BỘ GIÁO DỰC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH ĐẠI HỌC, CAO ĐẮNG NĂM 2008 Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH, khối D

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 05 trang)

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút.

Mã đề thi 846

ĐỀ THI	GÒM 80 CÂU (T	Ừ CÂU 1 ĐẾN CÂU 80) I	DÀNH CHO TẤT CẢ TI	HÍ SINH.
	nương án (A hoặc ại trong mỗi câu.	B, C, D) ứng với từ có trọ	ong âm chính nhấn vào â	m tiết có vị trí khác với ba
Câu 1:	A. reduce	B. offer	C. apply	D. persuade
Câu 2:	A. inventor	B. physicist	C. president	D. property
Câu 3:	A. potential	B. volunteer	C. understand	D. recommend
Câu 4:	A. congratulate	B. development	C. preferential	D. preservative
Câu 5:	A. economy	B. communicate	C. unemployment	D. particular
Câu 6: To A. ap Câu 7: T	oday, household ch plications The doctor decided	hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn tha ores have been made muc B. instruments to give her a thorough ex	ch easier by electrical C. utilities	D. appliances uld identify the causes of her
il A. so	lness. as	B. unless	C. after	D. so that
Câu 8: l'r	n sure you'll have n	the exam. B. difficulty passing		
Câu 9: Ti A. ca		the coin to decide which tea B. threw	am would kick the ball first C. cast	D. tossed
A. the	e amount	of fruit in the diet may help B. an amount ooyfriend at the party last n	C. the number	
A. wa	s to attend	cture at Shaw Hall. I know l B. can have attended	C. may have attended	D. should have attended
Câu 12: l A. cha	am considering anging	my job. Can you reco B. to move	ommend a good company? C. to change	D. moving
A. wh	ereas		C. when	has gone down. D. otherwise
Câu 14: I A. qua	'm afraid I'm not rea alitative	ally to comment on B. quality	this matter. C. qualified	D. qualifying
Câu 15: l A. ke	accidentally pt an eye on	_ Mike when I was crossin B. lost touch with	g a street downtown yeste C. paid attention to	erday. D. caught sight of
A. ne	t is blowing so hard ver know ve never known	l. We such a terribl	e storm. B. had never known D. have never been know	ving
A. col Câu 18: -	mpatible · Laura: "What a lov	of running this soft B. suitable ely house you have!"	ware. C. capable	D. able
A. No	Maria: "" problem course not, it's not	costly	B. Thank you. Hope you D. I think so	will drop in
	The room needs decorate	for the wedding. B. be decorated	C. decorate	D. decorating
		I friends met, a lot of happy B. had been brought		D. brought

Câu 21: The curtains have because of the strong because of the strong B. lightened	ng sunlight. C. faded	D. fainted
Câu 22: He's a very person because he can manage and the can manage are person because he can manage are person because are person becau	ake other workers follow h C. effective	
Câu 23: - Janet: "Do you feel like going to the cinema the - Susan: " ."	nis evening?"	
A. I don't agree, I'm afraid C. You're welcome	B. That would be greatD. I feel very bored	
Câu 24: How long does the play? A. prolong B. extend	C. stretch	D. last
Câu 25: That hotel is so expensive. They you s A. cost B. take	ixty pounds for bed and be C. fine	reakfast. D. charge
Reading to oneself is a modern activity which we medieval worlds, while during the fifteenth century the during the nineteenth century did silent reading become. One should be wary, however, of assuming that swas a distraction to others. Examinations of factors relevealed that it became the usual mode of reading changed in character. The last century saw a steady gradual increas number of readers increased, the number of potential the need to read aloud. As reading for the benefit of reading as a private activity in such public places as aloud would cause distraction to other readers. Towards the end of the century, there was still used for information or treated respectfully and over whin some way mentally weakening. Indeed, this argume its virtues, the old shared literacy culture had gone are hand and by books and periodicals for a specialised reading skills which were inappropriate, if not it technological changes in the century had greatly altered	as almost unknown to the term "reading" undoubted to term "reading" undoubted to commonplace. Silent reading came about ated to the historical deverage for most adults mainly be a in literacy and thus in the listeners declined and thus listeners grew less common libraries, railway carriaged to considerable argument of the there the reading of materials with us still in the deadership on the other. The being recommended to mpossible, for the oral resident and was replaced by the present the reading recommended to mpossible, for the oral resident reading recommended to the reading re	e scholars of the classical and dly meant reading aloud. Only simply because reading aloud lopment of silent reading have ecause the tasks themselves the number of readers. As the sthere was some reduction in on, so came the flourishing of es and offices, where reading over whether books should be trials such as newspapers was education. However, whatever inted mass media on the one of adopt attitudes to books and trader. The social, cultural and
Câu 26: Reading aloud was more common in the medi A. few people could read to themselves B. there were few places available for private readir C. silent reading had not been discovered D. people relied on reading for entertainment		
Câu 27: The word "commonplace" in the first paragra A. attracting attention B. for everybody's use		
Câu 28: The development of silent reading during theA. an increase in the number of booksC. a change in the status of literate people	B. an increase in the ave D. a change in the nature	erage age of readers e of reading
Câu 29: Silent reading, especially in public places, flou A. the decreasing need to read aloud C. the increase in literacy	B. the development of lib D. the decreasing number	raries
Câu 30: It can be inferred that the emergence of the indication of A. a decline of standards of literacy	·	_
C. an improvement of printing techniques	B. a change in the readeD. an alteration in educa	tionalists' attitudes
Câu 31: The phrase "a specialised readership" in part A. a status for readers specialised in mass media B. a limited number of readers in a particular area of C. a requirement for readers in a particular area of D. a reading volume for particular professionals	of knowledge knowledge	
 Câu 32: The phrase "oral reader" in the last paragraph A. takes part in an audition C. is interested in spoken language 	n mostly means "a person B. is good at public spea D. practises reading to a	king

	fected the continuation of the old shared literacy culture
EXCEPT A. the inappropriate reading skills C. the diversity of reading materials	B. the printed mass media D. the specialised readership
Câu 34: Which of the following statements is NOT TRUA. Reading aloud was more common in the past that B. The decline of reading aloud was wholly due to it. C. The change in reading habits was partly due to the D. Not all printed mass media was appropriate for reading habits.	n it is today. s distracting effect. ne social, cultural and technological changes.
Câu 35: The writer of this passage is attempting to A. show how reading methods have improved C. change people's attitudes to reading	B. explain how reading habits have developed D. encourage the growth of reading
hydrogen to helium. The Sun has existed in its present is thousands of times larger than the Earth.	by thermonuclear reactions near its center that convert state for about four billion six hundred million years and
billion years from now, the core of the Sun will shrink an higher temperature of the center will increase the rate of will expand approximately 35 million miles, about the Sun. The Sun will then be a red giant star. Temperature Once the Sun has used up its thermonuclear shrinks to the size of the Earth, it will become a white gases in violent eruptions called nova explosions as it of After billions of years as a white dwarf, the Sun	energy as a red giant, it will begin to shrink. After it e dwarf star. The Sun may throw off huge amounts of changes from a red giant to a white dwarf. I will have used up all its fuel and will have lost its heat.
Such a star is called a black dwarf. After the Sun has be any atmosphere remains there , it will have frozen over	become a black dwarf, the Earth will be dark and cold. If the Earth's surface.
Câu 36: It can be inferred from the passage that the S A. has been in existence for 10 billion years B. is approximately halfway through its life as a yello C. will continue to be a yellow dwarf for another 10 b D. is rapidly changing in size and brightness	ow dwarf
 Câu 37: What will probably be the first stage of change A. Its core will cool off and use less fuel. C. It will throw off huge amounts of gases. 	e for the Sun to become a red giant? B. Its central part will grow smaller and hotter. D. Its surface will become hotter and shrink.
 Câu 38: When the Sun becomes a red giant, what will A. It will become too hot for life to exist. B. It will be enveloped in the expanding surface of the C. It will freeze and become solid. D. It will be almost destroyed by nova explosions. 	
Câu 39: When the Sun has used up its energy as a red A. stop to expand B. cease to exist	-
Câu 40: Large amounts of gases may be released from A. white dwarf B. red giant	n the Sun at the end of its life as a C. yellow dwarf D. black dwarf
Câu 41: As a white dwarf, the Sun will be A. a cool and habitable planet C. thousands of times smaller than it is today	B. the same size as the planet Mercury D. around 35 million miles in diameter
Câu 42: The Sun will become a black dwarf when A. the outer regions of the Sun expand C. the Sun moves nearer to the Earth	B. it has used up all its fuel as a white dwarf D. the core of the Sun becomes hotter
Câu 43: The word "there" in the last sentence of parage. A. our own planet	B. the core of a black dwarf
C. the outer surface of the Sun Câu 44: This passage is intended to A. describe the changes that the Sun will go through B. discuss conditions on the Earth in the far future C. alert people to the dangers posed by the Sun D. present a theory about red giant stars	D. the planet Mercury

A. a so	cientific chronicle ork of science fiction	ory been taken from _	B. a news report D. a scientific journal	
Chọn phi	rơng án đúng (A hoặc	: B, C, D) để hoàn th	ành mỗi câu sau.	
A. she	he regretfully told him the left the tickets at home would leave the tickets	!	B. she would have left t D. she had left the ticke	
A. Hac	he would have led he been able to go to see he able to go to scho	school as a child	B. If he could go to school. If he has been able to	
A. but B. so t C. and	he robbers attacked the they appeared with the hey disappeared with the disappeared with the e hat they would appear w	expensive painting ne expensive painting expensive painting	intina	
Câu 49: Having been delayed by heavy traffic, A. she was unable to arrive on time B. her being late was intolerable C. it was difficult for her to arrive on time D. it was impossible for her to arrive on time			itolerable her to arrive on time	
A. He	, he was determir felt very tired though d as it was	ned to continue to clim	nb up the mountain. B. As he might feel tired D. Tired as he might feel	
How (52) thoughts a agreed (5 which course (56) literary (5 which single	men first learnt to (§ All we really know and feelings, actions ar (4) certain signs Id be written down. The at writers are those whe _ powerfully to our mi (7) Above all, the g like music, and which	sthat men, unlike a nd things so that they so, called letters, whice se sounds, (55)o not only have greatinds and emotions. The real poet is a mason by their position and	nimals, (53) inverse could communicate with ch could be combined to spoken or written in lest thoughts but also exprescribes charming and telling ter of words. He can (58)	ls, the origin of language is a need certain sounds to express a each other; and that later they be represent those sounds, and tters, are called words. ss these thoughts in words that g use of words is what we call by his meaning in words men to tears. We should,
	A. create	B. invent	C. make	D. discover
	A. story		C. legend	
	A. whatever		C. somehow	
Câu 54:		B. to	C. with	D. upon
Câu 55:	A. if	B. whether	C. however	D. though
Câu 56:	A. interest	B. attract	C. appeal	D. lure
Câu 57:	A. work	B. style	C. form	D. prose
Câu 58:	A. transmit	B. carry	C. convey	D. transfer
Câu 59:	A. move	B. break	C. take	D. send
Câu 60:	A. because	B. so	C. or	D. although
The ages, love (63) The to someon have the record reacts to	heart has long been content always goes almost always goes the place where love role of the heart in lovene. The strong feelings results that the heart starding to psychologists, this by getting ready the strong feeling fee	together (62)begins and develops must come from what (66) the others beating faster and a love relationship is to face the unknown.	the heart. The heart. Even the Bible gives (64 at happens to it when a part person, especially in the breathing starts speeding a situation that (68)	ell. In love songs throughout the has continuously been viewed 4) to love and the heart. erson feels strongly (65) e early stages of a relationship,
Cân 61.	A what	P whon	Cwhore	D that
Câu 61:	A. what	B. when	C. where C. at	D. that D. from
Câu 62: Câu 63:	A. with	B. to B. as if		D. like
Cau 63: Câu 64:	A. as A. quote	B. reference	C. as thoughC. preference	D. citation
Cau UT.	· ·· quoto		V. profesore	- ollulion

Câu 65: A. attracted	B. attractive	C. attract	D. attracting	
Câu 66: A. of	B. to	C. with	D. for	
Câu 67: A. on	B. up	C. upon	D. forward	
Câu 68: A. includes	B. involves	C. comprises	D. arouses	
Câu 69: A. reactor	B. reactionary	C. reacting	D. reaction	
Câu 70: A. inhaling	B. exhaling	C. breathing	D. sweating	
thành câu đúng. Câu 71: Both Mr. and M A	hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/c Mrs. Smith are explaining the c B C e birth, <u>his name</u> was famous B	children the rules of the D	<u>hat</u> school.	
Câu 73: Unlike many w	ritings <u>of her time,</u> she was no A B	ot <u>preoccupied</u> <u>with mor</u> C D	<u>ality</u> .	
Câu 74: You can <u>enjoy</u> A	a sport <u>without j</u> oining <u>in</u> a clu B C	ib or belonging <u>to</u> a tea D	m.	
Câu 75: Helen likes to l	isten to music, to go to the cir	ema, to chat on the ph	one and going shopping.	
	A B	С	D	
 Chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với câu có nghĩa gần nhất với mỗi câu cho sẵn sau đây. Câu 76: "I will let you know the answer by the end of this week," Tom said to Janet. A. Tom promised to give Janet the answer by the end of the week. B. Tom insisted on letting Janet know the answer by the end of the week. C. Tom offered to give Janet the answer by the end of the week. D. Tom suggested giving Janet the answer by the end of the week. 				
Câu 77: "Why don't we A. Mary suggested C. Mary ordered a c		B. Mary requested a D. Mary demanded		
Câu 78: We've run out A. We didn't have a C. There's not much	ny tea.	B. We have to run o		
 Câu 79: The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned. A. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon. B. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon. C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned. D. If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned. Câu 80: My friend told me, "If I were you, I would not smoke so much." A. My friend prohibited me from smoking so much. C. My friend advised me not to smoke so much. D. My friend suggested not smoking so much. 				