## BỘ GIÁO DỰC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 07 trang)

## $\eth$ È THI TUYỂN SINH CAO $\eth$ ĂNG NĂM 2012

Môn: TIẾNG ANH; Khối A1 và Khối D1

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Mã đề thi 869

Họ, tên thí sinh:Số báo danh:			
ĐỀ THI GỒM 80 QUES	STIONS (TỪ QUESTIO	N 1 ĐẾN QUESTION	80)
Mark the letter A, B, C, following questions.	or D on your answer si	heet to indicate the cor	rect answer to each of the
Question 1: Neither Tom A. was		willing to help their mo	ther with the housework.  D. has been
Question 2: That cannot A. must have made	be a true story. He  B. should have made		D. can have made
Question 3: She was	angry that she could <b>B.</b> such	not say a word. C. too much	D. so many
Question 4: They are have A. to paint	ring their house b B. painted	y a construction compar C. being painted	ny.  D. painting
Question 5: The police ha		the accident which hap	pened this afternoon.
Question 6: This carpet r A. cleaning	eally needs Can B. cleaned	you do it for me, son? C. being cleaned	D. clean
Question 7: Parts of the c	country are suffering water <b>B.</b> shortage	er after the unus C. supply	ually dry summer.  D. hunger
Question 8: My teacher r		essay carefully before h	anding it in.
Question 9: Sarah: "Oh n	ny God, I've missed my l	ous."	
Christ: " A. Thank you	<ul><li>Another will come h</li><li>B. Don't mention it</li></ul>	nere in ten minutes."  C. I hope so	D. Don't worry
<ul><li>Question 10: No sooner</li><li>A. the thief touched</li><li>C. the thief had touched</li></ul>		larm went off.  B. touched the thief D. had the thief touched	d
Question 11: College students. On	dents are becoming less of	dependent their t	teachers.  D. to
Question 12: Nowadays, A. electricity		_ calculators in their stu C. electronic	
Question 13: I hope you A. keep	B. gain	C. take	D. get
Question 14: He gave A. away	his job in order to g  B. out	go back to university. C. in	D. up
Question 15: Susan, remo	ember to apply this sun cab. several	ream two hours. C. each	D. some
Question 16: Parts of the A. off	mountain road have been <b>B.</b> away	n washed after the C. through	ne floods.  D. out
Question 17: There is a g	good film TV ton		D. from

- I					
Question 19: Jack: "Wh	nat's wrong with you?"				
Jill: "	,,				
A. I'm having a slight headache		B. No, I don't care			
		D. Thank you very m	uch		
Question 20: How long	ago to learn Fren	nch?			
	B. were you starting		D. would you start		
<b>Question 21:</b> Spain has	won the championship, _	is not surprising.			
A. that	B. how	C. which D. what			
Question 22: Instead of	staying around the house a	all day, you should be ou	t there looking a job.		
A. at	B. into	C. after	D. for		
Question 23: I'd rather	you to the Englis	h-speaking club with me	e this Sunday.		
A. will come	B. to come	C. come	D. came		
Question 24: Mary: "Do	o you mind if I sit here?"				
Laura: "_	"				
	B. My pleasure.	C. Yes, why not?	D. Don't mention it.		
Question 25: The teach	er said that I would be ab	le to speak English fluer	ntly six months.		
A. since	B. by	C. in	D. till		
Mankalia laura A. D. C	Y D	.14 4	all ODDOCITE :		
, ,	•		rd or phrase OPPOSITE in		
meaning to the unaerth	ned part in each of the fo	mowing questions.			

C. Because

Question 26: She was unhappy that she <u>lost contact with</u> a lot of her old friends when she went abroad to study.

A. made room for

**B.** put in charge of

Question 18: he was tired, he still watched the final match on TV.

B. However

C. got in touch with

**D.** lost control of

Question 27: His boss has had enough of his impudence, and doesn't want to hire him any more.

A. respect

A. Despite

**B.** agreement

C. obedience

D. rudeness

D. Though

Read the following passage on climate change, and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 28 to 37.

Experts in climatology and other scientists are becoming extremely concerned about the changes to our climate which are taking place. Admittedly, climate changes have occurred on our planet before. For example, there have been several ice ages or glacial periods.

These climatic changes, however, were different from the modern ones in that they occurred gradually and, as far as we know, naturally. The changes currently being monitored are said to be the result not of natural causes, but of human activity. Furthermore, the rate of change is becoming alarmingly rapid.

The major problem is that the planet appears to be warming up. According to some experts, this warming process, known as global warming, is occurring at a rate unprecedented in the last 10,000 years. The implications for the planet are very serious. Rising global temperatures could give rise to such ecological disasters as extremely high increases in the incidence of flooding and of droughts. These in turn could have a harmful effect on agriculture.

It is thought that this unusual warming of the Earth has been caused by so-called greenhouse gases, such as carbon dioxide, being emitted into the atmosphere by car engines and modern industrial processes, for example. Such gases not only add to the pollution of the atmosphere, but also create a greenhouse effect, by which the heat of the sun is trapped. This leads to the warming up of the planet.

Politicians are also concerned about climate change and there are now regular summits on the subject, attended by representatives from around 180 of the world's industrialized countries. Of these summits, the most important took place in Kyoto in Japan in 1997. There it was agreed that the most industrialized countries would try to reduce the volume of greenhouse gas emissions and were given targets for this reduction of emissions.

It was also suggested that more forests should be planted to create so-called sinks to absorb greenhouse gases. At least part of the problem of rapid climate change has been caused by too **drastic** deforestation.

Sadly, the targets are not being met. Even more sadly, global warnings about climate changes are often still being regarded as scaremongering.

(From Read and Understand 2 by Betty Kirkpatrick & Rebecca Mok - Learners Publishing Pte Ltd 2005)

<ul> <li>Question 28: According to the passage, in what from the modern ones?</li> <li>A. They occurred naturally over a long period of B. They were partly intended.</li> <li>C. They were wholly the result of human activity.</li> <li>D. They were fully monitored by humans.</li> </ul>	
Question 29: The word " <u>alarmingly</u> " in paragrap  A. disapprovingly  B. disappointingly	
<ul> <li>Question 30: According to the passage, agricultur</li> <li>A. make the global warming more serious</li> <li>B. be indirectly affected by the global temperat</li> <li>C. give rise to many ecological disasters</li> <li>D. be directly damaged by the rises in global temperat</li> </ul>	ure rises
Question 31: Greenhouse gases cause the warmin	g up of the Earth because they
A. are emitted by car engines	B. trap heat from the sun
C. do not add to atmosphere pollution  Question 32: According to the passage, 1997 with	_
<ul> <li>A. the largest number of summits on the subject</li> <li>B. the most important summit on climate change</li> <li>C. the highest attendance by representatives from the boundary of the properties of the subject</li> <li>D. widespread concern about climate change</li> </ul>	t of climate change te taking place in Kyoto, Japan m 180 industrialised countries
Question 33: It can be interred from the passage that warming are	t the countries which are mainly responsible for global
A. countries with the warmest climate C. developed countries	<ul><li>B. developing countries</li><li>D. the most industrialised countries</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Question 34: The word "There" in paragraph 5 re</li> <li>A. the world's industrialised countries</li> <li>C. the most industrialised countries</li> </ul>	B. regular summits on climate change D. the 1997 summit in Kyoto, Japan
<ul> <li>Question 35: Which of the following is NOT true.</li> <li>A. Carbon dioxide is one of the gases that may</li> <li>B. The so-called sinks created by forests can ab</li> <li>C. The problem of rapid climate change has been</li> <li>D. Politicians are among those who are concern</li> </ul>	cause the so-called greenhouse effect. sorb greenhouse gases. en caused mainly by deforestation.
Question 36: The word "drastic" in paragraph 6 i	
A. hard B. severe	C. widespread D. obvious
Question 37: What is probably the writer's attitud  A Optimistic R Pessimistic	

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase for each of the blanks from 38 to 47. The popular image of student life is of young people with few responsibilities enjoying themselves and (38) very little work. This is often not true. Many older people now study at college or university, sometimes (39) a part-time basis while having a job and looking after a family. These students are often (40) motivated and work very hard. Younger students are often thought to be lazy and careless about money but this (41) is changing. In Britain reduced government support for higher education means that students can no longer rely on having their expenses (42) for them. Formerly, students received a grant towards their living expenses. Now most can only get a loan (43) has to be paid back. Since 1999 they have paid over £1 000 towards tuition (44)\_\_\_\_ and this amount will increase up to a \_\_ pay for tuition and room and board. maximum of £3 000. In the US students already (45)\_\_\_\_\_ Many get a financial aid package which may (46) grants, scholarships and loans. The fear of having large debts places (47)\_\_\_\_\_ pressure on students and many take part-time jobs during the term and work full-time in the vacations. (Extracted from Oxford Guide to British and American Culture - Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass) Question 38: A. producing **B.** doing C. making D. carrying **Ouestion 39: A.** on B. with C. for D. at **Question 40: A.** mainly **B.** absolutely C. highly **D.** adequately Question 41: A. position **B.** condition **D.** situation C. state Question 42: A. to pay B. pay C. paying **D.** paid **Question 43: A.** who C. which **D.** whether **B.** what Question 44: A. charge **B.** allowances C. money D. fees **Question 45: A.** had better C. have to D. should B. may Question 46: A. consist **B.** belong C. include D. compose **Question 47: A.** large **B.** generous C. considerate **D.** considerable Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions. Question 48: Don't be <u>concerned about</u> your mother's illness; she'll recover soon. A. worried about **B.** angry with C. surprised at **D.** embarrassed at Question 49: A special exhibition of Indian art will be opened at the National Museum next month. **B.** show C. painting D. programme Question 50: Traffic began to flow normally again after the accident. A. with the same speed **B.** strangely and irregularly C. repeatedly in different modes **D.** in the usual or ordinary way Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions. Question 51: I have never used a more fascinating MP3 player than this one. A. I am very fascinated by the MP3 player I am using. **B.** This MP3 player does not fascinate me much. C. Like the other MP3 players, this one is fascinating to me. **D.** This is the most fascinating MP3 player I have ever used. Question 52: I think it is more enjoyable to play a sport than to watch it on TV. A. I think watching a sport on TV is more enjoyable than playing it.

**B.** In my opinion, to play a sport is more enjoyable than to watch it on TV.

C. In my view, playing a sport is as enjoyable as watching it on TV.

D. As far as I know, more people watch a sport on TV than they play it.

A. The customs officer productions.  B. The customs officer askor.  C. The customs officer sug.  D. The customs officer askor.	ed to see Mrs Scott gested seeing Mrs	's passport. Scott's passport.		
<ul> <li>Question 54: "Trust me! Do r</li> <li>A. My friend encouraged n</li> <li>B. My friend offered to hele</li> <li>C. My friend persuaded me</li> <li>D. My friend ordered me to</li> </ul>	ne to invest all my ne to invest all me not to invest all me	money in one company.  ny money in one company  y money in one company	ny.	
<ul> <li>Question 55: Take this route a</li> <li>A. There is no doubt that the</li> <li>B. Although this route may</li> <li>C. Certainly, you will get to</li> <li>D. Unless you take this route</li> </ul>	is route will never lead you to the vil to the village if you	lead you to the village. lage, you cannot take it take this route.		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D part pronounced differently f	-			
Question 56: A. sensitive	B. reserve	C. supply	D. universal	
Question 57: A. determined	<del>-</del>		D. maintained	
Question 58: A. teaching	B. repeat	C. weather	D. treatment	
Question 59: A. maximum	B. population		<del></del>	
Question 60: A. attain	B. f <u>ai</u> thful	C. cert <u>ai</u> n	D. pl <u>ai</u> n	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D following questions.	on your answer sh	eet to indicate the corre	ect answer to each of the	
Question 61: that she A. Homesick though Beth i C. Beth feels such homesic	nay feel	tay any longer.  B. So homesick does  D. A little homesick		
A. that Alice is a talented b. B. how is Alice a talented b. C. why is Alice such a talented b. D. when Alice to become a	oallet dancer nted ballet dancer	cer		
Question 63:, the less	polluted the enviro	onment will be.		
A. The fewer landfills we have C. The more landfills are there		<ul><li>B. The more polluted landfills will be</li><li>D. The less landfills are polluted</li></ul>		
Question 64: Switch off all the lights  A. after you will leave the room  C. until you enter the room		<ul><li>B. by the time you enter the room</li><li>D. before you leave the room</li></ul>		
Question 65: I have two sister A. both of whom are nurses C. most of them are nurses		<ul><li>B. most of whom are nurses</li><li>D. one of them are nurses</li></ul>		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or correction.	D on your answ	ver sheet to show the	underlined part that needs	
Question 66: In spite of the he	-	_		
A	B C	D		

**Question 53:** "May I see your passport, Mrs Scott?" said the customs officer.

Question	67: Opened the let	tter <u>from</u> her bo	yfrie	end, she	e <u>felt</u> extr	emely <u>exc</u>	eited.	
	$\mathbf{A}$	В			$\mathbf{C}$	]	D	
Question	68: Wood is an ex	cellent resourc	e <u>for</u>	heating	g <u>homes</u> ,	cooking f	ood, and <u>b</u>	<u>uild</u> houses
	A		B		$\mathbf{C}$			D
Question 69: A dolphin can <u>communicate</u> with <u>other</u> by <u>making</u> distinctive <u>sounds</u> .								
		A		B	$\mathbf{C}$		D	
Question 70: The children wish that they <u>have more</u> free time <u>to play</u> football.								
	$\mathbf{A}$		B	C		D		

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 71 to 80.

One of the factors contributing to the intense nature of twenty-first-century stress is our continual exposure to media – particularly to an overabundance of news. If you feel stressed out by the news, you are far from alone. Yet somehow many of us seem unable to prevent ourselves from tuning in to an extreme degree.

The further back we go in human history, the longer news took to travel from place to place, and the less news we had of distant people and lands altogether. The printing press obviously changed all that, as did every subsequent development in transportation and telecommunication.

When television came along, it proliferated like a population of rabbits. In 1950, there were 100,000 television sets in North American homes; one year later there were more than a million. Today, it's not unusual for a home to have three or more television sets, each with cable access to perhaps over a hundred channels. News is the subject of many of those channels, and on several of **them** it runs 24 hours a day.

What's more, after the <u>traumatic</u> events of September 11, 2001, live newscasts were paired with perennial text crawls across the bottom of the screen – so that viewers could stay abreast of every story all the time.

Needless to say, the news that is reported to us is not good news, but rather disturbing images and sound bytes alluding to disaster (natural and man-made), upheaval, crime, scandal, war, and the like. Compounding the problem is that when actual breaking news is scarce, most broadcasts fill in with scare stories about things that possibly might threaten our health, safety, finances, relationships, waistline, hairline, or very existence in the future. This variety of story tends to treat with equal alarm a potentially lethal flu outbreak and the bogus claims of a wrinkle cream that overpromises smooth skin.

Are humans meant to be able to process so much trauma – not to mention so much overblown anticipation of potential trauma – at once? The human brain, remember, is programmed to <u>slip</u> into alarm mode when danger looms. Danger looms for someone, somewhere at every moment. Exposing ourselves to such input without respite and without perspective cannot be anything other than a source of chronic stress.

(Extracted from The Complete Idiot's Guide to Beating Stress by Arlene Matthews Uhl - Penguin Group 2006)

**Question 71:** According to the passage, which of the following has contributed to the intense nature of twenty-first-century stress?

- A. An overabundance of special news
- **B.** The degree to which stress affects our life
- C. Our inability to control ourselves
- D. Our continual exposure to the media

Question 72: In the past, we had less news of distant people and lands because \_\_\_\_\_

- A. means of communication and transportation were not yet invented
- **B.** the printing press changed the situation too slowly
- C. printing, transportation, and telecommunications were not developed
- **D.** most people lived in distant towns and villages

A. TV channels	B. television sets	C. TV news	D. cable access		
Question 74: The word "traumatic" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to					
		C. upsetting			
Question 75: According to the passage, when there is not enough actual breaking news, broadcasts					
A. are full of dangerous diseases such as flu B. send out live newscasts paired with text across the screen C. send out frightening stories about potential dangers D. are forced to publicise an alarming increase in crime Question 76: As stated in the passage, a flu outbreak and the bogus claims of a wrinkle cream tend to					
	l man-made disasters				
C. be scarce breaking news  D. be warmly welcomed by the public					
Question 77: Which of t			passage?		
A. The news that is reported to us is not good news.  B. Many people are under stress caused by the media.  C. Many TV channels supply the public with breaking news.  D. The only reported of stress in our mediant life in the media.					
D. The only source of stress in our modern life is the media.  Question 78: The word " <u>slip</u> " in paragraph 6 is closest in meaning to  A. release B. bring C. fail D. fall					
A. release	B. bring	C. fail	, D. fall		
<ul> <li>Question 79: According to the passage, our continual exposure to bad news without perspective is obviously</li> <li>A. the result of human brain's switch to alarm mode</li> <li>B. a source of chronic stress</li> <li>C. the result of an overabundance of good news</li> <li>D. a source of defects in human brain</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Question 80: What is probably the best title for this passage?</li> <li>A. Effective Ways to Beat Stress</li> <li>B. More Modern Life – More Stress</li> </ul>					
-			in Telecommunications		
THE END					