## BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỰC

## KỲ THI TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2017

Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kế thời gian phát đề (Đề thi có 06 trang) Mã đề thi 410 Ho, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. **Question 1.** I'm not sure, but Tony \_\_\_\_\_ probably get that demanding job. A. need **B**. might C. ought D. must Question 2. Thanks to her father's encouragement, she has made great \_\_\_\_\_ in her study. C. progress **A**. development **B**. contribution **D**. standard **Question 3.** Jim didn't break the vase on \_\_\_\_\_\_, but he was still punished for his carelessness. C. occasion **B**. purpose **D**. intention A. chance **Question 4.** They were among the first companies to exploit the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Internet. **A**. ability **B**. potential **C.** possibility **D**. prospect **Question 5.** The people \_\_\_\_\_ live in this village are very friendly. B. where A. who C. which **D**. when **Question 6.** Domestic appliances like washing machines and dishwashers have made \_\_\_\_\_\_ life much easier. C. the **A**. a B. an D. Ø **Question 7.** Peter is disappointed at not getting the job, but he will \_\_\_\_\_ it soon. **B**. go through **A**. come over C. take on D. get over **Question 8.** Travelling to countries in the world enables me to learn many interesting things. **A**. different **B**. difference **C**. differently **D**. differ **Question 9.** I \_\_\_\_\_ all of my homework last night. **A**. have finished **B**. finished C. finish **D**. will finish **Question 10.** The only thing he bought on his trip to Italy was a \_\_\_\_\_ watch. A. new Italian nice **B**. nice Italian new C. nice new Italian **D**. new nice Italian **Question 11.** The more you practise speaking English, \_\_\_\_\_. **A**. the more fluently you can speak it **B**. the more you can speak it fluently **C**. the more you can speak it fluent **D**. the more fluent you can speak it Question 12. I am not used to the cold weather here, so I need to have a heating system \_\_\_\_ **A**. serviced **B**. repaired **C**. developed **D**. installed Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. Question 13. The place has rapidly evolved from a small fishing community into a thriving tourist resort. **B**. generated C. created **D**. developed A. increased **Question 14.** Many people left early because the film was <u>uninteresting</u>. **A**. informative **B**. exciting C. boring **D**. attractive

			V.) oppositel		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to the underlined word(s) in	•		d(s) OPPOSITE in meaning		
Question 15. Don't tell Jane	• •	~ -	. She has got a big mouth.		
	•	C. talks too much	D. hates parties		
Question 16. Today students	-		<u> </u>		
parents and teachers.		<u>,</u>	8P		
-	nervousness	C. relaxation	<b>D</b> . stress		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D	on your answer sh	neet to indicate the wor	rd that differs from the other		
three in the position of prime	ary stress in each o	of the following questi	ons.		
Question 17. A. office	<b>B</b> . farmer	C. nature	<b>D</b> . result		
Question 18. A. confident	<b>B</b> . cultural	C. possible	<b>D</b> . supportive		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or I	D on your answer	sheet to indicate the v	word whose underlined part		
differs from the other three i	in pronunciation i	n each of the following	g questions.		
Question 19. A. matched	<b>B</b> . dropp <u>ed</u>	C. dress <u>ed</u>	<b>D</b> . join <u>ed</u>		
Question 20. A. walk	<b>B</b> . t <u>a</u> lk	<b>C</b> . c <u>a</u> ll	<b>D</b> . t <u>a</u> ke		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answe	er sheet to indicate th	e most suitable response to		
complete each of the following	ng exchanges.				
Question 21. Linda is thanki	ng Daniel for his b	irthday present.			
Linda: "Thanks for the	book. I've been loo	oking for it for months.	"		
Daniel: ""					
A. I like reading books		<b>B</b> . I'm glad you like it			
C. Thank you for looking for it		D. You can say tha	D. You can say that again		
Question 22. David and his t	eacher are meeting	at the school gate.			
David: "Good morning	, Mr Deakin. How	are you?"			
Mr Deakin: " A	and you?"				
A. I'm having a class now		<b>B</b> . I'm going home			
C. I'm fine. Thank you		<b>D</b> . I'm busy now			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or I	D on your answer	sheet to indicate the	sentence that best combines		
each pair of sentences in the	following question	ns.			
Question 23. The governm	ent have establish	ed some wildlife rese	erves. They want to protect		
endangered species.					
A. Whether the government	nt have established	some wildlife reserve	s or not, endangered species		
are still protected.					
<b>B</b> . Endangered species can'	t be protected altho	ough the government ha	ave established some wildlife		

C. The government have established some wildlife reserves so that endangered species can be

**D**. If the government established some wildlife reserves, they would be able to protect endangered

reserves.

protected.

species.

meaning to each of the following questions.	
Question 28. He last visited London three years ag	go.
A. He didn't visit London three years ago.	<b>B</b> . He has been in London for three years.
C. He was in London for three years.	<b>D</b> . He hasn't visited London for three years.
Question 29. "We will not leave until we see the n	nanager," said the customers.
A. The customers decided to leave because they	did not see the manager.
<b>B</b> . The customers agreed to leave before they sav	w the manager.
C. The customers refused to leave until they saw	the manager.
<b>D</b> . The customers promised to leave before they	saw the manager.
Question 30. They were late for the meeting becau	ise of the heavy snow.
A. But for the heavy snow, they wouldn't have be	een late for the meeting.
<b>B</b> . Had it not snowed heavily, they would have b	een late for the meeting.
C. If it snowed heavily, they would be late for th	e meeting.
<b>D</b> . If it didn't snow heavily, they wouldn't be late	e for the meeting.
Read the following passage and mark the letter A,	B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the
correct word or phrase that best fits each of the n	umbered blanks from 31 to 35.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	cision has to be made on what course to pursue.
In this world of diversity, (31) such a choic	
old days, it was not much a problem to do the task	·
areas to choose from. Besides, there were only a	_
engineer, accountant, nurse, teacher, etc. to thinl	
financially successful life. (32), the cost of	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ings (33) have just been described. The job
market is constantly changing due to innovative ted	
teenagers have difficulty in identifying their own into	-
talks and student counseling workshops to guide an	
Furthermore, psychological tests are also used. Cer	•
computer software can help to find out preferences, (Source: Essent	tial Reading for IELTS by Humin & John A. Gordon)
	Trang 3/6 - Mã đề thi 410
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Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs

Question 25. The policeman warned the tourists not walking alone in empty streets at night.

Question 26. All the judges paid the dancer compliments on their excellent performance in the

Question 27. My mother always get up early to prepare breakfast for everyone in the family.

В

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

D

D

Question 24. My sister is good at cooking. My brother is bad at it. **A**. My sister is good at cooking, but my brother is bad at it. **B**. My sister is good at cooking, so my brother is bad at it. C. My sister is good at cooking, for my brother is bad at it. **D**. My sister is good at cooking, or my brother is bad at it.

В

correction in each of the following questions.

A

competition.

<b>Question 31. A</b> . taking	<b>B</b> . giving	C. making	<b>D</b> . having
Question 32. A. Therefore	<b>B</b> . For example	C. In addition	<b>D</b> . Otherwise
Question 33. A. that	<b>B</b> . when	C. what	<b>D</b> . where
Question 34. A. compete	<b>B</b> . competitively	C. competitive	<b>D</b> . competition
Question 35. A. decide	<b>B</b> . apply	C. employ	<b>D</b> . study

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Children all around the world love to read comic books. Maybe they like to read the kind of comic books that come out once a month, like Spiderman or Batman, or maybe they like mangastyle comic books. That means that publishers who make comic books need to keep in touch with the things young people like to do. One thing that many young people today are interested in is technology, so of course kids want to read digital comic books on electronic devices.

Let's take Japanese manga as an example. There are lots of people around the world who enjoy reading manga. However, in the past, it was difficult to find translated versions of manga in comic bookstores. But that did not stop manga fans. Some fans who could translate Japanese into their own language started translating manga themselves. Then they scanned the pages of manga books and uploaded the scanned pages to the Internet with their translation. This practice has become so popular. People in the comic book industry made up a name for it. By combining the words scan and translation, they call it "scanlation", and it is a big problem today. The people who do scanlation usually share their manga for free, so readers do not buy manga books. Writers, artists, and publishers all end up losing money because of scanlation. Another problem is **piracy** in the comic book industry. Illegal copies of old and brand new comics alike have been hurting comic book sales.

Despite the progress made in converting comics to digital formats, hardcopy comic books are still by far the most popular format among fans. In the meantime, comic book publishers and stores will just have to keep an eye on their buyers' habits. As the popularity of digital books for e-readers and tablets grows, the popularity of digital comic books will grow as well

una taorets grows, the pe	paranty of distant connec	oons will grow as	***************************************
		(Source: Reading	Advantage by Casey Malarche
Question 36. What is the	e passage mainly about?		
<b>A</b> . Problems in the boo	ok industry		
<b>B</b> . The need for digital	l comic books		
C. The manga industry	y in Japan		
<b>D</b> . Children's most fav	ourite type of books		
Question 37. The word	"they" in paragraph 1 refe	rs to	
A. comic books	<b>B</b> . publishers	C. children	<b>D</b> . things
Question 38. According	to paragraph 1, Spiderma	$n$ is the name of _	·
A. a TV programme	<b>B</b> . an electronic device	C. a child	<b>D</b> . a comic book
Question 39. According	to paragraph 2, the practic	ce of "scanlation"	mostly involves
A. scanning and transl	ating manga books		
<b>B</b> . translating uploaded	d manga books		
C. scanning uploaded	manga books		
<b>D</b> selling translated m	nanga books		

Question 40. Accord	ling to the passage, in the	past, some manga fans	who knew Japanese translated	t
manga because	·			
<b>A</b> . they wanted to	make a name for themselv	ves		
<b>B</b> . it was enjoyable	e to translate Japanese boo	oks		
C. it was difficult	to buy translated manga b	ooks		
<b>D</b> . they wanted to	read manga for free			
Question 41. Accord	ling to paragraph 2, who	could benefit from sca	nlation?	
A. Publishers	<b>B</b> . Writers	C. Artists	D. Readers	
Question 42. The wo	ord " <b>piracy</b> " in paragraph	2 probably means the	act of	
<b>A</b> . hurting the sale	of illegal comic books	<b>B</b> . advertising a	book without permission	
C. copying and usi	ng a book illegally	<b>D</b> . controlling th	e production of a book	

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 43 to 50.

The oceans are so vast and deep that until fairly recently, it was widely assumed that no matter how much trash and chemicals humans dumped into them, the effects would be **negligible**. Proponents of dumping in the oceans even had a catchphrase: "The solution to pollution is dilution."

Today, we need look no further than the New Jersey-size dead zone that forms each summer in the Mississippi River Delta, or the thousand-mile-wide swath of decomposing plastic in the northern Pacific Ocean to see that this "dilution" policy has helped place a once flourishing ocean ecosystem on the brink of collapse.

There is evidence that the oceans have suffered at the hands of mankind for millennia. But recent studies show that degradation, particularly of shoreline areas, has accelerated dramatically in the past three centuries as industrial discharge and run-off from farms and coastal cities have increased.

Pollution is the introduction of harmful contaminants that are outside the norm for a given ecosystem. Common man-made pollutants reaching the oceans include pesticides, herbicides, chemical fertilizers, detergents, oil, sewage, plastics, and other solids. Many of these pollutants collect at the ocean's depths, where **they** are consumed by small marine organisms and introduced into the global food chain.

Many ocean pollutants are released into the environment far upstream from coastlines. Nitrogen-rich fertilizers applied by farmers inland, for example, end up in local streams, rivers, and groundwater and are eventually deposited in estuaries, bays, and deltas. These excess nutrients can **spawn** massive blooms of algae that rob the water of oxygen, leaving areas where little or no marine life can exist.

Solid wastes like bags, foam, and other items dumped into the oceans from land or by ships at sea are frequently consumed, with often fatal effects, by marine mammals, fish, and birds that mistake them for food. Discarded fishing nets drift for many years, ensnaring fish and mammals. In certain regions, ocean currents corral trillions of decomposing plastic items and other trash into gigantic, swirling garbage patches. One in the North Pacific, known as the Pacific Trash Vortex, is estimated to be the size of Texas.

Pollution is not always physical. In large bodies of water, sound waves can carry undiminished for miles. The increased presence of loud or persistent sounds from ships, sonar devices, oil rigs, and even from natural sources like earthquakes can disrupt the migration, communication, and reproduction patterns of many marine animals, particularly aquatic mammals like whales and dolphins.

(Source: http://www.oceannationalgeographic.com)

Question 43. What	does the passage mainly d	liscuss?	
A. Various kinds	of harmful pollutants		
<b>B</b> . Marine polluti	on and its many forms		
C. Noise and its	disruptive effects on marin	e life	
<b>D</b> . The end of the	e "dilution" era		
Question 44. The v	word " <b>negligible</b> " in parag	raph 1 is closest in meaning	g to
A. serious	<b>B</b> . positive	C. unpredictable	<b>D</b> . insignificant
Question 45. It can	be inferred from paragrap	oh 2 that the "dilution" poli	cy is related to
A. dealing with the	he problems of water pollu	ntion	
<b>B</b> . neglecting the	effects of dumping trash i	nto the oceans	
C. helping the ec	osystem of the oceans flou	ırish	
<b>D</b> . treating harmf	ful materials in the oceans	properly	
Question 46. The v	word " <b>they</b> " in paragraph 4	refers to	
A. marine organi	sms	<b>B</b> . man-made polluta	ants
<b>C</b> . the oceans	C. the oceans D. ocean's depths		
Question 47. The v	vord " <b>spawn</b> " in paragraph	n 5 can be best replaced by	·
A. appear	<b>B</b> . prevent	C. limit	<b>D</b> . produce
Question 48. Acco	rding to the passage, nitrog	gen-rich fertilizers	
A. do not relate to	o the disappearance of mar	rine life	
<b>B</b> . are created by	massive blooms of algae		
C. cause a shorta	ge of oxygen in the ocean	water	
<b>D</b> . cannot be four	nd inland		
Question 49. Which	h of the following stateme	nts is NOT supported in th	e passage?
A. Industrial was	tes and agricultural run-of	f are blamed for the degrad	lation of the oceans.
<b>B</b> . It is apparent t	that the oceans have been p	polluted for a long time.	
<b>C</b> . The oceans in	the past were more contain	ninated than they are now.	
<b>D</b> . Many pollutar	its deposited in the oceans	finally become part of the	global food chain.
Question 50. Wha	les and dolphins are menti	oned in the final paragrap	h as an example of marine
creatures that	·		
<b>A</b> . suffer from lo	ud or persistent sounds at s	sea	
B. can communic	cate with each other via sou	und waves	
C. can survive ea	rthquakes because of their	large bodies	
<b>D</b> . are forced to r	nigrate because of water po	ollution	
	T	`HE END	