**ĐỀ THAM KHẢO 03**

**ĐỀ KIỂM TRA CUỐI HỌC KỲ II**

**Môn: Tiếng Anh 9** - Thời gian: 50 phút

1. **LISTENING: (2 pts)**

**Part 1*: Listen to Jan talking to Steve about getting a student travel card. Choose A,B or C. You will hear the conversation twice.***

***1. How much is a travel card?***

A. $ 60     B. $ 16    C. $ 6

***2. Jan will need***

A. one photo    B. two photos   C. four photos

***3. Photos are cheaper***

A. in the photographer’s shop.    B. in the library.  C. in the post office

***4. For the  travel card, Jan must take***

A. a letter.     B. her passport.   C. her driving licence.

**Part 2: *You will hear a teacher talking about  a school trip. Listen and complete***

***questions. You will hear the information twice.***

**SCHOOL TRIP**

Day: (0) Saturday

Visit:(1)    …………………..……….

Time leave at:  (2)  ………………..………….

Meet in:  (3)  ………………..………….

Cost:         (4) $ …………………………

**II.. Multiple choice (2,5pts)**

1. Thanks \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the money he received, he was able to attend the university.

A. on B. for C. of D. to

2. ***Choose the word that has underlined part pronounced differrent from other.***

A.app**ea**r B. r**ea**dy C. h**ea**vy D. h**ea**lthy

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| 3. He has such a good sense of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . He always makes people laugh at work.  A. time                                    B. humour                   C. style                        D. direction  4. ***Look at the picture and choose the best verb to fill in the blank.***  \_\_\_\_\_\_ the cheese    A. slide B. grate C. sprinkle D. spread  5.Can I have a pizza, a dozen eggs and a of lemonade, please?  A. piece B. tub C. bottle D. jar  6. I am looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from you soon, John.  **A.** hear            **B.** be hear                                **C.** hearing                     **D.** heard  7.They could understand our conversation if they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some English.  **A.** will know               **B.** know                                  **C.** knew                      **D.** would know  8. The living standards of people in remote areas \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  **A.** will be risen                        **B.** will arise                 **C.** will raise                 **D.** will be raised  9**. Lan:** "***Your cooking is very good. I have never had such a delicious meal before."***  **Hoa:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"  A. A.Let me congratulate you on it. B. Well done.  C. C.Yes, I think so. D. That's very kind of you.  10. On the way home, we saw a lot of men, women, and dogs which were playing in  the park.  A B C D |

**II. Reading (2,5pts)**

**Part 1: Choose the best answer to complete the passage (1,25pts)**

How old **(1)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you be on Friday 13, 2029? That is how old you will be when a large asteroid, called Apophis, comes very, very close to our planet. Asteroids are rocks that circle the sun in space and sometimes **(2)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ close to Earth and even hit it. Most asteroids are very small and, if you are lucky, you can sometimes see them in the night sky as ‘falling stars’. However, most scientists believe one large asteroid, about six to twelve kilometers across, **(3)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the earth and killed all the dinosaurs about 65 million years ago. Apophis is also big. Scientists discovered it in 2004 and they say that it is about 300 meters across. That’s about the size of a large sports stadium. An asteroid this size, according to scientists, is **(4)**\_\_\_\_\_\_ large enough to destroy our world, but it is large enough to destroy several cities. It will probably miss the earth, they say, but not by very much – it will miss us by about only 35,000 kilometers – that’s much closer than our moon **(5)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is about 240,000 kilometers away. Another way of thinking about it is that it will miss us by only a few minutes.

**1.** **A.** are                    **B.** will                          **C.** do                           **D.** can

**2.** **A.** came                 **B.** comes                     **C.** coming                   **D.** come

**3.** **A.** crash                 **B.** hit                           **C.** touched                  **D.** came over

**4.** **A.** no                     **B.** don’t                       **C.** isn’t                        **D.** not

**5** **A.** which               **B.** who                          **C.** whose                     **D.** in which

**Part 2: Read the text and answer the questions below. (1,25pt)**

Every year, students in many countries learn English. Some of these students are young, children. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school, others study by themselves. A few learn English just by hearing the language in films, on television, in the office or among their friends. But not many are lucky enough to do that. Most people must work hard to learn another language.

Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. They study their own language, mathematics, and English. In England, America, or Australia, many boys and girls study their native language, which is English, mathematics, and another language, perhaps French, or German or Spanish.

Many adults learn English because it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their higher studies, because some of their books are in English at college or university. Others learn English because they want to read newspapers or magazines in English.

**1**.***According to the writer .***

**A.**only adults learn English **C.**no children like to learn English

**C.**English is useful only for teenagers **D.**English is popular all over the world

**2. *Most people learn English by .***

**A.**watching videos only **B.** working hard on their lessons

**C.**hearing the language in the office **D.**talking with foreigners

**3**. ***Many boys and girls learn English because .***

**A.**it is included in their study courses **B.**English can give them a job

**C.**they are forced to learn it **D.**they have to study their own language

**4**. ***In America or Australia many school children study .***

**A.** English as a foreign language

**B.** English and mathematics only

**C.** such foreign languages as French, German, and Spanish

**D.** their own language and no foreign language

**5. *Marry adults learn English because .***

**A.** English is spoken in their office **B.** they want to go abroad

**C.** most of their books are in English **D.** it helps them in their work

**III. Do as directed. (3.0 pts)**

1.I have read several short stories by Jack London. He is a famous American writer. **(who)**

🡪 I have…………………………………………………………………

2. It ‘s raining again. We will have to stay at home( ***Combine the sentences ,Using “Since”***)

🡪 Since……………………………………………………………….

3. We get lost because we don’t have a map. (**Rewrite using conditional sentences type 2**)

🡪 If we…………………………………………………………………

4. My grandparents/ will/visit/by my father/ next week. **( Complete sentence– using “future simple in passive”.**

🡪. ………………………………………………………………………….

5. ***How do you think the roles of teenagers will change in the future?.*** **(***Write a paragraph about 60 words*) (1pt).

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**ĐÁP ÁN**

1. **LISTENING: (2 pts)**

**Part 1*:*** *Listen to Jan talking to Steve about getting a student travel card. Choose A,B or C. You will hear the conversation twice.*

***1. How much is a travel card?***

A. $ 60     B. $ 16    C. $ 6

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A. one photo    B. two photos   C. four photos

***3. Photos are cheaper***

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***4. For the  travel card, Jan must take***

A. a letter.     B. her passport.   C. her driving licence.

**Part 2:** *You will hear a teacher talking about  a school trip. Listen and complete*

*questions. You will hear the information twice.*

**SCHOOL TRIP**

Day: (0) Saturday

Visit:(1)    ……………Film museum……..……….

Time leave at:  (2)  ………8.45..………….

Meet in:  (3)  ………The car park..………….

Cost:         (4) $ ……6.70……………

**II.. Multiple choice (2,5pts)**

1. Thanks \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the money he received, he was able to attend the university.

A. on B. for C. of D. to

2. ***Choose the word that has underlined part pronounced differrent from other.***

A.app**ea**r B. r**ea**dy C. h**ea**vy D. h**ea**lthy

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| 3. He has such a good sense of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . He always makes people laugh at work.  A. time                                    B. humour                   C. style                        D. direction  4. ***Look at the picture and choose the best verb to fill in the blank.***  \_\_\_\_\_\_ the cheese    A. slide B. grate C. sprinkle D. spread  5.Can I have a pizza, a dozen eggs and a of lemonade, please?  A. piece B. tub C. bottle D. jar  6. I am looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from you soon, John.  **A.** hear            **B.** be hear                                **C.** hearing                     **D.** heard  7.They could understand our conversation if they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some English.  **A.** will know               **B.** know                                  **C.** knew                      **D.** would know  8. The living standards of people in remote areas \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  **A.** will be risen                        **B.** will arise                 **C.** will raise                 **D.** will be raised  9**. Lan:** "***Your cooking is very good. I have never had such a delicious meal before."***  **Hoa:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"  A. Let me congratulate you on it. B. Well done.  C. Yes, I think so. D. That's very kind of you.  10. On the way home, we saw a lot of men, women, and dogs which were playing in  the park.  A B C D |

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**A.** English is spoken in their office **B.** they want to go abroad

**C.** most of their books are in English D. it helps them in their work

**III. Do as directed. (3.0 pts)**

1. I have read several short stories by Jack London. He is a famous American writer. **(who)**

🡪 I have read several short stories by Jack London, who is a famous American writer.

2. It ‘s raining again. We will have to stay at home( ***Combine the sentences ,Using “Since”***)

🡪 Since it ‘s raining again, we will have to stay at home.

3.We will get lost because we don’t have a map. (**Rewrite using conditional sentences type 2**)

🡪 If we had a map, we wouldn’t get lost.

4. My grandparents/ will/visit/by my father/ next week. **( complete sentence– using future simple in passive)**

🡪My grandparents will be visited by my father next week.

5. ***How do you think the roles of teenagers will change in the future?.*** **(***Write a paragraph about 60 words*) (1pt)..

Ss’answer

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***Tapecrips:***

Part1:

Jan: Hi, Steve!

Steve: Hi, Jenny. I’m going to go to London on the train. Come with me.

Jan: But it’s cheaper by bus.

Steve: I’ve got a travel student card. You can get cheap train with it.

Jan: That sounds good. How much does it cost?

Steve: A card for six months is sixteen pounds.

Jan: So How do I get one?

Steve: You need some photograpes – one for the card and one for the form.

Jan: Oh, there a photo machine in the post office. It gives you four photos for three pounds.

Steve: So does the one in the library. But I went to a photographer’s shop. It was cheaper.

Jan: I don’t have to show my passportor my driving licence, do I?

Steve: That’s right Jan.You only need a letter from your college.

Jan: I’ll ask my teacher for one.

Steve: And then you takeeverything to the tourist office by the travel agent.

Jan: Great.Next time you go to London. I’ll come to.

Part 2:

Right, listen carefully, everyone. I want to tell you about our school trip. We are going to go on Saturday. I hope you can all come. As you know, we’re going to visit the film museum. There are lots of very interesting things there about the cinema and how films are made. We’ll have to leave at 8.45 so don’t be late. We’ll get there by bus. Please meet me in the car park. You all know where that is, don’t you? and when we return, the bus will leave you at the shool entrance. Tell your parents, won’t you?

What’s next? Oh yes, the cost. It’ll be six pounds seventy pence each, OK? Remember to get the money from your parents. Now, I’m going to give you some work to do at the museum. You’ll need to write things down, so take a pencil with you. we’ll have lunch in the museum café so you needn’t bring any food with you. well, I think that’s everything.