ENGLISH PRACTICE 68

PART I: PHONETICS. (1, 0 POINT)

Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the other words in the same group. Write your answer in the numbered box.

1.	A. exposure	B. terminal		C. utterance	9	D. discip	oline
2.	A. economy	B. elaborate		C. assassina	te	D. fascir	nate
3.	A. mountain	B. sustain		C. contain		D. retair	า
4.	A. fulltime	B. farmhand		C. bookshop	ס	D. trade	sman
5.	A. metropolita	n B. entrepren	eurial	C. hippopot	amus	D. curio	sity
6.	A. company	B. comfortab	le	C. together		D. busin	ess
7.	A. associate	B. formal		C. moveme	nt	D. milita	nnt
8.	A. Important	B. cigarette		C. protectio	n	D. inform	mal
9.	A. introduce	B. conversati	on	C. independ	lent	D. welco	ome
10). A. expect	B. alone		C. liquor		D. invite	
Y	our answers:						
1	L.	2.	3.		4.		5.
6	5.	7.	8.		9.		10.
PA	ART II: VOCABULARY	AND GRAMMAR. (8, 0	POINTS)				
		wer to fill in each gap.		r answer in t	he number	ed box. (1. 5 point)
		y, personnel must wea	-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_, - , ,
	A. requirement			C. demands		D. assist	ance
2.	•	as he would never res				D. 455.50	
	A. No matter	B. No proble		C. Although		D. Becau	ise
3.	We played the game	•		0.7		2,2000	
٠.	A. on account of			C. according	o to	D. apart	from
4.		to Jackie for days now.		_		-	
	A. I've been try			C. I'm trying	-	D. I tried	
5.	•	difficult job I have eve		0, , , , , , ,	•	21100	•
٥.	A. by rights	B. by all mea		C. by far		D. by the	e wav
6	, -	hours listening to pop		c. by rui		D. By th	c way
٥.	A. took me up	B. kept me u		C. caught m	e un	D. held i	me un
7	•	ırself out. A sandwich v		C. Caugni III	Сир	D. Held I	те ир
٠.	A. let	B. put		C. leave		D. take	
8	The chairman reque	•		C. ICave		D. take	
٥.	•	rs studied more careful	lly the prob	lem. B. t	he problem	was mor	e carefully studied.
					-		ne problem more carefully
9.		any companies in our o				,	
	A. permitted	B. taught	-	C. banned		D. stopp	ped
10). After the battle, the	e soldiers were hel	ped by tho	se who coul	d walk.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	A. injured	B. wounded	-	C. broken		D. killed	
11	=	range new fashion will					
	A. turn up	B. care for		C. show off		D. catch	on
12	2. Their house is ı					21 00.00.	
	A. whereabout			C. somewhe	ere	D. any p	lace
1.3		ıld not have been dam					1000
	A. in fact	B. on purpos	-	C. by appoir		D. by pla	an
14		money left in my ba				<i>D</i> , <i>D</i> , p.	411
-	A. more		init account	C. some		D. any	
15		ed that natural resourc	es will nev			D. arry	
10	A. off	B. out		C. away	—·	D. up	
V	our answers:	D. Out		c. avvay		5. up	
	L.	2.	3.		4.		5.
\vdash).	7.	8.		9.		10.
	l1.	12.	13.		14.		15.

II. Give the correct tenses of the verbs in brackets. Write your answer in the box. (1, 5 point)

1. If he _____ (1. not drink) too much last night, he _____ (2. not - be) tired now.

3. At this time next we 4. It's raining. I would 5. I don't know what t 6. On the first of next 7. His personal proble 8. He suggested that a 9. I don't know why yo 10 (13. you/visit 11. The car looks very o 12. My best friend, Jan Your answers:	(3. be) at home last nig eek, they (5. sit) in the rather you (6. close) he matter with him is. He month, he (9. be) in personal final decision (10. distraction in the final decision (11. mou (12. always - makes) many museums when you clean (14. you/washines, was no longer there. Here	e train on their we the window (7. act) funrorison for five yeat) him from his weake). e) noise in class, bu were in Paris? l) it? He (15. go) a	ay to Paris. ny since you (8 nrs. ork lately. Fom. away.	3. be) away.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	
III. Put the correct for	n of the words in brackets	s. write your ans AUTUMN COLO		u points)	
A new term is rapidly gaining recognition in the American language - a 'leaf peeper' is someone who, in autumn, is on the (1. LOOK) for areas where the leaves of deciduous trees have changed colour. In New England in the USA, 'leaf peeping' is big business, generating millions of dollars annually. The first report that leaves are changing colour sets off an (2. INVADE) of 'peepers' thus causing serious obstruction on some roads. Thousands of people log on to websites in their (3. EAGER) to find the location of the trees that have foliage in the most (4. GLORY) colours. The popularity of 'leaf tourism' is well established in New England, and the changing colours of autumn provide an annual (5. TALK) point. The colours vary from year to year since the (6. INTENSE) or the colour is (7. DEPEND) on the chemical composition of the dying leaves. After a long dry summer, leaves ofter turn bright red, while cloudy autumn days will produce less spectacular yellows. If climate change leads to (8 INCREASE) hot, dry summers in the northern hemisphere, then countries in Europe can expect summers not (9					
	Atlantic. They will then en seen in New England.	ijoy a kaleidoscop	oe of (10. SEA	SON) colour to rival	the deep reds
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	
IV. Find out and correct the mistake in each sentence. Write your answer in the box. (2, 0 points) Example: Thirty hours a week are a heavy work schedule. Answer: C → is A B C D 1. A persimmon tastes best when it is such ripe that it looks wrinkled and almost spoiled. A B C D					
2. American pioneers	<u>did</u> water systems from log	gs with holes <u>bor</u>	<u>ed</u> through <u>their</u> <u>ce</u>	enters.	
A B C D 3. The pituitary gland is a small endocrine gland at the base of the brain that releases many hormones and regulates another endocrine glands. A B C D 4. In America, the Indians used crude oil for fuel and medicine hundreds of years before the first white settlers arrive. A B C D					
5. <u>When</u> radio progran	ns <u>became</u> popular, <u>appro</u> B	<u>ximately</u> around C	1925, many people	stopped <u>attending</u> r	novies.
6. Musical comedies, <u>a</u>	<u>as</u> an American form of <u>ent</u> A	<u>tertainment,</u> ofte B	n take <u>its</u> subjects f C	rom America's prese	ent <u>or</u> past. D
7. Of all seashore plants, seaweeds are best able to tolerate long periods out of water, followed by long periods covering by water. A B C D 8. The fruit of the plantain looks much like a banana, and it is not so sweet or so pleasing in flavor. A B C D 9. The viceroy butterfly, an insect that birds like to eat, has a color pattern similar to that of the monarch butterfly, whom birds do not like to eat. A B C D 10. Behavior therapy uses rewards and punishments to encourage patients to act in a way healthier. A B C D Your answers:					

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	
V. Complete these sen	tences with proper pre	positions or adverbs.	Write your answers in	the numbered box. (1, 0	
point)		•	•	• •	
•	ils. Please write the lett	er ink.			
•	e his mind to settle				
	start his motor engine. I				
	v. Please hand you				
	people to the party but	• •			
6. That fish of yours ha	as been in the fridge for	weeks. It must have g	one by now.		
7. He needed a model		_			
8. Uncle Tom is an idio	ot, but I only have to put	him once a year	·.		
9. I don't like to make	friends with the person	who always runs	_ his old friends.		
10. These two men's fa	orms are adjacent e	each other.			
Your answers:					
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	
	MPREHENSION. (6,0 PO				
	• •	•	D) hest fits each gan	o. Write your answer in the	
numbered box. (2, 0 pe		in unitation (A, B, C or	D) best his each gap	write your unswer in the	
		gan year between se	shool and university or	r university and work and to	
				r university and work and to	
-				d, you're (1) young once,	
		t do it, you may aiway	s regret that you didn	t take the (2) In the end,	
there's only one respon	· ·	h	(0)		
				oung, rich and noble, but it is	
				s do every year. (5) has	
		es open to tourists th	an ever. Also, the gap	year is now (6) by many	
employers and univers					
The States, the	e Far East and Australia	were among the orig	ginal (7) and altho	ough these remain in the top	
five, young explorers a	re now going even furth	າer. The most far-flung	g corners of the world	are (8) in popularity year	
by year. About \$700	will buy a student tick	et (9) for six mo	onths that will take yo	ou from London to Calcutta,	
Singapore, Bangkok, Pe	erth, Sydney, Auckland, I	Fiji, Tahiti, Los Angeles	s and (10) again.		
1. A. merely	B. only	C. slightly	D. simpl	ly	
2. A. occasion	B. moment	C. chance	D. luck		
3. A. undertaken	B. gone	C. done	D. given	l	
4. A. up	B. out	C. over	D. into		
5. A. Voyage	B. Travel	C. Excursio			
6. A. received	B. stood	C. accepted		tted	
7. A. destinations	B. endings	C. landings			
8. A. spreading	B. expanding	C. enlargin			
9. A. genuine	B. valid	C. effective	-	····8	
=			<u> </u>		
10. A. now	B. here	C. back	D. then		
Your answers:				1-	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	
II. Read the passage and fill in each blank with ONE suitable word. Write your answer in the numbered box. (2, 0					
points)		THE LEGEND OF TH	E ROOT		
Ginseng is one		of the east. Often ref	erred to as the "elivir o	of life" its widespread use in	
oriental medicine has led to many myths and legends building up around this remarkable plant. Ginseng has featured					
oriental medicine has	of the great mysteries led to many myths and				
	led to many myths and	legends building up a	round this remarkable	e plant. Ginseng has featured	
(1) an active ingre	led to many myths and edient in oriental medic	legends building up a al literature for over £	round this remarkable 5,000 years. Its benefic	e plant. Ginseng has featured cial effects were, at one time,	
(1) an active ingre (2) widely recogn	led to many myths and edient in oriental medic ized and praised that th	legends building up a al literature for over ! e root was said to be !	round this remarkable 5,000 years. Its benefic worth its weight in gold	e plant. Ginseng has featured cial effects were, at one time, d.	
(1) an active ingre (2) widely recogn (3) the lo	led to many myths and edient in oriental medic ized and praised that th ng history of ginseng, no	legends building up a al literature for over s e root was said to be v o one fully knows how	round this remarkable 5,000 years. Its benefic worth its weight in gold it works. The active pa	e plant. Ginseng has featured cial effects were, at one time,	

There is growing interest l	by western scientists ir	n the study of ginseng. I	t is today believed that	this remarkable plant
may (6) beneficial eff	ects in the treatment o	f many diseases which a	re difficult to treat with	synthetic drug.
Today, ginseng is	(7) longer a myth	or a legend. Througho	ut the world it is becom	ing widely recognized
that this ancient herb hold	ls the answer to relievi	ng the stresses and ailm	ents of modern living. It	is widely used for the
treatment of various ailme		=	=	· ·
(9) ginseng works sti				
		ct its widespread chect	iveriess shows that the i	cilial kabic properties
are (10) than just a l	Ĭ			T _
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
III. Read the passage, then				
One of the 7 word prophecy built as a tomb for it truly one of the truly grestone blocks covered with pharaoh. It is the largest is north, south, east and we astronomers, so computate Explorations and of scientific study indicates the have been interpreted as generations and currently no exception. Some resear Was it superstructs 1. What has research of the A. There are racks C. The lines repress 2. Extraterrestrial beings as C. researchers in Establishment of the C. To enable the plant of the word "intersecting" A. Crossing 5. What was the most prophesied A. Architect's plant C. Astrological comes A. Architect's plant C. Astrological comes A. Symbolism of the Green C. Wonders of the Green C. Wonders of the Green C. Wonders of the Green C. Advanced tools 9. Why was the Great pyrant A. As a solar obser C. As a tomb for the control of t	nders of the ancient of Pharaoh Cheop in 17 eat wonders of the work in limestone. Inside are single structure in the est – an incredible engions for the great pyrandetailed examinations nat these represent typind found to coincide under investigation. More that important events. Dure A. very strongyptology. bable reason for providight of the pyramid to sharaoh's family to bring obbers from finding the limit in line 9 is nearest in manager in the base symmon grander. D. Dates in line 12 is closest in manager in line	world, the great pyram (20 BC. Despite its antiquered. The thirteen – acreed a number of hidden provided. The 4 sides of the great of the structure of the base of the structure of timeline of events with known facts of the learning of the base of the structure of timeline of events with known facts of the learning of the base of the structure of timeline of events with known facts of the learning of the learning of the learning to actually a settle eventy. B. Tomb robbers of the learning to actually and the treasure meaning to actually and the treasure meaning to actually and the learning	id of Giza was a monulaity, certain aspects of the structure near the Nile repassageways and the buse pyramid are aligned as ent Egyptians were sunnomical observations. In the past, present and future the past. Others are paids have supernatural poeing of the ancient past. The race far superior to any known other planets. It is ages? In the afterlife. In buried with the pharaoh D. cutting the great solar body. The great solar body. The great solar body in great pyramurial chamber of Cheop. In ology. The earth's surface.	ment of wisdom and a construction makes iver is a solid mass of a chamber for the lmost exactly on true worshipers and great execting lines. Further e. Many of the events prophesied for future owers, and this one is anown today. The construction is a construction of the events of
10. Why is the Great pyran				ios
	-		contains many prophec	
	e comb of the pharaoh	Cheop. C. It was built	a super race. D. It is ve	ery ola.
Your answers:	Ι,	<u>, </u>	1	<u>E</u>
1. 2. 6. 7.		3.	4.	5.
		3.	9.	10.
PART IV: WRITING. (5, 0 P	•			
I. Rewrite each of the sent			e cue given. (1, 0 point)	
1. We couldn't have mana → If it hadn't	•	•		

ightarrow There has	
3. The only thing they didn't steal was the television.	
$^{ ightarrow}$ They stole	
4. He didn't succeeded in searching for the stolen car.	
$^{ ightarrow}$ He tried in vain	
5. She started to clean up the house just after the guests had left.	
$^{ ightarrow}$ No sooner	
6. The boy was about to cry when he was reprimanded by his mother.	
ightarrow The boy was on	
7. People believe that the Chinese invented paper in 105 A.D.	
→ Paper	
8. As people use a lot of wood-pulp, many trees are cut down.	
ightarrow The more	
9. It takes six hours to drive from here to London.	
\rightarrow It is	
10. He got so angry that no one dared to say anything.	
→ So	
II. Rewrite each of the sentences without changing its meanings, using	g the word given. (1, 0 point)
1. If you want to see me, come here by six a.m.	(PROVIDED)
→	
2. He won't let anyone touch his records.	(OBJECTS)
→	
3. He didn't think much of the musical show yesterday.	(OPINION)
→	
4. The concert was not as good as he had hoped.	(EXPECTATIONS)
→	
5. We missed the beginning of the concert because we had overslept.	(CONSEQUENCE)
→	
III. Write an essay (3, 0 points).	
Facebook dominates the free-time for too many people espec	ially the students. It can have negative effect on

2. House prices have risen dramatically this year.

their study and the physical development.

Do you agree or disagree? Write an essay (250 - 300 words) to express your opinion.

PART I: PHONETICS. (1, 0 POINT).

Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the other words in the same group. Write your answer in the numbered box

ans	wer in the numbered box.			
1.	A. exposure $_2$	B. Terminal₁	C. utterance ₁	D. discipline ₁
2.	A. Economy ₂	B. Elaborate ₂	C. Assassinate ₂	D. Fascinate ₁
3.	A. mountain₁	B. sustain ₂	C. contain ₂	D. retain
4.	A. $fulltime_2$	B. farmhand₁	C. bookshop ₁	D. tradesman
5.	A. Metropolitan₃	B. Entrepreneurial₄	C. Hippopotamus₃	D. curiosity
6.	A. company₁	B. comfortable ₁	C. together ₂	D. business
7.	A. Associate ₂	B. Formal ₁	C. Movement ₁	D. militant
8.	A. Important ₂	B. Cigarette₃	C. Protection ₂	D. informal
9.	A. introduce₃	B. conversation₃	C. independent	D. welcome ₁
10.	A. expect	B. alone ₂	C. liquor ₁	D. invite ₂
PAF	RT II: VOCABULARY AND GR	AMMAR. (8, 0 POINTS).		
I. C	hoose the best answer to fi	ll in each gap. Write you	r answer in the number	ed box. (1, 5 point).
1. I	n theof security, persor	nnel must wear their ider	ntity badges at all times.	
	A. requirement	B. interests	C. demands	D. assistance
2.	how angry he was he we	ould never resort to viole	ence.	
_	A. No matter	B. No problem		D. Because
3. \	We played the game the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	G	
	A. on account of	B. ahead of	C. according to	D. apart from
4.	to get through to Jackie	for days now. Either she	=	-
-	A. I've been trying		C. I'm trying	D. I tried
5.	Γhis is the most difficult		, 0	
	A. by rights	B. by all means	C. by far	D. by the way
6. 9	Shetill the early hours lis		o, ,	2.2,
	A. took me up		C. caught me up	D. held me up
7 I	Please don'tyourself ou	•	or caagiir iiio ap	Di nela me ap
,	A. let	B. put	C. leave	D. take
8	The chairman requested tha	•	c. icave	D. take
			olem. B. the problem	was more carefully studied.
			·	s study the problem more carefully.
9. 9	Smoking is in many com			
	A. permitted		C. banned	D. stopped
10.	After the battle, the sol	=	se who could walk.	
	A. injured	B. wounded	C. broken	D. killed
11.	I don't think this strange ne	w fashion will		
	A. turn up	B. care for	C. show off	D. catch on
12.	Their house is near the			2.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00
	A. whereabouts	B. anywhere	C. somewhere	D. any place
13.	This young tree could not h	•		• •
10.	A. in fact	B. on purpose	C. by appointment	D. by plan
14	There was hardly mone			S. S, plan
17.	A. more	B. no	C. some D. any	
15	It is wrongly believed that n		•	
15.	A. off	B. out	C. away	D. up
11 (Give the correct tenses of th		•	-
	f he _ had not drunk _ (1. n		=	
				was open when I _ came _ (4. come).
	At this time next week, they		=	
	t's raining. I would rather yo			
				funny since you _ were _ (8. be) away
	On the first of next month, h			
6 (

8. He suggested that a final decision _ should be made/be made __ (11. make).

10 did you visit _ (13. you/visit) many museums when you were in Paris?
11. The car looks very clean have you washed (14. you/wash) it?
12. My best friend, James, was no longer there. He had gone _ (15. go) away.
III. Put the correct form of the words in brackets. Write your answer in the box. (2,0 points) AUTUMN COLORS
A new term is rapidly gaining recognition in the American language - a 'leaf peeper' is someone who, in
autumn, is on the outlook _ (1. LOOK) for areas where the leaves of deciduous trees have changed colour. In New
England, in the USA, 'leaf peeping' is big business, generating millions of dollars annually. The first report that leaves are
changing colour sets off an invasion _ (2. INVADE) of 'peepers' thus causing serious obstruction on some roads.
Thousands of people log on to websites in their _ eagerness _ (3. EAGER) to find the location of the trees that have
foliage in the most <i>glorious</i> _ (4. GLORY) colours. The popularity of 'leaf tourism' is well established in New England,
and the changing colours of autumn provide an annual _ talking _ (5. TALK) point. The colours vary from year to
year since the _ intensity _ (6. INTENSE) of the colour is dependent (7. DEPEND) on the chemical composition of the
dying leaves. After a long dry summer, leaves often turn bright red, while cloudy autumn days will produce less
spectacular yellows. If climate change leads to _ increasingly _ (8. INCREASE) hot, dry summers in the northern
hemisphere, then countries in Europe can expect summers not _ unlike _ (9. LIKE) those across the Atlantic. They will
then enjoy a kaleidoscope of _ seasonal (10. SEASON) colour to rival the deep reds and blazing oranges seen in New
England.
IV. Find out and correct the mistake in each sentence. Write your answer in the box. (2,0 points)
Example: Thirty hours a week are a heavy work schedule. Answer: $B \rightarrow is$
A B C. D
1. A persimmon tastes <u>best</u> when it is <u>such</u> ripe that it looks <u>wrinkled</u> and <u>almost</u> spoiled.
A B→ so C D
2. American pioneers <u>did</u> water systems from logs with holes <u>bored</u> through <u>their</u> <u>centers</u> .
A→ made B C D
3. The pituitary gland is a small endocrine gland <u>at</u> the base of the brain that releases <u>many</u> hormones and <u>regulates</u>
<u>another</u> endocrine glands. A B C D→ other
4. In America, the Indians used crude oil for <u>fuel</u> and medicine <u>hundreds</u> of years <u>before</u> the first white settlers <u>arrive.</u>
A B C D→ arrived
5. When radio programs became popular, approximately around 1925, many people stopped attending movies.
A B C→ bỏ D
6. Musical comedies, <u>as</u> an American form of <u>entertainment</u> , often take <u>its</u> subjects from America's present <u>or</u> past.
A B C→ their D
7. Of all seashore plants, seaweeds are best able to tolerate long periods out of water, followed by long periods
<u>covering</u> by water. A B C D→ covered
8. The fruit of the plantain looks <u>much</u> like a banana, <u>and</u> it is not so sweet or so <u>pleasing</u> in <u>flavor</u> .
$A \qquad \qquad \textbf{B} \rightarrow \textbf{but} \qquad \qquad \textbf{C} \qquad \textbf{D}$
Q. The viceroy butterfly, an inject that hirds like to eat, has a color nattern similar to that of the monarch butterfly
9. The viceroy butterfly, an insect <u>that</u> birds like to eat, has a color pattern similar <u>to</u> that <u>of</u> the monarch butterfly,
<u>whom</u> birds do not like to eat. A B C $D\rightarrow$ which
whom birds do not like to eat. A B C D→ which 10. Behavior therapy uses rewards and punishments to encourage patients to act in a way healthier.
whom birds do not like to eat. A 10. Behavior therapy uses rewards and punishments to encourage patients to act in a way healthier. A B C D→ which B C D→ healthier way
whom birds do not like to eat. A B C D→ which 10. Behavior therapy uses rewards and punishments to encourage patients to act in a way healthier. A B C D→ healthier way V. Complete these sentences with proper prepositions or adverbs. Write your answers in the numbered box. (1,0)
whom birds do not like to eat. A 10. Behavior therapy uses rewards and punishments to encourage patients to act in a way healthier. A B C D→ which B C D→ healthier. B C D→ healthier way V. Complete these sentences with proper prepositions or adverbs. Write your answers in the numbered box. (1,0 point)
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9. I don't know why you _ are always making _ (12. always - make) noise in class, Tom.

It is now extremely popular to take a gap year between school and university or university and work and to spend it traveling. There are plenty of reasons to recommend it - travel broadens the mind, you're (1) __ only _ young once, life isn't a rehearsal and so on. And if you don't do it, you may always regret that you didn't take the (2) _ chance __. In the end, there's only one response: well, why not?

The idea may have its roots in the 18th century Grand tour once (3) _ undertaken __ by the young, rich and noble, but it is the middle classes who have turned it (4) _ into __ something that 200,000 British youngsters do every year. (5) _ Travel __ has never been so easy and cheap, with more places open to tourists than ever. Also, the gap year is now (6) _ accepted __ by many employers and universities.

The States, the Far East and Australia were among the original (7) _ destinations __ and although these remain in the top five, young explorers are now going even further. The most far-flung corners of the world are (8) __ growing _ in popularity year by year. About \$700 will buy a student ticket (9) _ valid __ for six months that will take you from London to Calcutta, Singapore, Bangkok, Perth, Sydney, Auckland, Fiji, Tahiti, Los Angeles and (10) __ back _ again.

1.	A. merely	B. only	C. slightly	D. simply
2.	A. occasion	B. moment	C. chance	D. luck
3.	A. undertaken	B. gone	C. done	D. given
4.	A. up	B. out	C. over	D. into
5.	A. Voyage	B. Travel	C. Excursion	D. Tour
6.	A. received	B. stood	C. accepted	D. admitted
7.	A. destinations	B. endings	C. landings	D. terminals
8.	A. spreading	B. expanding	C. enlarging	D. growing
9.	A. genuine	B. valid	C. effective	D. legal
10.	A. now	B. here	C. back	D. then

II. Read the passage and fill in each blank with ONE suitable word. Write your answer in the numbered box. (2,0 points) THE LEGEND OF THE ROOT

Ginseng is one of the great mysteries of the east. Often referred to as the "elixir of life", its widespread use in oriental medicine has led to many myths and legends building up around this remarkable plant. Ginseng has featured (1) _ as _ an active ingredient in oriental medical literature for over 5,000 years. Its beneficial effects were, at one time, (2) _ so _ widely recognized and praised that the root was said to be worth its weight in gold.

(3) _ despite _ the long history of ginseng, no one fully knows how it works. The active part of the _ plant __ (4) is the root. Its full name is Panax Ginseng - the word Panax, (5) _ like _ the word panacea, coming from the Greek for "all healing". There is growing interest by western scientists in the study of ginseng. It is today believed that this remarkable plant may (6) _ have/cause/produce _ beneficial effects in the treatment of many diseases which are difficult to treat with synthetic drug.

Today, ginseng is (7) _ *no* _ longer a myth or a legend. Throughout the world it is becoming widely recognized that this ancient herb holds the answer to relieving the stresses and ailments of modern living. It is widely used for the treatment of various ailments (8) _ *such* _ as arthritis, diabetes, insomnia, hepatitis and anemia. However, the truth behind (9) _ *how* _ ginseng works still remains a mystery. Yet its widespread effectiveness shows that the remarkable properties are (10) _ *more* _ than just a legend.

III. Read the passage, then choose the correct options. Write your answer in the box. (2,0 points)

One of the 7 wonders of the ancient world, the great pyramid of Giza was a monument of wisdom and prophecy built as a tomb for Pharaoh Cheop in 1720 BC. Despite its antiquity, certain aspects of this construction makes it truly one of the truly great wonders of the world. The thirteen – acre structure near the Nile river is a solid mass of stone blocks covered with limestone. Inside are a number of hidden passageways and the burial chamber for the pharaoh. It is the largest single structure in the world. The 4 sides of the pyramid are aligned almost exactly on true north, south, east and west – an incredible engineering feat. The ancient Egyptians were sun worshipers and great astronomers, so computations for the great pyramid were based on astronomical observations.

Explorations and detailed examinations of the base of the structure reveal many *intersecting* lines. Further scientific study indicates that these represent type of timeline of events – past, present and future. Many of the events have been interpreted and found to coincide with known facts of the past. Others are *prophesied* for future generations and currently under investigation. Many believe that pyramids have supernatural powers, and this one is no exception. Some researchers even associate with its extraterrestrial being of the ancient past.

Was it superstructure made by ordinary beings, or one built by a race far superior to any known today.

- 1. What has research of the base reveal?
 - A. There are racks in the foundation.
- B. Tomb robbers have stolen pharaoh's body.
- C. The lines represent important events.
- D. A superior race of people built it.

2.	Extraterrestrial beings are				
	A. very strong workers. B. astronomers in the ancient times.				
	C. researchers in Egyptology. D. living beings from other planets.				
3.	What was the most probable reason for providing so many hidden passages?				
	A. To allow the weight of the pyramid to settle evenly. B. To permit the high priests to pray at night.				
	C. To enable the pharaoh's family to bring food for his journey to the afterlife.				
	D. To keep grave robbers from finding the tomb and the treasure buried with the pharaoh.				
4.	The word " intersecting " in line 9 is nearest in meaning to				
	A. crossing B. coming C. observing D. cutting				
5.	What do the intersecting lines in the base symbolize?				
	A. Architect's plans for the hidden passage. B. Pathways of the great solar body.				
6	C. Astrological computation. D. Dates of important events taking place throughout time. The word "prophesied" in line 12 is closest in meaning to				
0.	A. said B. armed C. terminated D. foretold				
7.	What is the best title for the passage?				
	A. Symbolism of the Great pyramid. B. Problems with the construction of great pyramid.				
	C. Wonders of the Great pyramid of Giza. D. Exploration of the burial chamber of Cheop.				
8.	On what did the ancient Egyptians based their calculation?				
	A. Observation of the celestial bodies. B. Advanced technology.				
٥	C. Advanced tools of measurements. D. Knowledge of the earth's surface. Why was the Great pyramid constructed?				
7.	A. As a solar observatory. B. As a religious temple.				
	C. As a tomb for the pharaoh. D. As an engineering feat.				
10.	Why is the Great pyramid of Giza considered one of the seven wonders of the world?				
	A. It is perfectly aligned with the 4 cardinal points of the compass and contains many prophecies.				
	B. It was selected as the tomb of the pharaoh Cheop. C. It was built a super race. D. It is very old.				
	RT IV: WRITING. (5,0 POINTS)				
	tewrite each of the sentences without changing its meaning, using the cue given. (1,0 point)				
	We couldn't have managed without my father's money.				
	→ If it hadn't been for my father's money, we could not have managed				
	House prices have risen dramatically this year.				
	There has been a dramatic rise/increase in the house prices this year. The only thing they didn't steal was the television.				
	The only thing they didn't steal was the television. They stole everything except for/but/apart from the television				
	He didn't succeeded in searching for the stolen car.				
	He tried in vain to search for the stolen car.				
	She started to clean up the house just after the guests had left.				
	No sooner had the guests left than she started to clean up the house.				
	The boy was about to cry when he was reprimanded by his mother.				
	The boy was on the point of crying when he was reprimanded by his mother.				
	People believe that the Chinese invented paper in 105 A.D.				
	Paper is believed to have been invented by the Chinese in 105 A.D.				
8.	As people use a lot of wood-pulp, many trees are cut down.				
\rightarrow	The more wood-pulp is used, the more trees are cut down				
9.	It takes six hours to drive from here to London.				
\rightarrow	It is a six-hour-drive from here to London.				
10.	He got so angry that no one dared to say anything.				
\rightarrow	So angry did he get that no one dared to say anything.				
II. I	Rewrite each of the sentences without changing its meanings, using the word given. (1,0 point)				
	If you want to see me, come here by six a.m. (PROVIDED)				
	Provided (that) you want to see me, come here by 6 a.m				
	He won't let anyone touch his records. (OBJECTS)				
	He objects to anyone (else) touching his records				
	He didn't think much of the musical show yesterday. (OPINION)				
	He had a low opinion of the musical show yesterday				
4.	The concert was not as good as he had hoped. (EXPECTATIONS)				

- → The concert failed to come/live up to his expectations/The concert didn't come/live up to
- 5. We missed the beginning of the concert because we had overslept. (CONSEQUENCE)
- \rightarrow ... We missed the beginning of the concert as a consequence of (our) oversleeping/We had overslept. As a consequence, we missed the beginning....
- III. Write an essay (3, 0 points).

Face book dominates the free-time for too many people especially the students. It can have negative effect on their study and the physical development.

Do you agree or disagree? Write an essay (250 - 300 words) to express your opinion.

Write an essay (250 - 300 words) to express your opinion. (3, 0 points).

- 1. Content:
- a. Providing main ideas and details.
- b. Communicating intentions sufficiently and effectively.
- 2. Organization and presentation:
- a. Ideas are well-organized and presented with coherence, cohesion, and clarity.
- b. The paragraph is well-structured.
- 3. Language:
- a. Variety of appropriate vocabulary and structures.
- b. Good use of grammatical structures.
- 4. Handwriting, punctuation, and spelling:
- a. Intelligible handwriting.
- b. Good punctuation and no spelling mistakes.

Markers should discuss the suggested answers and the marking scale thoroughly and add more answers possible before marking the papers.

THE END



NGUỒN SƯU TẦM VÀ CHIA SỂ TÀI LIÊU MIỄN PHÍ CHO BÉ

MUỐN BÉ GIỎI TIẾNG ANH BA MỆ NÊN ĐỘC FILE NÀY https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1PvH2u-NQknWuXihb GLAryuiULLPwNaf?usp=sharing

TỔNG HỢP THƯ VIỆN TÀI LIỆU MIỄN PHÍ CHO BÉ TỪ MẰM NON ĐẾN LỚP 12 TẠI ĐÂY https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1c5uj8NtXKypKzMcdaaDEEys0KDXYphpuMn3 DrCwJHk/edit#slide=id.p

Hoặc ba mẹ vào nhóm sưu tầm và chia sẻ tài liệu, APP học TIẾNG ANH CHO BÉ MIỄN PHÍ https://www.facebook.com/groups/917907345934657

Hoặc nhóm zalo chia sẻ tài liệu: https://zalo.me/g/strvoy468

TỔNG HỢP KỂNH YOUTUBE VÀ TRANG WEB HỌC TIẾNG ANH MIỄN PHÍ RẮT CẦN CHO BÉ https://drive.google.com/file/d/10Orx J5yy-mjvzjh6ZQWNRXOv6yks2-9/view?usp=sharing

Hoặc ghé kênh youtube có link tải tài liệu trong phần mô tả của video trong DANH SÁCH PHÁT: TÀI LIÊU TIẾNG ANH

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GUt_fticYrM&t=341s

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7RMJ6CmjT3c&t=6s

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cd1JBXu3jl4&t=62s

Trước khi tải tài liệu ba mẹ đừng quên chia sẻ bài viết tặng app MIỄN PHÍ để giúp ba mẹ cần app mà không có điều kiện mua <u>được nhân CHO BÉ HỌC</u>

https://www.facebook.com/100004598379391/videos/1294410967820173/

và ghé 3 kênh youtube phía trên của 3 bé đăng ký ủng hộ bé cho vui nha. Cảm ơn ba mẹ rất nhiều! Cho đi là còn mãi. Chúc tất cả ba mẹ đã đăng ký kênh ủng hộ 3 bé luôn bình an, gặp nhiều may mắn, hạnh phúc tràn đầy và mãi mãi thành công trong cuộc sống