

TẬP HUẤN XÂY DỰNG CÂU HỎI THI TỐT NGHIỆP THPT TỪ 2025 MÔN TIẾNG ANH

CÁC VÍ DỤ MINH HỌA VÀ MA TRẬN NỘI DUNG, NĂNG LỰC VÀ CẤP ĐỘ TƯ DUY CỦA CÁC VÍ DỤ MINH HỌA

CÁC VÍ DỤ MINH HỌA

Ví dụ 1. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.

My parents always supported my studies, and I left school with high grades. (1) _____ top universities offered me a place, but I wanted to become a teacher of English, so I chose the University of Languages and International Studies.

I joined the university English language club, practising my English with native speakers and (2) _____ part in cultural exchanges. I also worked as a teaching assistant, which helped me improve my teaching skills.

I became a member of several international teaching communities, and learnt a lot from experts and other English teachers. So I introduced an online (3) _____ to students at my school. They use it to communicate in English with teenagers from around the world. Our school even (4) _____ with a school in Manchester, and students from both schools worked on several projects together.

I'm very proud of winning the award, but I'm prouder of my students, who work very hard to (5) _____ their goals and learn new things. There is nothing more inspiring than seeing my students start to believe in themselves. (178 words)

(Adapted from: *Global Success*)

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1.1. A. Several | B. much | C. little | D. amount of |
| 1.2. A. take | | B. taking | C. takes D. took |
| 1.3. A. effect | B. impact | C. site | D. platform |
| 1.4. A. teamed up | B. put up | C. fed up | D. come up |
| 1.5. B. achieving | B. achieved | C. achieve | D. achievement |

Ví dụ 2. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.

It is often said that books are always a good friends and reading is an active mental process. Unlike TV, books make you use your brain. By reading, you think more and become smarter. Reading improves concentration and focus. Reading books takes brain power. (1) _____. Unlike magazines, Internet posts or e-Mails that might contain small pieces of information. Books tell the whole story". Since you must concentrate in order to read, you will get better at concentration. Many studies show if you do not use your memory; you lose it. (2) _____. Reading requires remembering details, facts and figures and in literature, plot lines, themes and characters.

Reading is a good way to improve your vocabulary. Do you remember that when you were at elementary school you learned how to infer the meaning of one word by reading the context of the other words in the sentence? (3) _____, especially challenging ones, you will find yourself exposed to many new words.

Reading is a fundamental skill builder. Every good course has a matching book to go with it. Why? Because books help clarify difficult subjects. Books provide information (4) _____. By reading more books you become better informed and more of an expert on the topics you read about. This expertise translates into higher self-esteem. Since you are so well-read, people look to you for answers. Your feelings about yourself can only get better.

Books give you knowledge (5) _____. The more information you have got, the richer your knowledge is. Books can expand your horizons by letting you see what other cities and countries have to offer before you visit them. (266 words)

(Adapted from *Bài tập tiếng Anh lớp 12 Unit 11 Books*)

- 2.1. **A.** It requires you to focus on what you are reading for long periods.
B. You require to focus on what you are reading for long periods.
C. It is required you to focus on what you are reading for long periods.
D. what you are reading for long periods requires you to focus on
- 2.2. **A.** Which helps you stretch your memory muscles.
B. You can help reading stretch your memory muscles.
C. Reading helps you stretch your memory muscles.
D. Stretching your memory muscles helps you reading.
- 2.3. **A.** While to read books **B.** While reading books
C. to read books **D.** While read books
- 2.4. **A.** that goes deeper than just classroom discussions
B. goes deeper than just classroom discussions
C. that deeper than just classroom discussions
D. which goes deeper than just that classroom discussions
- 2.5. **A.** about other cultures and places **B.** of other cultures and places
C. other cultures and places **D.** and places of other cultures

Ví dụ 3. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 1 to 7.

Hawaii is often considered to be one place in the world where you can find paradise. But when I arrived in Hawaii, I was shocked to discover beaches were covered in plastic rubbish washed up from around the world. As I dug through the sand, I realised the sandy beach was being **transformed** into a plastic beach. A chill *went down my spine*. From the beaches of Hawaii to the seas around Britain, we are polluting our own environment.

Beaches are now covered in more rubbish than ever before. The plastic we see on our beaches is just a small amount of the plastic waste that exists in our oceans. Scientists believe that sea currents have created five huge garbage areas in our oceans, including the one in the North Atlantic. This is a global problem for which we are all responsible.

Plastic makes our life easier, but its production and use are completely out of control. Because plastic rubbish in the oceans looks like food, it is being eaten by small fish, which in turn is eaten by large fish, which in turn is eaten by us. Plastic is damaging our beaches, polluting the oceans, and poisoning our food chain. The consequences are still not fully understood, but **they** are likely to be terrible.

We need to stop using plastic bags for packaging and single-use water bottles. These make up most of the plastic garbage in the oceans. In Bangladesh and Kenya, they have stopped using plastic bags completely. The UK has put a tax on plastic bags. Many supermarkets around the world are not packing goods in plastic.

The future of our beaches, our seas, and the food chain is **at risk**. This is an environmental problem that we need to solve immediately. (272 words)

(Adapted from *Headway by Soars, Soars and Hancock*)

- 3.1. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
A. Common Plastic Products **B.** A Green Lifestyle
C. Benefits of Plastic Products **D.** A Planet Poisoned by Plastic
- 3.2. The word **transformed** in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.
A. changed **B.** kept **C.** checked **D.** broken
- 3.3. The word **they** in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

- A. beaches B. fish C. consequences D. oceans
- 3.4. According to paragraph 4, both Bangladesh and Kenya _____.
 A. have used more and more plastic bags.
 B. have produced a lot of plastic bags.
 C. do not use plastic bags any more.
 D. encourage the use of plastic bags.
- 3.5. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
 A. Hawaii is protected from plastic rubbish.
 B. One huge garbage area in the oceans is in the North Atlantic.
 C. The UK has introduced a tax on plastic bags.
 D. Production and use of conurol. plastic are now out of control.
- 3.6. The phrase **at risk** in paragraph 5 is CLOSEST in meaning to _____.
 A. refused B. accepted C. threatened D. developed
- 3.7. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?
 A. The environment in Hawaii was not as good as the writer had expected.
 B. There is far more plastic waste on the beaches than in the oceans.
 C. Plastic helps maintain the natural food chain in the oceans.
 D. People in the past were more concerned about the effects of plastic waste.

Ví dụ 4. Read the following passage and mark the answer A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Robots are useful for exploring and working in space. In particular, many robots have been sent to explore Mars. Such robots have usually looked like a box with wheels. **Though these expensive robots are useful, by their very nature they are unreliable, extremely, and they break easily.** Also, they cannot do many tasks. Because of these problems, scientists have been developing a new and unusual kind of robot. These new robots move like snakes, so they have been given the name "snakebots."

The way a snake is shaped lets it get into very small spaces, like cracks in rocks. It can also push its way below the ground or climb up different kinds of objects, like high rocks and trees. Such abilities account for the usefulness of a robot designed like a snake. A snakebot would be able to do these things, too, making it much more effective than regular robots with wheels, which easily get stuck or fall over. Since **they** can cary tools, snakebots would be able to work in space, as well. They could, for example, help repair the International Space Station.

The modular design of the snakebot has many advantages. If one module fails, another can be added easily. Snakebot modules can also carry different kinds of tools, as well as cameras. **Since each module is actually a robot in itself, one module can work apart from the rest if necessary.** That is, all the modules can separate and move on their own, and then later, reconnect back into a larger robot. **Researchers are also trying to develop snakebots made of a special kind of plastic that can change its shape using electricity, almost like animal muscles.** Snakebots made with this plastic will be very strong and hard to break.

Overall, the snakebot design is much simpler than that of common robots. Thus, snakebots will be much less expensive to build. With their versatility and affordability, snakebots seem to be the wave of the future, at least as far as space robots are concerned. (338 words)

(Adapted from *Reading Challenge 3* by Casey Malarcher & Andrea Janzen)

4.1. Which of the following best summarizes in paragraph 2?

- A. The shape of a snake makes it suitable for certain tasks that regular robots cannot perform.
 B. Snakebots are more expensive than regular robots but more effective.
 C. Regular robots are unreliable and break easily, unlike snakebots.
 D. Snakebots can help repair the International Space Station.

4.2. To which of the following is the sentence: "Though these expensive robots are useful, by their very nature they are unreliable, extremely, and they break easily." in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning?

- A. These robots are useful because they are expensive and reliable.
 B. Despite their usefulness, these costly robots tend to be very unreliable and prone to breaking.

C. The high cost of these robots makes them very reliable and less prone to breaking.

D. These robots are useful and expensive but not prone to breaking.

4.3. To which of the following is the sentence: "Since each module is actually a robot in itself, one module can work apart from the rest if necessary." in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning?

A. Each module of a snakebot can function independently if needed.

B. Snakebot modules must work together at all times.

C. A snakebot cannot function if one module fails.

D. Each module of a snakebot is useless without the others.

4.4. To which of the following is the sentence: "Researchers are also trying to develop snakebots made of a special kind of plastic that can change its shape using electricity, almost like animal muscles." in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning?

A. The plastic used in snakebots is the same as that in regular robots.

B. Snakebots are made from regular plastic but are still strong.

C. Electricity is used to make snakebots look like animals.

D. Researchers are designing snakebots with plastic that can move like muscles.

4.5. Which of the following best summarizes in paragraph 2?

A. Regular robots are more complex and expensive than snakebots

B. Snakebots are made of strong plastic that can change shape.

C. The modular design of snakebots offers flexibility and resilience.

D. Each module of a snakebot is weak and must be replaced often.

MA TRẬN NỘI DUNG, NĂNG LỰC VÀ CẤP ĐỘ TƯ DUY CỦA CÁC VÍ DỤ MINH HỌA

Ví dụ		Năng lực đọc			Chủ điểm
		Cấp độ tư duy			
		Biết	Hiểu	Vận dụng	
Ví dụ 1	1.1	X (1 .1)			Cuộc sống và xã hội của chúng ta
	1.2	X (1 .1)			
	1.3			X (1 .1)	
	1.4			X (1 .1)	
	1.5	X (1 .1)			
Ví dụ 2	2.1		X (1 .1)		Cuộc sống và xã hội của chúng ta
	2.2			X (1 .1)	

	2.3		X (1.1)		
	2.4			X (1.1)	
	2.5		X (1.1)		
Ví dụ 3	3.1			X (1.3)	Môi trường của chúng ta
	3.2			X (1.3)	
	3.3		X (1.3)		
	3.4		X (1.3)		
	3.5	X (1.3)			
	3.6		X (1.3)		
	3.7			X (1.3)	
Ví dụ 4	4.1			X (3.3)	Tương lai của chúng ta
	4.2		X (3.3)		
	4.3		X (3.3)		
	4.4		X (3.3)		
	4.5			X (3.3)	