UNIT 12. ENGLISH-SPEAKING COUNTRIES

PART 1. THEORY

I. VOCABULARY

No.	English	Туре	Pronunciation	Vietnamese
1	fantastic	adj	/fæn'tæstık/	tuyệt vời
2	ask for direction	Vphr	/æsk fɒr dəˈrek∫n/	hỏi đường
3	take a tour	Vphr	/teık ə tʊr/	đi dạo một vòng
4	wonderful	adj	/'wʌndəfl/	tuyệt vời
5	island	n	/'aılənd/	hòn đảo
6	sunset	n	/'sʌnset/	cảnh mặt trời lặn
7	landscape	n	/ˈlænd.skeɪp/	khung cảnh
8	Australia	n	/p'streıljə/	thuộc nước úc, người úc
9	Australian	adj, n	/ɒˈstreɪlɪən/	người úc
10	penguin	n	/'peηgwin/	chim cánh cụt
11	tattoo	n	/tə'tu:/	hình xăm
12	kangaroo	n	/.kæηgə'ru:/	con chuột túi
13	Scottish	adj, n	/'skptıʃ/	(thuộc) xứXcốt-len; người Xcốt-len
14	kilt	n	/kılt/	váy kilt (váy của đàn ông Xcốt-len)
15	castle	n	/'ka:sl/	lâu đài
16	coastline	n	/ˈkəʊst.laɪn/	bờ biển
17	native	adj	/'neıtıv/	bản xứ
18	unique	adj	/ju'ni:k/	độc đáo, duy nhất
19	amazing	adj	/əˈmeɪzɪŋ/	kì thú, kì lạ
20	ancient	adj	/'eɪnʃənt/	Cổ xưa
21	local	adj	/ˈləʊkl/	thuộc về địa phương
22	symbol	n	/'sımbl/	biểu tượng
23	capital	n	/ˈkæpɪtl/	thủ đô
24	tower	n	/'taʊər/	tòa tháp

25	tourist	n	/'tʊrəst/	du khách
26	country	n	/'kʌntrɪ/	đất nước
27	royal	adj	/ˈrɔɪəl/	thuộc hoàng gia
28	famous	adj	/'feıməs/	nổi tiếng
29	(the) Pacific Ocean	n	/pə'sıfık 'əʊʃən/	Thái Bình Dương
30	industry	n	/'ındəstrı/	nên công nghiệp
31	culture	n	/ˈkʌltʃər/	văn hóa
32	attraction	n	/əˈtrækʃn/	sự hấp dẫn
33	traditional	adj	/trəˈdɪʃənl/	thuộc truyền thống
34	palace	n	/'pæləs/	lâu đài, dính thự
35	boat ride	n	/bəʊt raɪd/	sự đi thuyên

II. GRAMMAR

* ARTICLES (MẠO TỪ)

- 1. Cách dùng mạo từ bất định a, an.
- A/ an được sử dụng trước một danh từ số ít đếm được.

Ex: We need a book. (Chúng tôi cần 1 cuốn sách.)

✓ Mạo từ "a" đứng trước một phụ âm (trong cách phát âm).

Ex:

- a game (một trò chơi); a boat (một chiếc tàu thủy).
- Chú ý: a university (một trường đại học); a year (một năm).
- a European (một người Âu); a one-legged man (một người thọt chân).
- √ Mạo từ "an" đúng trước từ bắt đầu bằng một nguyên âm (a, e, i, o, u) hoặc n cam

Ex:

- an egg (một quả trứng); an ant (một con kiến)
- Chú ý: an honour (một niềm vinh dự); an hour (một giờ đồng hồ)

2. Cách dùng mạo từ xác định "the"

• **The** được dùng khi danh từ chỉ đối tượng được cả người nói lẫn người nghe biết rõ: đối tượng đó là ai, cái gì. Cụ thể mạo từ "**the**" thường gặp nhất trong các trường hợp sau:

Khi vật thể hay nhóm vật thể là duy nhất hoặc	The Sun (mặt trời), the world (thế giới), the Earth
được xem là duy nhất	(Trái đất)

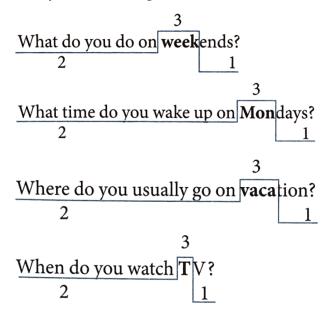
Trước một danh từ nếu danh từ này vừa được	I see a dog. The dog is chasing a cat. The cat is
đê' cập trước đó	chasing a mouse. (Tôi thấy 1 chú chó. Chú chó đó
	đang đuổi theo 1 con mèo. Con mèo đó đang đuổi
	theo 1 con chuột.)
Trước một danh từ nếu danh từ này được xác	The teacher that I met yesterday is my sister in
bằng 1 cụm từ hoặc 1 mệnh đê'	law. (Cô giáo tôi gặp hôm qua là chị dâu tôi.)
Đặt the trước một tính từ để chỉ một nhóm	the old (người già), the poor (người nghèo), the
người nhất định	rich (người giàu)
• The được dùng trước những danh từ riêng chỉ	The Pacific Ocean (Thái Bình Dương), The United
biển, sông, quần đảo, dãy núi, tên gọi số nhiều	States (Hợp chủng quốc Hoa Kỳ), the Alps (Dãy An
của các nước, sa mạc, miền,	po)

iii. PHONETICS

Rising and falling intonation for questions (Giọng điệu lên và xuống trong câu hỏi). * Track 16

1. Khi câu hỏi đó là dạng câu wh-question, giọng điệu của câu sẽ đi xuống

Examples with falling intonation



2. Khi câu hỏi đó là dạng câu Yes/ No question, giọng điệu của câu sẽ đi lên Examples with rising intonation Are you very busy?

2

Do you take italian lessons on saturdays?

2

Do you go to school in the morning shift?

2

Does she take guitar lessons on Wednesdays?

2

Does he go to the gym every day?

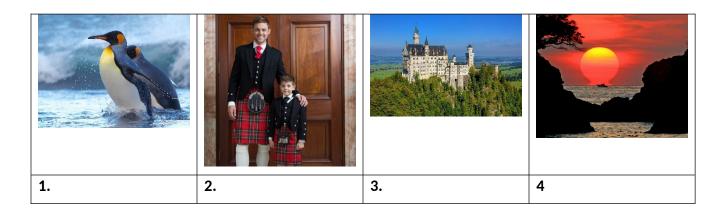
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PART 2. LANGUAGE

I. VOCABULARY

Exercise 1. Look at the photo and put the correct words/ phrases under them.

kilt	tourist	penguin	tower
sunset	tattoo	kangaroo	castle











5. 6.

7.

8.

Exercise 2. Choose the correct option A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

LACICISE 2. CHOOSE	the correct option A	a, b, c or b to complete	the sentences.	
1. Singapore is fam	ous for its	and green tree	S.	
A. cleanliness	B. cleanly	C. cleaning	D. clean	
2. On Christmas Eve	e, most big cities, esp	ecially London are	with coloured	lights across
the streets and end	ormous Christmas tre	ees.		
A. decorated	B. hang	C. put	D. Made	
3. In the United Sta	ate, there are 50	and six d	ifferent time zones across th	e country.
A. states	B. nations	C. towns	D. Countries	
4. I once tried to _	an a	pple pie when I was in	London. It was really deliciou	ıs.
A. do	B. cook	C. make	D. show	
5. You should go	to Canada in sun	nmer because it is t	ne most popular time for	visitors to
N	liagara Falls and see	the beautiful sights the	re.	
A. stay	B. look	C. tour	D. Visit	
6. Nowadays you	still see the	men wear k	ilts (skirts) to wedding or o	ther forma
occasions.				
A. Scottish	B. Scotland	C. Scots	D. Scot	
7. The USA has a p	oopulation of about	304 million, and it's th	e third co	untry in the
world.				
A. smallest	B. largest	C. narrowest	D. highest	
8. In some English	speaking countries, t	urkey and pudding are	food at Ch	ıristmas.
A. national	B. historical	C. traditional	D. Possible	
9. New Zealand	lovers	s of nature and fans of	dangerous sports.	
A. attracts	B. keeps	C. calls	D. Asks	
10. Queenstown in	New Zealand has g	ot beautiful	and a dry climate, so	its ideal for
outdoor activities.				

A. look B. viewing C. atmosphere D. scenery

Exercise 3. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

brigade	cattle	symbol	native	igloo				
loch	accent	monument	fence	football				
1. The silver fern is a	national	of New Zealan	d.					
2. Mount Rushmore	is a national	carved into	a mountain in Sou	th Dakota, USA.				
3. Trung speaks Engl	ish like a	though he com	es from Viet Nam.					
4. I sometimes thoug	ght John's	sounded Engl	ish, sometimes Am	erican.				
5. In Scotland, the w	ord "	" is used to describe	e any large, enclose	ed expanse of water.				
6. It took six years to	build the rabbit-pro	oof i	n Australia.					
7. England is the orig	ginal home of	because th	ne sport was invent	ted there.				
8. Edinburgh, Scotlar	nd was the first city i	in the world to have it	s own fire	in 1824.				
9. Anna Creek Statio	n in South Australia	is the worlds largest	v	vith an area of 24,000				
km².								
10. An	is a type of shel	ter built of snow by th	e Inuit, the Aborig	inal peoples in Canada.				
Exercise 4. Give the	correct form of the	words given to comp	lete the sentences					
1. Both French and E	English are	languages in	Canada. (office)					
2. NSW is the	of New S	outh Wales, the most	populous state in	Australia. (abbreviate)				
3. The Gold Coast is	famous for its most $_$	then	ne parks in Australi	a such as Dreamworld				
and White Water We	orld. (icon)							
4. Do you know that	the telephone, the	television and penicilli	n are Scottish	? (invent)				
5. Visitors can spend	l d	ays exploring amazing	natural beauty of	New Zealand. (end)				
6. There are different kinds of provided throughout Disneyland. (entertain)								
7. Scotland is a land and this is noted for its rich and interesting history. (legend)								
8. We'll take the early from Sydney to Wellington. (fly)								
9. Niagara Falls, on the border of the USA and Canada, is one of the most sceneries in t								
he world. (spectacle)							
10. There are many	tourist	in London such	as British Mus	eum, London Eye				
and Tower of Lon	idon. (attract)			and Tower of London. (attract)				

II. GRAMMAR

Exercise 1. Put in a correct article: a/an.

1 unreasonable decision	2 universal problem
3 unit of work.	4 eucalyptus tree
5 honorable man.	6. X- ray
7 UFO	8. T-shirt
9 happy girl	10. H-bomb
11. elephant	12. hospital
13 BBC programme	14 UNESCO worker

Exercise 2. Put in a correct article: a/an. Write (x) if it's not necessary.

1. Have you got camera?
2. Would you like to be actor?
3. Bill's got umbrella.
4. Do you collect stamps?
5. Tom always gives Ann flowers on her birthday.
6. Those are really nice trousers. Where did you get them?
7. What beautiful garden!
8. What lovely children!
9. Jack has got very long legs, so he's fast runner.
10. You need visa to visit our country.
11. Jane is teacher. Her parents were teachers, too.
12. When I was child, I used to be very shy.
Exercise 3. Put in a correct article: a/ an/ the.
1. Can you recommend me luxury restaurant?
2. I saw accident this morning.
3. My friend lives in the city. It is most developed region of Vietnam.
4. This house is very beautiful. Do you have garden?
5. We ate dinner at luxury restaurant in the city.
6. There isn't airport near where we live.
7. There are two cars in the parking lot: black one and a white one. My neighbor's black one.
8. Today is a fine day. Let's sit in garden.

9. Are you going f	or business nex	kt week? - No, week	after next.
10. teach	er is Lan's aunt.		
Exercise 4. Put in	a correct articl	e: a/ an/ the. Write (*) if it	s not necessary.
1. I have	cat.		
2. We have	_ breakfast at o	6:00 a.m.	
3 girl wea	aring re	d dress is beautiful.	
4. He is m	ost galant boy	I have ever met.	
5. She often goes	to chur	ch to pray in spring.	
6. Taylor :	Swift is my favo	rite singer.	
7. govern	ment should bu	uild more nursing homes for	old.
8. Would you like	to play	football with me?	
9. Do you want to	study in	United States?	
10. Have you ever	rtraveled to	Canada?	
Exercise 5. Put in	a correct articl	e: a/ an/ the. Write (*) if it	s not necessary.
1. Which one do	ou prefer,	red car or green	car?
2. She is f	irst person to o	wn this bag.	
3. Do you know _	boy sittir	ng next to Lan?	
4. I travel to	Ho Chi Minh	City by plane.	
5. He lives on	Brown Stre	eet.	
6. patiend	e plays	important role in everyone'	s success.
7. This is f	irst time she ha	as traveled to Europe	<u>.</u>
8. I have l	peautiful pen.		
9. milk is	my favorite drir	nk.	
10. Viet N	am is d	leveloping country.	
Exercise 6. Choos	e the best artic	cle to complete the sentence	e.
1. Mrs. Lan went	to scho	ol to meet her son's teacher	
A. no article	В. а	C. an	D. the
2. The workmen v	vent to	church to repair the roof.	
A. no article	B. the	C. a	D. an
3. Carol went to p	orison to meet h	ner brother.	
A. the	B.a	C. an	D. no article

4. This morning I bou	ight a newspaper and a	magazinene	wspaper is in my bag but I don't know
where maga	zine is.		
A. A/ a	B. A/ the	C. The/ the	D. The/ a
5. My parents have _	cat and	dog. The dog never bi	tes the cat.
A. a/ a	B. a/ the	C. the/ the	D. the/ a
6. We live in	big house in m	iddle of the village.	
A. a/ a	B. a/ the	C. the/ the	D. the/ a
7. I'm looking for	job. Did Mary get	job she applie	d for?
A. a/ the	B. the/ a	C. a/ a	D. the/the
8. Did police	find person wh	o stole your bicycle?	
A. a/ a	B. the/ the	C. a/ the	D. the/ a
9. We went out for _	meal last night.	restaurant we	went was excellent.
A. a/ A	B. the/ The	C. a/ The	D. the/ A
10. As I was walking	along the street, I saw	\$10 note on _	pavement.
A. a/ a	B. the/ the	C. a/ the	D. the/ a
11. The Soviet Union	was first coun	try to send a man into	space.
A. the/ the		B. no article <i>I</i> no artic	cle
C. no article / the		D. the/ no article	
12. Did you watch "T	itanic" on telev	vision or at cin	ema?
A. the/ the		B. no article/ no artic	le
C. no article/ the		D. the/ no article	
13. After lun	ch, we went for a walk	by sea.	
A. the/ the		B. no article/ no artic	le
C. no article/ the		D. the/ no article	
14. Peru is co	ountry in south America	a capital is Lin	na.
A. a/ A	B. a/ The	C. the/ The	D. the/ A
15. I never listen to _	radio. In fact I h	aven't got rad	io.
A. a/ a	B. a/the	C. the/ the	D. the/ a
16. It was a beautifu	l day sun shon	e brightly in sk	y.
A. a/ A	B. a/ The	C. the/ The	D. the/ A
17. It is said the Rob	inhood robbed	rich and gave the mor	ney to poor.

A. a/ a	B. a/ the	C. the/ the	D. the/ a			
18. Life is not so easy for unemployed.						
A. the	В. а	C. an	D. no article			
19. Many people wer	e killed in the accident	The bodies of	_ dead were taken away.			
A. the	В. а	C. an	D. no article			
20. Lan has been a nu	rse all her life. She ha	s spent her life caring f	or sick.			
A. the	В. а	C. an	D. no article			
III. PHONETIC	S					
Listen and mark the r	rising intonation (刁) o	r falling intonation (뇌).			
1. Do you like pop mu	ısic?					
2. When do you go sh	opping?					
3. What do you do in	your free time?					
4. Is Mary a basketba	ll player?					
5. What time does she go to school?						
6. Do you brush your teeth three times a day?						
7. What do you watch on Netflix?						
8. Does she play in a famous orchestra?						
9. Are you a talented boy?						
10. What do they do in the morning?						

PART 3. COMMUNICATION SKILLS

I. LISTENING

☐ Listen and do the tasks followed. **※** Track 18

Exercise 1. Listen and decide if each statement is True (T) or False (F).

Statement	True/ False
1. Kiwis live in Australia and New Zealand.	
2. A kiwi has a tail but no wings.	
3. It sleeps during the day because light hurts its eyes.	
4. People in New Zealand do not want the kiwis to live.	

5. The kiwi is a strange New Zealand bird.		
Exercise 2. Listen again and complete the se	ntences.	
1. The kiwi (1) only in New :	Zealand.	
2. A kiwi does not have any (2)	like other birds.	
3. The kiwi can (3) better th	an most birds do.	
4. The kiwi's (4) are very big	5.	
5. There is a picture of a kiwi on New Zealand	l (5)	
II. SPEAKING		
Match the questions to the answers.		
1. What is the national flower of Wales?		A. Glasgow
2. What is the national symbol of the USA?	B. The beaver	
3. What country has a dragon on their flag?		C. In 1492
4. What is the capital of New Zealand?		D. Canada
5. Where do Aborigines live?		E. Daffodil
6. Which is the national mascot of Canada?		E. Wales
7. How many countries have English as an official language?		G. Wellington
8. When was America discovered?		H. In Australia
9. Which country has two official languages	?	I. The bald eagle
10. Which is Scotland's biggest city?		J. Seventy-five

Your answer:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

III. READING

Exercise 1. Read the text and answer the questions below.

In Canada and the United States, one of the most popular days in the year is Halloween. Halloween occurs on October 31st. It's a day when some people wear in strange or unusual costumes. For example, they may dress to look like an animal, a person from a book or movie or a famous person from history. After dark, many young children put on their costumes and visit their neighbors. They knock on the door

house. Adults also enjoy dressing up for Halloween. There are usually Halloween parties in the evening and usually there is a prize for the best or most unusual costume. 1. Is Halloween one of the most popular days in Canada and the USA? **2.** When does Halloween happen? **3.** What do young children do after dark? **4.** Who also enjoy dressing up for Halloween? 5. What are children given when they knock on their neighbors' door? Exercise 2. Fill each blank with a correct word to finish the passage. Australia is the 6th biggest country in the world. Only Russia, China, Canada, USA and Brazil are (1) _____. It is the world's largest island. Even though the country is so big, it only has about 23 million inhabitants. 88% of all Australians (2) _____ in the big cities or smaller towns, which makes big areas of the country empty. Australia lies in the (3) _____ hemisphere which means that the more South you go, the cooler it gets. In the north parts of the country, it is always hot. The (4) _____ of the country has really hot summers and mild winters. Snow only falls in the Australian Alps and in Tasmania, when we have (5) _____ in Europe and Asia, the Australians have summer. So they celebrate Christmas in the (6) of the summer! Australia is famous for its wildlife. The most famous (7) _____ is probably the kangaroo. The kangaroo, or roo for short, has (8) _____ Australia's national Symbol. The word "kangaroo" was the first Aboriginal (9) _____ in the English language. There are several spices of kangaroos. The red kangaroos (10) $_$ the biggest ones and they are found in the middle of the country.

and shout "Trick or treat". Then the neighbors give them some candy, and the children go on to the next

Exercise 3. Read the follow passage and answer the questions.

New Zealand is a small country in the southern Pacific Ocean. There are two main islands, the North Island and the South Island, as well as many smaller islands. New Zealand is 268,000 square

kilometres, about the same size as the United Kingdom.

Maori people arrived from the Pacific in the 10th century, and by the 12th century there were many Maori settlements along the coasts of New Zealand. The Maori name for New Zealand is Aotearoa, which means 'The land of the long white cloud'. Seven hundred years later, large numbers of Europeans started to settle in New Zealand. According to Government figures, the population of New Zealand in 2015 was over four million, and of these, about 75 percent lived in the North Island.

There are four main cities. Auckland, in the north, is the largest city with a population of over one million people. Auckland's population includes many different nationalities. For example, there are large groups of European, Maori, Pacific Island, Chinese and Indian people. Together with other smaller groups, they make Auckland an interesting and exciting place to live.

Although Wellington is the capital, the centre of government, it is smaller and quieter than Auckland with a population of 350,000. The main cities in the South Island are Christchurch, known as the Garden City, and Dunedin, which is often compared to a small Scottish city.

1. Where is New Zealand located?	
2. When did Maori people first come to New Zealand?	
3. What does "Aotearoa" mean?	
4. Where do most New Zealanders live?	
5. Why is Auckland an interesting city?	
IV. WRITING	

Exercise 1. Make up sentences using the words and phrases given.

1. USA/enormous/country.

2. This country/ both/ one of/ hot/ and cold/ places/ the world.

3. about/ half/ of/ Australia's population/ go/ this event/ on Australia Day/.

4. Kangaroo/ the unique/ animal/ Australia.		
5. Big Ben Tower/ one/ most famous/ symbol/ England.		
Exercise 2. Rewrite the sentences without changing the meaning of the original sentences.		
1. There is a big library in Lan's school.		
→ Lan's school		
2. Lan learns Math very well.		
→ Lan is very		
3. Which subject do you like best?		
→ What is your		
4. Why don't we go swimming?		
→ What about		
5. The birthday cake is very delicious.		
→ What		
6. When is her birthday?		
→ What		
7. Nam works more hours than Lan.		
→ Lan works		
8. Nile River is longer than any rivers in the world.		
→ Nile River is		
9. The school library has over five thousand books.		
→ There are		
10. Ha Noi has many interesting places.		
→ There are		