

Đai Lợi (Chủ biên) - Hằng Nguyễn - Thảo Nguyễn



Luyện chuyên sâu GIP G Và TIÊNG ANH



Tập 1

Nội dung bám sát chương trình của Bộ Giáo dục & Đào tạo

Lớp

Hệ thống bài tập đa dạng, mở rộng và nâng cao, có đáp án

Củng cố từ vựng và ngữ pháp tiếng Anh giúp các em vận dụng hiệu quả



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NGỨ PHÁP Từ Vựng TIẾNGANH

Lớp

Tập **1**



NHÀ XUẤT BẢN ĐẠI HỌC QUỐC GIA HÀ NỘI

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LỜI MỞ ĐẦU

Các em học sinh thân mến,

Cuốn sách các em đang cầm trên tay là một trong những tài liệu không thể thiếu trong quá trình học tập tiếng Anh nhằm bổ trợ và nâng cao kiến thức trong chương trình tiếng Anh hiện hành. Cuốn sách tập trung nâng cao năng lực ngữ pháp và củng cố từ vựng cho các em vì đây chính là điều các em rất cần trong quá trình học tập. Để đáp ứng nguyện vọng về một tài liệu cơ bản – chuyên sâu về ngữ pháp và từ vựng, tác giả – những thủ khoa đại học, những giáo viên giàu kinh nghiệm giảng dạy đã dành trọn vẹn thời gian và tâm sức biên soạn bộ sách này.

Ưu điểm của bộ sách:

- Các bài học được sắp xếp theo thứ tự trong chương trình tiếng Anh hiện hành.
- Hệ thống từ vựng đa dạng, chuyên sâu với nhiều hình ảnh, ví dụ minh họa cụ thể, rõ ràng.
- Hệ thống ngữ pháp được trình bày tỉ mỉ và dễ hiểu.
- Kiến thức ngữ âm được trình bày theo cách dễ hiểu, dễ nhớ để các em dễ dàng tiếp nhận kiến thức.
- Hệ thống bài tập đa dạng, bám sát chương trình và giúp các em rèn luyện kiến thức từ cơ bản đến nâng cao.

Cuối cùng, chúng tôi mong muốn được gửi lời cảm ơn chân thành nhất tới độc giả, tới các em học sinh, các bậc phụ huynh và các quý thầy cô đã có những đóng góp quý báu để chúng tôi hoàn thành cuốn sách này. Chúng tôi cũng mong muốn được lắng nghe những ý kiến góp ý chân thành nhất của các quý độc giả để lần tái bản sau cuốn sách sẽ được hoàn thiện hơn. Trân trọng!

Đại diện nhóm biên soạn

Đại Lợi

Unit

MY FRIENDS

I. VOCABULARY

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
Viet Nam	/ vi:et'na:m/	(n)	nước Việt Nam	I am from Viet Nam.
Britain	/'brɪtn/	(n)	Vương quốc Anh	Linda is from Britain.
America	/ə'merikə/	(n)	nước Mỹ	Tom is from America.
Australia	/ɒˈstreɪliə/	(n)	nước Úc	He is from Australia.
Singapore	/ˌsɪŋəˈpɔː(r)/	(n)	nước Sing-ga-po	She is from Singapore.
Malaysia	/məˈleɪʒə/ /məˈleɪziə/	(n)	nước Ma-lai-xi-a	They are from Malaysia.
Thailand	/'taılænd/	(n)	nước Thái Lan	We are from Thailand.
Japan	/dʒəˈpæn/	(n)	nước Nhật	Akiko is from Japan.
new	/njuː/	(adj)	mới	I am a new pupil.
friend	/frend/	(n)	bạn	They are friends.
where	/weə(r)/	(adv)	ở đâu	Where are you from?
from	/frəm/	(prep)	từ/ đến từ	I am from Britain.
come	/kʌm/	(v)	đến	I come from Japan.

GRAMMAR

1. Cách hỏi bạn từ đâu tới.

Câu hỏi	Where are you from?
Câu trả lời	I'm from + country.



П.

Example:

A: Where are you from?

B: I'm from Viet Nam.

Bạn đến từ đâu? Mình đến từ Việt Nam.

 $Lwu \dot{y}$: I'm = I am

Mở rộng: Chúng ta cũng có thể dùng câu hỏi "Where do you come from?" thay thế cho câu hỏi "Where are you from?".

Example:

A: Where do you come from?

Bạn đến từ đâu?

B: I come from Britain.

Mình đến từ Vương quốc Anh.

2. Cách hỏi ai đó từ đâu tới.

Câu hỏi	Where is she/he from?
Câu trả lời	She's/He's from + country.

Example:

A: Where is she from?
B: She's from Malaysia.
A: Where is Ben from?
B: He's from Singapore.
Cô ấy đến từ đâu?
B: He's from Singapore.

Luu ý: She's = She is

He's = He is

Mở rộng: Bên cạnh cách hỏi trên, ta còn có thể hỏi như sau:

Example:

- A: Where does she/he come from?
- **B:** She/ He comes from Japan.

Cô ấy/ Anh ấy đến từ đâu? Cô ấy/ Anh ấy đến từ Nhật Bản.

PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/a/	America	Asia	Africa
/ia/	Austral ia	Malays ia	India



Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letters a or ia.

	* * * * *	ASIA	
Americ_	Austral	Asi	Ind

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words in exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

- 1. The bald eagle is a symbol of _____.
- 2. ______ is a large island country. Its capital city is Canberra.
- 3. _____ is a country in South Asia.
- 4. ______ is the largest continent in the world by both land area and population.

Exercise 3. Look at the picture, fill in the blank then match each picture with the suitable word.





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Exercise 5. Look at the picture and tick \checkmark or cross \bigotimes

- 1. He's from Japan.
- 2. He's from Britain.
- 3. They're from Thailand.
- 4. Lucy is from America.
- 5. Ms. Hoa is from Viet Nam.
- 6. Rose is from Japan.

Exercise 6. Unscramble the following words.

- 1. ingporeSa \rightarrow Singapore
- 2. layMasia
- 3. paanJ



4.	lnadThia	\rightarrow	
5.	traialAus	\rightarrow	
6.	Brtaini	\rightarrow	
7.	fienrd	\rightarrow	
8.	nwe	\rightarrow	
9.	ietV maN	\rightarrow	
10	meAcari	\rightarrow	

Exercise 7. Look and write.



1. I'm from ______.



3. He is from _____.



5. Lucy is from _____.



7. Mr. Joseph is from _____.



2. Ben is from _____.



4. We are from _____.



6. They are from ______.



8. We are _____.



*

Exercise 8. Match each question with a suitable answer.

1.	Where are you from?
2.	How is Minh?
3.	What's your name?

- 4. Where is Linda from?
- 5. Is he from Britain?

A. No, he isn't. He is from America.

B. I'm from Japan.

C. He isn't well.

D. My name is Jenny.

E. She's from Singapore.

Your answer:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
----	----	----	----	----

Exercise 9. Look at the table and fill in the blank.

Name	Lucy	Ben	Akiko	Mary	Hoa
Country	Britain	America	Japan	America	Viet Nam
1. I am	V	iet Nam.		N. 1	
2. Lucy is fro					
3. Ben and M	lary are from		•		
4	is from	Japan.			
5	is from	Viet Nam.	1		
Exercise 10.	Read and cir	cle the best a	nswer.		
1. Ben is	Aust	calia.	1		
A. come	B. from	n	C. new	D. frie	end
2	_ are you from	n?			
A. What	B. Wh	0	C. Where	D. Ho	W
3. They are f	rom	•			
A. Britair	n B. frie	nd	C. new	D. wh	iere
4. John is my	y new				
A. come	B. Am	erica	C. friend	D. fro	om
5. Where are	you from? –	Ι	from Viet Nar	n.	
A. am	B. is		C. are	D. ne	W

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6.	Mary	_ from Malaysia.		
		B. new	C. am	D. are
7.	Akiko and Min	a new fr	iends.	
	A. are	B. from	C. is	D. am
8.	They	_ from Japan.		
	A. friends	B. is	C. am	D. are
9.	Is Minh from V	iet Nam? – Yes, he _	•	
	A. is	B. am	C. are	D. come
10	you	from Britain?		
	A. Is	B. Am	C. Are	D. We
Ex	ercise 11. Reord	ler the words to ma	ke complete sentend	ces.
1.	from / Where /	are / you /?		
-				• Ng
2.	from / am / I / E			
→				
3.	Where / Quan /	from / is / ?		
→			,	
4.	She / Singapore			
\rightarrow				
5.	Are / from / the	2	1	
\rightarrow		·		

Exercise 12. Read and number the sentences in the correct order.

 А	Mr. Long: Hello. I'm Mr. Long. Are you a new student?
 В	Kiki: I'm in class 4A.
 С	Mr. Long: Nice to meet you, too. Where are you from, Kiki?
 D	Kiki: Hello, Mr. Long. Yes, I'm new here. My name's Kiki. It's nice to meet you.

*

 E	Kiki: I'm from Tokyo, Japan.
 F	Mr. Long: What class are you in?

Exercise 13. Read and decide whether these sentences are True (T) or False (F)

Hi. My name's Akiko. I live in Tokyo, Japan. I'm a student at Sunflower Primary School. I'm in class 4A. I have many friends. Tony is one of my best friends. We are in the same class. Tony is Australian. He is from Sydney. We like playing basketball after school.

- 1. Tony is one of her best friends.
- 2. Her school is in Sydney, Australia.
- 3. Tony and Akiko are American.
- 4. They are in class 4A.
- 5. They like playing chess after school.

Exercise 14. Read and complete the answers.

Hello. My name's Hoa. I'm from Ha Noi, Viet Nam. I'm a student at Chu Van An Primary School. I have some pen friends. They are Akiko, Lucy, Ni and Ben. Lucy is from England. Ni is from Thailand. Ben is from Australia and Akiko is from Japan.

- 1. How many pen friends does Hoa have? She has _____
- 2. Who is from England? It's _____.
- 3. Where is Ni from? She's from _____
- 4. Where is Ben from? He's from ______
- 5. Is Akiko from Japan? ______, she is.

Exercise 15. Write about yourself using these suggestions.

Example: My name is Hoa. I'm nine years old.

1.	name :		
2.	age :	in the second	
3.	class :		
4.	school:		
5.	country		

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Unit

2

TIME AND DAILY ROUTINES

I. VOCABULARY

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
time	/taım/	(n)	thời gian	What time do you get up?
get up	/get лр /	(v.p)	thức dậy	I get up at 6 a.m.
have breakfast	/həv'brekfəst/	(v.p)	ăn sáng	Hoa has breakfast at 6:30.
have lunch	/həv l∧ntʃ/	(v.p)	ăn trưa	John has lunch at 11 a.m.
have dinner	/həv ˈdɪnə(r)/	(v.p)	ăn tối	They have dinner at 7 p.m.
watch TV	/wɒt∫ tiː 'viː/	(v.p)	xem ti-vi	I watch TV in the evening.
go to school	/gəʊ tə sku:l/	(v.p)	đi học	I go to school in the morning.
go to bed	/gəʊ tə bed /	(v.p)	đi ngủ	My mother goes to bed at 9 p.m.
wash the face	/wɒ∫ ðə feɪs/	(v.p)	rửa mặt	I wash my face after getting up.
clean the teeth	/kli:n ðə ti:0/	(v.p)	đánh răng	I clean my teeth twice a day.
do homework	/du: 'həʊmwɜːk/	(v.p)	làm bài / tập về nhà	Jim does homework every day.
read a book	/ri:də bok/	(v.p)	đọc sách	Her grandfather reads a book at 8 a.m.
go out	/gəʊ aʊt /	(v.p)	đi ra ngoài	I and my friend go out on Sunday.
chat with friends	/t∫æt wīð frendz/	(v.p)	nói chuyện với bạn bè	Rose chats with her friends at break time.
break time	/'breik taim/	(n)	giờ ra chơi	I play chess at break time.



GRAMMAR

1

1. Cách hỏi xem bây giờ là mấy giờ.

	Câu hỏi	What time is it?	
	Câu trả lời	It's + time + o'clock.	
Example 1:			
A: What time is it? Bây giờ là mấy giờ?			
B: It's ten o'clock. Bây giờ là 10 giờ.			
Example 2:			
A: What time is it? Bây giờ là mấy giờ?			
B: It's nine thirty-five. Bây giờ là 9 giờ 35 phút.			
<i>Mở rộng:</i> Ta có thể	nói giờ theo	cách sau:	
Giờ quá:	It's + số phú	t + past + giờ.	
Giờ kém:	It's + số phú	t + to + gi	
Example:	÷		
It's a quarter pas	st four. = It's f	four fifteen. (4 giờ 15 phút)	
It's ten to nine.	= It's e	eight fifty. (9 giờ kém 10/ 8 giờ 50 phút)	
Luu ý:			

a quarter = fifteen

= thirty a half chỉ thời gian từ 0 đến 12 giờ a.m. chỉ thời gian từ 13 đến 24 giờ p.m.

2. Cách hỏi bạn làm gì vào lúc mấy giờ.

Câu hỏi	What time do you + V-inf?		
Câu trả lời	I + V-inf + at + time.		

Example:

A: What time do you get up?

Bạn thức dậy lúc mấy giờ? Mình dậy lúc 6 giờ.

B: I get up at 6 o'clock.

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3. Cách hỏi ai đó làm gì vào lúc mấy giờ.

Câu hỏi:	What time does he/she + V-inf?
Câu trả lời	: He/She + V(s/es) + at + time.

Example 1:

A: What time does he go to school? Anh ấy đi tới trường lúc mấy giờ?

B: He goes to school at 7 o'clock. Anh ấy đi tới trường lúc 7 giờ. *Example 2:*

A: What time does Hoa have breakfast?

B: She has breakfast at 6:30 o'clock.

Hoa ăn sáng lúc mấy giờ? Cô ấy ăn sáng lúc 6:30 giờ.

4. Cách hỏi bạn lúc mấy giờ làm gì.

Câu hỏi	What do you do at + time?
Câu trả lời	I + V-inf.

Example:

A: What do you do at 10 p.m.?

Bạn làm gì lúc 10 giờ tối. Mình đi ngủ.

5. Cách hỏi ai đó lúc mấy giờ làm gì.

B: I go to bed.

Câu hỏi	What does he/she do at + time?
Câu trả lời	He/She + V(s/es).

Example 1:

A: What does Ben do at 10 o'clock? Ben làm gì lúc 10 giờ?

B: He studies English. Anh ấy học Tiếng Anh.

Example 2:

A: What does Lucy do at 4 p.m.?

B: She plays badminton.

Lucy làm gì lúc 4 giờ chiều? Cô ấy chơi cầu lông. PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/t/	get up	chat	go out
/d/	read	dad	bed



Ш

PRACTICE

Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letter t or d.



cha with friends

go to be rea a book

ge up

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in Exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

- 1. Jenny goes to _____ at 9 p.m.
- 2. Mr. Long _____ up at 6 o'clock.
- 3. I ______ with friends during break time.
- 4. We a book in the school library.

Exercise 3. Look at the picture, fill in the blank then match each picture with the suitable description.







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10.

Unit 2: TIME AND DAILY ROUTINES | 19

Exercise 4. Read and draw the time.



1. It's five fifty.



4. It's ten forty-five.

Exercise 5. Write the time in two ways.

Example: 7:10 – It's seven ten. / It's ten past seven.





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2. It's eight ten.

11 12

5. It's six o'clock.

2

11

10

9

8

10

9

8

3. It's nine fifteen.



6. It's eleven thirty.

Exercise 6. Circle the odd one out.

1.	A. What	B. time	C. Where	D. When
2.	A. fifteen	B. twenty	C. o'clock	D. half
3.	A. quarter	B. get up	C. go to school	D. have breakfast
4.	A. go to bed	B. a quarter	C. half	D. forty- five
5.	A. he	B. she	C. I	D. my

Exercise 7. Use the words in the box to write suitable activities under the pictures and you can make some changes.



1. He





*

3. I



Exercise 8. Fill in the blank with suitable words.

- 1. What ______ is it?
- 2. I wash my face ______6 o'clock.
- 3. What ______ you do at 4 p.m.?
- 4. I _____ lunch at school.
- 5. Jenny ______ to school at 7 o'clock.

Exercise 9. Match each question with a suitable answer.

1.	Hi, Nam! How are you?	А.	I get up at 6 o'clock.
2.	What time is it?	B.	He plays chess with his friends.
3.	What time do you get up today?	C.	No. I have breakfast at 6:15.
4.	What does he do at 4 p.m.?	D.	I'm well. And you?
5.	Do you have breakfast at 6:30?	E.	It's seven o'clock.

Your answer:

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

Exercise 10. Read and reorder words to make complete sentences.

1.	get / up / time / What / you / do?
\rightarrow	
2.	father / My / at / 6 / gets / up / o'clock.
→	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3.	to / go / I / school / at / 7 / o'clock.
\rightarrow	
4.	ten / at / My / to / o'clock / bed / brother / goes.
→	j j
5.	What / you / do / at / do / 9 / p.m. /?
-	

Exercise 11. Read and decide whether these sentences are True (T) or False (F).

Hy, everyone. I'm Mie. I study at Newton Goldmark Primary School. I usually get up at 6.00. After breakfast, I walk to school at 6.45. My school starts at 8.00. My friends and I play chess during break time. We have lunch at school. School finishes at 4.30.

- 1. Mie usually gets up at 6 a.m.
- 2. She goes to school at a quarter to seven.

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- 3. Mie and her friends play volleyball during break time.
- 4. She has lunch at home.
- 5. Her school day finishes at half past four.

Exercise 12. Read, complete, and then answer the questions.

Part A



Phong studies at Ba Dinh Primary School. Every day, he (1) _____ at 6:30. He goes to school at (2) ______ a.m. School starts at 7:30 a.m. and finishes at (3) ______. He goes home at 4:30 o'clock. He has dinner at 7:15 in the evening. Then he (4) ______ TV or listens to music. He (5) ______ at 9:45 p.m.

4

Part B

1. Does he study at Ba Dinh Primary School?

.

- 2. What time does Phong go to school?
- 3. Does he go to school at 7:15 a.m.?
- ->
- 4. What time does he have dinner?
- **→**

5

5. What does he do at 9:45 p.m.?

 \rightarrow

Exercise 13. Make questions and answers using given words.

Example:

0. She / gets up / 6 o'clock.

→ What time does she get up? She gets up at 6 o'clock.

1. father / my / at / 6 / gets / up / o'clock.

 \rightarrow

2. She / go to school / 7:30.

3. Ms. Hoa / have breakfast / 6:30

 \rightarrow

4. You / go to bed / 10 o'clock.

→ _____

5. Her father / watch TV/ 7:30 p.m.

->

Exercise 14. Write about yourself by filling in the blanks.

My name's (1) _____. I get up at (2) _____ in the morning. Then I have breakfast at (3) ______. I go to school at (4) ______. After I finish class at (5) ______, I go home and have dinner with my family. Then I do my homework and go to bed at (6) ______ at night.

1



Exercise 15. Write about your friend's daily routines. You can follow the example in Exercise 14.

Your writing:

MY WEEK

I. VOCABULARY

Unit

3

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
Monday	/'mʌndeɪ/	(n)	thứ Hai	It's Monday.
Tuesday	/'tjuːzdeɪ/	(n)	thứ Ba	It's Tuesday
Wednesday	/'wenzdeı/	(n)	thứ Tư	It's Wednesday.
Thursday	/ˈθɜːzdeɪ/	(n)	thứ Năm	It's Thursday.
Friday	/'fraidei/	(n)	thứ Sáu	It's Friday.
Saturday	/ˈsætədeɪ/	(n)	thứ Bảy	It's Saturday.
Sunday	/ˈsʌndeɪ/	(n)	Chủ Nhật	It's Sunday.
today	/təˈdeɪ/	(n)	hôm nay	Today is Wednesday.
do housework	/du: 'haʊswɜːk/	(v.p)	làm việc nhà	I do housework on Fridays.
do homework	/du: ˈhəʊmwɜːk/	(v.p)	làm bài tập về nhà	I do my homework every day.
listen to music	/ˈlɪsn tə ˈmjuːzɪk/	(v.p)	nghe nhạc	Linda listens to music every day.
study at school	/ˈstʌdi ət skuːl/	(v.p)	học ở trường	We study at school from Monday to Friday.
read books	/ri:d boks/	(v.p)	đọc sách	My father loves reading books.
visit	/'vɪzɪt/	(v)	thăm	My family visits me on Sundays.
weekend	/,wiːk'end/	(n)	cuối tuần	We don't go to school on the weekend.
weekday	/'wi:kdeı/	(n)	ngày trong tuần	Weekdays are from Monday to Friday.



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II. GRAMMAR

1. Cách hỏi xem hôm nay là thứ mấy trong tuần.

Câu hỏi	What day is it today?
Câu trả lời	It's + day of the week.

Example:

A: What day is it today?	Hôm nay là thứ mấy?
B: It's Monday.	Hôm nay là thứ Hai.

2. Cách hỏi xem bạn làm gì vào ngày nào đó trong tuần.

Câu hỏi	What do you do on + day of the week?
Câu trả lời	I + V (+ on + day of the week).

Example:

A: What do you do on Tuesdays?

Bạn làm gì vào thứ Ba?

B: I go to school (on Tuesdays). Mình đi tới trường (vào thứ Ba).

3. Cách hỏi xem ai đó làm gì vào ngày nào đó trong tuần.

Câu hỏi	What does he/she do on + day of the week?
Câu trả lời	He/She + V(s/es) (+ on + day of the week).

Example:

Ш.

- A: What does Linda do on Wednesdays?
- B: She listens to music (on Wednesdays).
- A: What does he do on Sundays?
- B: He watches TV on Sundays.

Linda làm gì vào thứ Tư? Cô ấy nghe nhạc.

Anh ấy làm gì vào Chủ nhật? Anh ấy xem tivi vào Chủ nhật.

PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/u/	music	Tuesday	confuse
/u/	Sunday	study	fun



PRACTICE

Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letter /u/.



Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

- 1. I love _____.
- 2. Nam goes to school on _____.
- 3. We ______ in the library.
- 4. My parents don't go to work on _____.

Exercise 3. Write the missing letters.

1.	T <u>u</u> esd <u>a</u> y	5.	_hur_day
2.	M_nd_y	6.	_eek_nd
3.	S_nda_	7.	We_ne_day
4.	w_ekd_y	8.	Sa_ur_ay

Exercise 4. Put the words in the right column.

do housework	Sunday	Wednesday	play chess	
Monday	study at school	listen to music	Thursday	
Saturday	stay at home	watch TV	Tuesday	

Your answer:

Days of the week	Activities
Monday	play football



Days of the week	Activities

Exercise 5. Unscramble the following words.

1.	noMyad	\rightarrow	Monday	
2.	rdsuhTay	\rightarrow		
3.	ridFya	\longrightarrow		
4.	deWsenayd	>		
5.	aydrtaSu	\rightarrow		
6.	esuTday	\rightarrow		
7.	eekdenw	\rightarrow		
8.	unSyad	\rightarrow		

Exercise 6. Look at the picture and fill in the blank.





2. ______ at home



4. play _____





7. listen to

5.

Exercise 7. Circle the odd one out.



6. do

8. play_

Exercise 8. Read and circle the best answer.

1.	, Tu	iesday, Wednesday.		
	A. Sunday	B. Monday	C. Thursday	D. Saturday
2.	Thursday, Frida	У,		
	A. Saturday	B. Sunday	C. Thursday	D. Wednesday
3.	Sunday, Saturda	ly,		
	A. Monday	B. Friday	C. Tuesday	D. Wednesday
4.	Monday,	, Wednesday.		
	A. Friday	B. weekend	C. Thursday	D. Tuesday
5.	is af	fter Tuesday.		
	A. Sunday	B. Monday	C. Wednesday	D. Thursday



6.		is before Sunday.		and a second		
	A. Saturday	B. Monday	C. Friday	D. weekday		
7.		is between Friday a	nd Sunday.			
	A. Thursday	B. Monday	C. Saturday	D. Wednesday		
8.	What day is i	t today? – It's	,			
	A. weekend	B. today	C. Sunday	D. morning		
9.	What do you	do on Sundays? – I _	house	ework.		
	A. go	B. do	C. help	D. study		
10	. What do you	do Mon	idays?			
	A. in	B. on	C. at	D. from		
E	kercise 9. Com	plete these sentence	s by filling in the	e blank.		
1.	What	is it today, M	inh?			
2.		is Friday.		94. K		
3.	She	the piano on Su	undays.	interne.		
4.		_ the morning, I go to	o school.			
5.		_ Saturdays, John doe	es housework.			
6.	I usually go to	o the library	the weeker	nd.		
7.	What	you do on Th	ursdays?			
8.	What day	it today?				
9.		he go to school on	Wednesdays?			
10	. I visit my gra	ndparents	Sundays.			
Ex	ercise 10. Fin	d mistakes in each so	entence and corr	ect them.		
1.	Today is <u>on</u> M	londay.				
\rightarrow	Today is Monday.					
2.	We goes to sc	hool on Tuesdays.				
\rightarrow						
3.	Linda study a	t school from Monday	v to Friday.			
\rightarrow	. <u></u>			ė		

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*

4.	My mother does housework on the evening.
\rightarrow	
	What do Brian do on Sundays?
->	
	When do you do on Mondays?
7.	Hoa and Minh listen to music in Thursday afternoon.
\rightarrow	
8.	What day are it today?
\rightarrow	
	Does you clean your teeth in the evening?
\rightarrow	
10	My aunt chat with friends every weekend.
\rightarrow	
Ex	ercise 11. Reorder the words to make complete sentences.
1.	do / Sundays, / on / what / do / you / Giang ?
->	
2.	on / What / do / you / do / Mondays ?
\rightarrow	
3.	go / I / swimming / afternoon / the / in / .
→	
4.	from / Monday / Friday / to / go / We / to / school.
\rightarrow	
5.	do / What / do / you / at / weekend / the?

Exercise 12. Read and complete the table.

In the morning, I go to school from Monday to Friday. On Wednesday afternoons, I have a Maths class. I play chess with my friends on Tuesdays and



Thursdays. On Friday afternoons, I play badminton with my friends. On Sundays, I help my parents with the housework in the morning and in the afternoon, I visit my grandparents.

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
In the morning							
In the afternoon			-				

Exercise 13. Read and answer the question.

This is my friend, Lina. She's in class 4C. She goes to school five days a week, from Monday to Friday. After school, she plays volleyball with her friends. In the evening, she usually does homework and listens to music. She doesn't go to school on Saturdays and Sundays so she and her family have breakfast at 7 a.m. Then they read books together in the morning. In the afternoon, she goes swimming with her younger brother.

1. Does Lina go to school on Thursdays?

->	
2.	What does she do after school?
\rightarrow	-
3.	What does she do in the evening?
\rightarrow	
4.	Does she read books on the weekend?
→	
5.	Does she go swimming with her parents on Sundays?
\rightarrow	

Exercise 14. Make questions and answers using given words.

0. Monday / I / go to school

→ What do you do on Mondays? - I go to school.

1. Tuesday afternoon / Jenny / play chess.

->

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- 2. Wednesday / He / studies at school.
- →
- 3. Thursday afternoon / My cousin / goes swimming.

- \rightarrow
- 4. Saturday / My father / reads books
- →
- 5. Sunday / I / listen to music.
- **→**

Exercise 15. Write about you by filling in the box then make a sentence with the results.

.....

MYWEEK						
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
go to school				same.		

Example:

0. I go to school on Monday





Unit

MY BIRTHDAY PARTY

I. VOCABULARY

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
January	/'dʒænjuəri/	(n)	tháng Giêng	It's in January.
February	'februəri/	(n)	tháng Hai	My birthday is in February.
March	/ma:tʃ/	(n)	tháng Ba	His birthday is in March.
April	/'eɪprəl/	(n)	tháng Tư	Her birthday is in April.
May	/meɪ/	(n)	tháng Năm	It's in May.
month	/mʌnθ/	(n)	tháng	May and April are months of the year.
when	/wen/	(adv)	khi nào	When is your birthday?
birthday	/ˈbɜːθdeɪ/	(n)	sinh nhật	My birthday is in May.
party	/'pa:ti/	(n)	tiệc/ bữa tiệc	My party is on Monday.
chips	/t∫īps/	(n)	khoai tây chiên	I want some chips.
grape	/greip/	(n)	nho	He wants some grapes.
jam	/dʒæm/	(n)	mứt /	I eat bread with jam.
cake	/keik	(n)	bánh kem	My birthday cake is pink.
milk	/mɪlk/	(n)	sữa	I like milk.
juice	/dʒuːs/	(n)	nước ép	I want some juice.
lemonade	/ lemə'neɪd/	(n)	nước chanh	Lemonade is sour.
water	/ˈwɔːtə(r)/	(n)	nước lọc	Water is my favourite drink.
eat	/i:t/	(v)	ăn	I want to eat some chips.
drink	/drɪŋk/	(v)	uống	He is drinking water now.
want	/wɒnt/	(v)	muốn	I want to make a hat.



make	/meɪk/	(v)	làm	We make a birthday hat.
hat	/hæt/	(n)	cái mũ	My birthday hat is blue.

II. GRAMMAR

1. Cách hỏi về sinh nhật của bạn.

Câu hỏi	When's your birthday?
Câu trả lời	It's in + month.

Example:

A: When's your birthday?

B: It's in April.

Sinh nhật của bạn khi nào? Nó vào tháng Tư.

2. Cách hỏi về sinh nhật của ai đó.

Câu hỏi	When's his/her birthday?
Câu trả lời	It's in + month.

Example:

A: When's her birthday?	Sinh nhật của cô ấy khi nào?
B: It's in March.	Nó vào tháng Ba.
A: When's Ben's birthday?	Sinh nhật của Ben khi nào?
B: It's in January.	Nó vào tháng Một/ tháng Giêng.

3. Cách hỏi xem bạn muốn ăn/ uống gì.

Câu hỏi	What do you want to eat/ drink?
Câu trả lời	I want + food/ drink.

Example:

Bạn muốn ăn gì?
Mình muốn một chút mứt.
Bạn muốn uống gì?
Mình muốn một chút nước ép.



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4. Cách hỏi xem ai đó muốn ăn/ uống gì.

Câu hỏiWhat does he/she want to eat/ drink?Câu trả lờiHe/She wants + food/ drink.

Example:

A: What does Mary want to eat? Mary muốn ăn gì?

B: She wants some grapes.

A: What does he want to drink?

B: He wants some water.

Mary muôn ăn gì? Cô ấy muốn một vài quả nho. Anh ấy muốn uống gì? Anh ấy muốn một chút nước.

III. PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/j/	jam	juice	January
/w/	water	when	want



Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letter *j* or *w*.



am

ater



uice



_ant

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

- 1. I like eating bread with _____.
- 2. Drinking 2 litres of ______ every day is good for your health.
- 3. Orange ______ is my favourite drink.
- 4. I ______ a glass of milk, please.

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Exercise 3. Read and match the word to a suitable picture.



Exercise 4. Write the missing letters.

1.	jm	8.	M_y
2.	p_rt_	9.	_anua_y
3.	b_rthd_y	10.	F_bru_r_
4.	h_t	11.	dr_nk
5.	_arch	12.	Ap_l
6.	w_ter	13.	l_mon_de
7.	j_ic_	14.	e_t

Exercise 5. Unscramble the following words.

1. ayM	\rightarrow	May	
2. tae	\rightarrow		
3. rybruaFe	\rightarrow		
4. artyp	\rightarrow		
5. thdyabir	\rightarrow	÷	
6. anuaryJ	\rightarrow		
7. knidr	\rightarrow		
8. lApir	\rightarrow		
9. monleade	\rightarrow	a	
10. charM	\rightarrow		

Exercise 6. Circle the odd one out.

1. A. Monday	B. May	C. January	D. March
2. A. chips	B. grapes	C. cakes	D. water
3. A. lemonade	B. milk	C. juice	D. jam
4. A. Tuesday	B. April	C. Sunday	D. Friday
5. A. February	B. eat	C. drink	D. make

Exercise 7. Read and answer the question.

- 1. Which month is before February?
- 2. Which month is after April?

January

*

3.	Which month is	between January and	d March?			
4.	Which month is	before April?				
5.	Which month is	before May?				
6.	Which one can	you drink, grapes or	juice?			
7.	Which one can	you eat, water or chij	ps?	1 ²		
8.	Which one can	2				
Ex	ercise 8. Read a	and circle the best a	nswer.			
1.	's yc	our birthday?				
	A. What	B. Who	C. How	D. When		
2.	When	your birthday?				
	A. are	B. is	C. am	D. be		
3.	When is	birthday?				
	A. he	B. she	C. hers	D. his		
4.	When is	birthday?				
	A. my	B.I	C. mine	D. me		
5.	When is	birthday?				
	A. they	B. we	C. us	D. their		
6.	It's	January.				
	A. in	B. on	C. at	D. from		
7.	What	_ you want to eat?				
	A. does	B. do	C. are	D. is		
8.	What	Tammy want to dr	rink?			
	A. does	B. do	C. are	D. is		
9.	What do you wa	ant to eat?				
	A. water	B. chips	C. lemonade	D. juice		
2. When your birthday? A. are B. is C. am D. be 3. When is birthday? A. he B. she C. hers D. his 4. When is birthday? A. my B. I C. mine D. me 5. When is birthday? A. they B. we C. us D. their 6. It's January. A. in B. on C. at D. from 7. What you want to eat? A. does B. do C. are D. is 8. What Tammy want to drink? S. and S.						
	A. juice	B. grapes	C. jam	D. cake		

2

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	* *	
Exercise 9. Look at the picture and an	nswer the question.	
 When is your birthday? → <u>It's in January.</u> 	THÁNG 1	
 2. When is his birthday? → 	THÁNG	* *
 3. When is his birthday? → 	THÁNG 3	**
4. Is her birthday in May? →	THÁNG	*
5. Is his birthday in January? →	- 2	
6. What do you want to eat? →		
 7. What does he want to drink? → 		
 8. What does Linda want to eat? → 		

- 9. What do they want to drink?
- → _____



10. What do your friends want to eat?

Exercise 10. Read and number the sentences in the correct order.

·	A	Nana: I'm making a hat for my birthday party.
	B	Peter: When's your birthday?
	С	Nana: Nice, my mother will buy some juice for my birthday.
	D	Nana: My birthday is in April. What do you want to eat?
	E	Peter: What are you doing, Nana?
	F	Peter: I want some grapes and something to drink.

Exercise 11. Reorder the words to make complete sentences.

- 1. your / birthday / When / is / ?
- \rightarrow
- 2. My / May / is / birthday / in / .
- →
- 3. chips / wants / Long / some / and / grapes / .

- →
- 4. drink / does / she / What / to / want / eat / and/?

- →
- 5. Is / January / birthday / in / your / ?
- .



Exercise 12. Read the letter and circle the correct answer.

Dear Alex,

My name's Minh. I'm from Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam. It's the last week of April now. I am so happy because it's my birthday soon. My birthday is in May. My mother buys me and my friends a lot of food and drink such as grapes, chips and lemonade. We will make a birthday hat together then we will eat a birthday cake. What about you? When's your birthday? Write to me soon.

Minh

1.	Minh is from			
	A. America	B. Australia	C. Thailand	D. Viet Nam
2.	His birthday's in	•	. /	
	A. April	B. May	C. February	D. March
3.	His	will buy food and	drink for his birthda	y party.
	A. father	B. brother	C. mother	D. sister
1	Minh and his ful	1 11 1	(

4. Minh and his friend will make a _____ together.A. cakeB. chipsC. grapeD. hat

Exercise 13. Answer the following questions.

1. What is your name?

 \rightarrow

2	Where	are	VOU	from?	
4.	AA HELE	are	you	nom:	

 \rightarrow

-

3. When is your birthday?

4. What do you want to eat at your birthday party?

5. What do you want to drink at your birthday party?

Exercise 14. Make a birthday invitation card.



Exercise 15. Write a letter to your pen friend to tell them about your birthday party. Exercise 12 is an example.

Your writing:



** Unit 4: MY BIRTHDAY PARTY | 45

THINGS WE CAN DO

I. VOCABULARY

Unit

5

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
can	/kən/; /kæn/	(m.v)	có thể	What can you do?
cook	/kʊk/	(v)	nấu ăn	I can cook.
draw	/dro:/	(v)	vẽ	She can draw.
skip	/skip/	(v)	nhảy dây	They can skip.
play	/pleɪ/	(v)	chơi	Linda can't play chess.
guitar	/gɪˈtaː(r)/	(n)	đàn ghi-ta	Jenny can play the guitar.
piano	pi'ænəʊ/	(n)	đàn dương cầm	We can play the piano.
badminton	/'bædmɪntən/	(n)	cầu lông	I can play badminton.
football	/'futbo:l/	(n)	bóng đá	We play football together.
ride	/raid/	(v)	lái, cưỡi	I can't ride a horse.
bike	/baɪk/	(n)	xe đạp	He can ride a bike.
horse	/hɔːs/	(n)	con ngựa	My father can ride a horse.
fly	/flaɪ/	(v)	bay, thả	I can fly a kite.
kite	kaıt/	(n)	diều	She can fly a kite.
roller skate	ˈrəʊlə skeɪt/	(v)	trượt pa-tanh	I can't roller skate.
swim	/swim/	(v)	boi	I can't swim.



Cách hỏi xem ai đó có thể làm việc gì hay không

Câu hỏi	Can + S + V1 ?
Câu trả lời	Yes, S + can. No, S + can't, but S + V2.

Bạn có thể chơi cầu lông không?

Anh ấy có thể thả diều không?

Hoa có thể đạp xe không?

Có, cô ấy có thể.

Không, anh ấy không thể nhưng anh ấy

Có, mình có thể.

có thể bơi.

Example:

A: Can you play badminton?

B: Yes, I can.

A: Can he fly a kite?

B: No, he can't, but he can swim.

A: Can Hoa ride a bike?

B: Yes, she can.

Lwu ý: can't = cannot

PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/y/	yes	yard	yacht
/ n /	no	nut	can

IV. PRACTICE

Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letter y or n.



_ard



_es



0



ut



Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

- 1. My school has a big _____.
- 2. Can you swim, Tony? _____. I can swim.
- 3. _____ are my favourite food.
- 4. Can Mary play the piano? _____. She can't play the piano.

Exercise 3. Look at the picture and tick \checkmark or cross \checkmark .

1. I can play the piano.

2. Linda can fly a kite.

3. They can play football.

4. He can ride a bike.





5. I can swim.



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6. My mother can cook.

7. My sister can't roller skate.

8. My grandpa can ride a horse.

9. Hoa can skip.

10. He can draw.

Exercise 4. Unscramble the following words.

1.	adecn	\rightarrow	dance
2.	kips	\rightarrow	
3.	paly	\rightarrow	
4.	msiw	>	
5.	ookc	\rightarrow	
6.	wdar	\rightarrow	

7. :	sehor	→	
8. 1	tiek	\rightarrow	
9. :	ylf	→	
10.	edri	\rightarrow	

Exercise 5. Read and match the words that go together.

1.	play	А.	badminton
2.	ride	В.	a rope
3.	fly	C.	a picture
4.	cook	D.	a book
5.	read	E.	a meal
6.	draw	F.	a kite
7.	skip	G.	a bike

Your answer:

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	7.
-------------------	----

Exercise 6. Circle the odd one out.

1. A. football	B. piano	C. badminton	D. tennis
2. A. swim	B. draw	C. skip	D. picture
3. A. horse	B. book	C. fly	D. kite
4. A. piano	B. guitar	C. violin	D. ride
5. A. play	B. kite	C. ball	D. bike

Exercise 7. Look and write what they can do.

1. _____a bike





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Exercise 8. Match each question with a suitable answer.

1.	I can play the guitar.	A	4.	They can play football.
2.	Can he draw?	E	B.	I can play the guitar, too.
3.	Can she ride a bike?	C	C.	Yes, he can.
4.	What can they do?	Γ	Э.	No, she can't.
5.	What can your father do?	E	E.	He can swim.

Your answer:



Exercise 9. Read, look and write.

	Q	10 miles	
1.	I can but I	I can't	*
2.	He can but	t he can't	
3.	James can	_but he can't	
4.	My mother can	but she can't	·
5.	His aunt can	but she can't	4a
Ex	ercise 10. Read and circle the c	orrect answer.	
1.	you play chess?	1	
	A. Can B. What	C. Does	D. Are
2.	What can he?		
	A. do B. does	C. is	D. are
3.	can they do? - They	can swim.	
	A. What B. When	C. How	D. Where
4.	What can do?		
	A. your B. his	C. her	D. she



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5.	Can he ride a _	?			
	A. kite	B. horse	C. skate	D. car	
6.	Can she draw a	picture? –	, she can.		1
	A. No	B. Yes	C. Can	D. What	
7.	Can Peter swim	1? – No, he			
	A. No	B. Yes	C. can	D. can't	
8.	Can they read a	ı book? – Yes, _	can.		ÿ
	A. he	B. she	C. they	D. you	
9.	Can they	a picture?	?		
	A. draws	B. draw	C. drawing	D. drew	
10	. My mother can	·*			
	A. cooks	B. cook	C. cooking	D. cooked	
Ex	ercise 11. Reor	der the words/	phrases to make cor	rrect sentences.	
1.	can / Jim / you	/ What / do, / ?			
->	NUMBER OF STREET			·	
2.	Can / horse / rid	de / you / a /?			
-	- 1		1		
3.	can't cook/ I / c	an / but/ kite /	fly/a/I/.		
->	· · · · · · · · · · · ·			ж. 	
4.	What / dogs / d	o / can / ?			
\rightarrow					
5.	Monkeys / eatin	ng / trees / can /	bananas/ and / climb	/ like / they / .	
->		· ·			
Ex	ercise 12. Fill in	n the blanks wi	ith the words given b	pelow.	
	It	Yes	can sin	g and pet lind	
Na	m: Do you ha	.ve a (1)	, Phong?		

Phong: (2) _____, I do. I have a parrot.

*

Luyện	chuyên sâu	ı ngữ pháp &	từ vựng	tiêng anh lớp 4	tập 1

Nam: What (3) ______ it do?

Phong: It can fly, (4) and climb a tree.

Nam: Can it speak?

Phong: Yes, it can. (5) can count from one to ten in English.

Nam: Oh, it's wonderful.

Exercise 13. Find mistakes and correct them.

1	1			3 6 1	1
1	VICOOL	10	on	Mond	170
1.	TUUAY	10	UII	Mond	lay.

→ Today is Monday.

2. Can she ride a kite?

 \rightarrow

 \rightarrow

3. Lina, Mina and Tony cann't play football.

4. Mr. Long can read a books.

5. What does your parents do?

 \rightarrow

->

6. She does can't make a birthday hat.

7. My teachers cans speak English.

 \rightarrow

-

->

8. Jonas can play football very good.

"her sight sit faith as association

(1) o including

9. Mie can sings very well. Correise 12. Fill in the blocks with the north given below.

10. My little brother can't draws a picture.

Exercise 14. Look at the table and decide these statements are True (T) or False (F).

ou can do then w	Lucy	Ben	Akiko	Mary	Hoa
cook		Jise	ao Viada	a qua que a	8
swim		64	ILA B / B	\checkmark	\checkmark
roller skate		\checkmark			1.1
draw	a		\checkmark		\checkmark
play the guitar	\checkmark				

- 1. Lucy and Mary can play the guitar.
- 2. Ben and Lucy can cook.
- 3. Hoa can swim and draw.
- 4. Akiko can cook and draw.
- 5. Hoa and Ben can roller skate.

Exercise 15. Read and answer the questions.

My name's Tony. These are my friends, Hoa and Minh. I like sports very much. I can play football, but I can't play volleyball. I can play chess, but I can't swim. My friend Hoa loves sports, too. She can play badminton, but she cannot play volleyball, too. She can ride a bike, but she can't swim as well. Minh doesn't like sports. He likes playing the piano. He can play chess, but he can't fly a kite. We usually spend time together after school.

- 1. What can Tony do?
- -
- 2. Can Hoa and Tony swim?
- -
- 3. What can Minh do?
- →
- 4. Can Minh and Tony play chess?
- ->



5. Who like sports, Minh or Hoa?

 \rightarrow

Exercise 16. Read and put a tick in the table about what you can do then write a paragraph about yourself.

	play football	fly a kite	skip	swim	ride a bike
You	Find miscale	e and someon	1000		
our writin	10°				S. S. Salaria Galeria
	тр. – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –				и — Ц. Ц. и
					74a
		spoit	nda sector cure	same -	
in the second	alan ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	n osti Uta sine	an can a	i di secondari Secondaria	
site vana	net allandari M			a subartur Di Stanto	
d d yr off i L	land on the Composition		1	in an	

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TEST YOURSELF I

I. Circle the word in which the underlined part is pronounced differently.

1.	A. America	B. <u>A</u> sia	C. M <u>a</u> laysia	D. Australi <u>a</u>
2.	A. cha <u>t</u>	B. teacher	C. mother	D. ge <u>t</u>
3.	A. music	B. Tuesday	C. st <u>u</u> dy	D. conf <u>u</u> se
4.	A. h <u>ou</u> r	B. cloud	C. h <u>ou</u> se	D. y <u>ou</u> r
5.	A. read	B. da <u>d</u>	C. be <u>d</u>	D. looke <u>d</u>
II	. Choose the odd	one out.		
1.	A. America	B. Australia	C. Japan	D. Monday
2.	A. get up	B. go to school	C. fifteen	D. have breakfast
3.	A. weekend	B. Sunday	C. Thursday	D. Friday
4.	A. April	B. month	C. May	D. March
5.	A. cook	B. draw	C. ride	D. can
II	I. Choose the cor	rect answer.		
1.	Where	you from?		
	A. is	B. am	C. are	D. be
2.	Where	he from?		
	A. is	B. am	C. are	D. be
3.	What time	it?		
			and the second	
	A. is	B. am	C. are	D. be
4.		B. am		D. be
4.		ou to be		D. be D. went
	What time do yo A. go	ou to be	d?	
	What time do yo A. go is r	bu to be B. goes ight before Sunday.	d?	D. went
5.	What time do yo A. go is r B. Monday	bu to be B. goes ight before Sunday. C. Friday	d? C. going	D. went D. Saturday
5.	What time do yo A. go is r B. Monday	bu to be B. goes ight before Sunday. C. Friday on Sundays? – I	d? C. going D. weekday	D. went D. Saturday
5. 6.	What time do yo A. go is r B. Monday What do you do	bu to bee B. goes ight before Sunday. C. Friday on Sundays? – I B. do	d? C. going D. weekday housework.	D. went D. Saturday

TEST YOURSELF I 57

8	С	an they	a pi	cture?	IOV	12			
0	8. Can they a picture? A. draws B. draw				C. dra	awin	g	D. drew	
9		/hen is							
-		your			C. ye	ours		D. me	
1		/hat do you		·	2				
		. water	B. chip		C. lei	nona	ade	D. juice	
Ι	V. N	Iatch each			ole ans	wer.			
2	1.	Where is Li	inda from?			А.	I get up a	t 6 o'clock.	ul J
	2.	What do yo	u do on Mo	ondays?		В.	He can sy	wim.	
	3.	What can y	our father d	.0?		C.	She's from	m Singapore.	10
	4.	What time	do you get i	ip today?		D.	It's in Ma	ay.	
	5.	When's you	ır birthday?	1011		E.	I go to sc	hool on Mon	days.
	You	r answer:							
		1.	2.	3.		4.	E est	5.	
	V. F	ind the mis	takes and o	correct the	m.				
1	l. A	re Minh fro	m Viet Nan	1?					
2	→	21 - C	Ę.	211					
	2. N	/Iy uncle cha	t with frien	ds every w	eekend	•).	1-		
9	→ _		G	21	1				
	3. L	Linda and he	r friends pla	iys basketb	all at b	reak	time.		
	→ _			2 T - 1 T - 2 T -					
4	4. V	What does he	e wants to d	rink?					
	→ _	a Alex 2012 In 1999	19071-1				11111		içi i r
	5. N	Ay husband	cans speak	English.					
	-								



VI. Reorder the words/ phrases to make complete sentences.

- 1. She / Britain / is / from /.
- 2. from / Monday / Friday / to / goes / Linda / to / school /.
- 3. ten / at / My / to / o'clock / bed / sister / goes /.
- 4. jam / wants / Andy / some / and / grapes.
- ->

 \rightarrow

5. can't / Hoa / can swim / ride / bike. / a / but / she

->

VII. Read and answer the questions.

My name is Nancy. I'm nine years old. I like listening to music in my free time. I can sing and dance very well, but I can't play the guitar. I have one brother and one sister. My brother, Nam, likes playing sports. He can play football and badminton, but he can't play table tennis and basketball. My little sister can draw and play the piano, but she can't ride a bike.

1.	What can Hoa do?	
→		
2.	Can she play the guitar?	
\rightarrow		,
3.	What can his brother do?	
\rightarrow	1 (dis)	engliste get en sons inselves bi
4.	Can he play table tennis?	
->	in the "	r is d'an an a
5.	What can her little sister do?	
\rightarrow	Inversible method second	an a



Unit

6

OUR SCHOOL FACILITIES

I. VOCABULARY

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
city	/ˈsɪti/	(n)	thành phố	My school is in the city.
mountain	/'maʊntən/	(n)	núi	Her school is in the mountain.
village	/ˈvɪlɪdʒ/	(n)	làng	It's in the village.
town	/taʊn/	(n)	thị trấn	I live in a town.
building	/ˈbɪldɪŋ/	(n)	toà nhà	My school has two buildings.
playground	/'pleɪgraʊnd/	(n)	sân chơi	There is a playground.
computer room	/kəmˈpjuːtə(r)/ /ruːm/	(n)	phòng máy tính	My school has two computer rooms.
garden	/ˈɡɑːdn/	(n)	vườn	Our school's garden is big.
library	/ˈlaɪbrəri/	(n)	thư viện	Our library is new.
floor	/flɔ:(r)/	(n)	tầng	My house has four floors.

II. GRAMMAR

1. Cách hỏi xem trường học của bạn ở đâu

	Câu hỏi	Where's your school?
4	Câu trả lời	It's in the + <i>place</i> .

Example:

- A: Where is your school?
- **B:** It's in the city.

Trường học của bạn ở đâu? Nó ở thành phố.



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2. Cách hỏi xem trường học của ai đó ở đâu.

Câu hỏi	Where's his/her school?
Câu trả lời	It's in the + place

Example:

A: Where is her school?	Trường học của cô ấy ở đâu?
B: It's in the town.	Nó ở thị trấn.
A: Where is Long's school?	Trường học của Long ở đâu?
B : It's in the village.	Nó ở làng quê.

3. Cách hỏi về số lượng các phòng trong trường học.

Câu hỏiHow many + place + are there at your sch	
Câu trả lời	There is $+$ number. (number $=$ 1)
	There are + number. (number ≥ 2)

Example:

- A: How many playgrounds are there at your school? Trường ban có bao nhiêu sân chơi?
- B1: There is one. Có một.
- B2: There are two. Có hai.

III. PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/s/	mountains	towns	playgrounds	
/es/	villages	glasses	boxes	

××



PRACTICE

Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letter s or es.



mountain___

villag





town_

hors

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in exercise 1. The first letter is given.

- 1. They spend a week walking in the m_____
- 2. We visit towns and v_____ all over Spain..
- 3. They live in a small t_____.
- 4. Lucy can ride a h_____.

Exercise 3. Look at the pictures and fill in the blanks.

1. v_llag_

2. t n

3. c t









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-11



5. sch__1

6. g_rd_n

7. comp_ter roo_



*



8. b_ild_ng

Exercise 4. Circle the wrong words.

1.	A. moitain	B. town	C. city	D. village
2.	A. library	B. classroom	C. buiding	D. playground
3.	A. garden	B. computer room	C. librery	D. village
4.	A. tawn	B. city	C. classroom	D. garden
5.	A. school	B. classroom	C. playgraond	D. library

Exercise 5. Look at the picture and tick \checkmark or cross \bigotimes .

1. My school is in the city.

2. My house is in the mountains.

3. We live in the city.

4. There are two buildings at my school.

5. There is one garden in front of my house.

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6. There are ten classrooms.

















Exercise 6. Unscramble the following words.

1.	schloo	\rightarrow	school	
2.	ountainm	\rightarrow		
3.	llagevi	\rightarrow	<u></u>	
4.	tyci	\rightarrow		
5.	owtn	\rightarrow		
6.	yplagndour	\rightarrow	· · · · · ·	
7.	comterpu romo	\rightarrow		
8.	blduiing	\rightarrow		
9.	dengra	\rightarrow	-	
10.	braryli	\rightarrow		

Exercise 7. Match each question with a suitable answer.

1.	Where is your school?	А.	Yes, there is.
2.	How many buildings are there?	В.	There's one.
3.	Where is her school?	C.	No, there aren't. There are three.
4.	Is there a garden at your school?	D.	It's in the village.
5.	Are there two playgrounds?	E.	Her school is in the city.

Your answer:



Exercise 8. Look at the picture and answer the question.



1. Where is your school? It's in the_____



2. Where is her school? Her school is in the

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3. Where is his school?

It'sinthe_____



5. How many buildings are there at your school?

There are



7. How many computer rooms are there at your school?

There ______.



4. Where are their school? Their school is in the _____



6. How many playgrounds are there at your school?

There is a _____.



8. How many gardens are there at your school?There

Exercise 9. Read and fill in the blanks using "is" or "are".

- 1. There _____ two buildings at my school.
- 2. There _____ one garden at my school.
- 3. There ______ ten classrooms at my school.
- 4. There ______ a library at my school.
- 5. There _____ one playground at my school.



			√ *	* *
E	xercise 10. Choo	ose the correct and	swer.	
1.	is yo	our school?		
	A. What	B. When	C. Where	D. Why
2.	Where is	school?		
	A. she	B. him	C. his	D. hers
3.	Where is	school?		
	A. them	B. they	C. her	D. he
4.	Our school is _	the city.		
	A. on	B. in	C. at	D. from
5.	How many	are there at	your school?	
	A. building	B. buildings	C. classroom	D. classroomes
5.	How many	are there at	his school?	
	A. gardens	B. garden	C. playground	D. playgroundes
7.	There	a library at my s	school.	
	A. is	B. are	C. have	D. has
8.	There	some classroom	is at my school.	
	A. is	B. are	C. have	D. has
).	Is there a	at you	r school?	
	A. computer ro	om B. gardens	C. playgrounds	D. classrooms
0	Are there five _	in your vil	lage?	
	A. schools	B. city	C. library	D. house
Ex	ercise 11. Reord	ler the words to n	nake complete senten	ces.
	is / Where / you			
->				
	city / It / is / the			
	four / There / ar	e / buildings / my /	' at / school /.	an com - chor charanges d-red to botte Too

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- 4. many / How / there / are / gardens / school / at / her /?
- -
- 5. Is / school / your / mountains / the / in /?
- -

Exercise 12. Read and number the sentences in the correct order.

	Α	Hello, Hoa. Where are you going?	
	В	Where is your school?	
	\mathbf{C}^*	My school is in the town. It's near Alpha Primary School.	
	D	There are 4 buildings. It's 7 a.m., we should hurry up. See you later. Oh! That's my school. My school has two buildings. How about you school?	
20 	Е		
- 2570	F	I'm going to school.	
	G	Goodbye.	

Exercise 13. Read and decide whether these sentences are True (T) or False (F).

Our school is in a small village. It's big and beautiful. There are four buildings and a garden at our school. During break time, we play sports in the playground. We can play badminton, football, and other sports. Moreover, we also have a small library and two computer rooms in the new building. I love my school so much.

- 1. There are three buildings at their school.
- 2. There are two gardens.
- 3. Their school is in the big city.
- 4. There is a large library in the old building.
- 5. Their school has two computer rooms.

Exercise 14. Read and complete the answers.

I'm Peter. I am 9 years old and I study at Experimental Primary School. I have been learning at this school for nearly 4 years. It is in the centre of my city and next to Lotte Tower. There are many trees around the schoolyard. Next to the

yard is a building where we study. It has five floors and my classroom is on the second floor. On the fourth floor, there is a library with many kinds of books. We have two modern computer rooms on the first floor. Unfortunately, there is no garden in my school but there's one playground. After school, I often go to the library to read comic books with my best friend. At the weekend, my classmates and I often go to school and play outdoor games in the playground together. I love my school so much.

- 1. The school's name is
- 2. The building has ______ floors.
- 3. There is a ______ on the fourth floor.
- 4. There are two ______ on the first floor.
- 5. Students can play outdoor games in the ______ at the weekend.

Exercise 15. Write about your school facilities.

You may use these clue questions.

- What is your name?
- How old are you?
- What's your school's name?
- Where is your school?

- How many buildings / gardens/ computer rooms/ playgrounds are there? *Your writing:*

Unit

OUR TIMETABLES

I. VOCABULARY

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example	
subject	/'sʌbdʒekt/	(n)	môn học	What subjects do you have today?	
lesson	/'lesn/	(n)	bài học	I have seven lessons today.	
Vietnamese	/ vi:etnə'mi:z/	(n)	tiếng Việt	Hoa has Vietnamese today.	
English	/ˈɪŋglɪʃ/	(n)	tiếng Anh	I have English on Mondays.	
Art	/a:t/	(n)	Mỹ thuật	She has Art on Tuesdays.	
History	/ˈhɪstri/	(n)	Lịch sử	He has History and Geography	
Geography	/dʒiˈɒɡrəfi/	(n)	Địa lý	on Fridays.	
Maths/ Mathematics	/mæθs/ / ˌmæθəˈmætɪks/	(n)	Toán học	He doesn't have Maths on Thursdays.	
Music	/'mju:zɪk/	(n)	Âm nhạc	I love Music.	
Science	/ˈsaɪəns	(n)	Khoa học	I don't like Science.	
school day	/sku:l deı/	(n)	ngày đi học	I get up early on school days.	
favourite	/ˈfeɪvərɪt/	(adj)	yêu thích	My favourite subject is Maths.	

II. GRAMMAR

1. Cách hỏi về môn học mà bạn có hôm nay.

Câu hỏi	What subjects do you have today?
Câu trả lời	I have + subjects.



Example:

A: What subjects do you have today?B: I have Maths, English and Art.

Bạn có những môn học gì hôm nay? Mình có các môn Toán, Tiếng Anh và Mỹ thuật.

2. Cách hỏi về môn học mà ai đó có hôm nay.

Câu hỏi	What subjects does he/she have today?
Câu trả lời	He/ She has + subjects.

Example:

A: What subjects does he have today?

Anh ấy có những môn học gì hôm nay?

B: He has Maths, English and Music.

Anh ấy có các môn Toán, Tiếng Anh và Âm nhạc.

3. Cách hỏi xem khi nào bạn có môn học nào đó.

Câu hỏi	When do you have + subject?
Câu trả lời	I have it on + day of the week.

Example:

A: When do you have English?

Khi nào bạn có môn Tiếng Anh?

B: I have it on Mondays and Wednesdays.

Tớ có môn tiếng Anh vào thứ Hai và thứ Tư.

4. Cách hỏi xem khi nào ai đó có môn học nào đó.

Câu hỏi	When does he/she have + subject?
Câu trả lời	He/She has it on + day of the week.

Example:

A: When does she have Maths?

Khi nào cô ấy có môn Toán?

B: She has it on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Cô ấy có môn Toán vào thứ Ba và thứ Sáu.

III. PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/se/	Vietnamese	Japanese	Portuguese
/ce/	Science	fence	jui ce



Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letters se or ce.



Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

- 1. We have ______ from Mondays to Fridays.
- 2. I learn about plants and animals in _____.
- 3. My classmate is from Japan so she is _____.
- 4. There is a white ______ around my house.

Exercise 3. Circle the wrong words.

1.	A. Subgect	B. Vietnamese	C. English	D. Art
2.	A. Science	B. Muzic	C. Geography	D. class
3.	A. History	B. Monday	C. building	D. Vietnames
4.	A. Maths	B. subject	C. Englisth	D. Music
5.	A. Geography	B. Histori	C. Maths	D. Art

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Exercise 4. Unscramble the word and number the picture.							
A. B. B. C. C. D.							
E. AMINHAC F. F. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B							
1. sicMu \rightarrow Music							
2. $athMs \rightarrow$							
3. namietVese \rightarrow	0000						
4. lishEgn \rightarrow	0						
5. cienceS \rightarrow							
6. toryHis and graphyGeo \rightarrow	• • •						
7. rAt \rightarrow	0 0 0 0 0						
Exercise 5. Look at the pictures and fill in the blanks.							
1. I have on Mondays.							
I. Thave on wondays.							
TOÁN 2	0 0 0 0 0 0						
2. Linda has on Wednesdays.	•						
	0000						

**


Exercise 6. Fill in the blanks using the words in the box.

	English	subject	History	Music	Art		
1. \	What	do you have today?					
2. I	have	. We will learn some new words today.					
3. J	Jenny has	on We	ednesdays. Sh	e learns to sin	g Vietnamese		

- 4. We have ______ on Mondays and Fridays. We learn how to draw.
- 5. Bob and Brian have ______ on Thursdays. They learn about events in the past.

Exercise 7. Match each question with a suitable answer.

- What subjects do you have today?
 When do you have English?
 When does Mia have Art?
 A. Yes, he does.
 B. I have History and Vietnamese.
 C. I have it on Tuesdays and Fridays.
 - 4. Do you have Maths on Mondays?
 - 5. Does Harry have Music today?
- Your answer:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
	25.050.05			

D.

E.

Exercise 8. Choose the correct answer.

1.	What	_ do you have today?		
	A. subject	B. Maths	C. Math	D. subjects
2.	I have	today.		
	A. Japan	B. Australia	C. Vietnamese	D. America
3.	When	you have English?		
	A. do	B. does	C. did	D. done
4.	What subjects	does Bob have	Tuesdays?	x
	A. in	B. on	C. at	D. from
5.	When	Lina have English?		
	A. do	B. does	C. has	D. done
6.	They	Maths today.		
	A. have	B. has	C. doesn't	D. does
7.	Giang	Music on Thursd	lays.	
	A. have	B. has	C. doesn't	D. does

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She has it on Wednesdays.

No, I don't.

Luyện	chuyên	sâu	ngữ	pháp	&	từ	vựng	tiêng anh lớp	4 tập 1	
-------	--------	-----	-----	------	---	----	------	---------------	---------	--

8	I Sc	ience on Tuesda	.ys.	
0.	A. have			D. haves
9			Maths, and Art toda	
1.			C. had	
10				and Music on Mondays.
10	A. have	COMPACT IN 1	Martin Freedorie Contra	D. haves
			ch sentence and co	orrect it.
1.	Today is on Mor	ıday.		
->	Today is Monda	ν.		
2.	She have Scienc	e, Art and Englis	sh.	
→				
3.	She doesn't has	Maths on Tuesda	ay.	
\rightarrow				
4.	Music and Art is	my favourite su	ıbjects.	
→				
5.				vs and Wednesdays.
\rightarrow				
6.	What subjects do			and a start of the second s
->				
Fv	arcisa 10 Poord	or the words to	make complete se	ntoncos
	subjects / do / ha			intences.
1.				
-			/ . 1 /	
2.	has / John / Geog			
\rightarrow				and the second
3.	Do / today / Viet	namese / you/ ha	ave / ?	
->	-			
4.	and / on / Monda	ıys / do / I / not /	have / Music / Art	/
→				
76	Iminhthanaboo		tiống Anh	

and the second second

- 5. favourite / my / Maths / is / subject / .
- ->

Exercise 11. Look at the table and decide whether these sentences are True (T) or False (F).

i.	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri
Lily	кнод нос 4	Tiếng Việt 4	A NHAC		Mi thuận 4
Andrew		Mi thuật 4		кнод нос 4	AT NHAC
Mary	INHAC 4	KHOA HOC 4	TOAN4	Mi thuận 4	LICH SÙ VA DIA LI VA DIA L
Minh	KHOA HOC 4	Mi thuật 4		UICHSÜ LICHSÜ LICHSÜ LICHSÜ 4	AL NHAC

- 1. Lily has Science on Mondays.
- 2. Minh and Mary have Maths on Wednesdays.
- 3. Andrew doesn't have Geography on Thursdays.
- 4. Mary has Music on Thursdays.

-

5. Minh has Geography and History on Fridays.

Exercise 12. Look at the table in Exercise 11 answer the following questions.

- 1. What subjects does Lily have on Tuesdays?
- 2. What subjects does Mary have on Fridays?

3. When do Minh and Mary have Maths?

→	
4.	When do Minh and Andrew have Art?
->	and the first state of the second state of the
5.	Does Mary have Science on Mondays?
→	

Exercise 13. Read the text and choose the correct option.

My name is Linda. I am 9 years old. I study at Thanh Thai Primary School. There are many subjects that I study from Monday to Friday. I have (1) ______ and Maths every school day. (2) ______ Mondays, I have Vietnamese, Maths and Music. I have Art on Tuesdays and Fridays. I learn Science once a week on Thursdays. I usually have four lessons in the morning and three lessons in the afternoon. On Tuesdays (3) ______, I have (4) ______ and Geography. It is very interesting because I can learn more about the past. However, it is not my favourite subject. My favourite (5) ______ is English. I have it three times a week. It is on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

1. A. subject	B. Vietnamese	C. when	D. what
2. A. In	B. On	C. At	D. From
3. A. day	B. break time	C. lunch	D. afternoon
4. A. History	B. Music	C. Art	D. Science
5. A. Maths	B. English	C. subject	D. Art



Exercise 14. Look at the timetable and write what Sofia and her friends have each day.

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri
	Vietnamese	English	Art	Vietnamese	Music
رق ق	Music	Vietnamese	Maths	English	English
Sofia	Maths	Geography and History	Science	Art	Maths
18	English	Music	Vietnamese	Art	English
Sofia's friends	Maths	Vietnamese	English	Science	Vietnamese
	Art	Science	Music	Maths	Geography and History

0. Sofia has Vietnamese, Music and Maths on Mondays. Her friends have English, Maths and Art on Mondays.

1.					
			4		
2.			-		
	х.		2	й -	
3.			n	е. -	
				e e	
4.	×	1	· · · /		

Exercise 15. Fill in the box and write a paragraph about your timetable at school.

	TIMETABLE							
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri				

Your writing:

MY FAVOURITE SUBJECTS

I. VOCABULARY

Unit

8

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
favourite	/ˈfeɪvərɪt/	(adj)	yêu thích	My favourite subject is Maths
IT = Information Technology	/ aı 'ti:/ /mfəˈmeɪʃn/ / tekˈnɒlədʒi/	(n)	môn Tin học	IT is my favourite subject.
PE = Physical Education	/pi: 'i:/ /'fızıkl/ / ˌedʒu'keıʃn/	(n)	môn Thể dục	My favourite subject is PE.
computer	/kəmˈpjuːtə(r)/	(n)	máy tính	We learn how to use computers.
English teacher	/ˈɪŋɡlɪʃ/ / ˈtiːtʃə(r)/	(n)	giáo viên tiếng Anh	I want to be an English teacher.
painter	/'peintə(r)/	(n)	hoạ sĩ	He wants to be a painter.
singer	/ˈsɪŋə(r)/	(n)	ca sĩ	She wants to be a singer.
writer	/'raɪtə(r)/	(n)	nhà văn	My aunt is a writer.
Maths teacher	/mæθs/ / 'tiːtʃə(r)/	(n)	giáo viên Toán	He wants to be a Maths teacher.
why .	/wai/	(adv)	tại sao	Why do you like Art?
because	/bɪˈkɒz/	(conj)	bởi vì	Because I want to be a painter.

II. GRAMMAR

1. Cách hỏi về môn học yêu thích của bạn.

Câu hỏi	What is your favourite subject?
Câu trả lời	It's + subject.
(Mở rộng)	My favourite subject is + <i>subject</i> . I like + <i>subject</i> .



Example:

A: What is your favourite subject? Môn học yêu thích của bạn là gì?B₁: It's Maths. Là môn Toán.

B₂: My favourite subject is Maths. Môn học yêu thích của tớ là môn Toán.

2. Cách hỏi về môn học yêu thích của ai đó.

Câu hỏi	What is his/her favourite subject?
Câu trả lời	It's + subject.
(Mở rộng)	His/ Her favourite subject is + <i>subject</i> . He/She likes + <i>subject</i> .
	Câu trả lời

Example:

A: What is his favourite subject?	Môn học yêu thích của anh ấy là gì?
B ₁ : It's English.	Là môn tiếng Anh.
B ₂ : He likes English.	Anh ấy thích môn Tiếng Anh.

3. Cách hỏi lý do tại sao bạn lại thích môn học nào đó.

Câu hỏi	Why do you like + <i>subject</i> ?
Câu trả lời	Because I want to be + job.

Example:

A: Why do you like Art?

B: Because I want to be a painter.

Tại sao bạn lại thích môn Mỹ thuật? Bởi vì tớ muốn trở thành hoa sĩ.

4. Cách hỏi lý do tại sao ai đó lại thích môn học nào đó.

Câu hỏi	Why does he/she like + <i>subject</i> ?
Câu trả lời	Because he/she wants to be + job.

Example:

A: Why does she like English?

Tại sao cô ấy thích môn Tiếng Anh?

B: Because she wants to be an English teacher.

Bởi vì cô ấy muốn trở thành giáo viên Tiếng Anh.



Pronounce exactly these words.

/ke/	like	bike	strike
/te/	wri te	kite	favourite



M

Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letters */ke/* or */te/*.



Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

5. t ach r

6. p inte

7. s ng r

- 1. We learn how to read and ______ in Vietnamese.
- 2. My father can ride a _____.
- 3. I don't know how to fly a _____.
- 4. I ______ Maths.

Exercise 3. Write the missing letters.

- 1. T<u>u</u>esd<u>a</u>y
- 2. s_bj_ct
- 3. f_vour_te
- 4. c_mput_r

Exercise 4. Put the words in the right column.

Maths	teacher	Vietnamese	English teacher
singer	IT	painter	student
Science	Maths teacher	English	PE

Your answer:

Subjects	Jobs
Maths	teacher
male in the second with the	k at the pluit and so
	07/ <u>70</u>

Exercise 5. Look at the pictures and unscramble the words. There is one example.

1. noMyad Monday



2. TI



4. acheter



5. ainpter	→ 	
6. ersing	→	
7. riwter	→	
8. putercom	\rightarrow	

Exercise 6. Look at the picture and fill in the blank.



1. I want to be a

teacher.



3. He wants to be an _



2. She wants to be an _____ teacher.



4. Why do you want to be a ?



5. Why does he want to be a



7. He wants to be a



6. I want to be a ____



8. Amy wants to be a _____

Exercise	7.	Circle	the	odd	one	out.	
				0 04 04	O AR U	0 00 00	

1. A. Maths	B. Science	C. painter	D. Vietnamese
2. A. singer	B. IT	C. Art	D. PE
3. A. History	B. painter	C. singer	D. teacher
4. A. Science	B. computer	C. Geography	D. English
5. A. like	B. love	C. enjoy	D. Maths

.

Exercise 8. Read and circle the best answer.

- 1. What ______ do you have today?

 A. subjects
 B. favourite

 C. teacher

 2. ______ is your favourite subject?
 - A. When B. What C. Where
- 3. What are her favourite _____?
 - A. Maths B. English C. subjects
- 4. What is ______ favourite subject?

 A. she
 B. her

 C. him



D. he

D. singer

D. Why

D. subject

			*	*		
5.	What	your favourite s	ubject?			
	A. is	B. am	C. are	D. tobe		
6.		do you like Art?				
	A. Which	B. What	C. Where	D. Why		
7.	Why	Hoa like Music	?			
	A. do	B. does	C. done	D. did		
8.	Why	you like Englis	h?			
	A. do	B. does	C. done	D. did		
9.	Because I	to be a sin	ger.			
	A. want	B. wants	C. wanted	D. wanting		
10	. Because my bi	other	to be a Maths teache	r.		
	A. want	B. wants	C. wanted	D. wanting		
Ex	ercise 9. Com	olete these sentence	s by filling in the bla	nk.		
1.	What is your _	subj	ect?			
2.		is her favourite sub	ject?			
3.	His	subject is Englis	h.			
		does Huy like N	Aaths?			
5.	She wants to b	e a	because she likes drav	wing.		
6.	Music is my _	subject.				
7.	We learn how	to use computers in	lesso	ns.		
8.	8. Science is my favourite					
9.	9. Ms. Hoa is my teacher. She teaches us how to read and write in Vietnamese.					
10	. Mr. Long is m	y favourite	•			
E	cercise 10. Find	l a mistake in each	sentence and correct	it.		
1.	Today is on M	onday.				
-	Today is Mond	lay				
2.	What is you fa	vourite subject?				
\rightarrow						

R

*

3. V	Vhy is her favourite subject?	
→ _	April 1977 - Maria Sanza M	Tur. A
4. V	Vhat are his favourite subject?	n na szlaj jája kiteletetetetetetetetetetetetetetetetetet
→ _	nivelle de la contracta	nde Aristan de Aristan de Aristan
5. It	are English.	and the state of the
→ _	C done D. did ^{on}	etul a
6. H	le favourite subject is Maths.	
→ _	bib Garage Such 1	
7. E	nglish are my favourite subject.	
→ _	SETTING STATES STATES - 1	
8. W	/hy does you like Science?	
→ _	(frankazis) – beresin	ANG AL H
9. B	ecause he want to be a painter.	
→ _		
10. W	hy does Lina likes Music?	
→		
Exer	cise 11. Reorder the words to make	e complete sentences.
1. he	er / subject / What / is / favourite ?	
→	·	
2. su	bject / Music / is / favourite / My / .	elanen is möthiseret
→		
8. do	/ Kris / Tina / Why / and / like / Art	/?
→		unior shyar a gao i sh
ŀ. w	ant / to / Because / they / painters / b	e /
->		
5. lik	ke / Maths / I / want / to / be / I / a / M	
÷		Went is you favouring and well



Exercise 12. Read and complete the table.

My name is Andy. Maths is one of my favourite subjects. I like it because I want to become an excellent Maths teacher. I am keen on Maths. Mathematics helps me to develop my ability to think logically and to train for reflection. I can think faster and react better to numbers thanks to Maths. I always spend a lot of time reading books about Mathematics. I also join the Maths club at school so I can improve my knowledge. On the other hand, I want to exchange knowledge of Mathematics with people who love this subject like me.

1.	what is his hame?
\rightarrow	· · · ·
2.	What is his favourite subject?
\rightarrow	
3.	Why does he like it?
\rightarrow	
4.	Does he spend lots of time reading books about Maths?
->	
5.	Does he join the Maths club at school?
\rightarrow	

Exercise 13. Make a survey of your favourite subject by asking your friends. You can use the following guideline questions.

+ What is your favourite subject?

+ Why do you like it?

What is his name?

+ What is not your favourite subject?

+ Why don't you like it?

Name	Favourite subject	Not favourite subject	Reason
Amy	English	Maths	an English teacher
	·		

	, itter afte stationers	huic Lassi S. Freed

Exercise 14. Make sentences about your friends' favourite subjects and reasons why they like it.

0. This is my friend, Amy. She likes English because she wants to be an English teacher.

She doesn't like Maths because she isn't good at it.

	and a fi	

Exercise 15. Fill in the blanks then write about your favourite subject.

My (1)______ is Jenny. It is Wednesday today. I have English, IT, Music, Science and Maths at school. My (2)______ subject is Maths. I like it because I want to be a (3)______ teacher. I also like (4)______ because I want to be a singer, too. I don't like Science because I am not good at it.

Your writing:



TRADUCIARY S

Unit

OUR SPORTS DAY

. VOCABULARY

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
June	/dʒuːn/	(n)	tháng 6	My birthday is in June.
July	/dʒu'laɪ/	(n)	tháng 7	It's in July.
August	/ˈɔːɡəst/	(n)	tháng 8	August comes after July.
September	/sep'tembə(r)/	(n)	tháng 9	New school year starts in September.
October	/ɒkˈtəʊbə(r)/	(n)	tháng 10	We have sports day in October.
November	/nəʊˈvembə(r)/	(n)	tháng 11	I was born in November.
December	/dɪˈsembə(r)/	(n)	tháng 12	Is your sports day in December?
sport	/spɔːt/	(n)	thể thao	When is your sports day?

GRAMMAR

1. Cách hỏi xem hội thao của các bạn diễn ra vào tháng nào đó có phải không.

Câu hỏi	Is your sports day in + <i>month</i> ?
Câu trả lời	Yes, it is. No, it isn't. It's in + <i>month</i> .

Example:

Π.

A: Is your sports in March?

Ngày hội thể thao của các bạn vào tháng Ba phải không?

B₁: Yes, it is.

Đúng rồi.

B₂: No, it isn't. It's in December. Không đâu. Nó vào tháng Mười Hai.



2. Cách hỏi xem hội thao của ai đó diễn ra vào tháng nào đó có phải không.

Câu hỏi	Is + possessive adjective + sports day in + month?
Câu trả lời	Yes, it is.
Cau tra loi	No, it isn't. It's in + <i>month</i> .

Example:

A: Is our sports day in April?

Ngày hội thể thao của chúng ta vào tháng Tư phải không?

B₁: Yes, it is.

Đúng rồi.

B₂: No, it isn't. It's in November. Không đâu. Nó vào tháng Mười Một.

3. Cách hỏi xem hội thao của các bạn diễn ra khi nào.

Câu hỏi	When's your sports day?
Câu trả lời	It's in + month.

Example:

A: When's your sports day?	Hội thao của bạn diễn ra khi nào?
B: It's in September.	Nó vào tháng Chín.

4. Cách hỏi xem hội thao của ai đó diễn ra khi nào.

Câu hỏi	When's + possessive adjective + sports day?
Câu trả lời	It's in + month.

Example:

- A: When's their sports day?
- **B:** It's in October.

Hội thao của họ diễn ra khi nào? Nó vào tháng Mười.

III. PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/y/ February		January	gym
/y/	July	fly	my





PRACTICE

Exercise 1. Look at the photo and complete the word with the missing letter y.



Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

- 1. Our sports day is in _____. It's the second month of the year, after January and before March.
- 2. _____ comes after April.
- 3. It's _____ now. It's our summer time.
- 4. We ______ a kite in the field.

Exercise 3. Read and match the word to the suitable picture.





Exercise 4. Write the missing letters.

1. A_g_st	8.	De_emb_r
2. b_dmin_on	9.	bast_etb_ll
3. J_n_	10.	g_m
4. ftball	11.	Se_tembe_
5. Ju	12.	g_m_s
6. Oc_ob_r	13.	cycl_ng
7. sp_rt	14.	N_vemb_r

Exercise 5. Unscramble the following words.

1.	ayM	\rightarrow	May
2.	gustAu	\rightarrow	
3.	unJe	\rightarrow	
4.	vemNober	\rightarrow	
5.	lyJu	ା →	

**

*

6.	cemberDe	\rightarrow	
7.	Sepbertem	\rightarrow	
8.	toberOc	\rightarrow	
9.	sptor	\rightarrow	
10	.prilA	\rightarrow	

Exercise 6. Circle the odd one out.

1.	A. June	B. month	C. January	D. October
2.	A. August	B. December	C. day	D. November
3.	A. badminton	B. basketball	C. football	D. sport
4.	A. Monday	B. July	C. Tuesday	D. Sunday
5.	A. July	B. Thursday	C. November	D. March

Exercise 7. Read and answer the questions.

1.	Which month is	before February?			January	
2.	Which month is	after November?			ومرور والمراجع	4
3.	Which month is	between June and A	ugust?			-
4.	Which month is	before July?				
5.	Which month is	before December?				
6.	Which month is	after July?				
7.	Which month is	after August?	1			
8.	Which month is	between September	and November?			
E	tercise 8. Read a	nd circle the best a	nswer.			
1.	Is your sports da	ay June?				
	A. in	B. on	C. at	D.	from	
2.	is you	ur sports day?				
	A. What	B. When	C. Where	D.	Why	
3.	Is their sports da	ay in May?	_, it is.			
			~ =	D	D	
	A. Yes	B. No	C. Too	_ D.	Do	



4.	Is his sport	s day in September? – No	, it	
	A. is	B. are	C. isn't	D. aren't
5.	When is	sports day?		
	A. her	B. she	C. he	D. him
6.	When is	sports day?		
	A. they	B. we	C. their	D. us
7.	When is yo	our sports day? – It's in		
	A. Monday	B. Wednesday	C. October	D. month
8.	Is her	day in January?		
	A. sport	B. sports	C. month	D. months
9.	Is her sport	s day in May? – Yes, it	<u></u>	
	A. is	B. are	C. isn't	D. aren't
10	. Is his sport	s day in May? – No, it	·	
	A. is	B. are	C. isn't	D. aren't

Exercise 9. Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- 1. When is your sports day?
- → <u>It's in January.</u>
- 2. When is her sports day?

3. When is his sports day?







*

- 4. When is their sports day?
- → mil G...

- 5. When is your sports day?
- ⇒
- 6. When is their sports day?
- 7. Is his sports day in May?
- 8. Is her sports day in December?

second and a second second

- 9. Is your sports day in November?
- 10. Is their sports day in July?

















Exercise 10. Read and number the sentences in the correct order.

	A	Nana: Yes. I will join a swimming competition. When is your sports day?
	В	Peter: Hi. Where are you going?
·	С	Nana: Goodbye.
	D	Nana: Hello. I am going to school now.
	Е	Peter: It's in June. I need to go now. See you tomorrow.
	F	Peter: Oh! You bring a google. Is your sports day today?

Exercise 11. Reorder the words to make complete sentences.

1.	your / sports / When / is / day /?		
→			
2.	My / May / is / sports / in / day.	() winger in his	Exercise 14, R
→		2010-21	1.01.1
3.	sports / Is / Linda's/ day / September / in / ?		
->			estre et .
4.	It / in / is / June / No, / isn't / it. / .		
-			
5.	his / When / is / day / sports / ?	1	
-			

Exercise 12. Read the letter and circle the correct answer.

In every school, the most exciting activity is the annual school sports. It is held once a year, around the month of December. Winter afternoon is an ideal time for having school sports. Our school is quite famous for this event. This year, our school sports day is on 15th December. It lasts for two days. The first day is the junior sports day from class 1 to 5. The second day is for the senior students from classes 6 to 12. It is held in our school playground. Our families also join the competition. It is so much fun.

1.	The sports day i	s in th	is year.		
	A. June	B. December	C. October	D	September
2.	It lasts for	days.			
	A. one	B. two	C. three	D	four
3.	The second day	is for classes from			
	A. 1 to 5	B. 6 to 9	C. 9 to 12	D	6 to 12
4.	The sports day i	s held in the school _	las de santé (j. star :		
	A. garden	B. swimming pool	C. playground	D	gym

Exercise 13. Read and fill in the blank.

Our (1) _____ day is in November. It is in the school playground. There (2) _____ many pupils and teachers. We play different sports and games. The boys (3) _____ badminton. The girls play football. The teachers play basketball. It is a lot of fun!

Exercise 14. Read Exercise 13 again and answer the questions.

- 1. When is the sports day?
- \rightarrow

2. Is it in the school playground?

 \rightarrow

3. Do they play the same sports and games?

→

4. What do the girls do on sports day?

→

5. What do the teachers do on sports day?

-

Exercise 15. Write a letter to your pen friend to tell them about your sports day. Exercise 12 is an example. You can follow these guideline questions:

- When will your sports day be?
- Where will it be?



Vhat are you going to do on th	at day?	
· · · ·	100 million (1990)	
5. 		
nistran w 3	two and the first Manager	hard 97
n of all uses of		
e (ffan yn de Berner Cannada) General		
		Tanàna na taona mandritra dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina dia kaominina d
		38 829 J I
		2 i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i

OUR SUMMER HOLIDAYS

I. VOCABULARY

Unit

Word	Pronunciation	Туре	Meaning	Example
beach	/bi:tʃ/	(n)	bãi biển	I was on the beach.
campsite	/'kæmpsaıt/	(n)	địa điểm cắm trại	He was at the campsite.
countryside	/'kʌntrisaɪd/	(n)	miền quê	They were in the countryside.
London	/ˈlʌndən/	(n)	Luân – đôn	I was in London.
Sydney	/ˈsɪdni/	(n)	Xit- ni	I was in Sydney.
Bangkok	/bæŋˈkɒk/	(n)	Băng – cốc	My father was in Bangkok.
Tokyo	/ˌtəʊkiəʊ/	(n)	Tô – ki - ô	Hoa was in Tokyo.
last	/la:st/	(adv)	cuối, trước	I was at the zoo last weekend.
summer	/ˈsʌmə(r)/	(n)	mùa hè	Last summer, he was at the zoo.
holiday	/ˈhɒlədeɪ/	(adj)	kì nghỉ	Summer holiday was great.
beautiful	/'bjuːtɪfl/	(adj)	đẹp	Ha Long Bay was beautiful.
excellent	/'eksələnt/	(adj)	tuyệt vời	The food was excellent.
friendly	/'frendli/	(adj)	thân thiện	People are friendly.
yesterday	/ˈjestədeɪ/	(adv)	hôm qua	Yesterday, I was at the campsite.

II. GRAMMAR

1. Cách hỏi xem ai đó ở nơi nào đó có phải không.

Câu hỏi	Was/ Were + S + <i>place</i> + last + <i>time</i> ?
Câu trả lời	Yes, S + was/ were.
	No, S + wasn't / weren't.



Example:

A: Were you at the zoo last weekend?

Bạn ở vườn bách thú cuối tuần trước phải không?

B: Yes, I was. Đúng rồi.

A: Was Mr. Long on the beach last month?

Thầy Long đi biển tháng trước phải không?

B: No, he wasn't. Không, thầy ấy không.

2. Cách hỏi xem bạn ở đâu vào mùa hè trước.

Câu hỏi	Where were you last summer?
Câu trả lời	I was in + <i>place</i> .

Example:

A: Where were you last summer? Bạn đã ở đâu mùa hè trước?

B: I was in London.

Mình ở Luân Đôn.

*

3. Cách hỏi xem ai đó ở đâu vào mùa hè trước.

Câu hỏi	Where was/ were + S + last summer?	
Câu trả lời	S + was/were in + <i>place</i> .	

Example:

A: Where was Mai last summer?	Mai đã ở đậu mùa hè trước?
B: She was in Bangkok.	Cô ấy ở Băng Cốc.
A: Where were they last summer?	Họ đã ở đâu mùa hè trước?
B: They were in Tokyo.	Họ ở Tô-ki-ô.

III. PHONICS

Pronounce exactly these words.

/ere/	were	bird	curl
/ere/	where	there	anywhere



Exercise 1. Complete the word with the missing letters ere.

W	wh	th	anywh

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words you've found in exercise 1. (You may make some changes.)

- 1. They ______ on the beach last summer.
- 2. _____ were you last weekend?
- 3. _____ was a garden in front of my house.
- 4. We can go _____ together.

Exercise 3. Look at the picture and tick \checkmark or cross \mathbf{X} .

1. on the beach





2. at the amusement park





3. in the countryside









5. at the campsite

6. in London







7. in Sydney

8. in Tokyo

9. In Bangkok













10. In New York

Exercise 4. Unscramble the following words.

- 1. adecn \rightarrow dance
- 2. trysidecoun

3.	00Z	\rightarrow	
4.	eachb	\rightarrow	
5.	sitecmpa	→	and a set of a proven
6.	tainmousn	\rightarrow	
7.	donLon	\rightarrow	an and the second second second
8.	neySyd	\rightarrow	and the second second
9.	kyoTo	\rightarrow	
10	. kokBang	\rightarrow	

5. Read and match the words what go together.



Your answer:

1.

2. 3.

Exercise 6. Circle the odd one out.

1.	A. London	B. beach	C. Sydney	D. New York
2.	A. were	B. is	C. am	D. are
3.	A. summer	B. zoo	C. countryside	D. campsite
4.	A. summer	B. holiday	C. play	D. beach
5.	A. yesterday	B. last weekend	C. today	D. last summer

Exercise 7. Match each question with suitable answer.

1. Were you on the beach last summer?

2. Where were you last weekend?





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uyện chuyên sâu n	gữ pháp & từ vựng	tiêng anh lớp	4 tập 1	
. Where was _	last	summer?		
A. they	B. he	C. we	D. h	er
	last			
	B. he		da D. th	ney
Were you in	the mountains las	t weekend?	, I was.	
A. Yes	B. No	C. Do	D. E)on't
Was John in	the mountains las	st weekend? –	, he wasn'	t. A month
A. Yes		C. Do)on't
). I in	the countryside l	ast weekend.		
A. was	B. were	C. is	D. a	re
version 10 De	eorder the words	to make corr	ect sentence	
÷	osite / at / was / th weekend / Where	e / yesterday /. e / last /?	and circle the	n - Una stagle 954 - Marena Sanau J 110
. holiday / wa	as / great / My / . Il in the blank w	n n Sydna- N D	given below.	odz bi szw
	were			wasn't
				9
			(1)	- '
	the (2)		ny family.	
Fony : That's g				
Mai : (3)	youyou	in the mounta	in last summer?	

Tony : No, I (4) I was on the beach. I visited Ha Long Bay. Mai : Wow. How was it?
Tony: It was very nice. The bay was (5) People were friendly.
Mai: Oh, it's wonderful.
Exercise 12. Find mistakes and correct the sentences.
 Today is on Monday.
→ Today is Monday.
2. I was at the beach last summer.
→ in which the bit web
3. They was at the campsite last weekend.
→ 응기가 하는 것이 같이
4. Were Andy at the zoo yesterday?
→ Section according to according
5. Where are you last weekend?
Second determined the table theo make tenteness surply he is formulture (row
6. I am in the mountains last week.
7. Where was they last summer holiday?
8. Was your parents in London last month?
→
9. Yes, they wasn't. →
10. No, he wasn't. He is at the campsite.

Exercise 13. Read and answer the questions.

My name is Sofia. Last summer holiday, I went to Da Nang Beach with my family by plane. We went jogging on the beach and went swimming. After that,

we ate seafood then we visited Ba Na Hills and played the games there. We bought some souvenirs for our friends. In the evening, we saw Rong Bridge and ate some local food. The weather was very cool, the sky had many stars and the moon was very bright. We took a minibus around Da Nang City at night. Our last summer holiday was very wonderful.

1. Where was she last summer holiday?

\rightarrow	Yes 1					a successive	
2.	Who did she go w	ith?					
\rightarrow	<u>1 (n</u>				في والكروبي و	ti ta a di	
3.	How did she get th	iere?					
\rightarrow	ų 1911 — 19		hand	inter 1- Mil	indhiisie 114	5	1 8
4.	Did she visit Ba N	a Hills?					
\rightarrow	on les ias	- (₁ -		Syntresu:	icos altas	diala	
5.	How was the holic	lay?			and a second		
->	pench on a	B.		"bala	La musticiae	un und.	<u>d</u> r

Exercise 14. Look at the table then make sentences with the information from the table.

-	yesterday	last weekend	last month	last summer
On the beach	Linda	- Cabilo	Jim	zuw mai N 🔅
At the zoo		······	j	Alex
In London		Rose	trabit halfs a	a nažece
At the campsite	John			
In Tokyo	hav tetabil. S		Ted and Clover	w (chi shai)

0. Linda was on the beach yesterday.

)		
3		Evercise 13, Read and answer the questions.
m d	n to Da Nang Beach with	My name is Solta 1 ast support holiday. I we
lett	a went swimmer Alter	amily by plane. We went jogging on the reach an



Exercise 15. Write about your last summer holiday.

You may follow the cues below:

- Where did you go?
- Who did you go with?
- How did you get there?
- What did you do there?
- What did you think of your last summer holiday?

Your writing:

- 1996 - Ar		p. 4	14 March 19 1
		an fuite of	lister -
n wie st	nan be La	serve d'un	195) A. Z
ntég teré la g	the second of		N Jacob /
	.7	a w <mark>enc</mark> lesst anti-star	ft. Read and cl
		(nan ji n	a shakiyi a
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500 B A	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	s "⊃t v	×

TEST YOURSELF II

I. Circle the word that has an underlined part different from others.

1. A. mountains	B. towns	C. playground <u>s</u>	D. books
2. A. bi <u>ke</u>	B. li <u>ke</u>	C. stri <u>ke</u>	D. <u>ke</u> yboard
3. A. Science	B. <u>ce</u> lebrate	C. fa <u>ce</u>	D. fence
4. A. May	B. fly	C. my	D. July
5. A. wh <u>ere</u>	B. were	C. there	D. anywhere
II. Circle the odd	l one out.		yakir ne
1. A. city	B. library	C. village	D. town
2. A. Music	B. Art	C. Maths	D. subject
3. A. Maths	B. teacher	C. painter	D. singer
4. A. August	B. December	C. March	D. Sunday
5. A. Bangkok	B. Tokyo	C. London	D. Viet Nam
III. Read and cir	cle the best answer.		
1. Where is	school?		
A. she	B. him	C. his	D. hers
2. How many	are there in y	our school?	
A. building	B. buildinges	C. classroom	D. classrooms
3. When	you have Maths?		
and the second		2	
A. do	B. does	C. did	D. done
			D. done
4. Brian	B. does		D. done D. haves
4. Brian A. have	B. does Vietnamese, Englis	sh, and Art today.	
4. Brian A. have	B. doesVietnamese, EnglisB. haser favourite subject?	sh, and Art today.	
 Brian A. have 5 is h A. When 	B. doesVietnamese, EnglisB. haser favourite subject?	sh, and Art today. C. had C. Where	D. haves
 Brian A. have 5 is h A. When 	 B. does Vietnamese, Englis B. has er favourite subject? B. What ster to b 	sh, and Art today. C. had C. Where	D. haves
 4. Brian A. have 5 is h A. When 6. Because my signal A. want 	 B. does Vietnamese, Englis B. has er favourite subject? B. What ster to b 	sh, and Art today. C. had C. Where e a Maths teacher. C. wanted	D. haves D. Why

8. Is her sports day in May? – Yes, it				
A. is B. are C				
9. you on the beach last summe	er?			
A. Was B. Were C	C. Is D. Are			
10 were you last summer?				
A. Where B. When C. What D. Which				
V. Match each question with a suitable	answer.			
1. Is there a gym at your school?	A. No, I don't.			
2. Were you on the beach last summer?	B. He was in Tokyo.			
3. Why do you like Art?	C. Because I want to be a painter.			
4. Do you have Maths on Mondays?	D. Yes, there is.			
5. Where was Andy last summer?	E. Yes, I was.			
Your answer:	filestice star and and and			
1. 2. 3.	4. 5.			
V. Find mistakes and correct them.	enerstandy have a main a second			
. There are one garden at my school.	station in the second sec			
2. Music and History is my favourite subj	jects.			
→				
3. English are my favourite subject.				
→				
 Are his sports day in September? 				
5. They was at the zoo last weekend.	Dons she gractise fore table of the			

A

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TEST YOURSELF II | 113

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*

E

VI. Reorder the words to make complete sentences.

1. rooms / many / How / there / are / computer / school / at / her /?

→	
2.	and / on / Mondays / do / I / not / have / Music / Vietnamese / .
→	in a community of the second sec
3.	like / Vietnamese / I / want / be / to / I / a / Vietnamese teacher. / because/
→	 Match melt question with a suitable answer.
4.	school / your / When / is / day / sports / ?
\rightarrow	
5.	Victoria / campsite / at / was / the / yesterday.

VII. Read and answer the questions.

My name is Lucy. I'm nine years old. I'm a student at Rose Primary School. Today is Tuesday. It's a school day. I have Vietnamese, Maths and Music today. My favourite subject is English. I like practising English with my friends in my free time. Sometimes, I write letters to my pen friends in English. I like this subject because I want to be an English teacher in the future and I can travel all over the world by myself.

1. What day is it today?

 \rightarrow

2. What subjects does she have today?

 \rightarrow

3. What is her favourite subject?

 \rightarrow

4. Why does she like English?

5. Does she practise English with her friends in her free time?

ÐÁP ÁN

UNIT 1: MY FRIENDS

Exercise 1

America	Austral ia		Asia		Ind ia	
Exercise 2						
1. America	2. Australia		3. India		4. As	sia
Exercise 3						
1. H. Viet Nam	2. A. America		3. B. Br	itain	4. C.	Australia
5. D. Thailand	6. E. Malaysia	ı	7. F. Singapore		8. G. Japan	
Exercise 4						
1. B	2. C	3. B		4. C		5. A
Exercise 5						
1. X	2. √			3. √		
4. √	5. √			6. X		
Exercise 6						
1. Singapore	2. Malaysia	3.	Japan	4. Thailar	d	5. Australia
6. Britain	7. friend	8.	new	9. Viet Na	ım	10. America
Exercise 7				CQ. 6. 7		
1. Viet Nam	2. Australia		3. Malaysia		4. Japan	
5. Britain	6. Singapore		7. Amer	ica	8. fri	ends
Exercise 8						
1. B	2. C	3. D		4. E		5. A
Exercise 9						
1. from	2. Britain	4. A:	merica	5. Akik	0	5. Hoa
Exercise 10						
1. B	2. C	3. A		4. C		5. A
6. A	7. A	8. D		9. A		10. C

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