|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO  **BẮC NINH** | **ĐỀ ÔN TẬP SỐ 12**  **KỲ THI TỐT NGHIỆP THPT NĂM 2023**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh**  **Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút** |

**\* Giáo viên ra đề: Nhóm GV dạy 12**

**Đơn vị công tác:** THPT Hoàng Quốc Việt

**\* Giáo viên thẩm định:** Trần Thị Tình, Lục Thị Phương

**Đơn vị công tác:** THPT Quế Võ số 3.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

**Question 1:** A. march B. church C. touch D. christ

**Question 2:** A. sound B. doubt C. count D. group

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.***

**Question 3:** A. purchase B. contain C. suggest D. reflect

**Question 4:** A. adequate B. upmarket C. tedious D. envious

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 5:** Secret documents \_\_\_\_\_\_ details of Britain’s defense plans have been stolen.

A. Contain B. contained C. containing D. were contained

**Question 6:** Jack is now  \_\_\_\_\_\_than he used to be.

A. as happy B. happier C. happiest D. more happier

**Question 7:** I will do the military service \_\_\_\_\_\_ grade 12 next year.

A. as soon as I finished B. when I finish

C. after I had finished D. by the time I finished

**Question 8:** He is very worried \_\_\_\_\_\_ his new job.

A. on B. to C. about D. in

**Question 9:** Susan often stays up late, \_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

A. is she B. isn’t she C. does she D. doesn’t she

**Question 10:** My friend plays \_\_\_\_\_\_guitar beautifully in a popular local band.

A. Ø (no article) B. an C. the D. a

**Question 11:** In a formal interview, it is essential to maintain good eye \_\_\_\_\_\_with the interviewers.

A. contact B. touch C. link D. connection

**Question 12:** “We’d better \_\_\_\_\_\_ if we want to get there in time.”

A. take up B. turn down C. speed upD. Cut down

**Question 13:** The college principal promised \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ into the matter.

A. look B. looking C. to lookD. looked

**Question 14:** He is always full of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . He can play football all day without tiredness.

A. beans B. millet C. rice D. peaches

**Question 15:** Katherine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an essay when someone knocked the door.

A. was writing B. has written C. writes D. is writing

**Question 16:** “Don’t worry about your necklace. Give it to me and I will \_\_\_\_\_\_ great care of it.”

A. bring B. take C. keep D. make

**Question 17:** She hopes that the document \_\_\_\_\_\_ by a professional translator.

A. translated B. will be translated C. has translated D. was translating

**Question 18:** Her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has declined since her returned from exile two years ago.

A. popularity B. popularly C. popularize D. popular

**Question 19:** When a fire broke out in the Louvre, at least twenty \_\_\_\_\_\_ paintings were destroyed, including two by Picasso.

1. worthless B. priceless C. valueless D. worthy

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the fol­lowing exchanges.***

**Question 20:** Joanna is inviting Sally to go out with her.

- Joanna: "Well, would you like to come out for dinner? Let's go somewhere this evening."

- Sally: “\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Really? I'd love to. B. How do you feel about it?

C. Shall we go out tonight? D. I love going out.

**Question 21:**  Fiona and Lan are talking about hunting wild animals.

- **Fiona**: “I think hunting wild animals should be banned.”

- **Lan**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_. Many wild animals are in danger of extinction."

A. I couldn’t agree more B. You're wrong

C. No problem D. I disagree completely

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 22:** Her physical condition was not an **impediment** to her career as a singer. She has won a lot of prizes.

A. advantage B. obstacle C. barrier D. disadvantage

**Question 23:** We've done a little research, and that revealed we were a little **behind the times** with our methods.

A. successful B. up to date C. dissapointed D. enthusiastic

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the un­derlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 24:**. Mitchell **appeared** at the door, asking me to lend him some money.

A. saw B. arrived C. knew D. smiled

**Question 25:** The addition of some features made these smartphones more **appealing** to consumers.

A. attractive B. boring C. modem D. old

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**Question 26.** Passengers are not permitted to use their mobile phones during the flight.

A. Passengers needn’t use their mobile phones during the flight.

B. Passengers mustn’t use their mobile phones during the flight.

C. Passengers shouldn’t use their mobile phones during the flight.

D. Passengers wouldn’t use their mobile phones during the flight.

**Question 27.** I last ate this kind of food five years ago.

A. I haven’t eaten this kind of food for five years.

B. I ate this kind of food in five years.

C. I didn’t eat this kind of food five years ago.

D. I have eaten this kind of food for five years .

**Question 28.** He said: “What time will you get up tomorrow morning, Melda?”

A. He asked Melda what time would she get up tomorrow morning?

B. He asked Melda what time she will get up the following morning.

C. He asked Melda what time she would get up the following morning.

D. He asks Melda what time she would get up tomorrow morning.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Question 29.** Tiana forgets to bring her notebook to the biology class yesterday morning.

A B C D

**Question 30.** Her laptop crashed ten minutes ago and she still hasn’t been able to turn them on.

A B C D

**Question 31:** It is not advisory to make travel arrangements during this time when the Covid-19

A B

pandemic is still spreading at an unprecedented rate.

C D

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

**Question 32.** He isn't qualified. He is not given important tasks.

**A**. If he weren’t qualified and wouldn't be given important tasks.

**B**. If he were qualified, he would be given important tasks.

**C**. If he were qualified, he would not be given important tasks.

**D**. If he is qualified, he will be given important tasks.

**Question 33.** He will develop serious diseases if he continues living a sedentary lifestyle. He isn't aware of that much.

A. No matter how much he is aware of, he will develop serious diseases if he continues living a sedentary lifestyle.

B. Not until he stopped living a sedentary lifestyle did he understand how he developed serious diseases.

C. So serious are his diseases that he isn't aware of the danger of living a sedentary lifestyle.

D. So little does he realize that he will develop serious diseases if he continues living a sedentary lifestyle.

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 38.***

This article discusses the Roles of ICT, Information communication technologies, in education. ICTs are making dynamic changes in society as well as influencing (34) \_\_\_\_\_\_ aspects of life. Even though ICTs play significant roles in representing equalization strategy for developing countries, the reality of the digital divide, (35) \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the gap between those people having access to, and control technology and those people who do not make a huge difference in the use of ICTs. This means that the introduction and integration of ICTs at different levels and various types of education is the most challenging undertaking. Failure to (36) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the challenges would mean a further widening of the knowledge gap and deepening of existing economic and social inequalities among the developed and the developing countries. (37) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the purpose of this review article is to discuss the benefits of ICT use in education, in the enhancement of student learning and experiences of some countries in order to encourage policy makers, school administrators, and teachers to pay (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_ so as to integrate this technology in their education systems.

*(Adapted from ‘The Role of Information communication’ by FissehaMikre.)*

**Question 34.** A. one B. all C. little D. much

**Question 35.** A. whose B. which C. who D. when

**Question 36**. A. handle B. control C. take D. make

**Question 37**. A. Because B. Therefore C. However D. Although

**Question 38**. A. role B. effort C. ability D. attention

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 42.***

Have you ever felt that there aren’t enough hours in the day? These days we have to do our jobs, look after our homes, save energy to help the environment, and do exercise to stay healthy! Like many of us, Alex Gadsden never had enough time. He **ran** a business and a home and needed to lose weight. So he decided to do something about it. He invented the cycle washer. The 29-year-old now starts each day with a 45-minute cycle ride. He not only feels healthier but he saves on his energy bills and does the washing too.

He said, “It gives the user a good workout. I’ve only used it for two weeks but I’ve already noticed a difference.” “I tend to get up at around six-thirty now and get straight on the cycle washer. I keep itin the garden, so it’s nice to get out in the fresh air. Afterwards, I feel full of energy. Then I generally have breakfast and a shower and I really feel ready to start the day.” The green washing machine uses 25 litres of water a wash, and takes enough clothes to fill a carrier bag. He normally cycles for 25 minutes to wash the clothes, and then for another 20 minutes to dry **them**. And it doesn’t use any electricity, of course.

Mr Gadsden, the boss of a cleaning company, believes his machine could become very popular. With an invention which cleans your clothes, keeps you fit and reduces your electricity bill, he may well be right.

(Adapted from *English Unlimited* by Alex Tilbury et al.)

**Question 39.** Which best serves as the title for the passage?

A. How to make you healthy B. Ways to save energy

C. Helping the environment D. A fascinating invention

**Question 40.** The word **ran** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. managed B. permitted C. came D. arrived

**Question 41.** The word **them** in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a carrier bag B. clothes C. washing machine D. 25 litres of water

**Question 42.** According to paragraph 1, what does Alex Gadsden achieve with the invention of the cycle washer?

A. His electricity bills are reduced. B. He puts on weight.

C. He helps his wife with the washing-up D. He becomes more involved in recycling.

**Question 43.** Which of the following is **TRUE**, according to the passage?

A. Alex’s machine isn’t effective in terms of cleaning the clothes.

B. The cycle washer can’t help you to remain strong and healthy.

C. It requires any electricity to run the cycle washer.

D.Alex Gadsden is positive about the success of the cycle washer.

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.***

There have been many famous detectives in literature. But one of the first-and certainly the most famous is Sherlock Holmes. Holmes was created by the British writer Sir Arthur Conan Doyle in the late nineteenth century.

Sherlock Holmes made his first appearance in the work A Study in Scarlet, which was published in 1887. Holmes instantly became a popular literary figure with the general populace, who demanded that Doyle write more stories involving him. Doyle compiled and eventually wound up writing fifty-six short stories and four novels that featured Holmes. While he took a break of several years from creating stories about Holmes, Doyle continued to write Holmes stories until 1927. Among the most famous of all the works featuring Holmes are The Hound of the Baskervilles, The Blue Carbuncle, and A Scandal in Bohemia

One of the reasons that Sherlock Holmes was so popular concerns the method he employs to solve his cases: logic. Together with his partner, Dr. Watson, Holmes uses his powers of observation to detect clues that can help him solve the cases he accepts. Holmes has an **incredibly** sharp mind that enables him to determine who the guilty party is or what the problem is. Holmes also is a master of disguise, which **he** proves many times, and he is skilled at boxing as well as sword fighting.

While Holmes often solves cases that are unrelated to one another, he has a nemesiswith whom he comes into both direct and indirect conflict in several stories. That person is Professor Moriarty, the leader of a crime ring in London. In one of the stories, The Final Problem, Holmes and Moriarty fight one another and fall to their deaths by plunging down a steep cliff near a waterfall. When he wrote that story, Doyle had tired of Holmes and wanted to kill off the character. He then **refrained from** writing about Holmes for many years but public demand for more detective stories induced him to bring Holmes back from the dead and to continue writing.

*(Adapted from Reading Intermediate)*

**Question 44:** What is the best title for the passage?

A. Dr. Watson: The Creator of Sherlock Holmes

B. Famous detectives in literature

C. Sherlock Holmes’s partner, Dr. Watson

D.A Brief Biography of Sherlock Holmes

**Question 45:** In paragraph 4, the phrase “**refrained from**” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. stopped B. assumed C. postponed D. distracted

**Question 46:** In paragraph 3, the phrase “**incredibly**” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. continuously B. believably C. amazingly D. happily

**Question 47:** The word “**he**” in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. Sherlock Holmes B. Dr. Watson C. Professor Moriarty D. a master

**Question 48:** According to the passage, which is **TRUE** about Sherlock Holmes?

A. He wasn’t able to use his powers of observation.

B. He often resorted to fighting during his investigations.

C. He didn’t rely upon logic to solve various mysteries.

D. He discouraged Dr. Watson to become more observant.

**Question 49:** Why did Doyle kill Sherlock Holmes in one of his stories?

A. He had no desire to write about Holmes anymore.

B. Killing Holmes would help Doyle increase his sales.

C. It was too difficult for him to come up with new storylines.

D.His fans demanded that Holmes be killed off.

**Question 50:** What does the author imply about Professor Moriarty?

A. There is an unknown reason why he engaged in a life of crime.

B. Critics consider him to be the greatest literary villain in history,

C. Sherlock Holmes and he are related to one another.

D. He fails to encounter Holmes in some stories he is involved in.

**--THE END--**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO  **BẮC NINH** | **ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ ÔN TẬP SỐ 12**  **KỲ THI TỐT NGHIỆP THPT NĂM 2023**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh**  **Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút** |

**\* Giáo viên ra đề:**

**Đơn vị công tác:** THPT Hoàng Quốc Việt

**\* Giáo viên thẩm định:** Trần Thị Tình, Lục Thị Phương

**Đơn vị công tác:** THPT Quế Võ số 3.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

**Question 1:** A. march B. church C. touch D. christ

**Question 2:** A. sound B. doubt C. count D. group

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.***

**Question 3:** A. purchase B. contain C. suggest D. reflect

**Question 4:** A. adequate B. upmarket C. tedious D. envious

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 5:** Secret documents \_\_\_\_\_\_ details of Britain’s defense plans have been stolen.

A. Contain B. contained C. containing D. were contained

**Question 6:** Jack is now  \_\_\_\_\_\_than he used to be.

A. as happy B. happier C. happiest D. more happier

**Question 7:** I will do the military service \_\_\_\_\_\_ grade 12 next year.

A. as soon as I finished B. when I finish

C. after I had finished D. by the time I finished

**Question 8:** He is very worried \_\_\_\_\_\_ his new job.

A. on B. to C. about D. in

**Question 9:** Susan often stays up late, \_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

A. is she B. isn’t she C. does she D. doesn’t she

**Question 10:** My friend plays \_\_\_\_\_\_guitar beautifully in a popular local band.

A. Ø (no article) B. an C. the D. a

**Question 11:** In a formal interview, it is essential to maintain good eye \_\_\_\_\_\_with the interviewers.

A. contact B. touch C. link D. connection

**Question 12:** “We’d better \_\_\_\_\_\_ if we want to get there in time.”

A. take up B. turn down C. speed upD. Cut down

**Question 13:** The college principal promised \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ into the matter.

A. look B. looking C. to lookD. looked

**Question 14:** He is always full of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . He can play football all day without tiredness.

A. beans B. millet C. rice D. peaches

**Question 15:** Katherine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an essay when someone knocked the door.

A. was writing B. has written C. writes D. is writing

**Question 16:** “Don’t worry about your necklace. Give it to me and I will \_\_\_\_\_\_ great care of it.”

A. bring B. take C. keep D. make

**Question 17:** She hopes that the document \_\_\_\_\_\_ by a professional translator.

A. translated B. will be translated C. has translated D. was translating

**Question 18:** Her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has declined since her returned from exile two years ago.

A. popularity B. popularly C. popularize D. popular

**Question 19:** When a fire broke out in the Louvre, at least twenty \_\_\_\_\_\_ paintings were destroyed, including two by Picasso.

1. worthless B. priceless C. valueless D. worthy

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the fol­lowing exchanges.***

**Question 20:** Joanna is inviting Sally to go out with her.

- Joanna: "Well, would you like to come out for dinner? Let's go somewhere this evening."

- Sally: “\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Really? I'd love to. B. How do you feel about it?

C. Shall we go out tonight? D. I love going out.

**Question 21:**  Fiona and Lan are talking about hunting wild animals.

- **Fiona**: “I think hunting wild animals should be banned.”

- **Lan**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_. Many wild animals are in danger of extinction."

A. I couldn’t agree more B. You're wrong

C. No problem D. I disagree completely

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 22:** Her physical condition was not an **impediment** to her career as a singer. She has won a lot of prizes.

A. advantage B. obstacle C. barrier D. disadvantage

**Question 23:** We've done a little research, and that revealed we were a little **behind the times** with our methods.

A. successful B. up to date C. dissapointed D. enthusiastic

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the un­derlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 24:**. Mitchell **appeared** at the door, asking me to lend him some money.

A. saw B. arrived C. knew D. smiled

**Question 25:** The addition of some features made these smartphones more **appealing** to consumers.

A. attractive B. boring C. modem D. old

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**Question 26.** Passengers are not permitted to use their mobile phones during the flight.

A. Passengers needn’t use their mobile phones during the flight.

B. Passengers mustn’t use their mobile phones during the flight.

C. Passengers shouldn’t use their mobile phones during the flight.

D. Passengers wouldn’t use their mobile phones during the flight.

**Question 27.** I last ate this kind of food five years ago.

A. I haven’t eaten this kind of food for five years.

B. I ate this kind of food in five years.

C. I didn’t eat this kind of food five years ago.

D. I have eaten this kind of food for five years .

**Question 28.** He said: “What time will you get up tomorrow morning, Melda?”

A. He asked Melda what time would she get up tomorrow morning?

B. He asked Melda what time she will get up the following morning.

C. He asked Melda what time she would get up the following morning.

D. He asks Melda what time she would get up tomorrow morning.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Question 29.** Tiana forgets to bring her notebook to the biology class yesterday morning.

A B C D

**Question 30.** Her laptop crashed ten minutes ago and she still hasn’t been able to turn them on.

A B C D

**Question 31:** It is not advisory to make travel arrangements during this time when the Covid-19

A B

pandemic is still spreading at an unprecedented rate.

C D

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

**Question 32.** He isn't qualified. He is not given important tasks.

**A**. If he weren’t qualified and wouldn't be given important tasks.

**B**. If he were qualified, he would be given important tasks.

**C**. If he were qualified, he would not be given important tasks.

**D**. If he is qualified, he will be given important tasks.

**Question 33.** He will develop serious diseases if he continues living a sedentary lifestyle. He isn't aware of that much.

A. No matter how much he is aware of, he will develop serious diseases if he continues living a sedentary lifestyle.

B. Not until he stopped living a sedentary lifestyle did he understand how he developed serious diseases.

C. So serious are his diseases that he isn't aware of the danger of living a sedentary lifestyle.

D. So little does he realize that he will develop serious diseases if he continues living a sedentary lifestyle.

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 38.***

This article discusses the Roles of ICT, Information communication technologies, in education. ICTs are making dynamic changes in society as well as influencing (34) \_\_\_\_\_\_ aspects of life. Even though ICTs play significant roles in representing equalization strategy for developing countries, the reality of the digital divide, (35) \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the gap between those people having access to, and control technology and those people who do not make a huge difference in the use of ICTs. This means that the introduction and integration of ICTs at different levels and various types of education is the most challenging undertaking. Failure to (36) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the challenges would mean a further widening of the knowledge gap and deepening of existing economic and social inequalities among the developed and the developing countries. (37) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the purpose of this review article is to discuss the benefits of ICT use in education, in the enhancement of student learning and experiences of some countries in order to encourage policy makers, school administrators, and teachers to pay (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_ so as to integrate this technology in their education systems.

*(Adapted from ‘The Role of Information communication’ by FissehaMikre.)*

**Question 34.** A. one B. all C. little D. much

**Question 35.** A. whose B. which C. who D. when

**Question 36**. A. handle B. control C. take D. make

**Question 37**. A. Because B. Therefore C. However D. Although

**Question 38**. A. role B. effort C. ability D. attention

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 42.***

Have you ever felt that there aren’t enough hours in the day? These days we have to do our jobs, look after our homes, save energy to help the environment, and do exercise to stay healthy! Like many of us, Alex Gadsden never had enough time. He **ran** a business and a home and needed to lose weight. So he decided to do something about it. He invented the cycle washer. The 29-year-old now starts each day with a 45-minute cycle ride. He not only feels healthier but he saves on his energy bills and does the washing too.

He said, “It gives the user a good workout. I’ve only used it for two weeks but I’ve already noticed a difference.” “I tend to get up at around six-thirty now and get straight on the cycle washer. I keep itin the garden, so it’s nice to get out in the fresh air. Afterwards, I feel full of energy. Then I generally have breakfast and a shower and I really feel ready to start the day.” The green washing machine uses 25 litres of water a wash, and takes enough clothes to fill a carrier bag. He normally cycles for 25 minutes to wash the clothes, and then for another 20 minutes to dry **them**. And it doesn’t use any electricity, of course.

Mr Gadsden, the boss of a cleaning company, believes his machine could become very popular. With an invention which cleans your clothes, keeps you fit and reduces your electricity bill, he may well be right.

(Adapted from *English Unlimited* by Alex Tilbury et al.)

**Question 39.** Which best serves as the title for the passage?

A. How to make you healthy B. Ways to save energy

C. Helping the environment D. A fascinating invention

**Question 40.** The word **ran** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. managed B. permitted C. came D. arrived

**Question 41.** The word **them** in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a carrier bag B. clothes C. washing machine D. 25 litres of water

**Question 42.** According to paragraph 1, what does Alex Gadsden achieve with the invention of the cycle washer?

A. His electricity bills are reduced. B. He puts on weight.

C. He helps his wife with the washing-up D. He becomes more involved in recycling.

**Question 43.** Which of the following is **TRUE**, according to the passage?

A. Alex’s machine isn’t effective in terms of cleaning the clothes.

B. The cycle washer can’t help you to remain strong and healthy.

C. It requires any electricity to run the cycle washer.

D.Alex Gadsden is positive about the success of the cycle washer.

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.***

There have been many famous detectives in literature. But one of the first-and certainly the most famous is Sherlock Holmes. Holmes was created by the British writer Sir Arthur Conan Doyle in the late nineteenth century.

Sherlock Holmes made his first appearance in the work A Study in Scarlet, which was published in 1887. Holmes instantly became a popular literary figure with the general populace, who demanded that Doyle write more stories involving him. Doyle compiled and eventually wound up writing fifty-six short stories and four novels that featured Holmes. While he took a break of several years from creating stories about Holmes, Doyle continued to write Holmes stories until 1927. Among the most famous of all the works featuring Holmes are The Hound of the Baskervilles, The Blue Carbuncle, and A Scandal in Bohemia

One of the reasons that Sherlock Holmes was so popular concerns the method he employs to solve his cases: logic. Together with his partner, Dr. Watson, Holmes uses his powers of observation to detect clues that can help him solve the cases he accepts. Holmes has an **incredibly** sharp mind that enables him to determine who the guilty party is or what the problem is. Holmes also is a master of disguise, which **he** proves many times, and he is skilled at boxing as well as sword fighting.

While Holmes often solves cases that are unrelated to one another, he has a nemesiswith whom he comes into both direct and indirect conflict in several stories. That person is Professor Moriarty, the leader of a crime ring in London. In one of the stories, The Final Problem, Holmes and Moriarty fight one another and fall to their deaths by plunging down a steep cliff near a waterfall. When he wrote that story, Doyle had tired of Holmes and wanted to kill off the character. He then **refrained from** writing about Holmes for many years but public demand for more detective stories induced him to bring Holmes back from the dead and to continue writing.

*(Adapted from Reading Intermediate)*

**Question 44:** What is the best title for the passage?

A. Dr. Watson: The Creator of Sherlock Holmes

B. Famous detectives in literature

C. Sherlock Holmes’s partner, Dr. Watson

D.A Brief Biography of Sherlock Holmes

**Question 45:** In paragraph 4, the phrase “**refrained from**” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. stopped B. assumed C. postponed D. distracted

**Question 46:** In paragraph 3, the phrase “**incredibly**” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. continuously B. believably C. amazingly D. happily

**Question 47:** The word “**he**” in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. Sherlock Holmes B. Dr. Watson C. Professor Moriarty D. a master

**Question 48:** According to the passage, which is **TRUE** about Sherlock Holmes?

A. He wasn’t able to use his powers of observation.

B. He often resorted to fighting during his investigations.

C. He didn’t rely upon logic to solve various mysteries.

D. He discouraged Dr. Watson to become more observant.

**Question 49:** Why did Doyle kill Sherlock Holmes in one of his stories?

A. He had no desire to write about Holmes anymore.

B. Killing Holmes would help Doyle increase his sales.

C. It was too difficult for him to come up with new storylines.

D.His fans demanded that Holmes be killed off.

**Question 50:** What does the author imply about Professor Moriarty?

A. There is an unknown reason why he engaged in a life of crime.

B. Critics consider him to be the greatest literary villain in history,

C. Sherlock Holmes and he are related to one another.

D. He fails to encounter Holmes in some stories he is involved in.

**--THE END--**