

SAMPLE TEST NO. 1

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. coughed B. wicked C. knocked D. helped
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. swallow B. same C. page D. taste
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. decide B. postpone C. delay D. bother
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. confidence B. computer C. indicate D. maximum
5. **Sarah:** Well, everyone, I shall be absent _____ work for the next six weeks.
Tom: Oh, are you taking a holiday?
Sarah: Yes, a nice long one! So, a happy Christmas to all of you!
A. of B. from C. to D. with
6. **David:** I've always wanted to visit Vietnam.
Linh: You should! Vietnam, _____ I spent most of my childhood, is a country of great culture and tradition.
A. whom B. that C. which D. where
7. **Mike:** Can you _____ what it would be like to live in a remote area without Wi-Fi?
Jess: Oh, that would be awful! I couldn't survive without it!
A. speak B. advise C. imagine D. understand
8. **Jone:** Have you heard about the new basketball court in town?
Smith: Yes, I have! I really want to _____
A. join in B. try out C. work on D. hang out
9. **Grandma:** This coat is beautiful! Did you make it yourself?
Emily: I did! It took so much time _____ to knit it.
A. to have learned B. learning C. learn D. to learn
10. **Bride:** I'm so sorry you missed the wedding, John.
John: I really wanted to be there! I didn't get your invitation in time.
Bride: I know, I couldn't send it to you _____ the post office closed on Sunday.
A. because B. although C. so D. or
11. **Tim:** Wow, nice watch! Is it expensive?
Boss: Not really. It's actually _____!
A. cheapest than my employees' B. more cheaper than my employees'
C. cheaper than my employees' D. most cheaper than my employees'
12. **Dr. Lee:** Mary is a wonderful volunteer here at the hospital.
Nurse: Yes, she's very _____ and caring. I think she would make a good nurse.
A. mischievous B. sufficient C. efficient D. disobedient
13. **April:** "I'm having a bad headache."
Jacob: " _____ "
A. That sounds great. B. Really? That's too bad.
C. No, I haven't. D. I'm going to see a doctor.
14. **Peter:** "How do you like classical music?"
Lina: " _____ "
A. Oh, I bought some in that store. B. How should I?
C. Oh, do you? D. Oh, I like it a lot.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?
- A. Leave the door open.
 - B. Don't leave the door unclosed
 - C. Don't let the door hit you.
 - D. This door mustn't be used.
16. What does the sign mean?
- A. No sleepwalkers allowed.
 - B. No chewing-gum allowed.
 - C. No spitting allowed.
 - D. No singing allowed.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Couples in Thailand tie the knot on elephants on Valentine's Day

Fifty-nine couples in Thailand got married while riding elephants on Sunday, in an annual Valentine's Day mass wedding (17) _____ at a botanical garden in a province east of Bangkok.

Dancers and a band led the procession of elephants and couples and a (18) _____ official, also on an elephant, oversaw the signing of the marriage license.

"For me, I've been planning for a long time that if I were to sign a marriage license one day, it must be an extraordinary event," said groom Fatiphat Panthanon, 26, sitting beside his (19) _____ bride.

The elephant-back wedding is an annual event at the Nong Nooch Tropical Garden in Chonburi province which usually attracts up to a hundred couples. But this year (20) _____ the coronavirus pandemic, the numbers were down.

Kampon Tansacha, president of the Nong Nooch Tropical Garden, said that due to strict screening protocols for visitors, people were feeling (21) _____ and have started to come back to visit the botanical park, (22) _____ showcases recreations of landscaped gardens from around the world.

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|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 17. A. celebration | B. anniversary | C. ceremony | D. party |
| 18. A. local | B. locally | C. locals | D. locality |
| 19. A. 23-years-old | B. 23-year-olds | C. 23-year-old | D. 23 years of age |
| 20. A. due to | B. in spite of | C. although | D. thanks to |
| 21. A. safety | B. safely | C. unsafe | D. safer |
| 22. A. where | B. which | C. what | D. that |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Globalization

Globalization is a term used to describe how trade and technology have made the world into a more connected and interdependent place. Globalization also captures in its scope the economic and social changes that have come about as a result. People, money, material goods, ideas, and even disease and devastation have traveled these silken strands, and have done so in greater numbers and with greater speed than ever in the present age.

When did globalization begin? Many scholars say it started with Columbus's voyage to the New World in 1492. With the Information Age, globalization went into overdrive. Advances in computer and communications technology launched a new global era and redefined what it meant to be "connected".

The World Wide Web and the Internet allowed someone in Germany to read about a breaking news story in Bolivia in real time. Someone wishing to

travel from Boston, Massachusetts, to London, England, could do so in hours rather than the week or more it would have taken a hundred years ago. This digital revolution massively impacted economies across the world as well.

23. The world has become more connected and interdependent as a result of trade and technology. _____
24. Globalization started in 1492. _____
25. The peak of globalization was in the Age of Revolution. _____
26. The digital revolution doesn't affect the world economy. _____
27. What redefined the meaning of the word "connected"? _____

- A. Computer and communication technology B. A new global era
C. The Information Age D. Columbus's voyage

28. What can the World Wide Web and the Internet do?

- A. Allow people to read about breaking news wherever they want.
B. Allow people to fly from Boston to London.
C. Allow people to change the world.
D. Allow people to do everything online.

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. These beautiful girls speak English _____. (nature)
30. People take enjoyment and _____ from their work, their families and leisure activities. (satisfy)
31. We asked for his support in the election, but he wasn't _____ to our request. (sympathy)
32. The vicinity of Dighton Rock has been _____ and furnished with parking and picnic facilities. (beauty)
33. People believe that the Internet is much more _____ than television or the press. (inform)
34. They will _____ go to school on time. (certain)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "lifestyle" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

lifestyle *noun*



/'laɪfstɑɪl/

/'laɪfstɑɪl/

[countable, uncountable]

the way in which a person or a group of people lives and works

- Many people are trying to adopt a **healthy lifestyle** these days.
- a comfortable/lavish lifestyle
- Too many children are **living a** completely sedentary **lifestyle**.
- It was a big change in lifestyle when we moved to the country.
- lifestyle choices/changes**
- the lifestyle section of the newspaper (= the part that deals with clothes, furniture, hobbies, etc.)

35. A _____ includes regular exercise, a balanced diet, and plenty of sleep.
36. Making small _____, like walking more and reducing stress, can improve your overall health.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. He hasn't drunk any beer since the accident happened.
→ He _____
38. Daniel couldn't do his homework on his own, so I've been helping him.
→ Because _____
39. This is the biggest challenge Peter has ever faced.
→ Peter has _____
40. It's a pity they are travelling on an uncomfortable bus.
→ They wish _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 2

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. kindergarten B. industry C. windy D. kindness
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. laughed B. wrapped C. soaked D. surprised
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. severe B. survivor C. improvement D. violence
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. transform B. transmit C. transport D. translate
5. I didn't feel funny when Sam joked _____ my best friend's appearance.
A. from B. about C. with D. between
6. The public is banned from the forest _____ winter because of its potential threats.
A. for B. under C. in D. of
7. **Rebecca:** "I didn't participate in the competition. What about you?"
Dan: "My team almost got the first prize. We were winning _____ my teammate lost his footing and fell."
A. though B. before C. when D. if
8. **Mary:** "Are you writing to your family?"
Tyler: "Yes, I'm sending my mom a postcard _____ I bought at the aquarium."
A. where B. whom C. who D. which
9. **Gary:** "I have a bag of flour. What else do you need?"
Anna: "The recipe calls for a carton of milk and _____ eggs. You need to go to the supermarket."
A. an amount of B. too much C. every D. several
10. **Robert:** "Why do you look so sad?"
Serena: "I spent a whole afternoon _____ a model house, but my cat suddenly broke it."
A. build B. to build C. building D. built
11. **Josh:** "I'm going to visit my grandparents this summer. What about you?"
Laura: "I think I will _____ with my painting project."
A. carry out B. carry on C. turn out D. turn on
12. **Jennifer:** "My mother always _____ to me about my hairstyle, which annoys me a lot."
Liam: "Calm down. She just wants good thing for you."
A. comprises B. complains C. completes D. composes
13. **John:** "I don't think surfing the web is as time-consuming as adults believe."
Clover: " _____"
A. Well done! B. That's awful! C. Nothing much. D. Neither do I.
14. **David:** "I have compiled a list of all the interesting locations that we can visit."
Navy: " _____"
A. Don't mention it. It was no trouble at all. B. Great! Let's go to as many places as possible.
C. Have a great trip! D. Oh, no. I think we need more than that.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?
A. The restroom is full now.
B. We are cleaning and you can't come in.
C. The restroom has just been cleaned.
D. You can sleep because it's very clean.



16. What does the sign say?

- A. You need to think about the gap.
- B. You need to stay away from the gap.
- C. You need to be careful about the gap.
- D. You need to remember the gap.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Trinh Cong Son (February 28, 1939 – April 1, 2001) is considered one of the greatest Vietnamese songwriters of all time. He is listed as one of the artists with the largest number of discs sold.

It is (17) _____ reported that he composed about 600 musical works in his life, but the number of widely-known songs (18) _____ 236. The core themes in all of his songs are love, human's fate and anti-war. His songs have been performed by hundreds of national and international singers, but only a few of them have been recognized as successful 'Trinh's music' singer.

Apart (19) _____ being a songwriter, he is also known to be a poet, painter and amateur actor. He once played in a film in 1971. At times when staying away from music, he wrote poems and made paintings, many of which were (20) _____ in 1989.

Trinh Cong Son died on April 1, 2001, at the (21) _____ of 62. Hundreds of thousands of people gathered at his funeral for a concert, making it one of the largest events in Vietnam ever. Every year, his family and Trinh's music lovers across the country organize different activities to commemorate his death which is regarded as one of the (22) _____ losses of the nation. On February 28, 2019, Google even celebrated his 80th birthday.

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|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 17. A. office | B. unofficial | C. unofficially | D. officer |
| 18. A. is | B. are | C. was | D. were |
| 19. A. to | B. from | C. toward | D. forward |
| 20. A. disappeared | B. created | C. offered | D. exhibited |
| 21. A. age | B. year | C. birthday | D. number |
| 22. A. happiest | B. biggest | C. most common | D. most brilliant |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Thanksgiving is one of the major holidays of Catholics celebrated annually mainly in the US and Canada to thank that God has given them in the past year. In fact, the original meaning of Thanksgiving day was to celebrate the harvest and thank God for a full and peaceful life, but gradually, the meaning of this holiday has become more human. On this national holiday, American people give gifts, cards or best wishes to those who have helped them over the past year. In the US, Thanksgiving is celebrated on the fourth Thursday in November while Canadians celebrate it on the second Monday of the month.

Like Christmas, Thanksgiving is a time Americans spend with their families. On this day, families hold a big party at home. Roasted turkey or turkey served with gravy sauce, baked cowpeas, pumpkin pie is a must-have.

In addition to traditional dishes, a number of special activities like parades or football matches are also held. Right after Thanksgiving ends, Friday becomes a shopping day. This day is very famous around the world as Black Friday. On this day, stores launch biggest discounts of the year, attracting millions of shopaholics who have lined up since the night before to buy their favorite items at a price that could not be cheaper.

23. US residents celebrate Thanksgiving every year. _____
24. American people always give gifts, money and best wishes to those who have helped them over the past year. _____
25. In the US, Thanksgiving is celebrated on the second Monday of November. _____
26. People hold family parties and many other activities on Thanksgiving. _____
27. Which of the following may be the best title for the reading passage?
- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. A National Holiday | B. National Holiday Activities |
| C. Black Friday | D. Holiday Foods |
28. In the reading passage, all of the following are mentioned EXCEPT _____.
A. What people give B. What people eat C. What people sing D. What people do

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. Using more reusable bags can lead to great _____ in plastic ones. (reduce)
30. My father had a competent _____ repair his motorbike. (machine)
31. You need to ensure that a patient feels _____ enough to discuss things fully. (relax)
32. He did the physics test so _____ that he had plenty of time to revise it. (quick)
33. Evan spent a lot of time _____ on the beach during his summer holiday. (lie)
34. The chief executive has received lots of customer _____ about the new product. (complain)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "explanation" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

explanation *noun*



OPAL W

OPAL S

/ˌekspləˈneɪʃn/

/ˌekspləˈneɪʃn/

[countable, uncountable]

□ a statement, fact, or situation that tells you why something happened; a reason given for something

- The most **likely explanation** is that his plane was delayed.
- It's the only explanation that makes any sense.
- a **plausible/an alternative explanation**
- to **offer/provide an explanation**
- **explanation for something** I can't think of any **possible explanation** for his absence.
- I'm sure there's a perfectly **simple explanation** for this.

35. The _____ for the missing cookies is that your brother ate them.
36. My teacher gave a _____ of how plants use sunlight to grow.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. Tom has never used such an interesting chatbox.
→ It is _____
38. Although he was intelligent, he couldn't solve that physics problem.
→ Despite his _____
39. I don't usually sing karaoke at home for fear of disturbing my neighbours.
→ In order _____
40. "Don't go out without my permission," Mrs Chau told the students.
→ Mrs Chau told _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 3

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. implants B. enters C. upgrades D. doubles
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. group B. soup C. through D. although
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. water B. swimming C. between D. schoolboy
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. confidence B. effective C. celebrate D. handicapped
5. **Sarah:** It's heartbreaking to know that some families are cruel _____ their own children.
Michael: I agree. Every child deserves a loving and safe home.
A. with B. for C. to D. in
6. **Teacher:** Why do you spend so much time online, David?
David: I go to these chat rooms and these websites because I'm interested in _____ people think.
A. that B. which C. what D. where
7. **Lucas:** I'm having trouble understanding this English TV show.
Maria: You can put on English _____ for TV shows in English and your native language.
A. equipment B. subtitles C. information D. phrases
8. **Witness:** I saw someone suspicious on the street last night.
Detective: Oh really? Who was it?
Witness: Jake Martin _____ the street last night. He looked like he was up to no good.
A. came across B. came down with C. looked after D. went over
9. **Lisa:** What are you doing this morning?
Amy: What about _____ shopping with me?
A. go B. goes C. to go D. going
10. **Mom:** Why are you so sleepy today?
Daughter: She is tired _____ she stayed up late doing her homework.
A. as B. but C. so D. and
11. **Teacher:** We need to do more to educate people about recycling.
Student: I agree. There is _____ information available on recycling, but unfortunately, little of it is known by ordinary people.
A. a lot of B. plenty of C. several D. much
12. **Student 1:** I'm worried about the upcoming tests.
Student 2: What can we do to get good marks in the first _____ tests?
A. class B. semester C. year D. season
13. Maria and her friend, Enika, are in a coffee shop.
Maria: "Would you like vanilla ice-cream or chocolate."
Enika: " _____ "
A. Thanks, that's fine. B. Yes, I'd love too.
C. It doesn't matter. D. Neither is fine. They are good.
14. Hendry and Jenny are talking about a book they have just read.
Hendry: "The book is really interesting and educational."
Jenny: " _____ "
A. That's nice of you to say so. B. I'd love it.
C. Don't mention it. D. I couldn't agree more.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the sign mean?
- A. You must keep your seat belt fastened.
 - B. You can wear your seat belt if you want.
 - C. It's not good to fasten your seat belt.
 - D. You need to bring a seat belt.



16. What does the sign mean?
- A. The fence is safe.
 - B. Electricity on the fence can kill you.
 - C. You can put your hand on the fence.
 - D. Electricity on the fence is permitted.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

The city of Knoxville, USA had beautiful buildings and a rich history. (17) _____, the people there weren't happy. They had some traffic jams, and rush hour was busy, but that was like any other big, modern city. So, what was wrong with Knoxville? The problem was an increase in (18) _____ people.

Many people lost their homes because the rent was rising. Ray Wilks, an old man (19) _____ was homeless in Knoxville said he struggled to stay happy. "I was sleeping on the sidewalk because the cost of living was going up. I had to move out of my home because I didn't have enough money for rent."

The city found a way to solve the problem. The government (20) _____ more apartment blocks that are cheap to rent. They also provided more jobs, like factory workers, because people were looking (21) _____ work. Now, more people can pay their rent.

Ray Wilks is much happier since he now has a job and place to live. "Life is great again! I'm so happy to have a job and an apartment. I'm really (22) _____ to the government of Knoxville for their hard work!"

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|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 17. A. Because | B. Although | C. Therefore | D. However |
| 18. A. homesick | B. homeless | C. homeward | D. homely |
| 19. A. who | B. whom | C. whose | D. which |
| 20. A. builds | B. built | C. is building | D. was built |
| 21. A. at | B. after | C. for | D. up |
| 22. A. thankful | B. excited | C. happy | D. satisfied |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

The Great Pacific Garbage Patch

The Great Pacific Garbage Patch is a collection of marine debris in the North Pacific Ocean. Marine debris is litter that ends up in oceans, seas, and other large bodies of water.

For many people, the idea of a "garbage patch" conjures up images of an island of trash floating on the ocean. In reality, these patches are almost entirely made up of tiny bits of plastic, called microplastics. Microplastics can't always be seen by the naked eye. Even satellite imagery doesn't show a giant patch of garbage. The microplastics of the Great Pacific Garbage Patch can simply make the water look like a cloudy soup. This soup is intermixed with larger items, such as fishing gear and shoes.

No one knows how much debris makes up the Great Pacific Garbage Patch. The North Pacific Subtropical Gyre is too large for scientists to trawl. In addition, not all of the trash floats on the surface. Denser debris can sink centimeters or even several meters beneath the surface, making the vortex's area nearly impossible to measure.

23. The Great Pacific Garbage Patch is located on the north side of the Atlantic Ocean. _____
24. We can't always see the microplastics with the naked eye. _____
25. People know the exact amount of debris in the Great Pacific Garbage Patch. _____
26. All of the trash is concentrated on the surface of the ocean. _____
27. What does "**garbage patch**" mean? _____

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. A dense collection of microplastics | B. A place where people keep trash |
| C. Litters from the sea | D. Litters from people travelling across the sea |
28. What does the water of the sea be like if it has microplastics?

- A. A patch of garbage
C. A cloudy soup

- B. Fishing gear and shoes
D. An island of trash

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. This book is _____ decorated with a red ribbon and a jingly bell. (beauty)
30. Since her _____ the room has been full of laughter. (arrive)
31. I thought the best way to _____ my English was to live in USA. (improvement)
32. As a student, she lived very _____, rarely going out and buying very few clothes. (economy)
33. One interesting trend I've seen is individuals promoting _____ clothing items. (vary)
34. Many hospitals in the town are about half full, and several of them need replacement or _____ (modern).

VI. Look at the entry of the word "benefit" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

benefit *noun*

 **OPAL W** **OPAL S**

 /'benɪfɪt/

 /'benɪfɪt/

[countable, uncountable]

□ an advantage that something gives you; a helpful and useful effect that something has

- *Freedom of information brings great benefits.*
- *health/economic/tax benefits*
- *the benefits of modern medicine*
- *I've had the benefit of a good education.*
- *It was good to see her finally reaping the benefits (= enjoying the results) of all her hard work.*
- *The industry will be one of the first to enjoy the benefits of the recovery.*
- *The company derived substantial benefit from the deal.*

35. Regular exercise has many _____, including reducing the risk of heart disease and improving mental well-being.

36. After years of saving diligently, she can now _____ of a comfortable retirement.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. Tom last watched TV on New Year's Day.
→ Tom hasn't _____
38. Alan prefers to have a pool in his house to swim in.
→ Alan would _____
39. I can't wait to go on holiday.
→ I am _____
40. I regret the fact that we didn't see the band play.
→ I wish _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 4

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. signs B. profits C. becomes D. survives
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. fishing B. middle C. picture D. find
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. raincoat B. enjoy C. allow D. prepare
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. wonderful B. family C. attention D. decorate
5. **Passenger 1:** I'm surprised the train is here already.
Passenger 2: I know, right? We didn't have to wait for it at all. It arrived _____ time.
A. in B. on C. at D. to
6. Mistletoe, _____ is believed to have magic powers, is traditionally hung over doorways during the Christmas season.
A. who B. whose C. which D. that
7. **Resident 1:** It's taking me longer and longer to get to work these days.
Resident 2: I know, the streets are getting too _____ because there are too many vehicles.
Resident 1: We need better public transportation options!
A. attractive B. congested C. complicated D. dangerous
8. **Airport Staff:** Attention passengers for flight 345 to London, please proceed to gate 10 immediately.
Traveler: Oh no! Hurry up, the plane _____ in five minutes!
A. takes on B. takes up C. takes off D. takes away
9. **John:** I'm starving. What do you feel like eating?
Mary: Would you like _____ to the new Italian restaurant for dinner?
A. that we go B. that you go C. going D. to go
10. **News Reporter:** Despite rising energy costs, many households are still not taking steps to conserve power.
Analyst: It's true. People know they should save energy, _____ they still waste it.
A. but B. then C. and D. so
11. **Friend 1:** She's quite tall, isn't she?
Friend 2: Yes, she was fairly tall, taller than her friends, but not _____ tall _____ her boyfriend.
A. as - like B. similar - as C. as - as D. x - than
12. **Neil:** "The astronauts communicated with Earth using a _____ system."
Buzz: "Of course! Radio waves can travel through the vast distances of space."
A. radio B. telescope C. capsule D. radar
13. **Terry:** "Is dinner ready yet?"
Jack: " _____ "
A. No problems. B. In a few more minutes. C. It's been too long. D. Ten minutes.
14. **Laura:** "I wish I could visit your house again someday, Martin."
Martin: " _____ "
A. Too true. B. What a day! C. You're always welcome! D. Yes, let's.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the sign mean?
- A. You can see a lot of motor vehicles here.
 - B. Motor vehicles aren't allowed here.
 - C. You should drive motor vehicles.
 - D. Overtaking is prohibited.



16. What does the sign mean?

- A. Please give up your seat for elderly or handicapped
- B. Elderly or handicapped people must leave their seats
- C. This seat is not for elderly or handicapped people
- D. You can reserve seats for elderly or handicapped people

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Climate change

Climate change is the long-term alteration of temperature and typical weather patterns in a place. Climate change could refer to a particular location or the planet as a (17) _____. Climate change may cause weather patterns to be less predictable. These unexpected weather patterns can make it difficult to maintain and grow crops in regions that rely on farming (18) _____ expected temperature and rainfall levels can no longer be relied on. Climate change has also been connected with other (19) _____ weather events such as more frequent and more intense hurricanes, floods, downpours, and winter storms.

The cause of current climate change is largely human activity, like burning fossil fuels, like natural gas, oil, and coal. Burning these materials releases (20) _____ are called greenhouse gases into Earth's atmosphere. There, these gases trap heat from the sun's rays inside the atmosphere causing Earth's average temperature (21) _____. Throughout Earth's history, climate has continually changed. When occurring naturally, this is a slow process that has taken place over hundreds and thousands of years. The human influenced climate change that is happening now is occurring at a (22) _____ faster rate.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| 17. A. all | B. sum | C. whole | D. completion |
| 18. A. so | B. because | C. although | D. however |
| 19. A. damaging | B. destroyed | C. terrific | D. glorious |
| 20. A. which | B. that | C. what | D. when |
| 21. A. rising | B. to rise | C. rose | D. risen |
| 22. A. many | B. by far | C. lot of | D. much |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Drought

A drought is a period of time when an area or region experiences below- normal precipitation. The lack of adequate precipitation, either rain or snow, can cause reduced soil moisture or groundwater, diminished stream flow, crop damage, and a general water shortage. Droughts are the second-most costly weather event after hurricanes.

Unlike with sudden weather events such as hurricanes, tornadoes, and thunderstorms, it is often difficult to pinpoint when a drought has started or when it has ended. The initial effects of a drought may be difficult to identify right away so it may take weeks or months to determine that drought has started. The end of a drought is hard to identify for the same reason. A drought may last for weeks, months, or even years. Sometimes, drought conditions can exist for a decade or more in a region. The longer a drought lasts, the greater the harmful effects it has on people.

23. Droughts happen when there is a shortage of water. _____
24. Droughts are the most costly weather event. _____
25. Droughts are easy to be predicted. _____
26. Droughts which last for decades usually cause lots of damage to people. _____
27. Which weather event according to the passage is not a sudden one?
- | | | | |
|--------------|------------|-----------------|------------|
| A. Hurricane | B. Tornado | C. Thunderstorm | D. Drought |
|--------------|------------|-----------------|------------|
28. Which one is not the result of drought?
- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| A. Reduced soil moisture | B. Increase stream flow |
| C. Crop damage | D. General water shortage |

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. After a brief _____ as a student teacher, Moore became a teacher at the school he (introduce) had attended.

30. What the _____ childhood! (memory)
31. David cannot understand why his sister wears her blonde hair _____ long. (fashion)
32. Countries with strong leaders are more successful in _____ education. (modern)
33. Old heating systems are being replaced because they are _____ and too environmentally polluting. (economy)
34. The famous singer thanks all her fans and _____ on her Facebook throughout the years. (follow)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "connection" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

connection *noun*



OPAL W

/kə'nekʃn/

/kə'nekʃn/

(also British English, old-fashioned **connexion**)

[countable]

□ something that connects two facts, ideas, etc.

SYNONYM **link**

- **connection between A and B** Scientists have *established a connection* between cholesterol levels and heart disease.
- **connection with something** a *direct/close/strong connection* with something
- His resignation must *have some connection* with the recent scandal.
- **connection to something** Consumers are more likely to buy something from a person or shop they feel a *personal connection* to.
- How did you *make the connection* (= realize that there was a connection between two facts that did not seem to be related)?

35. Although they came from different backgrounds, they quickly _____ through their shared love of music.

36. I chose this university because I felt a _____ with the professors and the overall atmosphere of the campus.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. We haven't seen such an outstanding natural landscape before.

→ This is the _____

38. Because there was a storm, students had to stay at home.

→ Because of _____

39. I'm too poor to afford a trip into space.

→ I'm not _____

40. I bought this air - conditioner because it consumes less electricity than the others.

→ This air - conditioner, which _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 5

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. pyramids B. photographs C. celebrations D. remembers
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. bush B. rush C. pull D. push
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. public B. teacher C. happy D. divide
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. adequate B. mechanic C. talented D. dominant
5. **Sarah:** I'm so nervous about this audition. I don't think I'll get the part.
David: Don't give up your hope. Be confident _____ yourself. You're a great singer!
A. of B. about C. in D. with
6. **Emily:** Who's that girl with all the stamps?
Michael: That's Theresa, _____ is my best friend. She has a big collection of limited edition stamps.
A. whom B. who C. that D. which
7. **Guest:** Excuse me, I think I left my son's teddy bear in the room. He's very attached to it.
Hotel Clerk: No problem, we'll check our lost _____. We actually have fifteen teddy bears in there right now!
Can you describe it for me?
A. capsule B. fashion C. property D. experience
8. **John:** I wasn't sure about this musical, but wow!
Mary: I know! The musical play _____ to be better than I had expected.
A. turns out B. comes down C. turns on D. comes up with
9. **Son:** Mom, I want to have my wardrobe _____. It looks so terrible.
Mom: Okay, we can look at some paint colors this weekend.
A. to repaint B. repaint C. repainted D. repainting
10. **Lisa:** He seems unhappy. I thought winning the lottery would change that.
Tom: _____ he got a fortune, he was not satisfied.
A. So long as B. In spite of C. Owing to D. Even though
11. **News Reporter 1:** This flooding is the worst I've ever seen!
News Reporter 2: We have had so much rain that the fields on _____ sides of the river were _____ flooded.
A. every - both B. neither - each C. all - much D. both - all
12. **Ann:** Do you like listening to music when you study?
Bob: No, I don't. The loud music can _____ me from my homework. I prefer a quiet place to study.
A. boost B. distract C. observe D. improve
13. **Brian:** "Shall we go to the beach on the weekend?"
David: "Would you like vanilla ice-cream or chocolate?"
Enika: " _____ "
A. That's a fine day B. That's a good trip. C. Yes, let's. D. Yes, please.
14. **Linda:** " _____ ".
Maria: "I have got a terrible stomachache".
A. What's the matter with you? B. What's the wrong with you?
C. What's happened with you? D. What's problem with you?

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does this sign say?
A. Road closed ahead
B. No left turn
C. No U-turn permitted
D. No passing zone



16. What does this sign say?

- A. You don't have to raise your voice in this area
- B. You shouldn't speak to anyone in this area.
- C. You must be quiet in this area.
- D. You mustn't talk in this area.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Renewable resources

When it comes to energy resources, there is always the (17) _____ of sustainability. It is important that resources provide enough energy to (18) _____ our needs-to heat our houses, power our cities, and run our cars. However, it is also important to consider how these resources can be used long term. Some resources will practically never (19) _____ out. These are known as renewable resources. Renewable resources also produce clean energy, meaning less pollution and greenhouse gas emissions, which contribute to climate change.

There are some challenges associated with using renewable resources. For instance, renewable energy can be (20) _____ reliable than non-renewable energy, with (21) _____ or even daily changes in the amount produced. However, scientists are continually (22) _____ these challenges, working to improve feasibility and reliability of renewable resources.

<http://www.nationalgeography.org/encyclopedia/renewable-resources/>

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| 17. A. solution | B. question | C. emotion | D. benefit |
| 18. A. provide | B. increase | C. curb | D. meet |
| 19. A. run | B. turn | C. pick | D. take |
| 20. A. more | B. less | C. fewer | D. most |
| 21. A. seasoned | B. seasoning | C. seasonal | D. seasonable |
| 22. A. taking | B. adapting | C. moving | D. addressing |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

The most popular jobs around the world may not always be so popular. Some jobs will become very important in the future, while others may stop all together. Here are three jobs that I think will be very popular in the future.

One job that will become more popular is being an astronaut. I think we will want to travel to and explore faraway planets someday, in particular Mars. For this reason, we will need more astronauts.

Another job that I believe will become more important is being a scientist. In my opinion, we will need new kinds of medicines and vaccines to protect people from new illnesses. Because of this, being a scientist, mainly a medical scientist, will become more popular.

Virtual reality designers will also be a popular job, I believe we will spend a lot more time in virtual reality. We will do lots of things in it, especially practicing surgery, doing experiments, and having meetings. As a result, we will need more people to design these virtual spaces.

The world is changing, and so are the jobs we need people to do. Young people should think about this when they plan their future careers.

23. Astronauts will become more popular because we want to explore Mars. _____
24. The author believes that being a virtual reality designer will not be popular in the future. _____
25. The author mentions that new kinds of medicines and vaccines are not necessary for the future. _____
26. The text suggests that young people should consider future job trends when planning their careers. _____
27. Which job does the author believe will become more popular because of space exploration?
- A. Scientist B. Astronaut C. Virtual reality designer D. Doctor
28. Why does the author think virtual reality designers will be needed in the future?
- A. To design virtual spaces for surgery, experiments, and meetings
- B. To create video games
- C. To design real-life buildings
- D. To improve internet speed

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. Rising prices get people to voluntary _____ on good. (economy)
30. Minh is a very _____ child and does all his own shopping and cooking. (dependence)
31. Dolphins _____ feature in literature and films, as in the film series "Free Willy". (occasion)
32. Teacher's _____ mean so much to students. (encourage)
33. Dinosaurs' _____ is still a big question for scientists. (appear)
34. People threw flowers into the river between the two countries as a _____ act of brotherhood. (symbol)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "reality" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

reality *noun*



OPAL W

OPAL S

/ri'æləti/

/ri'æləti/

(plural **realities**)

[uncountable]

□ the true situation and the problems that actually exist in life, in contrast to how you would like life to be

- She refuses to **face reality**.
- You're **out of touch with reality**.
- The reality is that there is not enough money to pay for this project.
- They seemed to have the perfect marriage but the reality was very different.
- I'm having a hard time adjusting to the reality of this situation.
- **reality that...** He needs to **accept the reality** that his time in this job is over.

35. It's time to _____, you haven't studied enough to pass the exam.
36. After weeks of denying the truth, she finally decided to _____ that her relationship was over.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. "I will apply for a job in a tech company," she said.

→ She said that _____

38. She can't do hard work because she is too old.

→ She is _____

39. "Stop talking, Joe," the teacher said.

→ The teacher _____

40. She got the job because she had excellent qualifications.

→ She got the job because of _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 6

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. walks B. steps C. shuts D. plays
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. young B. plough C. couple D. cousin
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. offer B. reduce C. persuade D. apply
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. endanger B. departure C. determine D. furniture
5. **Student 1:** It's hard that you and your brother are in different classes.
Student 2: Yeah, because my brother and I are in different classes, we only see each other at lunchtime and _____ night.
A. to B. on C. at D. in
6. **Gossip 1:** Did you hear about Mr. Thomas?
Gossip 2: Mr. Thomas _____, has adopted a number of orphans.
A. whom got married recently B., who got married recently
C. that got married recently D., that got married recently
7. **Maria:** The city has recently built a new _____ bridge to improve safety for people walking across the busy road.
David: That's great! It's much safer than trying to dodge cars.
A. cyclist B. pedestrian C. commuter D. driver
8. **Friend:** You seem so close to your aunt.
Person: I was _____ by my aunt. She is very close to me.
A. brought up B. grown up C. taken up D. lived up
9. **Teacher:** You're not going to pass if you don't start studying more.
Student: I know, it's time I _____ to study harder to pass the final exam.
A. to try B. tried C. try D. will try
10. **Friend 1:** Do you ever see your old friends from Canada?
Friend 2: Not really, _____ I emigrated, I haven't had much contact with my old friends and acquaintances.
A. although B. since C. because of D. so that
11. **Hairdresser:** She wants to dye her hair blue?
Parent: My niece is not _____ to have her hair dyed.
A. old enough B. very old C. enough old D. so old
12. **Sarah:** A lot of kids now are overweight because they spend too much time in front of the TV. They're turning into real _____.
Tom: It's true. They need to get outside and be more active.
A. team players B. extroverts C. introverts D. couch potatoes
13. Maria is going to Spain to study next week.
Lina: " _____ "
Maria: "Thanks, I will call you when I arrive in Spain".
A. Better luck next time! B. Have a go!
C. God bless you! D. Have a nice trip!
14. **Tim:** "Where will you go on holiday?"
David: " _____ ".
A. The beach is nice, isn't it? B. Probably I won't think of.
C. Probably to the beach D. I have a four-day vacation.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the sign mean?
- A. Check-in desk.
 - B. Lost luggage found here.
 - C. No brand items.
 - D. Scale your luggage here.
16. What does the notice say?
- A. You must not use a mobile phone here
 - B. You must not use a camera here.
 - C. Dogs can't enter.
 - D. You can't come in

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

AI (Artificial Intelligence) will transform the way we recruit

AI and machine learning are already changing the way we recruit employees. Technology enable us (17) _____ thousands of profiles and compile a list of relevant candidates efficiently. Following the shortlisting process, AI technology can be used to communicate with candidates and keep them engaged (18) _____ every stage of the recruitment journey.

There are lots of AI recruitment tools out there today that help businesses hire remote workers. Users can assess a candidate's skillset, get an insight into their personality, and even gauge to some extent whether or not they will "fit" with the (19) _____ of the company. Some solutions deliver online assessments to candidates and use AI to grade them. (20) _____ recognition technology is used to detect any cheating.

AI also has potential to minimize bias when it comes to recruitment and (21) _____ reviews, as candidates are assessed in a more fact-based way. It can also help HR professionals to pinpoint areas of bias in the company and resolve it efficiently. As a result, AI has the potential to make our "virtual" workplaces more inclusive and (22) _____.

How artificial intelligence will change the future of work-JAXenter

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 17. A. analyze | B. to analyze | C. analyzing | D. analyzed |
| 18. A. at | B. for | C. to | D. by |
| 19. A. surroundings | B. atmosphere | C. vibe | D. culture |
| 20. A. social | B. public | C. facial | D. general |
| 21. A. employee | B. workplace | C. performance | D. company |
| 22. A. diverse | B. diversity | C. diversify | D. diversely |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Noise Pollution

Noise pollution can cause health problems for people and wildlife, both on land and in the sea. From traffic noise to rock concerts, loud or inescapable sounds can cause hearing loss, stress, and high school pressure. Noise from ships and human activities in the ocean is harmful to whales and dolphins that depend on echolocation to survive.

Noise pollution is an invisible danger. It cannot be seen, but it is present nonetheless, both on land and under the sea. Noise pollution is considered to be any unwanted or disturbing sound that affects the health and well-being of humans and other organisms.

Noise pollution impacts millions of people on a daily basis. The most common health problem it causes is Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL). Exposure to loud noise can also cause high blood pressure, heart disease, sleep disturbances, and stress. These health problems can affect all age groups, especially children. Many children who live near noisy airports or streets have been found to suffer from stress and other problems, such as impairments in memory, attention level, and reading skill.

<http://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/noise-pollution/>

23. Noise pollution only causes health problems on land. _____
24. Only human is being affected by noise pollution. _____
25. Noise pollution is a danger that can't be seen with the naked eye. _____
26. Adults are more likely to be affected by noise pollution than children. _____

27. What health problem will children have if they live near noisy airports or streets?
- A. stress. B. higher attention level.
C. increase reading skills. D. better memory.
28. Which one is an example of noise pollution?
- A. traffic noise B. whales and dolphin's sound
C. echolocation D. acoustic concert

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. The novel makes a very interesting read, and the author has an _____ sense of humour. (admire)
30. you have to make an _____ in order to see the doctor. (appoint)
31. David aims to become _____ able in English and Chinese this year. (communicate)
32. Please _____ the date of the meeting with the team. (confirmation)
33. Bhutan is a small, landlocked country in the _____ area to the North of India. (mountain)
34. The temple was filled with _____ during the festival (worship)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "research" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

research *noun*

 **OPAL W** **OPAL S**

 /rɪ'sɜːtʃ/,  /'riːsɜːtʃ/

 /'riːsɜːrtʃ/,  /rɪ'sɜːrtʃ/

□ a careful study of a subject, especially in order to discover new facts or information about it

- **scientific/medical/academic research**
- *They are raising money for cancer research.*
- **to do/conduct/undertake research**
- *I've done some research to find out the cheapest way of travelling there.*
- **research into something** *He has carried out extensive research into renewable energy sources.*
- **research on something/somebody** *Recent research on deaf children has produced some interesting findings about their speech.*
- *Research on animals has led to some important medical advances.*
- **according to research** *According to recent research, more people are going to the movies than ever before.*
- *Their latest **research project** will be funded by the government.*

35. I need to do some _____ the history of chocolate for my school project.
36. My _____ is about the environmental impact of fast fashion.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. It was such rotten meat that it had to be thrown away.
→ The meat was so _____
38. Martin is too old apply for this job.
→ Martin is not _____
39. "Must we follow this traffic law?". Natalie said to her husband
→ Natalie asked _____
40. The authorities are thinking of raising the petrol prices. I will have to cycle to work when that happens.
→ If _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 7

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. talked B. naked C. asked D. liked
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. coup B. touchy C. southern D. rough
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. conserve B. conquer C. conceal D. contain
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. endangered B. effective C. organic D. habitat
5. **Teacher:** What do you know about Uncle Ho?
Student: Uncle Ho spent all his life fighting _____ the independence of our country.
A. for B. over C. against D. with
6. **Real Estate Agent:** And the best part is...
Homebuyer: Wow, they bought a house _____ has a garden overlooking the sea. That's amazing!
A. which B. where C. in which D. what
7. **Co-worker 1:** I can't believe it! After just one day, she had already made an _____ of her manager.
Co-worker 2: I know, right? What did she do?
A. spread B. effect C. tool D. enemy
8. **Student:** I don't know this word.
Teacher: You can _____ words in a dictionary or by Google.
A. look after B. look up C. look up to D. look out
9. **Colleague 1:** How is she finding her new role at the daycare?
Colleague 2: Now, I think she is accustomed _____ with children.
A. work B. to work C. working D. to working
10. **Friend 1:** We need to leave now!
Friend 2: I know, we are in a hurry _____ be late for the concert opening.
A. so as not to B. to C. in order that D. for
11. **Nutritionist:** It's important to make healthy food choices.
Patient: Okay, so fresh vegetables and fruits are _____ canned ones which may contain artificial preservatives.
A. best as B. better like C. better than D. similar as
12. **Announcer:** And here's a look at the plans for the new sports complex.
Reporter: The new sports complex _____ will accommodate an Olympic-sized swimming pool and a fitness center.
A. supplies B. facilities C. categories D. qualities
13. **Sara:** "I really need a new dishwasher."
Jessica: " _____ "
A. That sound nice B. There five of them.
C. That's super. D. Let's go shopping on Saturday.
14. **Kevin:** "If you worked in television, which job would interest you?"
Mark: " _____ ".
A. No, it doesn't interest me. B. Game show host.
C. More than twenty. D. News or sports.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?

- A. The elevator is working.
- B. The elevator is broken.
- C. The elevator is full.
- D. You can go up.

**EXACT FARE
REQUIRED**

16. What does the notice mean?
- A. Don't pay by cash.
 - B. Require exact credit cards.
 - C. Prepare coins beforehand.
 - D. Pay exact fare because your change won't be returned.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

What Makes Teens Commit Crimes?

Teens can break laws for various reasons, and there are a number of factors that can lead them to committing a crime. A teen adopts moral and ethical values from his parents and other family members. It goes (17) _____ saying that family plays a vital role in shaping a teen's (18) _____ and grooming his/ her personality. However, teens become violent or show signs of juvenile delinquency only when they're facing disturbance at home. Broken or disturbed families with bad relations can cause teens to go astray and become violent. Single parents are often busy working, (19) _____ they're not able to spend quality time with their children. This causes teens to seek attention from others, especially their peers.

Often lack of communication in the family can (20) _____ children to find solace other than homes. When they are not having any communication with their parents or family members at home, they may lose unity, trust, and understanding, which can eventually lower their self-esteem or self-confidence. Once they feel they're losing their individuality, they tend (21) _____ things they shouldn't do to boost their self-confidence. They blindly follow their peers and adopt their (22) _____ lifestyle. They shoplift and drink drugs to look cool in the eyes of their peers.

<http://www.secureteen.com/juvenile-delinquency/juvenile-delinquency-what-makes-teens-commit-crimes/>

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 17. A. with | B. by | C. without | D. on |
| 18. A. behave | B. behavior | C. behavioral | D. behaviorally |
| 19. A. however | B. therefore | C. since | D. but |
| 20. A. lead | B. let | C. make | D. help |
| 21. A. do | B. doing | C. to be done | D. to do |
| 22. A. unhealthy | B. comfortable | C. unique | D. busy |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

A Vietnamese Hero

A delivery man in Vietnam is being hailed as a hero after he saved a little girl as she fell from a balcony of a high-rise in Hanoi.

"I was sitting in the car and waiting to deliver some belongings for a client in the opposite building while hearing a baby's bawling," Mr. Manh was quoted by Vietnam Times as saying.

"However, no sooner had I heard someone screaming for help than I stuck my head out of the car, looking around, and saw a girl climbing out of the balcony," he says. "I plunged out of the car immediately and found ways to climb into the nearby building. I mounted on a 2-meter-high tile roof to seek a proper position to get the girl."

"I tried to reach out my hand and made the maximum effort to catch the girl. When the baby falls, I just can ward her off so that she would not fall directly to the ground. Luckily, the baby fell into my lap," he says.

Later, in an interview with VN Express, Mr. Manh said: "Everything happened within a minute. I didn't understand how I could scale the roof that quickly. I couldn't believe I saved the girl's life."

Girl, 2, survives fall from 12th story balcony thanks to 'hero' deliver-independent

23. Mr. Manh used to be considered a hero as he was the best delivery man in Hanoi. _____
24. Mr. Manh was delivering food to the high-rise when he heard a loud voice. _____
25. Mr. Manh got out of his car right away to help the baby. _____
26. Mr. Manh finally prevented the baby from falling into his lap. _____
27. How long did the incident last?
- A. less than a minute.
 - B. more than a minute.
 - C. two minutes.
 - D. an hour.
28. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. a girl who fell from the high-rise
- B. a delivery man who saved a girl from falling
- C. steps to rescue a person from falling
- D. a delivery man who climbed to the top of a building

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. They do a range of skin-care _____. (produce)
30. 100 security guards were _____ ensure the safety of the opening ceremony. (engagement)
31. Julia's mother said that was _____ of her as she was rarely absent from school. (character)
32. Bill Gates is _____ one of the world's richest men. (repute)
33. One volunteer was a _____ student from Brazil. (change)
34. Meeting interesting and _____ people can help you broaden your horizons. (amuse)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "reduce" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

reduce *verb*



OPAL W

OPAL S

/rɪ'dju:s/

/rɪ'du:s/

[transitive, intransitive]

□ to make something less or smaller in size, quantity, price, etc.; to become less or smaller in size, quantity, etc.

- **reduce something** *Reduce speed now (= on a sign).*
- *Giving up smoking reduces the risk of heart disease.*
- *to reduce costs/numbers*
- *a reduced rate/price*
- *They will require car makers to reduce emissions of carbon dioxide by 30%.*
- **reduce something by something** *Costs have been reduced by 20% over the past year.*
- **reduce something from something to something** *The number of employees was reduced from 40 to 25.*
- **reduce something to something** *The skirt was reduced to £10 in the sale.*
- **reduce in something** *Towards the coast, the hills gradually reduce in size.*
- *The number of search engines has reduced substantially over the last few years.*

35. Wearing a seatbelt can help _____ of serious injury in a car accident.
36. Many countries are trying to _____ from factories to combat air pollution.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. Patrick is not old enough to drive the car.
→ Patrick is too _____
38. It was such bad news that Hanna burst into tears.
→ The news _____
39. She has taught the children in this remote village for five months.
→ She started _____
40. You keep bothering me. Stop it!
→ I wish _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 8

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. honour B. honest C. honey D. heir
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. dream B. wear C. treat D. mean
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. knowledge B. careful C. arrive D. happen
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. beautiful B. financial C. frustrating D. impairment
5. **Person 1:** Can we ask Sarah to help with the project?
Person 2: Probably not, she won't be able to help us _____ all the family commitments she has.
A. at B. on C. for D. with
6. **New Student:** It's nice to meet you. Do you have many friends here?
Current Student: Yeah, I've got lots of friends, all of _____ are very nice to me.
A. which B. them C. that D. whom
7. **Tour Guide:** I'm excited to show you around!
Tourist: Great! I know some interesting tourist _____ in the city that you would love to visit.
A. landscapes B. attractions C. scenes D. places
8. **Person 1:** Uh oh...
Person 2: Oh no! The lift of the building has _____ again! We'll have to take the stairs.
A. broken down B. broken up C. broken in D. broken out
9. **Child Psychologist:** What do you like to do with your family?
Child: Most children enjoy _____ with their parents and siblings.
A. play B. to play C. playing D. played
10. **Child:** Dad, can I get a dog?
Dad: You can have a dog _____.
A. because you will promise to take care of it B. as long as you promise to take care of it
C. until you promised to take care of it D. since you had promised to take care of it
11. **News Reporter 1:** And now for the latest on rising gas prices...
News Reporter 2: People are worried as the gas price is getting _____.
A. more and more high B. the more high
C. higher and higher D. the most high
12. **Florist:** What can I get for you today?
Jimmy: I'd like to send my mother a _____ of flowers for her birthday.
A. bar B. bunch C. pack D. packet
13. **Alice:** "How often do you exercise?"
Erica: " _____ "
A. No, I sometimes do. B. Yes, I often do.
C. About three times a week. D. Often I don't do.
14. Tim and Peter had a quarrel last week and now Tom is giving Tim advice.
Tom: "I think the best way to solve that problem is to avoid Peter for a while."
Tim: " _____ That may ruin our friendship."
A. That's a great idea. B. That's not a good idea.
C. I'm not wrong. D. Yes, I think much.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the sign say?
- A. We should stop driving and hire a motorcycle to ride.
 - B. We should be careful with motorcycles crossing the road.
 - C. We should look for another way to travel or we will be fined.
 - D. We should ask for health from the policeman riding a motorcycle.
16. What does the notice say?
- A. The center closes at 10 pm every day.
 - B. The center will remain closed until next week.
 - C. The center will resume work at 10 am tomorrow.
 - D. The center is still working today.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Hanging out with friends or enjoying your own company

There are some (17) _____ ways to spend time with your friends. The ideal thing to do is to get (18) _____ to do what you enjoy and have in common. This article is going to look into some of the (19) _____ that we have on hand to find a great excuse to spend time with others. First, it is well noted that working out with others has its (20) _____ advantages as well as the social benefits. Next, how about preparing a meal in company? Not only do we eat together and have a nice friendly (21) _____ but also we achieve something special that can be appreciated by all. Lastly, there are arts and crafts. An awesome way to hang out is to do something (22) _____ like paint or model making. This way we can share our ideas with friends in a friendly way that will help you to open your mind and relax. Our friends are important, and you should value the time that you have with them.

<https://www.intercambioidiomasonline.com/2017/09/14/a-simple-review-of-the-preliminary-english-test-b1/>

- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| 17. A. great | B. bad | C. best | D. well |
| 18. A. along | B. around | C. together | D. between |
| 19. A. problems | B. decisions | C. issues | D. options |
| 20. A. lots | B. much | C. many | D. few |
| 21. A. meal | B. food | C. plate | D. dish |
| 22. A. entertained | B. fun | C. interested | D. funny |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Fossil Fuels

According to the National Academies of Sciences, 81 percent of the total energy used in the United States comes from coal, oil, and natural gas. This is the energy that is used to heat and provide electricity to homes and businesses and to run cars and factories. Unfortunately, fossil fuels are a nonrenewable resource and waiting millions of years for new coal, oil, and natural gas deposits to form is not a realistic solution. Fossil fuels are also responsible for almost three-fourths of the emissions from human activities in the last 20 years. Now, scientists and engineers have been looking for ways to reduce our dependence on fossil fuels and to make burning these fuels cleaner and healthier for the environment. Scientists across the country and around the world are trying to find solutions to fossil fuel problems so that there are enough fuels and a healthy environment to sustain human life and activities in the future. The United States Department of Energy is working on technologies to make commercially available natural-gas-powered vehicles. They are also trying to make coal burning and oil drilling cleaner.

<https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/fossil-fuels>

23. 19 percent of the total energy used in the United States comes from fossil fuels. _____
24. It takes millions of years to form new fossil fuels. _____
25. No one cares about the damage which is caused by fossil fuels. _____
26. Scientists are finding solutions to stop using fossil fuels to have a cleaner and healthier environment. _____
27. Which one is an example of fossil fuels?
- | | | | |
|---------|----------|----------------|---------|
| A. Coal | B. Water | C. Electricity | D. Wind |
|---------|----------|----------------|---------|

- V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)**

- VI. Look at the entry of the word “satisfaction” in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

 /,sætɪs'fækʃn/

 /,sætɪs'fækʃn/

□ the good feeling that you have when you have achieved something or when something that you wanted to happen does happen; something that gives you this feeling

35. The _____ completing a difficult task is a feeling everyone should experience.
36. Good service and reliable products lead to high levels of _____.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

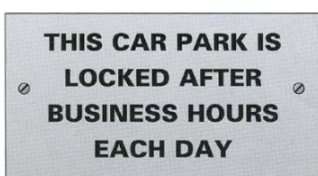
37. "Sorry for breaking your glasses. I didn't mean it," he said.
→ He apologized _____
38. I am very nervous when riding on the left.
→ I am not used _____
39. "Are you planning to book a guided tour of the national park?" she asked.
→ She asked _____
40. John's career as a television presenter began five years ago.
→ John has _____

SAMPLE TEST NO. 9

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. workeded B. stopped C. forced D. wanted
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. identify B. application C. indicate D. chemistry
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. inform B. attract C. prevent D. cancel
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. external B. extinction C. authorize D. commercial
5. **Person A:** It's amazing how fast news travels these days. Did you hear about the earthquake?
Person B: Yeah, I saw it online just minutes after it happened. With the Internet, news and events are flashed all _____ the world in an instant.
A. over B. in C. above D. on
6. **Person A:** We made it to the airport just in time!
Person B: Thanks to John. He gave us a lift, _____ of him.
A. that was very kind B. was very kind C. which was very kind D. who was very kind
7. **Minh:** The kitchen trash is starting to smell. Can you take care of it?
Lan: Sure, I'll _____ the trash from the kitchen right away.
A. maintain B. preserve C. serve D. remove
8. **Person A:** You're late! What happened?
Person B: Sorry! My car _____ petrol.
A. ran out B. ran out of C. ran out off D. ran out on
9. **Person A:** Don't forget to turn off the lights.
Person B: Got it! I'll remember _____ off all the lights before I go home.
A. to turn B. turn C. turning D. to turning
10. **Person A:** Is the manager available to sign this letter?
Person B: He's out today, _____ I'm in charge of signing it.
A. so B. if C. because of D. but
11. **Person A:** Do you think we have time to do some shopping after the movie?
Person B: Yeah, if we have enough time, we'll try to do _____ shopping as well.
A. a few B. lots of C. many D. some
12. **Maria:** Hey Ann, what are you reading that's got you so fascinated?
Ann: Oh, hi Maria! I'm reading the _____. It's really interesting, I'm learning so much about different cultures around the world.
A. open-air cinema B. encyclopedia C. roller skater D. heavy traffic
13. **Kane:** "Is it going to rain tonight?"
Jason: " _____ "
A. I don't hope so. B. I hope not so. C. I think not. D. Yes, I am.
14. **Eunice:** "You're really in good shape."
Angela: " _____ "
A. I'm a real couch potato. B. Oh, are you?
C. Thanks a lot. D. Good for you.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the sign mean?
A. Users must lock the car park after leaving
B. People can park here while they are at work
C. This car park is for employees only.
D. You can park here at the weekends.



16. What does the sign say?

- A. You can't get fuel here.
- B. You can get some water here.
- C. You can get gasoline here
- D. You can buy food here.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Satellite that can clean up space junk with a magnet about to launch

A satellite is about to demonstrate a new way of (17) _____ space junk with magnets for the first time. With the frequency of space launches dramatically increasing in recent years, the potential for a disastrous collision above Earth is continually growing. Now, Japanese orbital clean-up company Astroscale is testing a potential solution.

The firm's End-of-Life Services by Astroscale demonstration mission is scheduled to lift off on 20 March aboard a Russian Soyuz rocket. It consists of two spacecraft: a small "client" satellite and a larger "servicer" satellite, or "chaser". The smaller satellite is (18) _____ with a magnetic plate which allows the chaser to dock with it.

The two stacked spacecraft will perform three tests once (19) _____ orbit, each of which will involve the servicer satellite releasing and then recapturing the client satellite. The first test will be the (20) _____, with the client satellite drifting a short distance away and then being recaptured. In the second test, the servicer satellite will set the client satellite tumbling before catching up with it and matching its motion to grab it.

Finally, if those two tests go well, the chaser will live up to its name by letting the client satellite (21) _____ a few hundred meters away before finding it and attaching to it. All of these tests will be performed autonomously, with (22) _____ to no human input once they are set in motion.

Satellite that can clean up space junk with a magnet about to launch | New Scientist

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 17. A. throwing | B. replacing | C. reducing | D. capturing |
| 18. A. associated | B. equipped | C. installed | D. involved |
| 19. A. in | B. on | C. by | D. at |
| 20. A. simpler | B. more simple | C. simplest | D. simple |
| 21. A. float | B. to float | C. floating | D. floated |
| 22. A. many | B. much | C. few | D. little |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

For a long time scientists have been trying to find out if dinosaurs were warm- or cold-blooded. For some time they thought that dinosaurs, which became extinct 65 million years ago, were reptiles and therefore cold-blooded like their successors.

In today's world, creatures are either warm-blooded, with a constant body temperature or cold-blooded, with a body temperature that changes in the world around them.

New facts suggest that they might have been neither, and both at the same time. Today, tuna fish, white sharks and leatherback turtles are animals that fall into this category.

In recent research, scientists have started comparing dinosaur bones to those of modern mammals. Similar to the rings of a tree, examining bones can show you how fast an animal grows or gains weight. According to the results, they had growth rates and metabolic rates that are somewhere in-between warm and cold-blooded animals. Information shows that dinosaurs had a high metabolic rate, letting them to grow faster. This allowed dinosaurs to get bigger than they would normally have become. Warm-blooded animals, mammals and birds, usually eat a lot to **keep up** their body temperature.

Cold-blooded animals need less food and are rather slow in their movements. While this is the case with most dinosaurs, there were also some, like the Tyrannosaurus rex, that were rather fast.

- | | |
|---|-------|
| 23. Dinosaurs are thought to be cold-blooded like reptiles. | _____ |
| 24. Scientists have compared bones of different kinds of dinosaurs in some recent research. | _____ |
| 25. Dinosaurs were giant because they had a high metabolic rate. | _____ |
| 26. Most dinosaurs were fast and needed less food like Tyrannosaurus rex. | _____ |
| 27. What is the passage mainly about? | _____ |

- A. Dinosaurs' extinction
C. Dinosaurs' growth rates

- B. Dinosaurs' blood types
D. Dinosaurs' body temperature

28. The phrase "**keep up**" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to

- A. continue B. maintain C. change D. prevent

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. There was a great _____ in the living standards of my hometown. **(improve)**
30. Most students are very busy studying. They have a _____ amount of leisure time. **(limit)**
31. I bought this computer on John's _____. **(recommend)**
32. Don't be worried! Various germs such as fungi and bacteria live _____ on the skin **(harm)**
and inside our body.
33. I haven't heard any _____ evidence one way or the other on this question yet. **(persuade)**
34 They spent a fortune on _____ for their new product launch. **(advertise)**

VI. Look at the entry of the word "expression" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

expression *noun*



OPAL W

OPAL S

/ɪk'spreʃn/

/ɪk'spreʃn/

[uncountable, countable]

□ things that people say, write or do in order to show their feelings, opinions and ideas

- **Freedom of expression** (= freedom to say what you think) *is a basic human right.*
- (formal) *The poet's anger **finds expression in** (= is shown in) the last verse of the poem.*
- *Only in his dreams does he **give expression to** his fears.*
- *He describes drawing as a very personal form of **artistic expression**.*
- *Words, as a means of expression, can be limiting.*
- **expression of something** *the expression of emotion/feelings*
- *expressions of concern/sympathy/support*
- *We are calling for **expressions of interest** from people wanting to take part in the project.*
- *laws which aim to restrict **free expression** of opinion*

35. _____ is a fundamental human right, allowing individuals to share their thoughts and opinions without fear of censorship.

36. Through art, music, and writing, people can _____ their emotions and experiences.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. "Don't forget to send your parents my regards," she said to me.

→ She reminded _____

38. I forgot to do the exercises, that's why the teacher punished me.

→ I was _____

39. Stephanie will carry on piling on the pounds if she doesn't do something about her weight.

→ Unless _____

40. The boy is my cousin. You have made fun of him.

→ The boy _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 10

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. comb B. plumb C. climb D. disturb
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. earning B. learning C. searching D. clearing
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. discard B. signal C. protect D. provide
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. profession B. sanctuary C. scholarship D. powerful
5. **Person A:** You were so good at taekwondo! Why did you stop?
Person B: Even though I was really good _____ it, I learned that it wasn't the best martial art for me.
A. for B. with C. in D. at
6. **Person A:** Who's that girl in blue over there?
Person B: The girl in blue, _____ is standing over there, is my cousin.
A. that B. who C. whose D. whom
7. **Person A:** What does the International Red Cross do?
Person B: They help to ensure respect for human beings and to prevent and relieve human _____.
A. protection B. misfortune C. miserable D. suffering
8. **Person A:** How do they choose the songs for the concert?
Person B: They're each given a form to _____ with the list of songs they want the singer to perform.
A. fill in B. fill up C. fill up on D. fill down to
9. **Person A:** Wow, you look exhausted!
Person B: I've spent three hours _____ this task. It's really difficult!
A. to do B. doing C. do D. did
10. **Person A:** Your father's been a journalist for a long time, hasn't he?
Person B: Yes, he has worked as a journalist _____.
A. because he has graduated from the university B. since he graduated from the university
C. as he had graduated from the university D. for he graduated from the university
11. **Person A:** Did you make many friends while you were in Mexico?
Person B: I made a lot of friends, but I have only kept in touch with _____ them.
A. plenty of B. a few of C. little D. many
12. **Person A:** Computers have really changed things, haven't they?
Person B: Yes, the computer has had an enormous _____ on the way we work.
A. alteration B. change C. opportunity D. impact
13. **Oscar:** " _____ "
Leon: "It was really interesting."
A. How about going for a film? B. How was the film last night?
C. Did you like the film last night? D. What was the film last night?
14. **Justin:** "Do you think they will fail in the speaking contest?"
Leo: "No, _____ "
A. I hope they will. B. I don't think so.
C. I don't hope. D. I don't think like that.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the sign say?
- A. No bird can be found here.
 - B. You mustn't feed the birds.
 - C. Birds don't have to be given food.
 - D. You can't bring any birds here.
16. What does the notice mean?
- A. Don't sit at the front of the café unless you are attending the party.
 - B. Only people invited to the party can come into the café.
 - C. If you are coming to the party, you shouldn't use the tables at the front.
 - D. Jungle Café has run out of table today.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Self-Satisfaction - A key to success

Problems are just a part of everyone's life. The God who created problems will also provide a solution (17) _____ each problem. However, people keep thinking about the problems they have in life. Every man and woman wants things (18) _____ as they wish and when things take a deviation from their wish, it gives them stress. They keep complaining that things are wrong with them only.

It is difficult to lead a happy and peaceful life if one keeps blaming and sticking to the problems (19) _____ in life. Problems may appear and vanish, but life is once. Failing to live a happy life once missed is missed. It cannot be (20) _____ back. To lead a happy and healthy life, self-satisfaction plays a key and vital role. Self-satisfaction should be achieved in all (21) _____ of life. Achieving self-satisfaction lies (22) _____ oneself. Balancing physical and emotional issues can lead us to achieve self-satisfaction.

<https://blog.bitsathy.ac.in/self-satisfaction-a-key-to-success>

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 17. A. for | B. of | C. to | D. with |
| 18. A. happen | B. happening | C. happened | D. to happen |
| 19. A. alone | B. together | C. lonely | D. all |
| 20. A. got | B. gained | C. brought | D. enjoyed |
| 21. A. aspects | B. fields | C. areas | D. extents |
| 22. A. among | B. in | C. within | D. beyond |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

E-rubbish

Nowadays, every household produces electronic rubbish (or e-rubbish) - an old TV or computer printer, or an out-of-date mobile phone we no longer need. But when we throw these everyday items away, not many of us know where these objects go. The journalist and photographer, Peter Essick, decided to follow this e-rubbish to several different countries around the world.

In particular, Essick found a lot of e-rubbish goes to Ghana. There, he saw mountains of old computers in the local markets. The sellers resell some of them but not much equipment works. Instead, they recycle the broken computers by melting the parts inside. These parts contain a little metal such as copper or even gold sometimes. However, this process of recycling is dangerous for the workers because it produces a lot of toxic chemicals.

As a result of his journey, Peter Essick thinks it's important to stop exporting e-rubbish. It's bad for the environment and it's bad for people's health. Instead, he believes manufacturers need to produce more eco-friendly electronics in the future; in other words, electronic products which you can recycle cheaply, safely and in the country where they were made.

Adapted From "Life" of National Geographic learning - Pre-intermediate Reading Texts

23. Most people know where e-rubbish ends up after being thrown away. _____
24. Most equipment is modernized in the local markets of Ghana. _____

25. The process of recycling broken computers can cause harm to people. _____
26. It's necessary to produce more environmentally friendly electronic devices in the future. _____
27. What is the main idea of the passage?
- Electronic devices in Ghana are being modernized.
 - People's health is damaged by e-rubbish.
 - It is essential to find solutions to e-rubbish.
 - The manufacture of electronic products needs to be more economical.
28. What do manufacturers need to think of when producing electronics in the future?
- Where to export e-rubbish
 - How to have more eco-friendly products
 - How to produce cheap products
 - How safe an electronic device is

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. In today's _____ world, a computer is one of many systems which help learners **(develop)** to improve their language skills.
30. Mary has a close working relationship and friendship with two of the police officers whom she **(interact)** _____ with daily.
31. My child can go and see paintings and sculptures every day and study them **(attention)** _____.
32. China's plans for space _____ include unmanned missions to the moon and **(explore)** Mars in the next decade.
33. Living in an apartment has its advantages and its own _____. **(limit)**
34. Waiting for him is such a time-_____ thing to do. He's always late! **(consume)**

VI. Look at the entry of the word "organization" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

organization *noun*

 **OPAL W** **OPAL S**

 /ˌɔːɡənəˈzeɪʃn/

 /ˌɔːrgənəˈzeɪʃn/

(British English also **organisation**)

[countable]

□ a group of people who form a business, club, etc. together in order to achieve a particular aim

- She's the president of a large **international organization**.
- He works with local **community organizations**.
- a **voluntary/non-profit/non-governmental organization**
- a **news/media organization**
- The Mafia began as a secret **terrorist organization**.
- Sarah **joined** a student **organization**.
- to **found/form/establish an organization**
- The organization provides housing and support services for homeless young people.
- the World Health Organization

35. The United Nations is an _____ that helps countries work together.
36. My friend helps at a _____ that gives food to people in need.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. It was embarrassing to slip and fall in front of people, wasn't it?
→ Slipping _____
38. "I'm sorry that I lied about having an English certificate," said Peter.

→ Peter apologized _____

39. I'll introduce you to the man. His support is necessary for your project.

→ I'll _____

40. He was unable to paint the gate of his house because of the heavy rain.

→ The heavy rain prevented _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 11

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. hour B. honest C. heir D. hospital
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. dear B. wear C. share D. compare
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. police B. office C. advise D. suppose
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. authentic B. decision C. official D. referee
5. **Teacher:** To really remember this lesson, how should you study it?
Student: I should learn it _____.
A. by heart B. by brain C. from heart D. from brain
6. **Principal:** Did any of the students you talked to know when school reopens?
Teacher: None of the students _____ I spoke to had any idea.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
7. **News Reporter:** Wow, look at all the people here!
Camera Operator: Yeah, a large crowd of _____ has gathered to watch the kite festival.
A. viewers B. spectators C. audiences D. watchers
8. **Mom:** Those shoes are disgusting!
Child: But I like them!
Mom: Let's _____ your old pair of shoes. They're too worn out.
A. throw up B. throw in C. throw away D. throw off
9. **Investigator:** Did you tell anyone about the secret deal?
Secretary: I deny *ever* _____ been informed of any secret business deal.
A. had B. to have C. having D. have
10. **Detective:** Why do you think the thief wore gloves?
Officer: The thief wore gloves _____ leave any fingerprints.
A. so that B. in order to C. in order to not D. in order not to
11. **Tour Guide:** Dolphins are amazing hunters! How do they find their food?
Tourist: They use echolocation, which is _____ sonar.
A. similar to B. as like as C. looks like D. the same
12. **Student:** What's the word for the place where an animal lives? Like, its home in nature?
Teacher: That's called its _____.
A. ecology B. habitat C. extinction D. biodiversity
13. Mary had difficulty carrying her parcels upstairs, and her friend Luke offered to help.
Luke: "Need a hand with your parcels, Mary?"
Mary: " _____ "
A. Not a chance. B. I don't believe it. C. That's very kind of you. D. Well done!
14. Janet and Phillip are talking about Patrick.
Janet: "Patrick was born and brought up in New York, so he must know it very well."
Phillip: " _____ He couldn't even tell me where to buy some souvenirs there."
A. I can't agree with you more. B. You must be right.
C. I'm of the opposite opinion. D. I don't think that's a good idea.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the sign mean?
- You have to keep your shoes safe in this area.
 - You are allowed to wear shoes in this area.
 - You should wear shoes in this area because of safety.
 - You have to wear shoes that can provide protection in this area.



16. What does the notice mean?
- Each tour of the castle lasts less than two hours.
 - Two hours is the minimum time recommended for a visit to the castle.
 - Visitors are only allowed to spend two hours inside the castle.
 - Visitors are only allowed to visit the castle at 2 o'clock.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Moments in space history

On October 4, 1957, the Soviet Union sent Sputnik 1 into space and a new age in history began - The Space Age. The Soviets (17) _____ more Sputnik satellites in the fifties and by 1961 they had put the first man into space. Eight years later, an American finally walked on the moon, and during the (18) _____ seventies the US led the Soviet Union in the space race. However, space travel was expensive, and they needed to co-operate more. Nearly two decades later, leaders from both countries said they had agreed (19) _____ plans for a new International Space Station (ISS), and by the turn of the century the ISS had started (20) _____ the Earth. Nowadays, the ISS is used by scientists from all over the world.

At the beginning of the twenty-first century, businessman Dennis Tito told the world he loved space as he spent eight days on the ISS. Since then, space (21) _____ has developed with plans for regular tours and floating hotels. And what about the next half a century? In 2010, the US president Barack Obama told (22) _____ that by the mid-2030s the US would send humans to Mars. The race for Mars has already started.

Adapted From "Life - Pre-Intermediate Student's Book"

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| 17. A. flew | B. gathered | C. launched | D. transmitted |
| 18. A. last | B. early | C. previous | D. recent |
| 19. A. on | B. with | C. at | D. with |
| 20. A. running | B. turning | C. circling | D. orbiting |
| 21. A. exploration | B. research | C. science | D. tourism |
| 22. A. audiences | B. bystanders | C. observers | D. crowds |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

A long and healthy life

While in the past scientists have looked at things such as diet and lifestyle for an explanation of long life, these days they are investigating genetics. One such researcher is Eric Topol, who says, 'There must be genes that explain why these individuals are protected from the aging process.'

The new research into long life looks at groups of people who have a genetic connection. For example, one group of interest lives in Ecuador. In one area of the country, there are a number of people with the same genetic condition. It's called Laron syndrome. The condition means that they do not grow to more than about one meter, but it also seems to give them protection against cancer and diabetes. As a result, they live longer than other people in their families. Meanwhile, on the Hawaiian island of Oahu, there's another group of long-lived men, Japanese - Americans. They have a similar gene to the Laron syndrome group.

In Calabria, scientists are trying to work out exactly how much of the longevity is due to genetics and how much to the environment. By checking public records going back to the 19th century, researchers have reconstructed the family trees of 202 nonagenarians and centenarians. They concluded that there were genetic factors involved. And they seemed to benefit the men more than the women - a surprising result because generally in Europe, there are five times more women centenarians than men.

23. Genetics used to be one of the factors for the explanation of long lifespan in ancient times. _____
24. People with Laron syndrome seem to face lower risks of contracting diabetes than those without. _____
25. Residents in a certain area of Ecuador have Laron syndrome. _____
26. According to some research in the 19th century, women lived longer than men. _____
27. Which following statement is not true?
- A. In reality, European females live longer than males.
 - B. Some Hawaiian people having a long lifespan originated in Japan.
 - C. Laron syndrome can help people grow exponentially.
 - D. Genetic factors, lifestyles and eating habits are some factors protecting people from the aging process.
28. According to the passage, what made researchers surprised after checking public records?
- A. The number of centenarians and nonagenarians
 - B. The number of men with long lifespans compared to that of women
 - C. The number of genetic factors
 - D. The number of family trees

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. Police do not think this killing was a random act of _____. (violent)
30. It is obvious that there is no _____ which can help you gain knowledge without learning. (invent)
31. Thanks to diverse cultures, our lifestyles differ, and our tastes _____. (variety)
32. The most _____ nation on earth is undergoing the most rapid economic growth in human history. (population)
33. If all supermarkets used recyclable bags, all _____ would be able to help fight pollution. (consume)
34. The village is so remote. It is _____ located and economically underdeveloped. (convenient)

VI. Look at the entry of the word “essential” in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

essential *adjective*

 /ɪˈsenʃl/

 /ɪˈsenʃl/

□ completely necessary; extremely important in a particular situation or for a particular activity

SYNONYM **vital**

- an **essential part/feature** of something
- an **essential element/ingredient/component** of something
- The local government is not able to provide **essential services** such as gas, water and electricity.
- Vitamins play an **essential role** in many body processes.
- The museum is closed while essential repairs are being carried out.
- The charity will be taking food and essential supplies to six refugee camps.

35. Teachers play an _____ in helping children learn and grow.
36. Hospitals and fire departments are _____ that keep our community safe.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. “You damaged my camera,” said Hung to his sister.

→ Hung accused _____

38. You spent 3 hours painting that picture, didn't you?

→ It took _____

39. It's ages since I last talked to him.

→ I have _____

40. Nowadays, children would rather play computer games than take part in outdoor activities.

→ Children nowadays prefer _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 12

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. large B. shark C. an D. car
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. invited B. provided C. talked D. polluted
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. reader B. crowded C. decide D. father
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. agree B. refuse C. attract D. beauty
5. **Traveler 1:** Should we change our flight now, or wait a bit longer?
Traveler 2: It would be extremely unwise to wait _____ the last minute to make changes to our travel plans.
A. of B. from C. in D. until
6. **Airport Announcer:** Attention passengers, flight 345 to London has been cancelled.
Passenger: Oh no! All the people _____ flight was cancelled are going to be so upset.
A. whose B. which C. who D. whom
7. **Reporter:** What are your thoughts on the current state of the legal system?
Activist: He/She says the legal system is not doing enough to _____ women.
A. destroy B. divide C. pollute D. protect
8. **Guest:** Will I need to find a taxi at the airport?
Hotel Clerk: No, the hotel will send a driver to _____ at the airport.
A. pick you up B. bring you back C. get you out D. bring you up
9. **Friend:** You seem so proud of that award!
Contest Winner: I'll never forget _____ first prize in that English-speaking contest!
A. to award B. to be awarded C. awarding D. being awarded
10. **Professor:** I heard he's been having some difficulties.
Student: _____, he has continued to work on his thesis.
A. Although all these problems B. Even though there are problems
C. Despite of all these problems D. In spite of there are problems
11. **Parent 1:** Independent schools are so expensive!
Parent 2: I know, a state school was much _____ expensive.
A. less B. as C. little D. few
12. **Job Applicant 1:** I'm so nervous about this interview!
Job Applicant 2: Just remember, it's important to project a _____ image.
A. imperfect B. satisfied C. positive D. gloomy
13. **John:** "Would you like me to send this letter for you?"
Ted: " _____ "
A. That would be nice for you. B. Yes, please, if you don't mind.
C. I'm sorry, but here you are. D. No, thanks. I'm really busy.
14. **Riven:** "Wow! You look gorgeous in that new gown!"
Taylor: " _____ "
A. Oh, what a pity! B. I'm afraid so!
C. Thank you. I'm glad you think so. D. Why dare you say so?

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?
- A. You must always have your identity card with you.
 - B. You must show your identity card at all times.
 - C. You can get your identity card from security.
 - D. You don't need to show your identity card.

16. What does the sign mean?
- A. High surf can cause serious injuries.
 - B. Strong current can sweep you away from shore.
 - C. Bottom drops off abruptly, so you could drown.
 - D. You could fall due to slippery rocks.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Why is Reading so Important?

Reading allows US to be transported from our own world to another. Between the pages of a book, we can become immersed (17) _____ the lives of fictional characters and learn about a culture entirely different from our own. We can also learn new words and phrases, experience a range of emotions, and (18) _____ skills and knowledge.

Because of the learning potential, the effects of reading on child development are vast and multiple studies have highlighted (19) _____ benefits. As such, teachers and parents are in a great position to ensure reading is a key part of children's daily routine.

The importance of reading for children cannot be underestimated. Reading for (20) _____ can benefit a child's education, social and cognitive development, their well-being, and their mental health. Numerous pieces of research have discovered the profound benefits of reading for a child's development. One study details the effects of reading on later literacy skills, facilitating social interaction between adults and children, and encouraging children (21) _____ with the world around them. It also states how reading can be a 'stable source of information' throughout a child's life. This stability allows them to access text in a constant fashion and can be especially (22) _____ for children growing up in challenging circumstances.

Why is Reading Important for Children? I Developmental Effects (highspeedtraining.co.uk)

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 17. A. in | B. on | C. to | D. with |
| 18. A. display | B. test | C. acquire | D. lack |
| 19. A. it | B. its | C. them | D. their |
| 20. A. pleasant | B. please | C. pleasing | D. pleasure |
| 21. A. to be engaged | B. to engage | C. engaging | D. being engaged |
| 22. A. worthless | B. sympathetic | C. beneficial | D. enthusiastic |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

How much exercise do you need for better heart health?

If you want a healthy heart, the more you exercise, the better, according to an encouraging new study of the links between physical activity and cardiovascular disease. It finds that people who often exercise and stay active are much less likely to develop heart disease than people who rarely move, whether that exercise consists of a few minutes a day of jogging or multiple hours a week of walking.

For generations, of course, we have known that active people tend to have strong hearts. Back in the late 1940s and early 1950s, Jeremy Morris, a British epidemiologist, famously found that British bus conductors, who spent their days strolling aisles and climbing steps on the double-decker vehicles, were about half as likely to have a heart attack as the buses' drivers, who sat all day.

It does not prove that walks and other activities directly strengthen people's hearts, only that the two are linked. Dr. Dwyer also points out that long-term, intense exercise might, at some point, stop being good for hearts.

<https://cnalifestyle.channelnewsasia.com/health/how-much-exercise-do-you-need-for-better-heart-health-14222930>

23. Having a good heart and doing exercise aren't relevant to each other. _____
24. You have to exercise hours and hours to prevent heart diseases. _____

25. People who stay active have a better heart than those who sit all day. _____
26. Intense exercise is the best way to train our hearts. _____
27. What can we do to prevent heart disease according to the passage?
- A. Jogging B. Taking intense exercise
- C. Travelling by bus D. Sitting all day
28. Which word below is the antonym of the word “active”?
- A. hectic B. inactive C. effective D. busy

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. The birds surprised all _____ by selecting a nest site deep in the forest. (conserve)
30. Many guests are content with the fresh and _____ air of this mountain resort. (pollute)
31. She enjoys a _____ lifestyle, filled with expensive cars and designer clothes. (luxury)
32. We should use _____ friendly products to protect our environment. (environment)
33. The drivers have left lots of garbage on the ground after enjoying their _____. (refresh)
34. The children listened _____ to the story last night. (attend)

VI. Look at the entry of the word “vary” in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

vary *verb*

 /'veəri/

 /'veri/,  /'væri/

[intransitive]

[(of a group of similar things) to be different from each other in size, shape, etc.

- *New techniques were introduced with **varying degrees of** success.*
- *Estimates of how many civilians were killed **varied widely**.*
- *Class size **varies greatly**.*
- **vary in something** *The students' work **varies considerably** in quality.*
- *The rooms **vary in size**.*
- *There are a number of routes to the summit, with **varying levels of** difficulty.*

35. The buttons in the jar _____, some are small and some are large.
36. The children in the class have _____ reading ability, with some reading independently and others still learning their letters.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. “You should bring that broken car to the mechanic to have it fixed,” Mary said.
→ Mary suggested that broken car _____
38. He has no ticket. He can't get into the cinema.
→ Since _____
39. I stop taking the drug because of its unpleasant side effects.
→ If _____
40. The tree is in front of the house. We picked these fruits from it.
→ The tree from _____

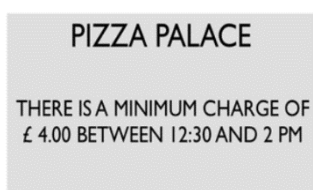
THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 13

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. chair B. cheat C. chorus D. child
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. father B. bigger C. reuse D. better
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. famous B. reduce C. decide D. invite
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. improve B. pollute C. attend D. culture
5. **Mai:** "I'm really struggling with my math class. I wish I could get better grades."
Lan: "If you want to get better grades, you should get a _____. It helped me a lot last semester."
A. plumber B. tutor C. research D. skincare
6. Mr. David, to _____ Mary talked yesterday, is teaching in the room 101.
A. whose B. that C. who D. whom
7. Grace has just bought a new jacket.
Phil: "Why did you take this leather jacket?"
Grace: "It's very _____ – it can be worn in all seasons."
A. fragile B. versatile C. rewarding D. portable
8. **Nam:** "Oh no! The old car finally _____ on the highway! We're going to be late!"
Hung: "I told you we should have gotten a new car. Now we have to figure out how to get it off the road."
A. broke out B. broke in C. broke up D. broke down
9. **Teacher:** What are you most excited about for the holidays?
Student: I'm looking forward _____ the winter vacation in my hometown.
A. to spending B. to spend C. spending D. spend
10. _____ the forest is important to the environment; people should stop cutting down trees.
A. Despite B. Though C. Since D. Because of
11. **Liam:** Ed is such a kind person!
Olivia: I know, he's one of the _____ thoughtful and caring people I've ever met.
A. more B. most C. as D. much
12. **Mr. Tan:** "Traffic congestion in the city is getting worse every day."
Ms. Hoa: "Yes, I heard the local authority is planning to invest _____ renovating infrastructure to address the problem."
A. at B. for C. in D. about
13. **Robert:** "Let's eat out this evening."
Emily: "Oh! _____"
A. I need it. B. Good idea! C. Why's that? D. I don't.
14. **Maria:** "Do you agree that our present sources of energy will soon end?"
Linda: " _____"
A. No, nothing. B. Yes, I think so. C. Yes, I'm good. D. Yes, it might.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?
A. Everybody has to pay at least 4 pounds between 12.30 and 2 p.m.
B. A pizza costs 4 pounds.
C. No pizzas are served between 12.30 and 2 p.m.
D. You can buy a pizza with 4 pounds between 12.30 and 2 p.m.



16. What does the sign mean?

- A. You should be careful when playing with fireworks.
- B. It's dangerous to set off fireworks here.
- C. You cannot set off fireworks here.
- D. Fireworks aren't produced here.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Lucky Escape

After having (17) _____ their money for years the Clarke family were finally in a position to see their dream come true. They were ready to travel from Scotland to start a new life (18) _____ America.

The (19) _____ family were looking forward to it. Unfortunately, just days before their departure, one of their sons was bitten by a dog. They were told they would not be able to travel because of the possibility the boy could have rabies. The father went to the docks to watch the ship that he had hoped would (20) _____ them to their new life depart. As he stood on the harbour thinking about his son, he watched the ship and wondered if the family would ever get to make the journey.

However, soon after this disappointment the father discovered how (21) _____ the family had been. The son did not have rabies and a few days (22) _____ the news came that the ship the Clarke family should have been on, The Titanic, had sunk.

https://www.flo-Joe.co.uk/preliminaryenglish/reading/pet_reading_practise_test_part_5.htm

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| 17. A. collected | B. saved | C. stored | D. kept |
| 18. A. to | B. on | C. in | D. at |
| 19. A. altogether | B. whole | C. all | D. total |
| 20. A. take | B. move | C. send | D. set |
| 21. A. unfortunate | B. successful | C. lucky | D. terrible |
| 22. A. following | B. later | C. passed | D. past |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Child marriage in Nepal

Nepal has made important progress over the past few years to promote equality, but the country still has one of the highest rates of child marriage in the world. 41% of Nepalese girls are married before the age of 18.

Poverty is both a cause and consequence of child marriage in Nepal. Girls from the wealthiest families marry 2 years later than those from the poorest, who are seen as an economic burden, and who drop out of school and earn little money.

Food insecurity plays an important role too. Nepalese families that do not have enough food to eat are more likely to let their daughters get married at a young age to decrease the financial burden. One study shows that 91% of people who had secure access to food married over the age of 19.

The Ministry of Women, Children and Social Welfare is currently developing Nepal's first national strategy on child marriage in collaboration with UNICEF Nepal and Girls Not Brides Nepal.

However, the post-earthquake and post-fuel crisis environment has meant progress is slow and the national strategy has been delayed.

<https://test-english.com/reading/bllchild-marriage-nepal/>

23. The age of marriage in Nepal depends on the money the families have. _____
24. Families want to let their daughters get married soon to earn money. _____
25. Nepalese people who have enough food to eat don't usually get marriage before the age of 19. _____
26. The government is not doing anything to put an end to child marriage. _____
27. Which one below leads to early marriage?
- | | | | |
|------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|
| A. Poverty | B. Natural disaster | C. Environment | D. Equality |
|------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|
28. According to the paragraph, at which age may one girl who has secure access to food get married?
- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A. 18 | B. 16 | C. 20 | D. 15 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. My son's skin was _____ tan like my husband's. (nature)
30. People who catch fish by _____ must receive heavy fines. (electric)
31. Smoking in the cinema is strictly _____. (prohibit)
32. You don't have enough _____ reasons for what you have done! (persuade)
33. Crops are sprayed with chemicals to _____ damage from insects. (prevention)
34. A new understanding of animal rights and habitat destruction was what led him to become an _____ (environment)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "private" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

private *adjective*

 /'praɪvət/

 /'praɪvət/

[usually before noun]

□ owned or managed by an individual person or an independent company rather than by the state

- a *private firm/business/hospital*
- The painting is now in a *private collection*.
- a former soldier working in *private security*
- The area has attracted substantial *private investment*.
- a programme to return many of the state companies to *private ownership*

35. My grandmother prefers going to a _____ because she feels the care is more personalized.

36. _____ played a crucial role in the development of that new technology.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. Despite her unkind behavior, we still love her.

→ Although _____

38. Unless you go to sleep early, you'll feel exhausted tomorrow.

→ If _____

39. The man is a famous scientist. We are talking about him.

→ The man about _____

40. Peter is the tallest boy in his class.

→ No one _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 14

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. prescription B. preliminary C. presumption D. preparation
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. when B. who C. where D. what
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. baby B. novel C. people D. remind
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. learner B. teacher C. enjoy D. doctor
5. **Tourist:** This is amazing! So this is the actual house _____ which Mozart was born?
Guide: Yes, it is. It's been turned into a museum dedicated to his life and work.
A. in B. on C. of D. at
6. **Liam:** Smart homes _____ motion sensors turn on lights as you enter a room.
Noah: That's a really convenient feature.
A. which B. who C. whom D. whose
7. **Sean:** "How was your summer, Tim?"
Tim: "My parents took me to the Carnival of Brazil. I'll never forget _____ many famous singers and artists there."
A. see B. to see C. seen D. seeing
8. **Alice:** Mr. Thompson has just been appointed as the _____ of the whole project, who makes sure that different groups work well with each other.
Bob: That sounds like a challenging but important position.
A. chronicler B. hoarder C. coordinator D. fashionista
9. **Customer:** I'm a little late on my electricity bill.
Clerk: Sir, if you don't pay within two weeks, your electricity will be _____.
A. turned off B. come off C. cut off D. take off
10. **Sarah:** If you listen carefully, you _____ the dolphins making noises to communicate.
Michael: That's amazing! I'd love to hear them.
A. can't hear B. may hear C. could D. hear
11. **Jane:** I love not only meeting new people _____ building lasting relationships with patients and colleagues.
David: That's wonderful, Jane. It sounds like you find your work very rewarding.
A. and B. so C. but D. but also
12. **Sophia:** I can't stay in the sun for long because I'm very _____.
Ethan: You should be careful and always wear sunscreen.
A. left-handed B. blue-eyed C. pale-skinned D. open-minded
13. **Edward:** "Would you like to have dinner with me?"
Joyce: "_____"
A. Yes, I'd love to. B. Yes, so do I. C. I'm very happy. D. Yes, it is.
14. **Paul:** "_____ where the nearest post office is?"
Phoebe: "Turn left and then turn right."
A. Could you tell me B. Should you show me C. Do you tell me D. Will you say me

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?
A. You need to ask for permission when you want to use the computer.
B. You must ask for a computer when you go to Viva Library.
C. You have to be a member of staff in order to use the computers.
D. A member of staff will give you a computer.



16. What does the sign mean?

- A. The shop offers a wide range of e-gadgets.
- B. Only smartphones are allowed to be used in this area.
- C. Make sure that your cell phones are in silent mode.
- D. Electronic devices are banned here.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

London Parks

London is famous (17) _____ its parks and gardens. Some of them belong to the Crown but they are all open to the public and the entrance is free of charge. In St James's Park you can watch and (18) _____ swans, ducks, geese and other water birds. Hyde Park (19) _____ to be hunting ground and is still popular with horse riders.

Those who like a good argument should go to the Speakers' Corner to listen to individuals giving their speeches on (20) _____ subjects. Regent's Park now houses London Zoo and an open-air theatre where Shakespeare's plays are staged in summer. Not (21) _____ the parks are in the city centre. Greenwich and Richmond are located in the suburbs. All these areas of green give the city dwellers an excellent (22) _____ to enjoy some peace and quiet away from traffic and crowded streets.

(https://www.englishreavealed.co.uk/PET/Reading_Part_5/pet_multiple_choice_cloze_1.php)

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| 17. A. by | B. for | C. from | D. with |
| 18. A. feed | B. eat | C. breed | D. lead |
| 19. A. should | B. ought | C. used | D. have |
| 20. A. vary | B. varies | C. variety | D. various |
| 21. A. each | B. whole | C. every | D. all |
| 22. A. chance | B. knowledge | C. account | D. source |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

The best way to travel in Alaska

During the winter months the state of Alaska becomes one of the coldest parts of the world. Temperatures fall as low as -50°C. Car engines can freeze and even if your car starts, the snow and ice on the road can make travel impossible. When the weather is like this, the best way to travel is with a team of huskies pulling you. That's according to people like Geoff Roland who prefer travelling by dog sledge. "Huskies might not be as fast as a modern snowmobile, but they are better for the environment. The journey is also much quieter than by snowmobile. It's what makes travel through the wilderness so enjoyable."

When Geoff was younger, he took part in the Iditarod. The word Iditarod originally comes from an old native American word meaning "a faraway place" but nowadays it's the name of the world's longest dog sledge race which takes place in Alaska each spring. The 1,600-kilometre route follows the old roads which the original Indians once used. As years passed, aeroplanes and snowmobiles became more common, and people started to forget about the old trails. But in 1973 a group of people started the race in order to maintain Alaska's history and its traditional form of transport. Some people criticise the Iditarod because they think it is cruel for the dogs but Geoff disagrees: "Huskies are natural racers. I think they're much happier when they're in front of the sledge."

Adapted From "Life" of National Geographic learning – Pre-intermediate Reading Texts

23. Alaska is the coldest part of the world during winter months. _____
24. In the winter, cars in the state of Alaska cannot run solely due to problems of car engines. _____
25. Travelling by huskies does not make as much noise as travelling by snowmobile. _____
26. In the beginning, the word Iditarod meant "the longest dog race". _____
27. Why did most people forget about the old roads once used by the original Indians?
- A. Because the old trails were available exclusively to competitions.
 - B. Because the old trails were badly damaged due to aeroplanes and snowmobiles.
 - C. Because Huskies were raised along the trails.
 - D. Because modern forms of transport got more popular.
28. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Modern means of transportation are environmentally friendly.
- B. Huskies are used to running in the race.
- C. It is cruel to maintain Alaska's history.
- D. Geoff sides with some people's criticism.

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. Fruit is a convenient source of vitamins and _____. (energetic)
30. For those who are not _____ with Christmas crackers, they're little packages in garnish paper. (acquaintance)
31. It was a peaceful area, where the grass was soft and the trees surrounded them _____. (protect)
32. There are systems already _____ in our vehicles to warn us that we have left our headlights on or our keys in the ignition. (installation)
33. You must work more _____ to protect the environment. (efficiency)
34. On weekends, I liked to spend my time at the airport watching _____ airships take off and land. (vary)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "suggestion" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

suggestion *noun*



/sə'dʒestʃən/

/sə'dʒestʃən/, /səg'dʒestʃən/

[countable]

□ an idea or a plan that you mention for somebody else to think about

- *Can I make a suggestion?*
- *Do you have any suggestions?*
- *I would like to offer a suggestion.*
- *He rejected my suggestion as impractical.*
- **suggestion for something** *The report offers suggestions for improvement to policy.*
- *I'd like to hear your suggestions for ways of raising money.*
- **suggestion on something** *We welcome any comments and suggestions on these proposals.*
- **suggestion about something** *Are there any suggestions about how best to tackle the problem?*
- **suggestion that...** *He agreed with my suggestion that we should change the date.*
- *We are open to suggestions (= willing to listen to ideas from other people).*
- *We need to get it there by four. Any suggestions?*

35. I _____ that we try the new Italian restaurant downtown. I've heard great things about their pasta.
36. Thank you for your feedback on my presentation. I'm always open to _____.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. Although she was ill, she went to school.
→ In spite of _____
38. The city is very large. We were born in it.
→ The city _____
39. My sister can't cook as well as my mother can.
→ My mother can _____
40. "Let's go to the hospital to have a check-up," my mom said.
→ My mom suggested that _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 15

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. promise B. devise C. surprise D. realise
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. hour B. house C. hot D. head
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. exist B. avoid C. support D. notice
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. hungry B. disease C. spacious D. danger
5. **Anh:** His difficulty in walking results _____ a childhood illness.
Ba: That's unfortunate. I hope he's getting the support he needs.
A. by B. to C. from D. with
6. **Neighbor:** I saw you moving in. Do you know anything about the owner of this house?
You: Yes, the man _____ house we have rented is from Germany.
A. which B. who C. whose D. whom
7. **Maria:** The sidewalks are lined with colorful _____ that sell everything from fresh bread to sparkling jewelry.
Carlos: Sounds like a vibrant and interesting place to visit.
A. solutions B. accidents C. problems D. businesses
8. **Alice:** It's important to _____ your assignments by the due date so that you don't lose points for late work.
Ben: Absolutely. Staying on top of deadlines is key to success.
A. make up B. think twice C. turn in D. put off
9. **Person 1:** You're going to call him, right?
Person 2: Yes, I am. You knew his phone number, _____?
A. haven't you B. didn't you C. weren't you D. aren't you
10. **News Reporter:** Farmers are requesting assistance from the government.
Anchor: Why is that?
News Reporter: Farmers ask for government help _____ they cannot harvest their crops after a drought.
A. but B. so C. because D. or
11. **David:** We would like to thank you for supporting us as _____ as giving us some pieces of advice.
Maria: You're very welcome! We're happy to help in any way we can.
A. soon B. long C. much D. well
12. **Emily:** Our family installed a _____ to make electricity for our house.
Daniel: That's a great way to save money and be environmentally friendly.
A. voice assistant B. solar panel C. kitchen D. apartment
13. **Mike:** "What can I do for you?"
Kaylin: " _____ "
A. Thanks. I'll do it. B. Thank you. I'm just looking around.
C. Yes. Do it please. D. No. You can't.
14. **Brian:** "When's your birthday, Helen?"
Ally: " _____ "
A. It's in the 20th century. B. It's a long time ago. C. It's in May 29th, 2002. D. It's on May 29th, 2002.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?

- A. Cell phones are not allowed in this area.
- B. It's difficult to record videos in this area.
- C. You cannot bring your cameras into this area.
- D. You mustn't take any photos or videos in this area.

16. What does the sign mean?

- A. For your safety, do not use the elevator during a fire.
- B. You mustn't use the elevator when it is on fire.
- C. Three people cannot ride the elevator at the same time during a fire.
- D. If there is a fire, you don't have to use the elevator.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Different Religions

From our earliest days, many people have believed in power or powers greater than themselves. This belief is known as religion. In ancient times, it was a way to (17) _____ sense of the mysteries of the (18) _____ world; evil spirits were thought to be responsible (19) _____ bad weather and disease, for instance. Ancient peoples felt that they had a measure of control over their lives when they made offerings and prayed to friendly spirits, whom they believed could help them win (20) _____ or grow better crops.

Even today, when people know the scientific explanations for such things as thunder or the eruption of volcanoes, (21) _____ look to religion to explain some of the other hard-to-understand things which we experience as humans – things like the purpose of life or the reasons for tragedies. Although most religions spring from the same basic human need to (22) _____ in great power or powers, the ideas, practices, and traditions that religions involve can be very different.

(https://www.englishreavealed.co.uk/PET/Reading_Part_5/pet_multiple_choice_cloze_2.php)

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| 17. A. make | B. do | C. take | D. give |
| 18. A. customary | B. essential | C. typical | D. natural |
| 19. A. of | B. for | C. by | D. in |
| 20. A. fighting | B. matches | C. conflicts | D. battles |
| 21. A. many | B. lots | C. plenty | D. much |
| 22. A. consider | B. admit | C. accept | D. believe |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Strange clothing laws

The world is full laws that are strange and sometimes very funny at the same time. Clothing and fashion also have their bizarre laws that were given a long time ago and, even though many of these weird laws are repealed, some are still on the books. While some laws don't make much sense, others make you think of the event that caused these laws to appear. Here is a collection of strange yet funny laws from around the world relating to clothes and fashion.

- **Ohio:** It is legal for women to wear patent leather shoes in public. Legislators apparently enacted this law to limit men from seeing up a ladies skirt through the shoes reflection.
- **Blythe, CA:** It is illegal for people to wear cowboy boots unless they own at least 2 cows.
- Another Thai law claims that one must always wear a shirt when driving a car.
- North Dakota seems to be a state filled with funny fashion laws. In this US state, it is illegal to lie down and fall asleep with your shoes on.
- AUS federal law claims that women may not drive wearing their housecoats.
- In Washington State, painting polka dots on an American flag is illegal.

http://www.eslprintables.com/vocabulary_worksheets/clothes/Strange_clothing_laws_931183/

23. There are weird and sometimes hilarious laws all over the world.

24. All of the rules in the passage are reasonable and ordinary ones.

25. In Blythe, anyone with less than two cows can wear cowboy boots.

26. In North Dakota, you have to sleep when wearing shoes. _____
27. Why can't women in Ohio wear patent leather shoes in public?
- A. Because it's not fashionable to legislators.
 - B. Because men don't like them.
 - C. Because men may see the inside of women's skirt through the reflection.
 - D. Because the patent leather shoes are similar to a reflective mirror.
28. Which one cannot be drawn polka dots on?
- A. A Thai shirt
 - B. An American flag
 - C. An AUS housecoat
 - D. Blythe cowboy boots

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. Why not have a look at the real solutions to better energy _____? (efficient)
30. If there is something wrong with the light, have an _____ come to check it. (electric)
31. The average fuel _____ for all gasoline and diesel-fueled cars combined fell by 12 percent. (consume)
32. Jackson used the exercise to _____ the challenges parents face in rearing children. (demonstration)
33. The water supply _____, being dirty in wet weather and deficient in dry. (satisfy)
34. My mother's recipe is _____ simple and quick. (marvel)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "cultural" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

cultural *adjective*

 B1  OPAL W  OPAL S

 /'kʌltʃərəl/

 /'kʌltʃərəl/

[usually before noun]

connected with the culture of a particular society or group, its customs, beliefs, etc.

- Teachers need to be aware of **cultural differences**.
- America's **cultural diversity**
- a **cultural institution/centre**
- **cultural events**
- a **cultural exchange** between Japan and France
- a time of rapid social and **cultural change**.
- The industry needs a **cultural shift** to address the gender pay gap.
- your cultural identity/background
- His character represents the traditional cultural values of China.
- Many immigrants preserve their cultural traditions.
- the rich cultural history of New England

35. The internet has led to rapid _____, as people are now exposed to ideas and trends from across the globe.
36. London is known for its _____, with people from all over the world living and working together.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. He passed his driving test. He bought a car.
→ As soon as _____
38. The road was built in 1980. We are driving on it.
→ The road on _____
39. They have celebrated Teachers' Day largely since 1982.

→ Teachers' Day _____

40. People believe that Mario's family brought up that little girl in Italy.

→ That little _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 16

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. runs B. stands C. sleeps D. sprays
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. sympathy B. weather C. neither D. father
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. dancer B. cycling C. balloon D. traffic
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. sewage B. simple C. hobby D. describe
5. **Employee 1:** Who's in charge while the manager is out?
Employee 2: Who is responsible _____ the company when the manager is away?
A. in B. for C. on D. of
6. **Reporter:** His invention was a huge breakthrough, wasn't it?
Scientist: Yes, the man _____ invention was a success became well-known.
A. which B. who C. whose D. whom
7. **Lan:** "Why are brands spending so much on social media marketing?"
Nga: "They're collaborating with _____ to reach a larger audience."
A. analysts B. managers C. influencers D. critics
8. **Henry:** I usually use a dictionary to _____ new words while reading.
Dick: That's one of the ways to study English.
A. look up B. look for C. look down on D. look after
9. **Parent:** You need to put more effort into your studies.
Child: Why?
Parent: If you wish _____ good marks, you'll have to study hard.
A. have B. to have C. having D. is having
10. **Colleague 1:** He's very open-minded, isn't he?
Colleague 2: Yes, he is always open to all points of view, _____, he is also absolutely sure of what he wants.
A. because B. and C. though D. however
11. **Friend 1:** Wow, your computer downloads really fast!
Friend 2: Yeah, his computer can download files _____ their computer does.
A. as fast as B. more fast C. faster D. the fastest
12. **Ann:** "What's causing the river to look so dirty?"
Tom: "The _____ from nearby factories is contaminating the water."
A. fog B. traffic C. pollution D. weather
13. **Alex:** "Do you think you'll get the job?"
Lily: " _____ "
A. Yes. that's right. B. I don't think. C. I know so. D. Well, I hope so.
14. **Sarah:** "Happy Christmas?"
Ted: " _____ "
A. The same to you. B. Happy Christmas with you.
C. You are the same. D. Same for you.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



NO DIVING

EXCEPT IN THE DEEP END OF THE
POOL

15. What does the sign mean?
- A. You must push someone in this place.
 - B. Watch your steps.
 - C. It's very dangerous if you push someone in this place.
 - D. You cannot bring your dogs or cats into this place .
16. What does the notice mean?
- A. You must not drink or bring alcohol here.
 - B. You must not drive or ride fast here.
 - C. You should walk or run fast
 - D. You can use cell phone here after 4:30pm

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Stop the Invaders

Even if you take good (17) _____ of your body, you can still get sick sometimes. Germs can invade even a healthy body! Getting sick can make you feel miserable, but there are something that you can do to help yourself get better quickly and be more (18) _____. The first thing to do when you are not feeling well is to (19) _____ your parents know.

Sometimes it is hard to tell whether you have a cold, the flu or something more serious. So your parents may take you to the doctor. Your doctor can do tests that will let you know what is making you sick. You may be sick (20) _____ bacteria. Strep throat is an example of an illness caused by bacteria. If bacteria has made you sick, your doctor (21) _____ give you antibiotics. Antibiotics are medicines that are designed to help your body get rid (22) _____ the bacteria that is making you sick.

(https://www.englishreavealed.co.uk/PET/Reading_Part_5/pet_multiple_choice_cloze_4.php)

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 17. A. attention | B. understanding | C. trouble | D. care |
| 18. A. comfort | B. comfortable | C. comfortably | D. comforted |
| 19. A. have | B. let | C. allow | D. make |
| 20. A. thanks to | B. in spite of | C. because of | D. according to |
| 21. A. should | B. must | C. need | D. may |
| 22. A. of | B. up | C. to | D. by |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

People have been making and flying kites for about 2,000 years. Some Italians believe the ancient Chinese may have started kite flying 2000 years ago. It is still a popular hobby in China, Japan and Korea and in other countries of the Far East where beautifully decorated kites appear in different colors. In China, there is even a special Kites Day on which children and adults fly kites.

Simple kites are made by crossing two sticks and covering them with paper or cloth. Then you attach a string at the end. More expensive kites have frames made of fibreglass, plastic or aluminium. The name comes from a graceful bird called kite.

Kites are made in many different sizes, colors and shapes. A flat kite is the oldest and simplest type of kite. It flies because air flows over and under the kite's wing. The pressure under the wing helps the kite lift into the air.

Kites have also been used in experiments. In 1752, Benjamin Franklin used a kite to prove that lightning was a form of electricity. He attached a metal key to the string of a kite. When lightning hit the kite, electricity passed down the string and Franklin got an electric shock.

Kites were also used to develop airplanes. The Wright Brother experimented with kites before they flew the first aeroplane. In the past, kites were used to take pictures in wars. In World War I the Germans developed a large kite that could transport people to a submarine.

Today most people fly kite as a hobby. Kite festivals are organized in many cities in all parts of the world.

23. Flying kites was once a popular hobby in China. _____
24. Paper kites are not often as expensive as plastic kites. _____
25. Franklin went through a sudden pain while he was doing an experiment with a kite. _____

26. Many pictures of kites were taken in wars. _____
27. According to the passage, kites cannot fly without _____?
- A. frames and air. B. sticks and frames. C. wing and string. D. wing and air.
28. The word “**attached**” in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.
- A. hit B. tied C. transported D. sent

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. This beach city’s local food is quite _____ from other cities in the region. **(distinguish)**
30. He treated his neighbors with _____ and thoughtfulness. **(considerate)**
31. His _____ became worse because he ignored the doctor’s advice. **(injure)**
32. You don’t have to _____ the grammar rules to be able to do these exercises. **(memory)**
33. Having a lot of special features, the news system is _____, different from the similar ones. **(benefit)**
34. He drives a sports car and _____ with the arrogance of a once famous person. **(behavior)**

VI. Look at the entry of the word “distance” in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

distance *noun*



/'dɪstəns/

/'dɪstəns/

[countable, uncountable]

□ the amount of space between two places or things

- *a short/long distance*
- *Paul has to drive very long distances as part of his job.*
- *a distance of something to travel/cover a distance of 200 kilometres*
- *distance to something She walked the short distance to her apartment.*
- *distance from something Once she was a safe distance from the shop, Gina stopped.*
- *distance of A from B the distance of the earth from the sun*
- *distance from A to B What’s the distance from New York City to Boston?*
- *distance between A and B What’s the distance between New York City and Boston?*

35. To get to the nearest town, you’ll need to _____ of about 15 miles.
36. For everyone’s safety, please keep a _____ from the edge of the platform.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

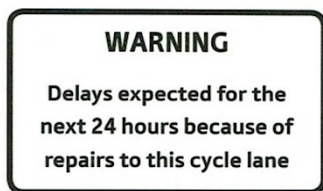
37. She didn’t eat much though she was hungry.
→ Despite _____
38. This is Jones. He helped me solve that problem.
→ Jones is _____
39. “You’ve spoiled my party,” he said to me.
→ He accused _____
40. Is email a good way for people to communicate?
→ Email is _____

THE END OF THE TEST

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. pleasure B. heat C. meat D. feed
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. machine B. champagne C. chalk D. brochure
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. organize B. decorate C. divorce D. promise
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. excited B. interested C. confident D. memorable
5. **Friend:** Your sister is so funny! She's really different from the rest of your family.
You: Yeah, his sister's sense of humor distinguishes her _____ other members in his family.
A. to B. with C. from D. for
6. **You:** Dad, did you ever find the guy who helped you with your wallet?
Dad: Yes, I did! I saw the man _____ helped me find my wallet yesterday.
A. which B. whom C. who D. whose
7. **Tourist:** What's going on with all the music and decorated floats?
Local: It's a special occasion! On special occasions, there is usually a _____ with bands and decorated vehicles on the street in New York.
A. festival B. party C. celebration D. parade
8. **Friend 1:** I'm going through a really tough time right now.
Friend 2: Remember that friends are the ones who can help you _____ difficult times in your life.
A. pull around B. pull by C. pull through D. pull out
9. **Teacher:** Freedom of speech is an important right.
Student: What does that mean exactly?
Teacher: In a country where freedom of speech is guaranteed, citizens should expect _____ ideas with which they disagree.
A. hearing B. to be heard C. being heard D. to hear
10. **You:** Why haven't I seen your friend lately?
Friend: My friend tried to meet me regularly _____ she couldn't because she was very busy as a model.
A. and B. though C. but D. so
11. **Customer:** These audiobooks are so much more expensive than the paperbacks!
Bookseller: Yes, commercially available audio books are usually shortened and _____ the print version.
A. twice as expensive as B. as twice as expensive C. as expensive twice as D. expensive as twice as
12. **News Reporter:** And it looks like we have a winner!
Anchor: Yes, Joe Biden was a _____ for the Presidency and soon became the new president of the United States.
A. competitor B. contestant C. applicant D. candidate
13. **Lily:** "Do you like the novel Harry Potter?"
Andrea: " _____ "
A. I would. B. Yes, a lot. C. No, I like it. D. Yes, we are.
14. **John:** "Have a nice weekend."
Joey: " _____ "
A. Thanks all the same. B. Not bad, what about you?
C. Thanks, the same to you. D. Sorry, I'm at home.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?
- A. Your cycling journey will be slower every day this week.
 - B. Cyclists will be delayed for one day.
 - C. You can't cycle in this lane for 24 hours.
 - D. You won't be able to go on in this street.
16. What does the sign mean?
- A. No right turn for vehicular traffic.
 - B. No U-turn for vehicular traffic.
 - C. No left turn for vehicular traffic.
 - D. No right turn for pedestrians.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

It is often not easy to understand people who live an unusual lifestyle because it goes (17) _____ the grain, especially concerns about health. But Don Gorske is a (18) _____ example of one of those who lead a healthy but out-of-the-norms life. Don has eaten 2 Big Macs on a daily basis for over 50 years, and until now, he has consumed more than 30,000 Big Macs. For two decades, he has claimed the world record for the most Big Macs eaten, and has (19) _____ his record to a total of 34,128 Big Mac burgers. (20) _____ the considerable number of burgers he has eaten, he is still relatively healthy – thanks to his six-mile walks around his neighborhood and the (21) _____ of French fries from his order. (22) _____ about 86 kilograms, Don believes that the Big Mac is the reason for his healthy weight.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 17. A. up to | B. beyond | C. against | D. over |
| 18. A. major | B. main | C. central | D. prime |
| 19. A. extracted | B. expanded | C. extended | D. expired |
| 20. A. Although | B. Despite | C. Even | D. Due to |
| 21. A. exclusion | B. inclusion | C. decision | D. implosion |
| 22. A. At | B. In | C. On | D. From |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Town and country life

Today people all over the world are moving out of small villages in the country to go and live in big, noisy cities. They are moving from the peaceful hills, mountains, fields, rivers and streams of the countryside to the busy world of streets, buildings, traffic and crowds. This movement from rural areas to urban areas is growing every day.

In many countries, the main reason people come to live in towns and cities is work. After one or two large factories have been built in or near a town, people come to find work, and soon an industrial area begins to grow. There is usually a residential area nearby where the factory workers can live. The families of these workers need schools, hospitals and shops, so more people come to live in the area to provide these services.

In almost every city in the world, there is a business district where the big companies have their offices. In the United States, this area is usually in the city center downtown. People often travel a long way to work each day. Many of them live in the suburbs of the city, far away from the industrial area and the city center. Some suburbs have nice houses with big gardens. There are usually parks for children to play in and large department stores where locals can buy all they need.

https://www.eslprintables.com/vocabulary_worksheets/places/countryside/City_life_Vs_Countryside_307537/

23. There is a large number of people moving from cities to villages. _____
24. Urban areas contain beautiful scenery such as mountains, rivers and streams. _____
25. Job opportunities are the reason why people come to live in the city. _____
26. Factories are usually built inside residential areas. _____
27. According to the passage, where do the families of the workers live?
- A. In an industrial area
 - B. In a residential area
 - C. In the factories
 - D. In schools, hospitals and shops
28. In the USA, where do most people live?
- A. In the suburbs
 - B. In the city center
 - C. In a business district
 - D. In an industrial area

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. Police have arrested two men matching the _____ of the robbers. (describe)
30. As the depression rates are getting higher, people should _____ their own mental and physical health. (prior)
31. It's very _____ to watch others eat and enjoy the meals that you have prepared. (satisfy)
32. The new products are being _____ exported to some countries. (select)
33. Animals often exhibit some _____ in laboratory situations that they might not in the wild. (behave)
34. Rachel took only the _____ food requirement because she didn't want to upset her stomach on the ship. (minimize)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "communication" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

communication *noun*

 **B1**  **OPAL W**  **OPAL S**

 /kə,mju:nɪ'keɪʃn/

 /kə,mju:nɪ'keɪʃn/

[uncountable]

(also **communications** [plural])

□ methods of sending information, especially phones, radio, computers, etc. or roads and railways

- *communications technology*
- *to launch a communications satellite*
- *wireless/electronic/satellite communication*
- *to intercept/disrupt/monitor communications*
- *The new airport will improve communications between the islands.*

35. _____, such as email and instant messaging, has made it much easier to stay in touch with friends and family overseas.

36. Advances in _____ have led to the development of smartphones, which allow us to access information and communicate with others from anywhere in the world.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. All visitors to the town fall in love with this medieval castle.

→ Everyone who _____

38. Mai is very busy, but she still hangs out with her friends.

→ Even though _____

39. Nothing is faster than the speed of light.

→ The speed _____

40. I have difficulty understanding his accent.

→ I find _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 18

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. chemist B. chicken C. church D. chimney
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. thought B. tough C. cough D. bought
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. loyalty B. success C. incapable D. sincere
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. carefully B. correctly C. seriously D. personally
5. **Person A:** "We're thinking about going to the beach for New Year's. Do you usually travel then?"
Person B: "Yeah, we usually go away somewhere on holiday _____ New Year."
A. in B. at C. on D. to
6. **Person A:** "Look at this toy car! It only has one wheel left."
Person B: "Oh no! That's the toy car _____ my brother broke yesterday."
A. who B. whom C. which D. whose
7. **Person A:** "When will we know who won the English speaking contest?"
Person B: "The _____ of the English speaking contest will be announced tomorrow morning."
A. decision B. choice C. result D. effect
8. **Person A:** "I heard they race motorcycles. Are they trying to go pro?"
Person B: "No, they _____ motor racing just for the fun of it rather than to win anything."
A. took up B. brought up C. turned up D. came up
9. **Person A:** "Why did Timothy get in trouble at the airport?"
Person B: "He got into trouble when he refused _____ his suitcase at the airport."
A. opening B. being opened C. to open D. to be opened
10. **Person A:** "I heard Bill had some trouble with the law in the past."
Person B: "_____ Bill has been in trouble with the police, he earns an honest penny these days by driving a van."
A. Although B. Despite C. Because D. So
11. **Person A:** "How tall is your brother compared to Ben?"
Person B: "My brother was at _____ height _____ Ben, maybe an inch shorter."
A. the same - like B. the same - as C. like-as D. as - as
12. **Person A:** "It's amazing how some friendships last through so many life changes."
Person B: "I agree. Many people believed that a true friendship can _____ through changes in the friends' lives."
A. entail B. continue C. accept D. remain
13. **Miley:** "Our living standards have been improved greatly."
Seth: " _____ "
A. Thank for saying so. B. Sure. I couldn't agree more.
C. No, it's nice to say so. D. Yes, it's nice of you to say so.
14. **Smith:** "You look nice today. I like your new hairstyle."
Tracy: " _____ "
A. It's nice of you to say so. B. Shall I? Thanks.
C. Oh, well done. D. I feel interesting to hear that.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?

- A. Lane reserved for pedestrians
- B. Bicycles ahead, proceed with caution
- C. Lane reserved for motorcycles
- D. Lane reserved for bicycles.

16. What does the sign mean?

- A. We should stop driving and hire a motorcycle to ride.
- B. We should be careful with motorcycles crossing the road.
- C. We should look for another way to travel or we will be fined.
- D. We should ask for health from the policeman riding a motorcycle.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

Where Were LEGO Bricks Invented?

In 1932, a carpenter named Ole Kirk Kristiansen started a company in Billund, Denmark, that (17) _____ wood stepladders, ironing boards, and toys. He named the company LEGO, a word (18) _____ by combining the first two letters of leg and godt, the Danish word for "play well". Soon, Kristiansen was making only (19) _____ toys out of wood. After World War II, LEGO started producing plastic toys. In 1949, the company launched Automatic Binding Bricks, its first interlocking construction blocks. In the 1950s, the name was changed to LEGO bricks, and the company came out with the LEGO System of Play, which included 28 sets and 8 vehicles. It (20) _____ began selling the toys (21) _____ of Denmark for the first time. In 1958, LEGO received a patent for the modern bricks so famous today. The new bricks not only had studs on top but tubes inside that lock onto the studs of other bricks and hold them (22) _____ together.

https://www.englishrevealed.co.uk/PET/Reading_Part_5/pet_multiple_choice_close_5.php

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 17. A. did | B. turned | C. reached | D. made |
| 18. A. formed | B. organized | C. sorted | D. regulated |
| 19. A. quality-high | B. high-quality | C. height-quality | D. quality-height |
| 20. A. too | B. either | C. also | D. above |
| 21. A. outside | B. apart | C. away | D. outdoors |
| 22. A. loosely | B. deeply | C. securely | D. carelessly |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Food miles: Is buying local food always better?

Recently, campaigners have encouraged us to buy local food. This reduces 'food miles', that is, the distance food travels to get from the producer to the retailer. The reason is that the higher the food miles, the more carbon emissions. Buying local food, therefore, has a lower carbon footprint and is more environmentally friendly.

However, the real story is not as simple as that. If our aim is to reduce carbon emissions, we must look at the whole farming process, not just transportation. According to a 2008 study, only 11% of carbon emissions in the food production process result from transportation, and only 4% originated from the final delivery of the product from the producer to the retailer. Other processes, including fertilization, storage, heating and irrigation, contribute much more.

Recently, some supermarkets have been trying to raise awareness of food miles by labeling foods with stickers that show it has been imported by air. But ultimately, the message this gives is too simple. Lots of different factors contribute to a food's carbon footprint besides the distance it has travelled. And even if we only buy local food which is currently in season, there are ethical implications. What's more, our diets would be more limited.

<https://test-english.com/reading/b1-b2/is-buying-local-food-always-better-reading-test/>

23. The main reason why campaigners have encouraged us to buy local food is to reduce "food miles". _____
24. The carbon emissions and the food miles aren't relevant to each other. _____
25. According to a 2008 study, transportation mostly accounted for the cause of carbon emissions in the food production process. _____
26. Local food may affect the diversity of our diets. _____
27. How did supermarkets raise people's awareness of food miles?
- A. Running a campaign C. Giving messages

B. Labeling foods with stickers

D. Importing food by air

28. Which word below can replace the word "aim" in the second paragraph?

A. purpose

B. decision

C. method

D. urge

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. The explosion pitched the little girl _____ into the air. (violent)

30. My parents' love for antiques and fine art was made _____ in every corner of the house. (evidence)

31. I'm worried about the _____ effect that violent films may have on children. (destroy)

32. David introduced us to a product recycling waste plastic into fuel that was _____ in Japan. (invention)

33. Tidal waves are the result of an abrupt shift in underwater _____ of the earth. (move)

34. We used to have a _____ at home, and I half-believed that countries were actually colored red or blue or yellow. (global)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "exploration" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

exploration *noun*



OPAL W

/,eksplə'reɪʃn/

/,eksplə'reɪʃn/

[countable, uncountable]

□ the act of travelling through a place in order to find out about it or look for something in it

- *Budgets for space exploration have been cut back.*
- *oil exploration* (= searching for oil in the ground)
- *Lewis and Clark's exploration of the vast uncharted area of the north-west*

35. _____ can be a risky and expensive business, but it can also lead to the discovery of valuable resources that fuel our world.

36. Through _____, we can learn more about the origins of the universe and search for signs of life on other planets.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. I started to work for the company a year ago.

→ It's been _____

38. Life is short, yet we still waste a lot of time.

→ Though _____

39. Learning about other cultures is important.

→ It is _____

40. The poor will never have access to green spaces unless governments act judiciously.

→ If _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 19

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. cheese B. choice C. chord D. chunk
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. noon B. tool C. blood D. spoon
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. acquaintance B. unselfish C. attraction D. humorous
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. generous B. suspicious C. constancy D. sympathy
5. **Person A:** "Do you remember that big snowstorm in Washington in 1962?"
Person B: "Yes, it snowed in Washington _____ the winter of 1962."
A. of B. at C. for D. in
6. **Person A:** "Who's going to the park?"
Person B: "Peony and her cat _____ are standing over there, will go to the park."
A. that B. who C. whom D. which
7. **Person A:** "I'm so glad we're going on holiday somewhere sunny!"
Person B: "Me too! It's very sunny there at this time of the year. We need to take some _____ with us."
A. dumplings B. pastries C. sunblock D. monument
8. **Person A:** "Why haven't you done any laundry lately?"
Person B: "I haven't washed my clothes as my washing machine has _____."
A. settled down B. broken down C. taken down D. turned down
9. **Person A:** "That travel agency has a lot of different holiday options."
Person B: "The travel agency offers a variety of holiday packages, _____?"
A. doesn't it B. does it C. has it D. hasn't it
10. **Person A:** "Basketball seems to be a pretty popular sport for women these days."
Person B: "_____ it is mostly played by men, basketball is also a game for women."
A. Despite B. Although C. However D. Because
11. **Person A:** "It seems like you have a small group of close friends."
Person B: "Yes, I have _____ friends than you, but they always show up when I need them."
A. less B. fewer C. a few D. little
12. **Person A:** "What does your father do for work?"
Person B: "My father is in _____ of 30 engineers and 80 workers."
A. pressure B. leadership C. impression D. charge
13. **Susan:** "You look more beautiful in your hat and shoes."
Emma: " _____ "
A. Oh, poor me. C. Am I? Thanks.
B. I'm interesting to hear that. D. It's very nice of you to say so.
14. **Thomas:** "What's on television tonight?"
Charlie: " _____ "
A. I will go to the cinema. B. It's half past nine.
C. The film is good. D. A football match after the news.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?
- A. This door must remain closed to prevent the spread of fire.
 - B. You should only shut the door when it is on fire.
 - C. You mustn't put the door on fire.
 - D. You should keep the door open unless there is a fire.
16. What does the sign mean?
- A. You don't have to use the horn in this area.
 - B. There aren't any horns in this area.
 - C. You mustn't use the horn in this area.
 - D. You should use the horn only in an emergency.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

The Pros of playing Team Sports

Team sports promote cooperation. No matter the individual talents of the players, you must work together and rely (17) _____ your teammates in order to succeed. Playing as a team promotes good sportsmanship and helps to put winning into perspective. Being a sore loser is common, particularly among only children, or (18) _____ who have never played a team sport.

Team sports teach you to (19) _____ the value of your teammates' abilities and how their strengths can contribute to a shared goal. This can make you a more supportive, patient and optimistic person on and off the field. Participating in a team sport can also be a powerful and fun way to (20) _____ motivated and push yourself. Having teammates to train with can be (21) _____ and encourage you to rise to new levels.

Ultimately, team sports are a great way to make friends and meet new people. They attract a lot of support and promote a (22) _____ of community and belonging.

Team Sports vs Individual Sports | Northern Spinal & Sports Injury Clinic

- | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| 17. A. in | B. on | C. at | D. to |
| 18. A. they | B. anyone | C. other | D. those |
| 19. A. appreciate | B. inspect | C. misunderstand | D. underestimate |
| 20. A. live | B. see | C. stay | D. study |
| 21. A. demotivating | B. inspiring | C. inactive | D. exhausting |
| 22. A. feeling | B. emotion | C. sense | D. variety |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Volunteering to help people in need combined with travelling to faraway places is a new trend in the travel industry. It is called voluntourism. People travel to other countries, learn languages and other cultures and gain new experiences. On the other side, they volunteer to help others who are not as well off as they are.

More than 1.6 million people around the world are volunteers in other countries. They work in orphanages, help build schools, assist in hospitals and do farming work in developing countries. While voluntourism has been around for over a century, modern volunteering started with the Peace Corps, a program that the US government started in the 1960s. There are many reasons why people want to engage in voluntourism. Students see it as a gap year after school, others simply want to take time out from a job and do something else. Then there are those who are bored and merely seek adventure. However, many voluntourists do not see volunteering as what it is. They think it is a cheap way of travelling and don't really want to get involved in hard work.

Not everyone sees voluntourism in a positive way. Critics say that if people really want to help those in need, there are many opportunities in their own community to do this. On the other side, volunteers are often not skilled enough for the tasks that they do. Travel experts point out that in some cases voluntourists are exploited by the organization that sets up

the trips. Job organizations **urge** volunteers to inform themselves about organizations and projects before applying for a job.

23. Voluntourism is a combination of travelling and doing volunteer work. _____

24. There have been 1.6 million people doing voluntary work worldwide. _____

25. The US government started voluntourism in the 1960s. _____

26. Many organizations have taken advantages _____

27. According to the passage, some voluntourists are more eager to _____

A. do farming work

B. have cheap trips

C. assist patients

D. build schools

28. The word "**urge**" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____

A. strongly advise

B. officially refuse

C. gently remind

D. widely allow

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. The problem is so _____ that hardly anybody can deal with it. (complicate)

30. Galileo is one of the first _____ to study astronomy. (science)

31. Most of the land has been allocated to charcoal burners who had ended up _____ the area. (forest)

32. As a new employee, it's important to be _____ and enthusiastic. (open-mindedness)

33. I actually caught the error and corrected it in the draft, but _____ the uncorrected version was sent out. (fortunate)

34. Whenever I face difficulties in life, I gift myself a big bowl of pumpkin soup, which is my _____ food. (comfortable)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "limit" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

limit *noun*



OPAL W

OPAL S

/'lɪmɪt/

/'lɪmɪt/

□ the greatest or smallest amount of something that is allowed

SYNONYM **restriction**

- They **imposed** a strict spending **limit**.
- His speed was double the **legal limit**.
- Do not **exceed the recommended limit** of 6g of salt per day.
- **limit on something** The EU has **set** strict **limits** on levels of pollution.
- **within limits** to keep government spending within acceptable limits
- **over the limit** You can't drive—you're over the limit (= you have drunk more alcohol than is legal when driving).

35. The _____ means you can't drive a car if you drink too much alcohol.

36. The police officer used a special device to see if the driver was _____.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. Tom and Peter didn't come. We invited them.

→ Tom and Peter, whom _____

38. The water was so cold that the children could not swim in it.

→ The water was not _____

39. "How will we find your keys in the dark?" Ashley asked Chang.

→ Ashley asked Chang _____

40. No one else in class plays badminton as skillfully as Tom.

→ Tom is _____

THE END OF THE TEST

SAMPLE TEST NO. 20

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. though B. enough C. cough D. rough
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. put B. wood C. push D. moon
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. refreshment B. horrible C. exciting D. intention
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. knowledge B. maximum C. athletics D. marathon
5. **Person A:** Did you hear that Mrs. Johnson has been nominated _____ the new secretary of the president?
Person B: Wow, that's a big deal! I wonder if she'll accept the position.
A. as B. like C. with D. for
6. **Person A:** I heard she was desperate for money and called her sister, _____ she hadn't spoken to in 20 years.
Person B: That's really sad. I hope they were able to reconnect.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
7. **Person A:** It's concerning that many children in our village are still _____.
Person B: I agree. We need to do more to improve access to education.
A. creative B. illiterate C. unhealthy D. traditional
8. **Person A:** We were supposed to watch a movie together last Sunday, but Nick didn't _____ on time.
Person B: Oh no, was he okay? What happened?
A. give in B. look up C. put out D. show up
9. **Person A:** Imagine having a teacher that never gets tired of _____ lessons!
Person B: That's what it's like with a robot teacher. They have an infinite amount of patience.
A. repeating B. repeated C. to repeat D. repeat
10. **Person A:** College classes are definitely harder than high school ones.
Person B: Absolutely, _____ the topics are more complicated and the pace is much faster.
A. because B. due to C. however D. thus
11. **Person A:** Maria seems _____ than last year.
Person B: Yeah, her grades are better too. She's doing really well.
A. happy B. most happy
C. the happiest D. happier
12. **Person A:** It must get lonely sometimes being an _____.
Person B: Yeah, I don't have any brothers or sisters.
A. lonely child B. only child C. alone child D. single child
13. **Joe:** "Do you think that we should reduce using private vehicles to protect our environment?"
Jacob: " _____ "
A. There's no doubt about it. B. Well, that's very surprising
C. Of course not. You bet! D. Yes, it's an absurd idea.
14. **Son:** "Mum, I've got 8.0 on my IELTS test."
Mom: " _____ "
A. Good job! B. Good way! C. You are right! D. Oh, hard luck!

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the notice mean?
- A. All visitors can enter the place through the site office.
 - B. Guests are reported to visit the site office.
 - C. Anyone who visits must go to the site office and check in.
 - D. The site office is for everyone to make a report.
16. What does the sign mean?
- A. Pedestrians only, no vehicles traffic.
 - B. Pedestrians stop.
 - C. School advance warning, you're entering school zone.
 - D. Slow down, pedestrians crossing ahead.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

This car runs on chocolate!

Scientists have built a 300kph racing car that uses chocolate as a fuel! The project is (17) _____ to show how car-making could (18) _____ environmentally friendly. The car meets all racing cars (19) _____ apart from its fuel. This is a mixture of waste chocolate and vegetable oil, and such 'biofuels' are not allowed in the sport yet. It has to be mixed with normal fuel so that all parts of the car keep (20) _____.

Carrots and other root vegetables were used to make some parts inside and outside the car. Even the mirrors are made (21) _____ potatoes! The sides of the car contain a mixture of natural materials from plants (22) _____ other recycled materials.

The project is still young, so the scientists have not yet found out how 'green' the car is.

https://teacherphill.com/pet-reading/#Part_5_-4-option_multiple_choice_cloze

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| 17. A. intended | B. wished | C. decided | D. insisted |
| 18. A. develop | B. move | C. become | D. arrive |
| 19. A. levels | B. standards | C. grades | D. orders |
| 20. A. working | B. going | C. go | D. work |
| 21. A. in | B. from | C. of | D. by |
| 22. A. as well as | B. as long as | C. like | D. similar |

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

Life in the past was very different from life today. People lived simpler lives and relied on basic technologies to accomplish daily tasks. Unlike the present, where technology is integral to almost every aspect of life, in the past, people used manual tools and methods for everything from cooking to transportation.

Transportation in the past was much slower and less convenient compared to today. People primarily traveled on foot, by horse, or by carriage. Long-distance journeys were arduous and time-consuming, often taking weeks or months to complete. There were no cars, trains, or airplanes to make travel faster and more comfortable.

Communication was also a challenge in the past. Without smartphones or the internet, people relied on letters sent by post to communicate over long distances. It could take days, if not weeks, for a letter to reach its destination. As a result, staying in touch with loved ones who lived far away was much more difficult than it is today.

Despite these challenges, life in the past had its own charm and simplicity. Communities were tight-knit, and neighbors often relied on each other for support and companionship. Families spent more time together, engaging in activities like storytelling and board games rather than being glued to screens.

Today, while we enjoy the conveniences of modern life, it's important to appreciate the lessons we can learn from the past. Understanding how people lived in earlier times can help us appreciate the advancements we've made and remind us of the value of **simplicity** and human connection.

17. Life in the past was different from life today because people relied on basic technologies. _____
18. Walking wasn't a primary transportation in the past. _____
19. In order to communicate over long distances, people relied on letters by using smartphones or the internet. _____
20. Families spent more time together, participating in activities like storytelling and board games rather than being glued to screens. _____

21. The closest meaning of the word "*simplicity*" in the last paragraph is:
 A. happiness B. laziness C. business D. easiness
22. What is the main idea of this reading?
 A. Life in the countryside. B. Life in the city.
 C. Life in the past. D. Life in town.

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. He said the police had been informed and were now investigating the mysterious (appear)
 _____.
30. With her black clothes and dyed hair, Melanie looked very goth _____to her (compare)
 classmates.
31. The hospital reported that they had admitted an _____man with a serious head (identify)
 injury.
32. I remember a time as a child when my sister and I shared an _____world of made-up (imagine)
 creatures.
33. It is _____impossible for humans to fly. (physic)
34. The contract must have the _____of both sides. (sign)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "description" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

description *noun*

 OPAL W OPAL S

 /dr'skrɪpʃn/

 /dr'skrɪpʃn/

[countable, uncountable]

□ a piece of writing or speech that says what somebody/something is like; the act of writing or saying in words what somebody/something is like

- Follow the link below for a more *detailed description*.
- **description of somebody/something** a *brief description* of the software
- The name means 'no trees' and it is an *accurate description* of the island.
- Police have issued a *description* of the gunman.
- This is a film that *defies description* (= is difficult or impossible to describe).
- the novelist's *powers of description*
- **beyond description** a *personal pain that goes beyond description* (= is too great to express in words)

35. The beauty of the sunset over the ocean was _____, with vibrant colors painting the sky.
36. The police officer asked the witness to provide a _____of the suspect, including their height, clothing, and any distinguishing features.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. "This is a library. Keep silent, will you?" the librarian said.
 → The librarian _____
38. My mom lived in a small village when she was a girl.
 → My mom used _____
39. We didn't follow the recipe. Therefore, the cake we had baked was terrible.
 → Because of _____
40. The runner could hardly keep up with the others.
 → The runner had difficulty _____

THE END OF THE TEST

