F

**CITIES OF THE WORLD**

**9**

**Unit**

**VOCABULARY**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **New words** | **Transcription** |  | **Meaning** |
| **Africa**  | /ˈæf.rɪ.kə/  | (n) | Châu Phi |
| **America**  | /əˈmer.ɪ.kə/  | (n) | Châu Mĩ |
| **Antarctica**  | /ænˈtɑːk.tɪkə/  | (n) | Châu Nam Cực  |
| **Asia**  | /ˈeɪ.ʒə/  | (n) | Châu Á |
| **Australia**  | /ɒsˈtreɪ.li.ə/  | (n) | Châu Úc |
| **award**  | /əˈwɔːd /  | (n, v) | giải thưởng, trao giải thưởng |
| **common**  | /ˈkɒm.ən/  | (adj) | phổ biến, thông dụng |
| **continent**  | /ˈkɒn.tɪ.nənt/  | (n) | châu lục |
| **creature**  | /ˈkriː.tʃər/  | (n) | sinh vật, tạo vật  |
| **design**  | /dɪˈzaɪn/ | (n, v) | thiết kế |
| **Europe**  | /ˈjʊə.rəp/  | (n) | Châu Âu |
| **journey**  | /ˈdʒɜː.ni/ | (n) | chuyến đi |
| **landmark**  | /ˈlænd.mɑːk/  | (n) | danh thắng (trong thành phố) |
| **lovely**  | /ˈlʌv.li/  | (adj) | đáng yêu |
| **palace**  | /ˈpæl.ɪs/  | (n) | cung điện |
| **popular**  | /ˈpɒp.jʊ.lər/  | (adj) | nổi tiếng, phổ biến |
| **postcard**  | /ˈpəʊst .kɑːd/  | (n) | bưu thiếp |
| **symbol**  | /ˈsɪm.bəl/  | (n) | biểu tượng |
| **tower**  | /taʊər/  | (n) | tháp |
| **UNESCO World Heritage**  | /wɜːld ˈher.ɪ.tɪdʒ/  | (n) | Di sản thế giới được UNESCO công nhận |
| **well-known**  | /wel-nəʊn/  | (adj) | nổi tiếng |

**GRAMMAR**

**I. Possessive adjective and Possessive pronoun (Tính từ sở hữu và đại từ sở hữu)**

* Tính từ sở hữu đứng trước một danh từ trong khi đại từ sở hữu có thể làm chủ ngữ (đứng đầu câu) hoặc làm tân ngữ (đứng cuối câu).

**Ví dụ:**

This is **your** bicycle (Đây là xe đạp của bạn)

This is **yours**  (Đây là của bạn)

**Mine** is blue (Cái của tôi màu xanh dương)

The blue bicycle is **mine**. (Xe đạp màu xanh dương là của tôi)

* Đại từ sở hữu được dùng để thay cho một cụm từ.

**Ví dụ:**

This is **your** bicycle (Đây là xe đạp của bạn)

This is **yours** (Đây là của bạn)

 **☞ “yours” thay thế cho “your bicycle”**

**Các tính từ sở hữu và đại từ sở hữu tương ứng với các đại từ nhân xưng trong bảng sau**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Personal pronoun** | **Possessive adjectives** | **Possessive pronoun** |
| I | My | Mine |
| You | Your | Yours |
| He | His | His |
| She | Her | Hers |
| It | its | Its |
| We | Our | Ours |
| They | Their | theirs |

**PRONUNCIATION**

**I. Diphthong /əʊ/** **(Nguyên âm đôi /əʊ/)**

**- “o” thường được phát âm là /əʊ/ khi nó ở cuối một từ**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Examples** | **Transcription** | **Meaning** |
| g**o** | /gəʊ/ | đi |
| n**o** | /nəʊ/ | không |

**- “oa” được phát âm là /əʊ/ trong một từ có một âm tiết tận cùng bằng một hay hai phụ âm**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Examples** | **Transcription** | **Meaning** |
| c**oa**t | /kəʊt/ | áo choàng |
| r**oa**d | /rəʊd/ | con đường |

**- “ou” có thể được phát âm là /əʊ/**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Examples** | **Transcription** | **Meaning** |
| s**ou**l | /səʊl/ | tâm hồn |
| d**ou**gh | /dəʊ/ | bột nhão |

**- “ow” được phát âm là /əʊ/**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Examples** | **Transcription** | **Meaning** |
| kn**ow** | /nəʊ/ | biết |
| sl**ow** | /sləʊ/ | chậm |

**II. Diphthong /aʊ/ (Nguyên âm đôi /aʊ/)**

**- “ou” được phát âm là /aʊ/ trong những từ có nhóm “aʊ” với một hay hai phụ âm.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Examples** | **Transcription** | **Meaning** |
| f**ou**nd | /faʊnd/ | tìm thấy (quá khứ của find) |
| cl**ou**d | /klaʊd | đám mây |

**- “ow” được phát âm là /aʊ/.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Examples** | **Transcription** | **Meaning** |
| t**ow**er | /taʊə(r)/ | khăn mặt |
| p**ow**er | /paʊə(r)/ | sức mạnh, quyền lực |

**PRACTICE**

**A**

**LISTENING**

**I. Listen to the short talk twice and circle the correct answer to each of the following questions**

**1.** What is the weather like in Rio de Janeiro?

 A. cold B. warm C. hot D. cool

**2.** Who has Tom been to the beaches with?

 A. his friends B. his teacher C. his group D. his family

**3.** Tom has been to London \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. once B. twice C.three times D. never

**4.** Tom received the photo of Times Square from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. his brother B. his father C. his sister D. his friend

**II. Listen to the conversation twice and decide whether the following sentences are True or False.**

**1.** The Royal Palace is one of the largest palaces in Europe. T F

**2.** The biggest part of Stockholm is the Old Town. T F
**3.** The Nobel Prize is awarded in Stockholm. T F

**4.** The Nobel Prize is presented by the Swedish Prime Minister. T F

**B**

**PHONETICS**

**I. Put the words into two groups /aʊ/ and /əʊ/.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **coast** | **comb** | **tower** | **crowded** |
| **mouth** | **bow** | **boat** | **coat** |
| **south** | **cloud** | **about** | **postcard** |
| **house** | **pagoda** | **sow** | **count** |
| **go** | **town** | **slow** | **phone** |

tower; crowded; mouth; bow; south; cloud; about; house; count; town

coast; comb; boat; coat; postcard; pagoda; sow; go; slow; phone

**/əʊ/**

**/aʊ/**

**II. Choose the word having the underlined part pronounced differently in each line.**

**1.** A. how B. powder C. crowd D. know

**2.** A. hour B. sour C. colour D. our

**3.** A. orange B. open C. home D. phone

**4.** A. house B. mouse C. shoulder D. south

**5.** A. notice B. stone C. motor D. coward

**6.** A. lot B. open C. clothes D. most

**7.** A. south B. house C. soul D. noun

**8.** A. know B. cow C. slow D. show

**9.** A. how B. show C. follow D. pillow

**10.** A. close B. knot C. note D. post

**11.** A. cold B. shop C. sold D. photo

**12.** A. a cow B. now C. down D. know

**13.** A. rose B. fond C. code D. stone

**14.** A. shoulder B. sound C. count D. around

**15.** A. tower B. owl C. crown D. show

**III. Choose a word that has different stressed syllable from others.**

**1.** A. seaside B. resort C. attract D. amazing

**2.** A. restaurant B. projector C. cinema D. gallery

**3.** A. journey B. receive C. design D. discover

**4.** A. famous B. landmark C. award D. palace

**5.** A. wonderful B. article C. interesting D. expensive

**6.** A. market B. palace C. river D. cartoon

**7.** A. helpful B. inform C. helmet D. landmark

**8.** A. career B. postcard C. tower D. channel

**9.** A. crowded B. floating C. pencil D. surround

**10.** A. funny B. tasty C. appear D. friendly

**C**

**VOCABULARY-GRAMMAR-COMMUNICATION**

**I. Fill in the b lank with the words from the box. Use each word only one**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **crowded** | **friendly** | **exciting** | **experience** | **heavy** |
| **modern** | **peaceful** | **rainy** | **sunny** | **tasty** |

**1.** In Tokyo, you can see both old and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**modern**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_buildings.

**2.** The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**rainy**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_season in Ho Chi Minh City normally starts in May.

**3.** The people in our city are quite \_\_\_**friendly**\_\_\_\_to strangers. It’s easy to have talk with them.

**4.** My aunt makes really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**tasty**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_dish with chicken and rice.

**5.** Las Vegas is a/ an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**sunny**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_city with an annual sunshine rate of 84.80%.

**6.** His lateness was due to the very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**heavy**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_traffic on the motorway.

**7.** We had a/ an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**exciting**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_trip to Africa Last month. I enjoyed it very much.

**8.** Buses and trains in big cities are always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**crowded**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with people.

**9.** We cannot afford to live in such a/ an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**expensive**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hotel in Paris.

**10.** Instead of going to a busy beach hotel, we decided to head to the mountains for a/ an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**peaceful**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_vacation.

**II. Choose the correct answers A, B, C, or D to finish the sentences.**

**1.** My cousins phoned me from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ house in Mexico City.

 A. its B. his C. her D. their

**2.** This computer game belongs to me and my brother. This computer game is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. us B. ours C. we’re D. our

**3.** Mr. Allen, shall we go in my car \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

 A. hers B. mine C. yours D. his

**4.** Mango is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fruit and I like it very much.

 A. delicious B. boring C. heavy D. peaceful

**5.** Eiffel Tower is the most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ landmark in the world.

 A. been B. looked C. designed D. visited

**6.** Britain’s most popular \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is fish and chips.

 A. drink B. place C. food D. film

**7.** Canada’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is different from season to season.

 A. Weather B. currency C. language D. economy

**8.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the symbol of Singapore.

 A. Big Ben B. Merlion C. Eiffel Tower D. Uluru

**9.** The weather in this city is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with fumes from cars.

 A. boring B. clean C. quiet D. polluted

**10.** Is ASIA a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ? - Yes, it is.

 A. country B. capital C. continent D. city

**11.** The Sweden’s capital city is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. Stockholm B. Paris C. New York D. Bangkok

**12.** Saint Stephen’s Tower is one of London’s most famous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

 A. tower B. landmarks C. towels D. buildings

**13.** Easter is one of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ important holidays in Russia.

 A. more B. best C. most D. better

**14.** In the US, Easter is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ holiday.

 A. nation B. local C. native D. national

**15.** Easter is not a fixed holiday, its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ varies between 22nd March and 25th April.

 A. day B. date C. event D. month

**16.** Give a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before you turn left or right .

 A. sign B. turn C. sound D. signal

**17.** We will go on holiday with some friends of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. ours B. our C. us D. we

**18.** New York is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ city. You can do many things there.

 A. sunny B. friendly C. exciting D. old

**19.** I don't like the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ weather in London. I just stay at home and watch

 A. sunny B. rainy C. nice D. snow

**20.** Can you lend me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ new book? I really like its title.

 A. my B. mine C. your D. yours

**21.** His new bike is quite small. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is bigger.

 A. My B. Her C. Their D. Mine

**22.** David has got two brothers. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ daughters.

 A. its B. his C. her D. their

**23.** Can you lend me your red pen? I don’t know where \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is.

 A. I B. me C. my D. mine

**24.** New York City is a big city. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ buildings are high.

 A. Its B. It’s C. Their D. Theirs

**25.** This camera belongs to my aunt. This camera is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. hers B. mine C. his D. ours

**26.** Hanoi’s streets are too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at rush hour.

 A. interested B. crowded C. exciting D. friendly

**27.** People celebrate it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an Easter breakfast or meal.

 A. with B. by C. for D. in

**28.** They decorate their house \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ beautiful Christmas trees.

 A. by B. on C. with D. of

**29.** There are a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Thailand.

 A. Shop B. restaurant C. floating markets D. street food

**30.** The Eiffel Tower is a famous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Paris.

 A. Square B. cathedral C. landmark D. principal

**31.** **Mai:** "Have you ever tried spaghetti yet?"

  **Kien:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ "

 A. Yes, I do. B. No, I don’t. C. No, I’m not. D. Yes, I have.

**32.** **Minh:** "Have you ever eaten at a Japanese restaurant?"

 **Quan:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ "

 A. Yes, I do. B. No, I haven’t. C. No, I don’t. D. Yes, I am.

**33.** **Paul:** "How long have you worked in this company, Peter?"

 **Peter:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ "

 A. I’ve worked here for a week. B. I worked here last week.

 C. I am working here now. D. I will work here next week.

**34.** **Tam:** "Have you ever been to a picnic at the beach yet?"

 **Minh:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ "

 A. Yes, I do. B. No, I don’t C. No, not yet. D. Yes, I will.

**35.** **Mary:** "Have you ever read any comic books?"

 **John:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ "

 A. Yes, I do. B. No, I don’t.

 C. Yes, I am. D. Yes, I’ve already read them.

**III. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined words in each of the following questions.**

**1.** We are having a **good** time in Ho Chi Minh city.

 A. great B. bad C. boring D. quiet

**2.** Put the **garbage** in the garbage bins.

 A. thing B. toy C. rubbish D. bag

**3.** Factories produce a lot of smoke, so the air in this area is **polluted**.

 A. pure B. dirty C. clean D. dry

**4.** New York is an **exciting** city with many skyscrapers.

 A. boring B. beautiful C. clean D. interesting

**5.** Big Ben is the most **famous** tower in England.

 A. well-known B. big C. fantastic D. wonderful

**IV. Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined words in each of the following questions.**

**1.** Pho is the most **popular** food in Vietnam.

 A. wonderful B. common C. delicious D. unpopular

**2.** Ho Chi Minh city is the **largest** city in Vietnam.

 A. small B. smallest C. big D. biggest

**3.** The weather in Rio de Janeiro is **hotter** than in Sydney.

 A. hot B. cold C. colder D. warmer

**4.** A lot of buildings in Hoi An are **old**.

 A. historic B. new C. beautiful D. modern

**5.** Things in this shop are more **expensive** than things in the supermarket.

 A. dangerous B. famous C. cheap D. cheaper

**V. Each sentence below contains an error. Underline it and write the correct answer in the space provided.**

**1.** My sister’s pictures are exciting but she’s school marks are quite bad. ☞ **her**

**2.** Tom forgot his homework, but his brother didn’t forget him. ☞ **his**

**3.** In mine free time I play the piano with my mother. ☞ **my**

**4.** They have got a little dog but I don’t know it’s name. ☞ **its**

**5.** If you lend me your novel. I will lend you my. ☞ **mine**

**VI. Complete the sentences with the correct possessive adjectives.**

**1.** Lagos is a lovely city. **\_\_\_\_\_Its\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**avenue is great for walking.

**2.** They don’t like fish. **\_\_\_\_\_Their\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**favourite food is steak.

**3.** Susan has got a new car. **\_\_\_\_Her\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**car is very nice.

**4.** I have got a car. **\_\_\_\_\_\_Its\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**name is Miko.

**5.** We have got two brothers. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Our\_\_\_\_\_\_**brothers are in London now.

**6.** Paul and Mike are from Sydney. **\_\_\_\_\_\_Their\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**family is there, too.

**7.** My father is wearing **\_\_\_\_\_his\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**sunglasses today as it is sunny.

**8.** It’s **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_my\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**birthday today. I’m 12 years old.

**9.** Listen, children! Don’t forget to pack **\_\_\_\_your\_\_\_**clothes for the trip to Singapore tomorrow.

**10.** Ms. Nga is telling **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_her\_\_\_\_\_\_**friends about living in big city.

**VII. Complete the sentences with the correct possessive pronouns.**

**1.** I forgot bring my pencil. Can I use **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_yours\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**?

**2.** Hector made his bed but his sister hasn’t made **\_\_\_\_\_\_hers\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**3.** That motorbike belongs to my grandfather. It’s **\_\_\_\_\_\_his\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**4.** This suitcase belongs to us. This suitcase is **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ours\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**5.** Julio missed the school bus, but Tom didn’t miss **\_\_\_\_\_\_his\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**6.** Those are the children’s toys. They are **\_\_\_\_\_their\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**7.** I sold my picture so this money is **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_mine\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**8.** This ball belong to me and my brother. This ball is **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ours\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**9.** I have read a new novel. Has Sophia read **\_\_\_\_\_\_hers\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**10.** Freddy showed me his photos, and I showed him **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_mine\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**VIII. Rearrange the sentences to make a conversation.**

 **A.** You can visit palaces, go shopping and enjoy delicious street food.

 **B.** Where are you from, Mei?

 **C.** It's sunny and a bit hot in the summer.

 **D.** Really? What is Bangkok famous for?

 **E.** I'm from Bangkok

 **F.** Sound interesting. How is the weather there?

 **H.** It is famous for its beautiful palaces and night markets.

 **G.** What can I do in Bangkok, Mei? I really want to visit your city.

**Key:**

1. **B.** Where are you from, Mei?

2. **E.** I'm from Bangkok

3. **D.** Really? What is Bangkok famous for?

4. **H.** It is famous for its beautiful palaces and night markets.

5. **A.** You can visit palaces, go shopping and enjoy delicious street food.

6. **C.** It's sunny and a bit hot in the summer.

7. **G.** What can I do in Bangkok, Mei? I really want to visit your city.

8. **F.** Sound interesting. How is the weather there?

**IX. Complete the conversation with the questions from the box.**

**A.** What did you do yesterday?

**B.** What did you eat?

**C.** Did you visit any famous places?

**D.** Are you having a good time?

**E.** Did you have fun?

**Phong** : Hi, Mum!

**Mum** : Hi, Phong. **(1)** Are you having a good time?

**Phong** : Yes, we are. Singapore is such an amazing city!

**Mum** : **(2)** What did you do yesterday?

**Phong** : My friends and I went around the city and did some shopping.

**Mum** : **(3)** Did you visit any famous places?

**Phong** : Yes, we visited Merlion - a famous landmark here. Then, we went to the Disneyland.

**Mum** : **(4)** Did you have fun?

**Phong** : Absolutely. There were a lot of exciting and fun games. We spent the whole afternoon playing.

**Mum** : **(5)** What did you eat?

**Phong** : We enjoyed the best local dishes such as Hainanese chicken and chili crab.

**Mum** : Enjoy your time there!

**Phong** : Thanks, Mum.

**D**

**READING**

**I. Read the text about Seoul and decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F). Write T or F.**

**①** Seoul is the capital and lies in the northern part of South Korea. It has a population of nearly 10 million people. Seoul is famous for modern skyscrapers and high-tech subways. There are also many temples, palaces and street markets. Popular tourist attractions in Seoul are Dongdaemun Design Plaza, Gyeongbokgung Palace, The War Memorial of Korea and Namsan Seoul Tower. Gangnam, Itaewon and Hongdae are popular neighbourhoods in Seoul. Here you can find busy downtown districts, exciting social life, crowded shopping centres and great restaurants. You can also try tasty Korean dishes like bibimbap, kimchi and BBQ grilled meat. Exploring this massive city can be an enjoyable experience for travellers.

**1.** Seoul is in the northern west of South Korea. \_\_\_False\_\_\_\_\_\_

**2.** Modern tall buildings and subway systems make Seoul famous. \_\_\_True\_\_\_\_\_\_

**3.** Itaewon and Gangnam are two popular areas outside Seoul. \_\_\_False\_\_\_\_\_\_

**4.** There are a lot of things to do in Seoul. \_\_\_True\_\_\_\_\_\_

**5.** You should try bibimbap and kimchi. \_\_\_True\_\_\_\_\_\_

**② Istanbul** is the capital of Turkey, which is located between Europe and Asia. The city has a lot of historical landmarks, such as Blue Mosque, Hagla Sophia, Topkapi Palace Museum. Visitors cannot miss Grand Bazaar as there are thousands of shops and stalls selling handcrafted Turkish ceramics, carpets, lamps, leather goods and jewellery.

**Rio de Janeiro** is the second largest city in Brazil. It is the city of sun, beaches and mountains, of man- made and natural wonders of the world. It is large and colourful with world famous carnivals and samba. You can also spend all day sunbathing on Copacabana, Ipanema, and Leblon beaches.

**Venice** is famous for its canals. People do not use cars in Venice, so they travel everywhere by canal. The most famous place in Venice is St Mark’s square with St Mark’s Cathedral. There are also a lot of museums, palaces, and beautiful bridges.

**St Petersburg** is the cultural capital of Russia. It is beautiful city of channels and impressive architecture. The city is famous for the Winter Palace, where the Tsars lived, and the Hermitage Museum, which is a fantastic art gallery. There are, of course, a lot of churches and cathedrals here, too. There is so much to see in St Petersburg!

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Statements** | **T** | **F** |
| **1.** Istanbul is famous for its handcrafted souvenirs. | T |  |
| **2.** Visitors cannot go swimming in Rio de Janeiro. |  | F |
| **3.** Rio de Janeiro is a great place for people who are interested in dancing. | T |  |
| **4.** Cars are very popular in Venice. |  | F |
| **5.** You can see a lot of churches and cathedrals in St Petersburg. | T |  |
| **6.** There aren’t any museums in Istanbul, Venice and St Petersburg. |  | F |

**II. Read and complete the passage using the given words.**

**①**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **windy** | **excited** | **tourist** | **delicious** | **crowded** | **friendly** |

We arrived in Sapa at 9:00 yesterday morning and stayed in a nice hotel in the town centre. It is close to many **(1)** \_\_\_**tourist**\_\_\_\_\_\_attractions. Sapa is a lovely and **(2)** \_\_\_**crowded**\_\_\_\_\_\_town. Yesterday, we took a bus to Muong Hoa Station. There are many kinds of beautiful flowers there. I took many photos with my parents and my sister. We also went to Mount Fansipan. The weather was a bit cold and **(3)** \_\_\_**windy**\_\_\_\_\_\_. The surrounding was like a beautiful sea of cloud and we all felt **(4)** \_\_\_\_\_**excited**\_\_\_\_. In the evening, we went to the town market and enjoyed a lot of **(5)** \_\_\_\_**delicious**\_\_\_\_\_local food. Ethnic people in Sapa are really **(6)** \_\_\_\_**friendly**\_\_\_\_\_and helpful.

**②**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **specialties** | **climate** | **tourists** | **dishes** | **activities** | **discover** |

Phu Quoc is an island city located in the southwest of the country. Phu Quoc attracts a lot of domestic and foreign **(1)** \_\_\_\_**tourists**\_\_\_\_\_because it not only has a mild **(2)** \_\_\_**climate**\_\_\_\_\_\_but also has extremely attractive natural scenery. Coming to Phu Quoc from late October to mid-May, you can enjoy wonderful weather: warn and sunny. This is also the most favorable time for recreational **(3)** \_\_\_\_\_**activities**\_\_\_\_in the pearl island such as kayaking, scuba diving to see corals, fishing, night squid fishing or simply making a trip to **(4)** \_\_\_\_**discover**\_\_\_\_\_nature, the wilderness of Phu Quoc.

Phu Quoc is not only famous for beautiful beaches, but also famous for many **(5)** \_**specialties**\_\_such as: pearl, Phu Quoc fish sauce, pepper and fresh seafood.

Besides, coming to Phu Quoc, visitors can enjoy many unique, delicious and cheap **(6)** \_\_\_**dishes**\_\_\_\_such as grilled abalone, raw Nhum with mustard, herring salad, …

**III. Read the following passage and circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbers blanks.**

People need to breathe. If they don’t breathe, they **(1)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ die. But how clean is the air people breathe? If they breathe dirty air, they will have breathing problems and become **(2)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Plants and animals need clean air too. A lot of the things in our lives create harmful gases and **(3)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the air dirty, like cars, motorbikes and factories. Dirty air is called **(4)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ air’. Air pollution can also make our Earth warmer . The problem of air pollution started with the burning of coal in homes **(5)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ factories.

**1.** A. will B. are C. must D. do

**2.** A. well B. better C. ill D. good

**3.** A. get B. make C. give D. have

**4.** A. pollute B. polluting C. pollutes D. polluted

**5.** A. and B. or C. but D. so

**IV. Read the following holiday advertisements and then write the correct word(s) or numbers in each blank in the sentences below.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Escape From The Crowd**Go to Stirling! There’s beautiful scenery. You can stay in small comfortable self – catering cottages at low prices. | **Adventure Holiday**Ring 05 – 7843 – 9569 for leaflets and brochures on our holidays in Nepal, and the Amazon. Every holiday is full of excitement! |
| **Happy holiday**Ring 01 – 3578 – 9786 for new brochures on shopping and sightseeing holidays in Bangkok, Seoul, London, and New York. Each holiday includes visits to theatres, museums, and great restaurants. | **Sunny Camp Holiday**Spend a holiday in one of the caravans or tents in Europe. There are a lot of shops, restaurants, and swimming pools on all sites. Visit our website <http://SunnyCampHoliday.com> for details. |

**1.** If you want an exciting holiday, ring 05 – 7843 – 9569.

**2.** Happy holidayarranges holidays for people who want to visit big cities, go shopping and have **a** lot of entertainment.

**3.** Sunny Camp Holiday arranges for people to stay in tents and caravans during their holiday.

**4.** Stirling is a good place for a cheap holiday in lovely scenery.

**5.** Adventure Holiday is for people who are interested in holidays in Nepal.

**V. Read the text about New York and answer the questions.**

New York is one of the largest cities in the world with nearly 8 million people. It has five boroughs: Manhattan, The Bronx, Queens, Brooklyn and Staten Island. Manhattan is the economic and cultural centre of New York. In Manhattan, there is Central Park, a huge green area with lakes, gardens and woods. Many people go cycling, horseback riding, swimming and jogging there.

There are a lot of skyscrapers in New York. The most famous one in The Empire State Building, with 102 floors. The Statue of Liberty is at the entrance to New York harbour. It was a gift from France and attracts a lot of visitors every day.

**1.** How many people are there in New York?

 ☞ There are nearly 8 million people.

**2.** What is Manhattan?

 ☞ It is the economic and cultural centre of New York.

**3.** What can people do in Central Park?

 ☞ They can go cycling, horseback riding, swimming and jogging there.

**4.** How many floors does The Empire State Building have?

 ☞ It has 102 floors.

**5.** Where is the Statue of Liberty?

 ☞ It is at the entrance to New York harbour.

**E**

**WRITING**

**I. Complete the second sentence so that it has similar meaning to the first sentence.**

**1.** We have two brothers, Jack and Mike.

 ☞ Jack and Mike are our brothers.

**2.** Does that motorbike belong to him?

 ☞ Is that his motorbike.

**3.** These postcards are ours.

 ☞ These are our postcards.

**4.** This box of chocolate is hers.

 ☞ This box of chocolate belongs to her.

**5.** Those are their apple trees.

 ☞ These apple trees are theirs.

**II. Rearrange the given words and phrases to make complete sentences.**

**1.** What’s/ winter/ weather/ in/ the/ Stockholm/ like/ in/?

 ☞ What's the weather like in Stockholm in winter?

**2.** We/ a/ year/ to/ visit/ had/ wonderful/ Tokyo/ last/.

 ☞ We had a wonderful visit to Tokyo last year.

**3.** lucky / visit/famous / She / to /is/places/ the / many / in /world/.

 ☞ She is lucky to visit many famous places in the world

**4.** I/ visiting / old / love / in /houses / Hoi An /.

 ☞ I love visiting old houses in Hoi An.

**5.** Ha Noi/ for / famous / its / is / street food / delicious /.

 ☞ Ha Noi is famous for its delicious street food.

**6.** this city/ lots/ You/ find/ shopping/ can/ of/ malls/ in/.

 ☞ You can find lots of shopping malls in this city.

**7.** Seoul/ Lotte World/ is/ famous/ for/.

 ☞ Seoul is famous for Lotte World.

**8.** The City Museum/ about/ here/ fifteen minutes’/ is/ from/ walk/.

 ☞ The City Museum is about fifteen minutes' walk from here.

**9.** not/to/It/find/is/ strange / easy / in / city / your way/a/.

 ☞ It is not easy to find your way in a strange city.

**10.** millions / There / every / visitors / are / Paris / year / to / of/.

 ☞ There are millions of visitors to Paris every year.

**III. Rearrange the sentences to make a meaningful postcard.**

**a.** I’m here with my parents and this is our third day in Paris.

**b.** The weather is very good and we’ve having a great time here.

**c.** Dear Lilly,

**d.** This is a Paris landmark with a lot of famous paintings. It was great to see the Mona Lisa by Leonardo da Vinci.

**e.** Tomorrow we’re visiting the Centre Pompidou – another famous museum of Paris. On Saturday we’re buying some souvenirs and on Sunday we’re coming back home.

**f.** We spent the first day visiting the Louvre Museum.

**g.** Yesterday morning, we visited the Eiffel Tower and in the afternoon we went to Omaha Beach.

**h.** See you soon.

Love,

Mary

**i.** I’m writing to you from Paris.

**j.** We were sunbathing and we were having a bath in the sea. We took a lot of photos there.

 **The correct order is:**

 **1. - c 2. - i 3. - a 4. - b 5. - f 6. - d 7. - g 8. - j 9. - e 10. - h**

**IV. Use the following guides to write a paragraph about Glasgow, a city in Scotland.**

* Lot/ people/ world/ know/ Glasgow
* Third largest city/ Great Britain
* Lie/ river Clyde/ Scotland
* Very old city
* University of Glasgow/ found/ 1450
* Famous English writer/ Daniel Defoe/ say/ cleanest/ beautiful/ city/ Great Britain.
* James Watt/ study/ Glasgow University.
* Famous engineer/ construct/ steam engine
* Scotland/ rich. Coat/ iron/ so/ Glasgow/ grow/ large city
* Many/ big/ engineering plant/ textile factory/ city

A lot of people in the world know Glasgow. It is the third largest city in Great Britain. It lies on the river Clyde in Scotland. Glasgow is a very old city. The University of Glasgow was founded in 1450. The famous English writer Daniel Defoe said that Glasgow was the cleanest and most beautiful city in Great britain. James Watt studied at Glasgow University, he became a famous engineer and constructed a steam engine. Scotland is rich in coal and iron, so Glasgow grows into a large city, there are any big engineering planets and textile factories in the city.