

# ĐỀ MINH HỌA HẢI PHÒNG - TEST 7

I. *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.*

1. A. loved      B. changed      C. checked      D. caused

2. A. sculpture      B. treatment      C. pottery      D. lantern

II. *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose main stress position is placed differently from that of the others in each group.*

3. A. method      B. result      C. correct      D. improve

4. A. conditional      B. technology      C. community      D. education

III. *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word.*

5. It is clear that television increases the popularity of sports and games.

A. lower      B. raise      C. arouse      D. balance

6. You must be on time for your interview or you will not be accepted for the job.

A. early      B. exact      C. late      D. punctual

**IV. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word.**

7. The couple tried to converse in the busy restaurant, but they couldn't hear themselves speak.

A. talk      B. eat      C. discuss      D. write

8. She was surprised when an old friend turned up at the door.

A. got up      B. appeared      C. went away      D. gathered

**V. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that completes each of the sentences.**

9. \_\_\_\_\_ the power outage, the entire neighborhood was in darkness.

- A. Although      B. Because      C. In spite of      D. Because of

10. Spanish is the \_\_\_\_\_ language of Mexico and many countries in Latin America.

- A. regional      B. foreign      C. official      D. bilingual

11. Good communication skills are essential \_\_\_\_\_ success in any profession.

- A. in      B. over      C. out      D. for

12. Sarah \_\_\_\_\_ listening to music while working.

- A. enjoys      B. wants      C. admits      D. needs

13. John is the most \_\_\_\_\_ person I know; he can strike up a conversation with anyone.

- A. society      B. socialize      C. sociably      D. sociable

14. I find great \_\_\_\_\_ in reading books on a rainy afternoon.

- A. enjoying      B. enjoyed      C. enjoyment      D. enjoyable

15. The city they visited on vacation was full of historical landmarks.

- A. that      B. whom      C. who      D. where

16. The environmental club suggested \_\_\_\_\_ plastic waste from the beach to clean it up.

- A. to collect      B. collect      C. collected      D. collecting

17. The restaurant received rave reviews for its cuisine; \_\_\_\_\_, it became a popular dining spot.

- A. moreover      B. however      C. nevertheless      D. therefore

18. After a long day of work, I'm too tired to cook, so let's \_\_\_\_\_ tonight.

- A. find out      B. bring out      C. look out      D. eat out

19. - Paul: "Hi, Bill. Congratulations on winning the first prize in the English-speaking contest." - Bill:

"\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Thank you.      B. You're welcome.      C. It's my pleasure.      D. I am sorry.

20. - Hoa: "Let's use low-energy light bulbs to save energy." - Lan: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Good idea!      B. Yes, please      C. Never mind      D. No, thanks

**VI. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the part that is incorrect in each of the sentences.**

21. We visited the scientist which my professor recommended for research assistance.

- A. the      B. which      C. for      D. assistance

22. Ms. Jane, as well as her coworkers, aren't contented with the new regulations of the company.

- A. well      B. aren't      C. with      D. regulations

**VII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word/phrase that completes each blank.**

Jeans are very popular with (23) \_\_\_\_\_ people all over the world. Some people say that jeans are the "uniform" of youth. But they haven't always been popular. The story of jeans started (24)

\_\_\_\_\_ two hundred years ago. People in Genoa, Italy made pants so the cloth made in Genoa  
(25) \_\_\_\_\_ "jeanos". Accordingly, the pants were called "jeans".

In 1850, a salesman in California began selling pants made of canvas. His name was Levi Strauss. Because they were so strong, "Levi's pants" became (26) \_\_\_\_\_ with gold miners, farmers and cowboys. Six years later, Levi began making his pants with blue cotton cloth called denim. Soon after, factory (27) \_\_\_\_\_ in the US and Europe began wearing jeans. At the time, young people actually didn't wear them very much until later on.

23. A. rich              B. old              C. young              D. poor

24. A. utmost              B. closely              C. hardly              D. almost

25. A. called              B. calls              C. was calling              D. was called

26. A. famous              B. popular              C. good              D. wonderful

27. A. workers              B. drivers              C. cowboys              D. fanners

**VIII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions that follow.**

Clothing is more than just a practical necessity; it's a form of self-expression and cultural identity. From the vibrant saris of India to the sleek business suits of Western countries, clothing carries stories and traditions.

In my own life, I've found that what I wear can reflect my mood and personality. On confident days, I might choose bold colors and statement pieces, while on quieter days, I opt for cozy sweaters and muted tones. Each garment holds memories too - the concert tee that reminds me of an unforgettable night, or the worn-out sneakers that have traveled the world with me. Beyond personal expression, clothing plays a crucial role in society. It can signify occupation, like a doctor's white coat or a chef's apron. It can also convey social norms and expectations, such as the formal attire worn to weddings or the uniforms students don at school. Moreover, clothing trends evolve with time, reflecting changes in culture, technology, and values.

However, the fashion industry's environmental impact has raised concerns. The fast-paced cycle of trends contributes to waste and pollution. As a response, sustainable fashion movements are gaining momentum, encouraging mindful consumption and eco-friendly production.

(Adapted from <https://holrmagazine.com/>)

**28.** The passage mainly discusses \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Clothing: More Than Just a Practical Necessity

B. The environmental impact of the fashion industry

C. Different types of traditional clothing from around the world

D. The evolution of clothing trends over time

29. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a way in which clothing can be used to express personal style?

A. Choosing bold colors and statement pieces.

B. Wearing clothing that is comfortable and practical.

C. Opting for cozy sweaters and muted tones.

D. Choosing clothing that reminds you of special memories.

30. According to the text, movements for sustainable fashion are \_\_\_\_\_.

A. dwindling      B. disappearing      C. picking up steam      D. unchanged

31. What does the word "**worn-out**" used in the second paragraph mean?

- A. dirty and need to be washed.
- B. comfortable, well-worn or in good condition.
- C. too small and needs to be replaced.
- D. shabby, no longer new or in good condition.

32. All the following sentences are the purposes of clothing except \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. To protect the body from the elements.
- B. To express personal style and identity.
- C. To signify occupation or social status.
- D. To live greener or protect the environment.

IX. **Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to the original one.**

**33.** They asked me, "Will Ms. Jenny send you some documents tomorrow?"

- A.** They didn't know if Ms. Jenny would send me some documents the next day.
- B.** They told me if Ms. Jenny would send me some documents the next day.
- C.** They asked me if Ms. Jenny would send me some documents the next day.
- D.** They asked Ms. Jenny to send me some documents the next day.

**34.** Her artwork is more creative than anyone else's in the class.

- A.** Her artwork is the most creative in the class.
- B.** No one in the class is as creative as her artwork.
- C.** No one else's artwork in the class is as creative as her.
- D.** Her artwork is as creative as anyone else's in the class.

**35.** Go to bed now or you can't get up early tomorrow.

- A. If you go to bed now, you can't get up early tomorrow.
- B. Unless you go to bed now, you can't get up early tomorrow.
- C. You can get up early tomorrow unless you go to bed now.
- D. If you went to bed now, you could get up early tomorrow.

**36.** Although his leg was broken, he managed to get out of the car.

- A. In spite his broken leg, he managed to get out of the car.
- B. In spite of his broken leg, he managed to get out of the car.
- C. In spite his leg broken, he managed to get out of the car.
- D. In spite of his leg was broken, he managed to get out of the car.

**X. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is BEST written from the words/phrases given.**

**37. If/ recycle more /help/the Earth**

A. If we are recycling more, we help the Earth.

B. If we recycle more, we helped the Earth.

C. If we recycled more, we will help the Earth.

D. If we recycle more, we will help the Earth.

**38. The woman/ live/ next door/ donate/ thousands of dollars/ local charities/ every year.**

A. The woman who lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

B. The woman lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities e very year.

C. The woman who lives next door donating thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

D. The woman which lives next door donates thousands of dollars to local charities every year.

**39.** It / rain / hard / the farmers / not / work / fields.

A. It was raining so hard that the farmers could not work in the fields.

B. It is raining hard. The fanners could not work in the fields.

C. It is raining so hard that the fanners could not work in the fields.

D. It was raining enough hard that the fanners could not work in the fields.

**40** This / first / time he / ever / listened / folk / music.

A. This is first time he has ever listened to folk music.

B. This is the first time he have ever listened to folk music.

C. This is the first time he has ever listened to folk music.

D. This is the first time he has never listened to folk music.