**KIỂM TRA**

**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 7**

**HK2 - Lần 2**

**Thời gian: 45 phút**

**I. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence (2.5pts)**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a source of non-renewable energy.

A. oil B. nuclear power C. coal D. natural gas

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a thick dark liquid under the ground that can be used to produce energy.

A. oil B. coal C. solar power D. wind power

1. Light and heat from the sun produce \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. nuclear power B. coal C. natural gas D. solar power

1. People use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in windy places.

A. coal B. solar power C. wind power D. coal

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a source of non-renewable energy. People find it below the ground and burn it to produce heat.

A. oil B. coal C. natural gas D. solar power

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is found underground. People often use it when cooking at home.

A. oil B. coal C. natural gas D. wind power

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is another source of renewable energy. People use fast-moving water to make electricity.

A. wind power B. nuclear power C. hydropower D. natural gas

1. Teachers and students use solar power and drink rainwater at a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. solar panels B. wind turbines C. LED lights D. green school

1. Over 500 years ago, people used to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ horses to work.

A. ride B. rides C. riding D. rode

1. In the 1800s, streetcars \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a popular means of transportation in cities.

A. was B. used to C. used to be D. used

**II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting: (0.5pts)**

1. People could put many things by this means of transportation, which was pulled by an animal.

 A B C D

1. The hotel is next to the library and the bank on River Street.

 A B C D

**III. Read the following text. Decide if the statements from 13 to 16 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 17 and 18: (1.5pts)**

Although the Chinese were responsible for the invention of such important things as gunpowder, the compass, paper-making and silk manufacture, the ancient Greeks were also very ingenious and invented all kinds of useful devices. Heron, for example, designed the world’s first steam engine although it was never put to any practical use.

1. The Chinese were the inventors of many important things. T
2. The ancient Greeks produced more useful devices than the Chinese. F
3. Heron was the world’s first steam engine. T
4. Heron was successfully put into use. F
5. What wasn’t the Chinese’s invention?

A. gunpowder B. the compass C. paper-making D. heron

1. Who designed the world’s first steam engine?

A. the Chinese B. the Greeks C. the Americans D. the Thai

**IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage: (1.5 pts)**

Computers are miracles of (19) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ electronic industry. They are (20) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to perform very complicated tasks that most of us will have to spend a lot of time (21) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Thus, computers are often called electronic brains.

Today, computers are (22) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in almost all professions. They perform functions which considerably (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the amount of manual work involved. Multinational companies use computers to calculate the payroll of numerous employees, record and analyze their output figures as well as to carry out various (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tasks.

1. A. modern B. new C. open D. possible
2. A. going B. use C. able D. good
3. A. doing B. do C. to do D. to make
4. A. used B. used to be C. using D. use
5. A. rebuild B. reduce C. produce D. increase
6. A. another B. the other C. one another D. other

**V. Use the correct form of the word given in brackets to complete each sentence: (1.5pts)**

1. Wind power is eco-friendly and it’s \_\_\_renewable\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (new).
2. Oil causes a lot of \_\_pollution\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and it will run out one day. (pollute)
3. To save energy, you could \_\_reuse\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ plastic bags, plastic bottles and cans. (use)
4. My city is famous for using bicycles as a popular means of \_\_transportation\_\_\_. (transport)
5. Trains and subways are popular as they are fast, eco-friendly with \_comfortable\_\_\_ seats. (comfort)
6. A London \_\_driver\_\_\_ spends 101 hours each year sitting in traffic jams. (drive)

**VI. Rearrange the group of words in a correct order to make complete sentences: (0.5pts)**

1. safer types/ Nuclear power/ can replace / of energy/ isn’t safe/ it with/ so we/.

→ Nuclear power isn’t safe so we can replace it with safer types.

1. it was/a test paper/Only the/ took it/ person who/ would know/.

**→** Only the person who took it would know it was a test paper.

**VII. Make questions to the underlined part or rewrite the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it: (2pts)**

1. Because you live a long way from my house, you could take the bus to Greenwood.

You live a long way from my house, so you could take the bus to Greenwood.

1. We spent an hour to get to school because of the traffic jam.

It took us an hour to get to school because of the traffic jam.

1. In the past, people travelled to other countries on steamships.

People used to travel to other countries on steamships.

1. They use solar panels. They want to give the school enough electricity for TVs and lights.

To give the school enough electricity for TVs and lights, they use solar panels.

**THE END**