted areas.

Question 59. Medical authorities are recommending that certain segments of the population limit their open-air exposure.

Question 60. Educational initiatives aim to empower regional citizens to observe environmental indicators on their own.

PART 3. ***Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to answer the following questions. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.***

POTENTIALS OF AI IN ENGLISH LEARNING

The integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) into educational systems has fundamentally revolutionized how students approach language acquisition, particularly in mastering English. Traditionally, learning a second language required intensive classroom instruction, rigid grammar drills, and limited opportunities for interactive conversation. However, the emergence of AI-driven applications has ***shattered*** these conventional boundaries, offering language learners highly flexible, personalized, and engaging tools that accommodate individual study preferences and varying levels of proficiency.

One of the primary benefits of AI in English education is the provision of instantaneous feedback. Advanced speech-recognition software allows learners to practice speaking and pronunciation in real time without the fear of public embarrassment. These intelligent platforms instantly detect accent inconsistencies and phonetic errors, guiding students to adjust their intonation immediately. Furthermore, AI-powered writing assistants evaluate essays by analyzing grammatical structures and vocabulary choices, suggesting sophisticated alternatives that enhance a user's writing style and overall comprehension.

However, relying heavily on automated systems for language education presents notable drawbacks. The most critical issue is the lack of genuine cultural nuance and emotional intelligence in AI interactions. ***Language is inherently social and deeply tied to cultural contexts, idioms, and subtle emotional cues that machines often fail to interpret accurately***. Consequently, over-reliance on technology can lead to mechanical language use, where students speak grammatically perfect English but struggle to navigate natural, spontaneous conversations with native speakers.

To optimize ***these technological advancements***, educators must advocate for a blended learning approach. AI should not be viewed as a total replacement for human instructors, but rather as a complementary tool that enhances classroom learning. While software can efficiently handle repetitive tasks, vocabulary memorization, and basic grammar corrections, human teachers remain indispensable for cultivating critical thinking, explaining cultural subtleties, and fostering authentic communication. Ultimately, the future of English learning lies in a harmonious partnership between human empathy and technological precision.

Questions 61. What does the word "***shattered***" in paragraph 1 closest in meaning to?
A. restored B. destroyed C. protected D. followed
Questions 62. What does the phrase "***these technological advancements***" in paragraph 4 refer to?
A. Repetitive tasks and grammar corrections
B. Cultural nuances and subtle emotional cues
C. AI-driven applications and intelligent software platforms
D. Blended learning approaches and classroom instruction
Questions 63. Which of the following is mentioned as a specific feature of AI-powered writing assistants?
A. They can automatically translate essays into multiple languages.
B. They can grade papers faster than human teachers do.
C. They offer advanced vocabulary alternatives to improve writing.
D. They force students to memorize complex dictionary definitions.
Questions 64. What is the main idea of the passage?
A. The historical shift from traditional classrooms to online universities.
B. The superiority of human teachers over modern software tools.
C. The technical process of developing speech-recognition algorithms.
D. The advantages, limitations, and balanced utilization of AI in English learning.
Questions 65. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence of paragraph 3?
A. Because language is social and cultural, AI programs often struggle to accurately understand emotional subtleties and idioms.
B. Native speakers prefer interacting with machines rather than dealing with cultural and context misunderstandings.
C. Emotional cues, cultural context and idioms are easy for modern technology to process without human intervention.
D. Students must avoid idioms, emotional cues and cultural contexts if they want to speak grammatically perfect English.
Questions 66. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a problem caused by an over-reliance on AI?
A. A lack of emotional intelligence in conversation practice.
B. High financial subscription costs for advanced language applications.
C. The potential for students to develop a mechanical way of speaking.
D. Difficulties in understanding cultural nuances and idiomatic expressions.
Questions 67. What can be inferred from the passage about the ideal future of language education?
A. Human teachers will eventually be replaced completely by superior AI systems.
B. Technology and human educators should be combined to create the best learning experience.
C. AI systems should only be used by advanced students who already know cultural nuances.
D. Traditional classrooms without technology are the most effective way to learn English.

PART 4. ***Read the following passage and do the tasks required. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.***

ANTS' SOCIETY: A LESSON TO BE LEARNT

Ants are often dismissed as mere garden pests, yet they inhabit one of the most sophisticated social structures in the animal kingdom. Unlike solitary insects, ants live in highly organized colonies that function as a single "superorganism". This means that while an individual ant may possess limited

intelligence, the collective behavior of the colony exhibits a remarkable level of problem-solving and strategic planning. This phenomenon, known as "swarm intelligence", allows ants to navigate complex environments, manage resources, and defend their territory with a level of efficiency that rivals human logistical systems.

B. The foundation of this success lies in a strict division of labor. Within a colony, roles are not assigned by a central leader but emerge through a decentralized process based on age, size, and the immediate needs of the group. Younger workers typically remain within the nest to tend to the queen and the larvae, while older, more experienced ants take on the hazardous task of foraging for food. This transition is not merely behavioral; in some species, it involves physiological changes. This fluid yet disciplined structure ensures that the colony can adapt to internal changes or external threats without the need for constant oversight.

C. Communication is the "glue" that holds this intricate society together. Since ants cannot speak, they rely on an elaborate system of chemical signals called pheromones. When a scout finds a food source, it leaves a chemical trail for others to follow. The strength of the trail is reinforced as more ants use it, creating a "feedback loop" that directs the workforce to the most abundant resources. Furthermore, ants use tactile signals and vibrations to convey urgency or danger. By studying these mechanisms, researchers in robotics and computer science are developing algorithms to improve how autonomous vehicles and data networks operate.

D. Beyond efficiency, the ant colony offers a profound lesson in altruism. Individual ants frequently sacrifice their own well-being, and even their lives, for the survival of the colony. For instance, some species have "door-keeper" ants with heads shaped specifically to plug the entrance of the nest, while others will explode to release toxic chemicals when under attack. This selflessness is driven by genetic relatedness; because members of a colony are closely related, ensuring the survival of the queen and her offspring is the most effective way to pass on their genetic legacy. It is a stark reminder that in nature, cooperation is often a more powerful survival strategy than competition.

Questions 68 - 71

The reading passage has 4 paragraphs, A - D. Choose the correct heading for each paragraph from the list of headings below. Write the correct number, i - vi, in the numbered boxes.

List of Headings

i. The role of chemical and physical signals
ii. Why individual sacrifice ensures group survival
iii. The evolution of different ant species
iv. A decentralized approach to task management
v. Collective intelligence versus individual limitations
vi. The impact of diet on colony hierarchy

Question 68. Paragraph A ____
Question 69. Paragraph B ____
Question 70. Paragraph C ____
Question 71. Paragraph D ____

Questions 72 - 75

Do the following statements agree with the information given in the reading passage? Write.
TRUE if the statement agrees with the information
FALSE if the statement contradicts the information
NOT GIVEN if there is no information on this

Question 72. The queen ant actively assigns specific tasks to each worker based on their age.
Question 73. Pheromone trails become more potent as the number of ants using them increases.
Question 74. Scientific industries are applying ant communication principles to modern technology.
Question 75. "Door-keeper" ants are the most aggressive members of the colony.

Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.

Question 76. Mai didn't remember that she had had the English club meeting until her friend called her.
Only after .....

Question 77. The young programmer developed a revolutionary app, and her dedication inspired the whole class.
The young programmer, whose.....

Question 78. They expect that the principal will announce the winner of the STEM Contest tomorrow.
The principal is.....

Question 79. It is absolutely useless to try to memorize the entire textbook the night before the final exam.
There is no point.....

Question 80. The last time Sophia interacted with her pen pal from France was two months ago.
Sophia has not.....

PART 2. EMAIL WRITING

You are Minh and you have just started a new online course. Email a friend – David, to tell him about the course and why you enjoy it so much.

Your email **MUST** be between 70 and 80 words.

(Write your answers in the ANSWER SHEET.)

PART 3. PARAGRAPH WRITING

Write an academic paragraph to discuss at least two of the following personal and social benefits of community volunteering: developing empathy, learning practical life skills, and strengthening community bonds.

Your paragraph **MUST** be between 140 – 160 words.