ĐỀ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỚI

Năm học 2023 - 2024

Môn: Tiếng Anh 8

Thời gian: **150** phút (không kể thời gian giao đề)

Ngày thi:... tháng năm 2023

(Đề thi gồm 06 trang)

SECTION A: LISTENING (15 points)

HƯỚNG DẪN PHẦN THI NGHE HIỀU

Bài nghe gồm 3 phần, mỗi phần được nghe 2 lần(giám thị chỉ mở 01 lần đĩa tự động phát 02 lần), mỗi lần cách nhau khoảng 20 giây, mở đầu và kết thúc mỗi phần nghe có tín hiệu.

Thí sinh có 3 phút để hoàn chỉnh bài sau tín hiệu nhạc kết thúc bài nghe.

Mọi hướng dẫn cho thí sinh (bằng tiếng Anh) đã có trong bài nghe.

Question 1. Listen to the teacher talking to her class about a visit to a museum and complete the notes below.

SCHOOL TRIP TO LONDON		
Date	Tuesday (1) September	
Destination	(2) Museum	
Means of transport:	(3)	
Times	Leaving school at (4) am	
	Back at school at 9 pm.	
At the museum	Special (5)and talk	
Price	15 pounds each	

Question 2. Listen to Dawn and Will talking about their plans for next week and mark the statements as true (T) or false (F).

- 6. Sandra Bullock is Dawn's favorite actress.
- 7. Dawn and Will are going to a party on Friday.
- 8. Will has to study on Saturday afternoon.
- 9. Dawn is going out with Chris on Saturday night.
- 10. They are meeting for lunch on Sunday.

Question 3. Listen to the conversation then choose the best option, to answer each of the following questions.

11. How many bedrooms does the man's apartment have?				
A	A. one	B. two	C. three	D. four
12. The swimming pool the apartment building.				
A	A. next to	B. behind	C. in front of	D. besides
13. What business are opposite the apartments?				
A	A. clothing stores	B. book stores	C. restaurants	D. swimming pool
14. Hov	v much does the ma	an pay for rent?		
A	A. \$2.35	B. \$2.55	C. \$2.75	D. \$3.75
15. Wha	at service is NOT in	ncluded in the rent?		
A	A. gas	B. the Interne	et C. electricity	D. water

SECTION B: PHONETICS (5 pts)

			ounced differently fron gword or phrase on yo	
paper. (3 pts)				
16. A. or <u>ig</u> ami	B. pr <u>i</u> ze	C. div <u>i</u> de	D. l <u>i</u> ke	
17. A. ragged B	. arrived	C. invited	D. wicked	
18. A. pr <u>e</u> ssure				
Question II- Choose	one word that has	a different stress p	osition from the others	. Identify
			e on your answer paper	: (2 pts)
19. A. computer	B. essential	C. complain	D. comfortable	
20. A. informal	B. Saturday	C. tomato	D. American	
SECTION C	- VOCABULARY	Y AND GRAMMA	R STRUCTURE(30 pt	ts)
Question I- Choose th	ie best answer. (10	pts)		
21. The nurse was on_	in the hospital	all night.		
A. work	B. alarm	C. duty	D. service	
22. She was	she could not say a	nything.		
A. so surprised at the	he news that	B. such sur	rprised at the news that	
C. so surprised of	the news that	D. so that s	surprised for the news	
23. The mosquito bit ar	nd made my eyelid	and I coul	ldn't open my eye prope	rly.
A. swell	B.grow	C. stretch	D. spread	
24. You must lend me	the money for the t	rip I wo	on't be able to go.	
A. Consequently			ise D. Although	h
25. She is wearing a/ar	ı ring.			
A. expensive nice g		xpensive		
C. gold nice expens	sive D. nice expens	sive gold		
26, we tried	l our best to comple	ete it.		
A. Thanks to the di	fficult homework	B. Despite	the homework was diffi	cult
C. Difficult as the l	nomework was	D. As thou	gh the homework was d	ifficult
27. I'm feeling a bit				
A. with	B. for	C. upon	D. under	
28. I suggest she	outside the cine	ma tomorrow at 8:30	0.	
A. being 29. A: "Will the Jackson	B. be	C. to be	D. will be	
29. A: "Will the Jackso	on be invited?"-	B: "I	• •	
A. expect so not	B. so expect	C. expect s	o D. don't exp	ect
30. Your sister writes p	poems and stories,	she?		
A. does	B. doesn't	C. will D. won	ı't	
Question II. Put each				
31. Lan bought a new 1				
32. I was fined as I did	dn't have my drivin	g licence with me.	I (remember)	to bring
it at the time.	•		,	~
33. I (know)	the answer	, I would tell you ri	ght away.	
34. Do you mind (dist)				
35 Tom will never for	get (send) to	a boarding school	when he was just 8 years	s old
36. There were some p	eonle (row)	on th	ne river	, 014.
37. It's obligatory that	the vovage (cancel)	· ·	
38 My son likes eating				

Question III. Put each word in brackets into an appropriate form. (7pts)
39. You must learn tobetween politeness and real kindness. (DIFFERENT)
40. The king wanted to repay his servant's in another way. (LOYAL)
41. We'll only have real when women earn as much as men. (EQUALIZE)
41. We'll only have real when women earn as much as men. (EQUALIZE) 42. Giving gifts to servants is an example of King's (GENEROUS)
43, many people are killed in traffic accidents nowadays. (TRAGIC)
44 of culture can be achieved by keeping cultural elements, such as food, clothing,
shelter, and language. (PRESERVE)
45. What is the between a custom and a tradition? (SIMILAR)
Question IV. Each of the following sentences has one mistake. Find and correct it.
(5 pts)
46. New laws should be introduced to reduce the number of traffic in the city centre.
47. The suits were hanged in the closet when they were returned from the cleaners.
48. His research for the thesis was more useful than her.
49. The workers were made work really hard, but their wages were low.
50. If either of you take a vacation, we will not be able to finish the work.
SECTION D: READING COMPREHENSION (30 pts)
Question I. Fill in each numbered blank with only one suitable word in the following passage.
(10 pts)
In the 1940s thirty million people in Britain went to the cinema regularly. It wasn't
expensive. Ordinary working people could (51) it and it was a treat for children. It was
also the (52) to see the news. Hundreds of cinemas opened up all (53)
Britain.
By the 1960s more and more homes (54) televisions, and cinemas started to
close. In the 1980s people watched videos. Then came satellite TV, the Internet and computer
games. By the end of the twentieth century, fewer and (55) people went to the cinema.
New technology like 3D means that cinemas can offer something most people can't get
at home. In 2007 the (56) of people going to the cinema started to (57) up
again. When the 3D film Avatar came out in 2009, it (58) records – millions of people
went to see it at the cinema.
Now there are huge multiplex cinemas showing ten different movies, there are drive-in
cinemas and open-air screens in parks. Over 100 years (59) the first movie theatres in
America opened, the cinema is still evolving.
It is true that you can watch a film on the bus on your smartphone, on a (60)
that is smaller than your hand. But the cinema experience, with friends, popcorn and ice cream
is a tradition we have learned to love. It seems the cinema will be around a while longer.
Question II: Read the following passage and then choose the most suitable word or phrase for
each space. (10. pts)
SAY "NO" TO PLASTIC BAGS
Did you known that on average we take home 150 plastic bags annually? In (61)
words, that means a global figure of one million plastic bags taken home every
minute. We are sure you will agree this is a truly shocking statistic.
Plastic bags cannot be simply (62)
blow off landfill sites and become highly (63)litter which can remain in the
environment for a number of years. They are not only an eyesore but they are a (64)
to the environment too. For example, plastic bags almost blocked Buriganga river in

Ban	gladesh, and they a	re widely (65)responsible for causing devastating floods there		
on t	wo separate occasi	ons.		
The	y also (66)	a particular threat to wildlife. More and more (67)dead		
turtl	es and whales are	discovered washed up on beaches, killed by swallowing plastic bags. To		
mar	ine life, a plastic ba	g closely (68)a jellyfish.		
		why you should reuse plastic bags you already have or take a small		
		e supermarket. Why not take (69)now and show how much		
	_	ronment by (70)this small step!		
-	A. fewer	B. some C. those D. other		
62.	A. disposed	B. thrown C. finished D. used		
	A. evident	B. observable C. visible D. marked		
64.	A. risk	B. some C. those D. other B. thrown C. finished D. used B. observable C. visible D. marked B. danger C. difficulty D. issue		
65.	A. shown	B. taken C. made D. held		
66.	A. model	B. set C. pose D. generate		
67.	A. popularly	B. frequently C. common D. generally		
68.	A. resembles	B. reminds C. equates D. appears		
69.	A. again	B. advantage C. action D. account		
70.	A. helping	B. set C. pose D. generate B. frequently C. common D. generally B. reminds C. equates D. appears B. advantage C. action D. account B. doing C. following D. taking		
Que	stion III. Read the	following passage and choose the best answers to the questions below.		
(10)	pts)			
	Diseases are a	natural part of life on Earth. If there were no diseases, the population		
wou	ld grow too quick	y, and there would not be enough food or other resources, so in a way,		
dise	ases are natural w	ays of keeping the Earth in balance. But sometimes they spread very		
quic	kly and kill large r	umbers of people. For example, in 1918, an outbreak of flu spread across		
the v	world, killing over	25 million people in only six months. Such terrible outbreaks of a disease		
are o	called <i>pandemics</i> .			
	Pandemics happ	en when a disease changes in a way that our bodies are not prepared to		
		ype of flu virus appeared. Our bodies had no way to fight this new flu		
	-	very quickly and killed large mumbers of people. While there have been		
		ic diseases throughout history, all of them have a new thing in common.		
	First, all pander	nic diseases spread from one person to another very easily.		
	Second, while t	ney may kill many people, they generally do not kill people very quickly.		
_	-	his would be the Marburg virus. The Marburg virus is an extremely		
		ddition, it is deadly. About $70 - 80 \%$ of all people who get the Marburg		
virus died from the disease. However, the Marburg virus has not become a pandemic because				
most people die within three days of getting the disease. This means that the virus does not have				
enough time to spread a large number of people. The flu virus of 1918, on the other hand,				
gene	•	week to ten days to kill its victims, so it had more time to spread.		
		never be able to completely stop pandemics, we can make them less		
		fully monitor new diseases that they fear could become pandemics. For		
	-	2003, doctors carefully watched SARS. Their health warnings may have		
-		becoming a pandemic.		
		ragraph 1, How are disease a natural part of life on Earth?		
	A. They prevent pa	7 1 1		
	C. They led the wo			
72.]	Based on the inform	nation in the passage the term "pandemics" can be explained as		

A. Diseases with no kill B. A deadly kind of flu

C. Diseases that spread quickly and kill large	* *	
D. New disease like SARS or the Marbug viru	1S	
73. According to the passage, what causes pander	nics?	
A. changes a disease that body can not fight.		
B. Careless doctors who do not watch the spre	ead of disease.	
C. Population grow that the world cannot supp		
D. The failure to make new medicines.	,	
74. According to the passage, all of the following	og are true of the 1918 flu pandemic EXCEPT	
that .	ig are true of the 1916 fra pandenne EXCELL	
A. It involved a new kind of flu virus	D. It billed even 25 million meanle	
	B. It killed over 25 million people	
C. It was the last pandemic in history	D. It took a little over a week to kill its victims	
75. The word "it" in the passage refers to A. disease B. flu virus	_	
76. Which of the following is mentioned as a com	nmon feature of all pandemic diseases?	
A. They spread from people to people very qu	ickly.	
B. It kills many people very quickly.		
C. They do not kill people very quickly.		
D. They kill all the victims.		
77. According to paragraph 3, why hasn't Marbur	rg virus become a pandemic?	
A. It is not a deadly disease.	S virus occome a panacime.	
B. It does not spread from person to person ea	eilv	
C. Doctors have prevented it from becoming a		
	i pandenne.	
D. It kills people too quickly.	:	
78. The word " <i>monitor</i> " in the passage is closest		
A. fight B. prevent		
79. The author mentioned SARS in order to		
A. give an example of a highly dangerous dise		
B. suggest that SARS will never become a par	ndemic	
C. give an example of the successful prevention	on of a pandemic	
D. suggest that there may be a new pandemic	soon	
80. This passage is mainly about .		
A. How to prevent pandemic diseases.	B. Pandemic diseases	
C. Pandemic diseases throughout history	D. Why pandemics happen	
C. 1 wild 11110 wild wild wild we install	2. Why pure ampper	
S- S		
SECTION E: WRIT	ING (10 pts)	
Question I. Complete each of the following sent	ences in such a way that it means the same as	
the sentence printed above it. (5 pts)		
81. I find his handwriting very hard to read.		
→ I have		
82. Despite working hard, he can't support his lar	ge family	
→ No matter	80 mm.,	
84. It is believed that his father died in a car accident.		
→ His father	ient.	
	he declined to comment	
85. When the Minister was asked about the strike	, he decimed to comment.	
On_		
85. A technician is going to mend the plug for her	τ.	
→ She		

the word in brackets and other words to complete each set 86. Why don't you take that English course?	ntence. (5 pts) (WERE)
→ If	
87. Although they live in poverty, they feel happy. → Despite	(FACT)
88 I managed to finish all my work.	(ABLE)
→ I all my work.	
89. They belive that that his father died in a car accident. → His father	(BELIEVED)
90. It's ages since my sister and I last had an argument. → My sister and I	(FOR)
Question III. Some people say that students shouldn't us at school.Do you agree or disagree? Write a paragraph (a	•
opinion. (10 pts)	
THE END	