

ĐỀ THAM KHẢO 1

I. Listening. (2pts)

Part 1: Listen to the passage and choose the best answers. (1pt)

1. By August of, the three big rivers had all flooded so badly that most of central China was submerged.
A. 1931 B. 1913 C. 1930 D. 1903
2. people were killed in the immediate floods.
A. Over 100 B. Over 1,000 C. Over 100,000 D. Over 10,000
3.were homeless and stranded without food, and without any way for aid to reach them
A. Many urban communities C. Many rural city
B. Many remote communities D. Many rural communities
4. starved to death, disease swept through weakened communities.
A. Some of people D. Hundreds of people
B. Millions of people C. Thousands of people

Part 2: Listen to the passage carefully then fill in the missing words. (1pt)

Toyota is working on developing flying cars. They aim to have a single (1)..... vehicle ready to fly in time for the 2020 Olympic Games in Tokyo. The idea is that a small flying car will be able to smoothly transition from driving to the skies, to deliver the Olympic torch. The flying car is being created in partnership with a small tech (2)..... Toyota invested nearly \$400,000 in this project. Some test (3)..... have been carried out at a school field in central Japan, near Toyota's own home base. Toyota has been (4)..... a range of new tech and transportation options for their flying cars.

II. Multiple choice. (2.5pts)

1. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.
A. Vietnamese B. referee C. employee D. interviewee
2. The ancient housesby the fire. They are now under reconstruction.
A. were destroyed B. destroyed C. were destroying D. have destroyed
3. Could you tell me how many channels are there in daily life?
A. communication B. world C. conference D. difference
4.pollution happens when there are too many sounds from vehicles.
A. light B. visual C. soil D. noise
5. She her classmates for a long time.
A. will meet B. hasn't met C. met D. haven't met
6. The fire was raging so fiercely that the rescue workers found it hard to put it
A. down B. out C. off D. with
7. Grace didn't love nature,.....she wasn't happy when her group went camping in a jungle.
A. but B. so C. because D. since
8. What does the sign say?
A. Volcano



- B. Earthquake
- C. Flood
- D. Drought

9. Duong: ““Modern technology saves us lots of time.” - Nick: “.....”

- A. I think it’s all right
- B. Not completely all.
- C. OK. That’s all.
- D. I can’t agree with you more!

10. Circle the incorrect part: She told to me that her parents were arriving the following day.

- A B C D

III. Reading. (2.5pts)

Part A: Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to fill in each blank in the following passage. (1.5pts)

Water (1)..... happens (2)toxic substances enter water bodies such as lakes, rivers, oceans and so on, getting dissolved in them, lying suspended in the water or depositing on the bed. This degrades the quality of water. Not (3)..... does this spell disaster for aquatic ecosystems, the pollutants also seep through and reach the groundwater, which might end up in our households as contaminated water we use in our daily activities, including drinking. Water pollution can be (4)..... in a number of ways, one of (5) polluting being city sewage and industrial waste discharge. Indirect sources (6)water pollution includes contaminants that enter the water supply from soils or groundwater systems and from the atmosphere via rain.

- 1. A. pollution B. polluted C. pollute D. polluting
- 2. A. what B. when C. why D. while
- 3. A. both B. only C. well D. either
- 4. A. cause B. caused C. causing D. causes
- 5. A. more B. the more C. the most D. most
- 6. A. for B. in C. at D. of

Part B: Read the passage and then choose the best answer (1.0pt)

Giving positive nonverbal messages can improve your relationship with your child and develop emotional connections in your family. Most children love being hugged and kissed, for example. This warm and caring body language sends the nonverbal message that you want to be close to your child. Some children with special needs – for example, children with autism and sensory sensitivities –might find body contact difficult.

Matching your verbal and nonverbal communication makes your words more effective. For example, a teacher might explain a maths problem using her hands to show size and shape. But when verbal and nonverbal messages don’t match, your child might believe the nonverbal – after all, what you see is what you get. Your child learns a lot about nonverbal communication by watching you. For example, if you approach new people in a relaxed way, your child is more likely to do the same.

- 1. A hug or a kiss sends the message that
- A. I want to be loved C. I want to be near
- B. I want to be emotional D. I don’t want to join

ANSWER KEY

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II. Multiple choice. (2.5pts)

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Tapescript

PART 1

The year 1931 was a big one in Chinese history. By August of that year, the three big rivers had all flooded so badly that most of central China was submerged. Over 100,000 people were killed in the immediate floods, but the survivors had problems of their own. The floods killed crops, washed out grain storage facilities, leveled houses, and destroyed roads. Many rural communities were homeless and stranded without food, and without any way for aid to reach them. The flooding was so bad that the ground was still underwater when fall arrived, which meant that farmers couldn't even plant crops for the next year. To make matters worse, the government of China was so disorganized and weak from the wars of the last decades, that they couldn't gather together the resources and people needed to save the stranded villages.

Ultimately, this is why the death toll was so high. Millions of people starved to death, disease swept through weakened communities, and homeless refugees were stuck without shelter. In some cases, the situation was so bad that people resorted to cannibalism, eating the dead just to survive.

PART 2

Toyota is working on developing flying cars. They aim to have a single driver vehicle ready to fly in time for the 2020 Olympic Games in Tokyo. The idea is that a small flying car will be able to smoothly transition from driving to the skies, to deliver the Olympic torch. The flying car is being created in partnership with a small tech company. Toyota invested nearly \$400,000 in this project. Some test flights have been carried out at a school field in central Japan, near Toyota's own home base. Toyota has been exploring a range of new tech and transportation options for their flying cars.