PHÒNG GD&ĐT CẨM GIÀNG TRƯỜNG THCS ĐỨC CHÍNH

A. LISTENING

	ort recordings. You will he st answer A, B, C or D. (5]	ar each recording twice. For each pts)
1. Where will the man a	nd woman meet?	
A. outside the cinema	B. at the café'	C. at the station
2 . What's the date of En	nma's birthday party?	
A. 21 st June	B. 20 th July	C. 21 st July
3 . Where is Norah's wat	tch?	-
A. he is wearing	B. in the kitchen	C. on the bookshelf
4. How much is a ticket	for tonight's match?	
A. £3.50	B. £6	C. £10
5. Which is the boy's br	other?	
A. the man with dark hair hair	r B. the man with blond	hair and glasses C. the man with blond
II. Listen and choose th	e best answer A, B or C (5	pts)
6. Richard surprised th	ne supermarket about	
A. its size	B. the time it opens	C. the number of people there
7. This week, there are	discounts on	_
A. meat.	B. fruit.	C. vegetables.
8. Richard liked the su	permarket most about	
A. the café	B. the staff	C. the music
9. Richard's problem a	it the supermarket was th	nat
A. He didn't have a	ny cash.	
B. He had to wait be	efore he could pay.	
C. He couldn't use l	his credit card.	
10. Barbara says the ca	ar park is?	
A. only for custome	ers.	
B. quite far from th	e entrance.	
C. difficult to find.		

III. Listen and fill the information you hear in the numbered spaces. NO MORE THAN 3 WORDS OR A NUMBER for each space. (5 pts)

<u>Camping trip</u>				
Coach leaves school at (11)	on Monday morning.			
Bring: *one bag or case				
*a (12)				
*warm clothes				
*(13)things				

*pocket money to spend on souvenirs and (14)____

Catch a bus outside (15) to Southport.

IV. Listen to the five short conversations and choose the T or F answer for each question (5 pt)

	Т	F
16. Carlos hates shopping		
17. The football match is on the Saturday morning		
18 . They are going to eat in a Chinese restaurant on Saturday evening		
19 . They are going to go for a drive on Sunday morning.		
20 . They are going to have lunch in a pub near the cinema		

B. GRAMMAR – VOCABULARY – LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

I. Choose the correct option A, B, C, or D that best completes each of the sentences below. (10 pts)

21. How do you describe your city?" – "_____. You rarely hear about accidents and crimes in this city."

A. Crowded B. Boring C. Safe D. Bustling

22. "What is the best way to ______ the city in just one day?" – "Take a hop on hop off."

A. hang out B. get around C. look after D. get on

23. Some students wanted to know ______ to join the community service during their summer holiday.

A. whose B. what C. who D. how

24. The souvenirs from my trip to the beach always _____ me of the good time I had with my family.

A. remind B. encourage C. remember D. show

25. "When my girl friend and my brother got in a fight I had to help my brother because blood is _______than water."

A. thinner	B. thicker	C. better	D. more		
26 . Phuong : Would you mind giving me further information about the course? Lan:					
A. That's totally correct.		B. No problem. I'll se	end you an email.		
C. Don't mention it.		D. Yes, I would.			
27 .Cancer is adisease.					
A. killing	B. death	C. dead	D. kill		
28 . The more she practises, she becomes.					
A. the greater confidence		B. more confidently			
C. the more confident		D. the most confident			
29 . Jenny with two dogs _		_ walking in the park now.			
A. is	B. are	C. was	D. were		

II. Read and choose the correct option to complete the advertisement

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Apply now and dive into the world of language at SeaStar Language School, Nha Trang City, Khanh Hoa Province.

30: A. teach	B. advise	C. follow	D. assist	
31: A. of	B. with	C. for		D. in
32: A . create	B. make	C. see	D. achieve	

III. Read and choose the correct option to complete the advertisement

		WANT TO BE	E A TUTOR?		
Do	Do you enjoy teaching? We're looking for tutors to join our team! If you				
like	like helping others learn, we want to hear from you!				
• Yo	• Your job will involve assisting students (10)studies.				
• No	No formal experience needed.				
• Tr	aining will be provid	ed, so don't worry if yo	u haven't tutored		
befo	ore.				
•	•(11)working hours available.				
W	e welcome anyone w	ith a passion for teaching	ng!		
Plea	Please contact us for more details on how (12) Email: abcxyz@web.mail				
Ema					
Add	lress: 100 Olden Stre	et, Ballack Clava			
33: A.w	vith	B . of	C. for	D . in	
34 : A . F	Flexibility	B . Flexible	C. Flexibly	D . inlexible	
35: A. a	pplying	B . will apply	C. apply	D . to apply	
IV. The	ere are 5 MISTAKE	S in the text. Find out	and correct them fr	om question (5pts)	
Line					
1	The big ma	jority of students wh	o make well in the	Cambridge Proficiency	
2	Examination have learnt to use a good monolingual dictionary effectively. Such dictionaries provide information, not just about the meanings of words but about their				
3	pronunciation and grammar as well. A student who studies how to use a dictionary				

effectively will be possible to work independently for much of the time, and will gain considerable insight into the workings of the English language. He or she will be able to confirm the meanings of the words in a text which contextual clues are insufficient, pronounce words accurately by studying the phonetic transcriptions, and use words accurately both when speaking or writing. Make sure you make room for at least one good monolingual dictionary on your bookshelf- and then make sure you use it on a regular basis!

36: Line 1: _____ => _____

37: Line 2: _____ => _____

38: Line 3: _____ => _____

39: Line 4: _____ => _____

40: Line 5: _____ => _____

V. Supply the correct form of the word in bracket to complete the following sentences. (5 pts)

41 . You'd better drive. I'm too	for such complicated traffic.	EXPERIENCE
42 . We need to push up the	of our country.	INDUSTRY
43 . Now that she got a job, Lena is	of her parents.	DEPEND
44. The water in this area is	and should not be drunk.	PURE
45 . The situation is getting	difficult for us.	INCREASE

C. READING

I. There are FIVE blanks in the passage below. From the phrases/sentences (A-G) in the box, choose the most suitable for each blank. There are TWO EXTRA options that you DO NOT need to use. (5 pts)

A. During the winter the nighttime warmth of urban areas

B. Of the outlying areas.

C. The amount of urban heat

D. In addition, because the concrete and asphalt are impermeable.

E. The quantity of heat produced from combustion.

F. The rise in temperature in cities that is known as urban heat island.

G. Another study of the densely

The radical change in the land's surface

The radical change in the land's surface that results when rural areas are transformed into cities is a significant cause of (46) _____.

First, the tall buildings and the concrete and asphalt of the city absorb and store greater quantities of solar radiation than do the vegetation and soil typical of rural areas.

(47) _______the runoff of water fdowing a rain is rapid, resulting in a severe reduction in the evaporation rate. So heat that once would have been used *convert* liquid water to a gas goes instead to increase the surface temperature further.

At night, although both city and countryside cool through radiation losses, the stone-like surface of the city gradually releases the additional heat accumulated during the day, keeping the urban air warmer than *that* (48) _____.

Part of the urban temperature rise must also be attributed to waste heat from such sources as home heating and air conditioning, power generation, industry, and transportation. Many studies

have shown that the *magnitude* of human-made energy in metropolitan areas is equal to a significant percentage of the energy received from the Sun at the surface.

Investigations in Sheffield, England, and Berlin showed that the annual heat production in these cities was equal to approximately one-third of that received from solar radiation. (49) ______ built-up Manhattan section of New York City revealed that during the winter, the quantity of heat produced from combustion alone was two and one-half times greater than the amount of solar energy reaching the ground. In summer, the figure dropped to one-sixth.

It is interesting to note that during the summer there is a mutual reinforcement between the higher nighttime temperatures of the city and the human-made heat that helped create them. That is, the higher temperatures result in the increased use of air-conditioners, which, in turn, use energy and further increase the amount of urban heat. (50) _____, produced in large part by heavy energy consumption, is *beneficial* because less energy needed to heat buildings.

II. Read the following passage and choose the best option A, B, C, or D that fits each of the numbered blanks. (10.0 points)

Most Americans eat three meals (51) _____ the day: breakfast, lunch, and dinner. Breakfast begins between 7:00 and 8:00am, lunch between 11:00 am and noon, and dinner between 6:00 and 8:00 pm. On Sundays "brunch" is a (52) _____ of breakfast and lunch, typically beginning at 11:00 am. Students often enjoy a "study break" or evening snack around 10:00 or 11:00 pm. Breakfast and lunch tend to be light meals, with only one (53) _____. Dinner is the main meal.

(54) _____ breakfast Americans will eat cereal with milk which are often mixed (55) _____ in a bowl, a glass of orange juice, and toasted bread or muffin with jam, butter, or margarine. Another common breakfast meal is scrambled eggs or (56) _____ omelet with potatoes and breakfast meat (bacon or sausage). People who are on (57) _____ eat just a cup of yogurt. Lunch and dinner are more (58) _____. When eating at a formal dinner, you may be overwhelmed by the number of utensils. How do you (59) _____ the difference between a salad fork, a butter fork, and a dessert fork? Most Americans do not know the answer (60)

But knowing which fork or spoon to use first is simple: use the outermost utensils first and the utensils closest to the plate last.

51. A. in	B. for	C. on	D. during
52. A. addition	B. connection	C. combination	D. attachment
53. A. course	B. food	C. menu	D. goods
54. A. For	B. In	C. At	D. With
55. A. each other	B. together	C. one another	D. others
56. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. no article
57. A. holiday	B. engagement	C. diet	D. duty
58. A. vary	B. variety	C. varied	D. variously
59. A. say	B. talk	C. speak	D. tell
60. A. too	B. either	C. so	D. neither

III. Read the following passage and choose the correct option to fill in each blank. (10 pts.)

Millions of people are using cell phones today. In many places, it is actually considered unusual not to use one. In many countries, cell phones are very popular with young people. They find that the phones are **means** of communication – having a mobile phone shows that they are cool and connected.

The explosion in mobile phone use around the world has made some health professionals worried. Some doctors are concerned that in the future many people may suffer health problems from the use of mobile phones. In England, there has been a serious debate

about this issue. Mobile phone companies are worried about the **negative publicity** of such ideas. They say that there is no proof that mobile phones are bad for your health.

On the other hand, medical studies have shown changes in the brain cells of some people who use mobile phones. Signs of change in the issues of the brain and head can be detected with modern scanning equipment. In one case, a traveling salesman had to retire at young age because of serious memory loss. He couldn't remember even simple tasks. He would often forget the name of his own son. This man used to talk on his mobile phone for about six hours a day, every day of his working week, for a couple of years. His family doctor blamed his mobile phone use, but his employer's doctor didn't agree.

What is it that makes mobile phones **potentially** harmful? The answer is radiation. High – tech machines can detect very small amounts of radiation from mobile phones. Mobile phone companies agree that there is some radiation, but they say the amount is too small to worry about.

As the discussion about their safety continues, it appears that it's best to use mobile phones less often. Use your regular phone of you want to talk for a long time. Use your mobile phone only when you really need it. Mobile phones can be very useful and convenient, especially in emergencies. In the future, mobile phones may have a warning label that says they are bad for your health. So for now, it's wise not to use your mobile phone too often.

61. According to the passage, cell phones are especially popular with young people because

A. they are indispensable in everyday communication B. they make them look more stylish C. they keep the users alert all the time D. they cannot be replaced by regular phones 62. The changes possible caused by the cell phones are mainly concerned with A. the mobility of the mind and the body B. the smallest units of brain C. the arteries of the brain D. the resident memory 63. The word "**means**" in the passage most closely means B. expression C. method D. transmission A. meanings 64. The word "**potentially**" in the passage most closely means _____. A. obviously B. possibly C. certainly D. privately 65. "**Negative publicity**" in the passage most likely means A. information on the lethal effects of cell phones B. widespread opinion about bad effects of cell phones C. the negative public use of cell phones D. poor ideas about the effects of cell phones 66. Doctors have tentatively concluded that cell phones may _____. B. cause some mental malfunction A. damage their users' emotions C. change their users' temperament D. change their users' social behavior 67. The man mentioned in the passage, who used his cell phone too often A. suffered serious loss of mental ability B. could no longer think lucidly C. abandoned his family D. had a problem with memory Page 6/7

68. According to the passage, what makes mobile phones potentially harmful is _____.

A. their radiant light

B. their power of attraction

C. their raiding power

D. their invisible rays

69. According to the writer, people should _____.

A. only use mobile phones in urgent cases

B. only use mobile phones in medical emergencies

C. keep off mobile phones regularly

D. never used mobile phones in all cases

70. The most suitable title for the passage could be _____.

A. "The reasons why mobile phones are regular"

B. "Technological Innovation and their price"

C. "The way mobile phones work"

D. "Mobile phones – a must of our time"

D. WRITING

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. (5 pts)

71. We missed the train because we used an out-of-date timetable.

 \rightarrow If we_____

72. Despite the bad weather, people traveled by air

 \rightarrow Though____

73. They have her tell the story again.

→They _____

74. "Why don't you use the " his father warned him.

 \rightarrow His father warned him_____

75. I have never watched such a boring film.

 \rightarrow It's the most _____

II. This is part of a letter you received from your English friend, Mary. (10 pts)

I have just watched such a fantastic programme about traditional festivals in the world. There are not many festivals like these in my country. Are there many traditional festivals in your country? Which is the most popular one? Could you tell me about it?

I look forward to your reply.

Write a letter (80- 100 words) to reply. You must sign your name Thu Trang.

III. Write an essay to discuss your opinions about the positive and negative aspects of online shopping. Include reasons and any relevant examples to support your answer. You should write an essay of about 120-140 words. (15 pts).