|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| PHÒNG GD&ĐT VIỆT TRÌ**TRƯỜNG PT HERMANN GERMEINER** | **KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT**  **NĂM HỌC 2024 - 2025****Môn: Tiếng Anh**Thời gian làm bài 90 phút, không kể thời gian giao đề*Đề tham khảo có: 03 trang* |

***Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại:*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** **A.** poem**s** **B.** locate**s** **C.** teacher**s** **D.** table**s**

**2. A.** laugh**ed** **B.** wash**ed** **C.** walk**ed** **D.** weigh**ed**

**3. A.** s**ou**nd **B.** ar**ou**nd **C.** w**ou**ld **D.** am**ou**nt

**4. A.** ma**ch**ine **B.** **ch**orus  **C.** me**ch**anic **D.** s**ch**olarship

***Câu II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(3,2 điểm)*

**1**. Nobody died in the explosion, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** did he **B.** didn’t he **C.** did they **D.** didn’t they

**2.**  The boy\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eyes are brown is my friend.

**A.** whose **B.** who **C.** whom **D.** which

**3.** Nick didn’t go to the cinema and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_did I.

**A.** so **B.** too **C.** either **D.** neither

**4.** The sea food in Ha Long market is fresh and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** unavailable **B.** fabulous **C.** affordable **D.** fascinating

**5.** You\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go into that street, it is one-way street.

**A.** couldn’t **B.** mustn’t **C.** needn’t **D.** can’t

**6.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hamburgers and French fries are delicious; they are too high in fat.

**A.** Although **B.** Because **C.** Despite **D.** However

**7.** She gave up the idea of becoming a doctor because she realized she wasn’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the job.

**A.** patient enough **B.** such patient  **C.** too patient **D.** so patient

**8**.It\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that the building was badly damaged by fire.

**A.** report **B.** reported **C.** is reporting **D.** is reported

**9.** Of the four participants, Bill is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ experienced.

**A.** little **B.** less **C.** the least **D.** the less

**10**. There are many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ desks in our classroom.

**A.** nice large round wooden **B.** largenice round wooden

**C.** wooden round large nice **D.** nice round large wooden

**11.**The villagers had to work hard in the field to make\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ meet.

**A.**end **B.**ends **C.** ending **D.** endings

**12.** Kathy wants to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new sales office in Japan.

**A.** call off **B.** carry out **C.** turn down **D.** set up

***Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ gần nghĩa với từ được gạch chân.***

**13.** Hoa has **made up her mind** to take an IT course in the evening along with her work.

**A.** agreed **B.** denied **C.** decided **D.** expected

**14.** I like the **speedy** and secure service.

**A.** careless **B.** slow **C.** careful **D.** rapid

***Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu đáp lại phù hợp trong các tình huống giao tiếp sau.***

**15. Peter:** "What’s on the television tonight?" - **John**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 **A.** A football match after the news **B.** At half past nine

 **C.** The film is good **D.** I will go to the cinema

**16.** Two students Peter and Anna are talking about women’s role.

 Peter: “In my opinion, women should not go to work.”

 Anna: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Yes, I don’t agree. **B.** I completely disagree.

**C.** Yes, I do. **D.** Yes, it was ever.

***Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau đây.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** This is **a** new car **model** of Vinfast which is now **being advertised** on **the** television every day.

 **A B C D**

**2.** **That** museum **was repainting** **when** we visited it **last month**.

 **A B C D**

**3.** I **spend a** long time **learn** a **foreign** language.

 A B C D

**4. The** film is **so** interestingthat **our** see it **again and again**.

 **A B C D**

***Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của các động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** My mother **(clean)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the room when I arrived yesterday.

**2.** We **(not/ make)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our decision yet.

**3.** You should learn how **(keep)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the environment clean.

**4.** Thank you for **(look)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after our children while we were away last weekend.

***Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** British cavers have made some important\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about Son Doong cave. (**discover**)

**2.** What were the reasons for the worldwide\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ crisis? (**economy**)

**3.** Because the plane was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ delayed, we all felt very unhappy. (**expect)**

**4.** The children will be punished if they\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ again.  **(behavior)**

***Câu VI. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ thích hợp để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

One of the worst things that can happen on our earth is an earthquake. (**1**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ earthquakes happen near large cities, many people may be killed and many buildings are knocked down. Fires may start and do more damage than the quake itself. Earthquake comes from a (**2**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the rocks under the surface of the earthquake. Force within the Earth push against the rocks until they break. Sometimes, the earth above the break will split open. We can't tell when an earthquake is coming, but we can know places on the earth (**3**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_they happen most often. As soon as a million earthquake may happen in a year, most of them (**4**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_no damage because they happen under the sea.

**1. A.** Till **B.** Until **C.** Before **D.** When

**2. A.** shaking **B.** shake **C.** shook **D.** shaken

**3. A.** when **B.** where **C.** what **D.** which

**4. A.** take **B.** have **C.** do **D.** make

***Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

Many people like to eat pizza, but not everyone knows how to make it. Making the perfect pizza can be complicated, but there are lots of ways for you to make a more basic version at home.

When you make pizza, you must begin with the crust. You can make the crust yourself or you can use a prepared crust that you buy from the store. After you have chosen your crust, you must then add the sauce. Making your own sauce can take a long time. You have to buy tomatoes, peel them, and then cook them with spices. If this sounds like too much work, you can also **purchase** jarred sauce from the store. Many jarred sauces taste almost as good as the kind you make at home.

Now that you have your crust and your sauce, you need to add the cheese. Cheese comes from milk, which comes from cows. Do you know how to milk the cow? Do you know how to turn that milk into cheese? If not, you might want to buy cheese from the grocery store instead of making **it** yourself.

When you have the crust, sauce, and cheese ready, you can add other toppings. Some people like to put meat on their pizza, while other people like to add vegetables. Some people even like to add pineapples! The best part of making a pizza at home is that you can customize it by adding your own favorite ingredients.

**1.** What is the main idea of the passage?

**A.** Steps to make a basic home-made pizza

**B.** Tips for choosing suitable ingredients for a home-made pizza

**C.** The best part of making a home-made pizza

**D.** Ways to make perfect cheese for a home-made pizza

**2.** The word "**purchase**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** buy **B.** cook **C.** forget **D.** ask

**3.** The word "**it**" in paragraph 3 refers to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** milk **B.** sauce **C.** crust **D.** cheese

**4.** According to paragraph 4, what can help to make the best topping of a home-made pizza?

**A.** Cheese and meat **B.** Vegetables and pineapples

**C.** Your favourite ingredients **D.** Crust and sauce

***Câu VIII*.** ***Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

The first of May, May Day is not a big festival for most people of Britain. But for the students and the people of Oxford, it’s an important celebration. The focus of the celebration is the Tower of Magdalen College at 6 o’clock in the morning. The college choir stands at the top of the tower and sings a hymn to spring. In the street below about 15.000 people stand and listen. Many people, especially the students, stay up all night at parties before the celebrations. They often dress up in smart clothes - such as - dinner jackets - for these parties. There are other celebrations all round the city. Group of Morris dancers perform traditional English dances in the streets. Pubs and cafés open early all over the city. The festival goers are hungry and need some breakfast.

**1.** Is May Day a big festival for most people of Britain or for the students and the people of Oxford?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**2.** What does the college choir do at 6 o’clock in the morning?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**3.** Do many people stay up all night at parties before the celebrations?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**4.** Where do festival goers have breakfast?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Câu IX*. *Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho.*** *(1*,*2 điểm)*

1. My mother bought this book two years ago.

→ ***This book*** ………………………………………………………………………………….

2. “Are you playing chess with your father now?” Tom said to me.

→ ***Tom*** ………………………………………………………………………………………..

3. Complete all your homework, and you will get better result.

→ ***If***……………………………………………………………………………………………

4. It’s nearly twenty years since my father last saw his brother.

→ ***My father hasn’t***……………………………………………………………………………..

5. He is a more creative designer than I am.

*→* ***He designs*** ………………………………………………………………………………….

6. Despite being unwell, she was playing with her son for an hour.

*→* ***Although*** ……………………………………………………………………………………

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| PHÒNG GD&ĐT VIỆT TRÌ**TRƯỜNG PT HERMANN GERMEINER** | **ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ THI****KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT**  **NĂM HỌC 2024 - 2025****Môn: Tiếng Anh**Thời gian làm bài 90 phút, không kể thời gian giao đề |

***Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại:*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** **A.** poem**s** **B.** locate**s** **C.** teacher**s** **D.** table**s**

**2. A.** laugh**ed** **B.** wash**ed** **C.** walk**ed** **D.** weigh**ed**

**3. A.** s**ou**nd **B.** ar**ou**nd **C.** w**ou**ld **D.** am**ou**nt

**4. A.** ma**ch**ine **B.** **ch**orus  **C.** me**ch**anic **D.** s**ch**olarship

***Câu II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(3,2 điểm)*

**1**. Nobody died in the explosion, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** did he **B.** didn’t he **C.** did they **D.** didn’t they

**2.**  The boy\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eyes are brown is my friend.

**A.** whose **B.** who **C.** whom **D.** which

**3.** Nick didn’t go to the cinema and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_did I.

**A.** so **B.** too **C.** either **D.** neither

**4.** The sea food in Ha Long market is fresh and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** unavailable **B.** fabulous **C.** affordable **D.** fascinating

**5.** You\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go into that street, it is one-way street.

**A.** couldn’t **B.** mustn’t **C.** needn’t **D.** can’t

**6.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hamburgers and French fries are delicious; they are too high in fat.

**A.** Although **B.** Because **C.** Despite **D.** However

**7.** She gave up the idea of becoming a doctor because she realized she wasn’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the job.

**A.** patient enough **B.** such patient  **C.** too patient **D.** so patient

**8**.It\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that the building was badly damaged by fire.

**A.** report **B.** reported **C.** is reporting **D.** is reported

**9.** Of the four participants, Bill is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ experienced.

**A.** little **B.** less **C.** the least **D.** the less

10. There are many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ desks in our classroom.

**A.** nice large round wooden **B.** largenice round wooden

**C.** wooden round large nice **D.** nice round large wooden

**11.**The villagers had to work hard in the field to make\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ meet.

**A.**end **B.**ends **C.** ending **D.** endings

**12.** Kathy wants to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new sales office in Japan.

**A.** call off **B.** carry out **C.** turn down **D.** set up

***Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ gần nghĩa với từ được gạch chân.***

**13.** Hoa has **made up her mind** to take an IT course in the evening along with her work.

**A.** agreed **B.** denied **C.** decided **D.** expected

**14.** I like the **speedy** and secure service.

**A.** careless **B.** slow **C.** careful **D.** rapid

***Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu đáp lại phù hợp trong các tình huống giao tiếp sau.***

**15. Peter:** "What’s on the television tonight?" - **John**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 **A.** A football match after the news **B.** At half past nine

 **C.** The film is good **D.** I will go to the cinema

**16.** Two students Peter and Anna are talking about women’s role.

 Peter: “In my opinion, women should not go to work.”

 Anna: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Yes, I don’t agree. **B.** I completely disagree.

**C.** Yes, I do. **D.** Yes, it was ever.

***Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau đây.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** This is **a** new car **model** of Vinfast which is now **being advertised** on **the** television every day.

 **A B C D**

**2.** **That** museum **was repainting** **when** we visited it **last month**.

 **A B C D**

**3.** I **spend a** long time **learn** a **foreign** language.

 **A B C D**

**4. The** film is **so** interestingthat **our** see it **again and again**.

 **A B C D**

***Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của các động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** My mother **(clean)**\_\_\_\_**was cleaning**\_\_\_\_\_\_the room when I arrived yesterday.

**2.** We **(not/ make)**\_\_**haven’t made**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our decision yet.

**3.** You should learn how **(keep)**\_\_**to keep**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the environment clean.

**4.** Thank you for **(look)**\_\_\_**looking**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after our children while we were away last weekend.

***Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** British cavers have made some important\_\_**discoveries**\_\_ about Son Doong cave. (**discover**)

**2.** What were the reasons for the worldwide\_**economic**\_ crisis? (**economy**)

**3.** Because the plane was\_**unexpectedly**\_\_\_ delayed, we all felt very unhappy. (**expect)**

**4.** The children will be punished if they\_**misbehave**\_\_ again.  **(behavior)**

***Câu VI. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ thích hợp để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

One of the worst things that can happen on our earth is an earthquake. (**1**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ earthquakes happen near large cities, many people may be killed and many buildings are knocked down. Fires may start and do more damage than the quake itself. Earthquake comes from a (**2**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the rocks under the surface of the earthquake. Force within the Earth push against the rocks until they break. Sometimes, the earth above the break will split open. We can't tell when an earthquake is coming, but we can know places on the earth (**3**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_they happen most often. As soon as a million earthquake may happen in a year, most of them (**4**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_no damage because they happen under the sea.

**1. A.** Till **B.** Until **C.** Before **D.** When

**2. A.** shaking **B.** shake **C.** shook **D.** shaken

**3. A.** when **B.** where **C.** what **D.** which

**4. A.** take **B.** have **C.** do **D.** make

***Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

Many people like to eat pizza, but not everyone knows how to make it. Making the perfect pizza can be complicated, but there are lots of ways for you to make a more basic version at home.

When you make pizza, you must begin with the crust. You can make the crust yourself or you can use a prepared crust that you buy from the store. After you have chosen your crust, you must then add the sauce. Making your own sauce can take a long time. You have to buy tomatoes, peel them, and then cook them with spices. If this sounds like too much work, you can also **purchase** jarred sauce from the store. Many jarred sauces taste almost as good as the kind you make at home.

Now that you have your crust and your sauce, you need to add the cheese. Cheese comes from milk, which comes from cows. Do you know how to milk the cow? Do you know how to turn that milk into cheese? If not, you might want to buy cheese from the grocery store instead of making **it** yourself.

When you have the crust, sauce, and cheese ready, you can add other toppings. Some people like to put meat on their pizza, while other people like to add vegetables. Some people even like to add pineapples! The best part of making a pizza at home is that you can customize it by adding your own favorite ingredients.

**1.** What is the main idea of the passage?

**A.** Steps to make a basic home-made pizza

**B.** Tips for choosing suitable ingredients for a home-made pizza

**C.** The best part of making a home-made pizza

**D.** Ways to make perfect cheese for a home-made pizza

**2.** The word "**purchase**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** buy **B.** cook **C.** forget **D.** ask

**3.** The word "**it**" in paragraph 3 refers to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** milk **B.** sauce **C.** crust **D.** cheese

**4.** According to paragraph 4, what can help to make the best topping of a home-made pizza?

**A.** Cheese and meat **B.** Vegetables and pineapples

**C.** Your favourite ingredients **D.** Crust and sauce

***Câu VIII*.** ***Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

The first of May, May Day is not a big festival for most people of Britain. But for the students and the people of Oxford, it’s an important celebration. The focus of the celebration is the Tower of Magdalen College at 6 o’clock in the morning. The college choir stands at the top of the tower and sings a hymn to spring. In the street below about 15.000 people stand and listen. Many people, especially the students, stay up all night at parties before the celebrations. They often dress up in smart clothes - such as - dinner jackets - for these parties. There are other celebrations all round the city. Group of Morris dancers perform traditional English dances in the streets. Pubs and cafés open early all over the city. The festival goers are hungry and need some breakfast.

**1.** Is May Day a big festival for most people of Britain or for the students and the people of Oxford?

**May Day is a big festival for the students and the people of Oxford.**

**2.** What does the college choir do at 6 o’clock in the morning?

**The college choir stands at the top of the tower and sings a hymn to spring.**

**3.** Do many people stay up all night at parties before the celebrations?

**Yes./ Yes, they do.**

**4.** Where do festival goers have breakfast?

**They have breakfast at pubs and cafés.**

***Câu IX*. *Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho.*** *(1*,*2 điểm)*

1. My mother bought this book two years ago.

→ This book **was bought by my mother two years ago.**

2. “Are you playing chess with your father now?” Tom said to me.

→ Tom **asked me if I was playing chess with my father then.**

3. Complete all your homework, and you will get better result.

→ If **you complete all your homework, you will get better result.**

4. It’s nearly twenty years since my father last saw his brother.

→ My father hasn’t **seen his brother for nearly twenty years.**5. He is a more creative designer than I am.

*→* He designs **more creatively than I do.**

6. Despite being unwell, she was playing with her son for an hour.

→ Although **she was unwell, she was playing with her son for an hour.**

**Tài liệu được chia sẻ bởi Website VnTeach.Com**

**https://www.vnteach.com**