



## VOCABULARY

New words	Transcription		Meaning
<b>adventure</b>	/əd'ven.tʃər/	(n)	cuộc phiêu lưu
<b>announce</b>	/ə'naʊns/	(v)	thông báo
<b>audience</b>	/'ɔ:di.əns/	(n)	khán giả
<b>cartoon</b>	/kɑ:'tu:n/	(n)	phim hoạt hình
<b>channel</b>	/'tʃæn.əl/	(n)	kênh (truyền hình)
<b>character</b>	/'kær.ɪk.tər/	(n)	nhân vật
<b>clumsy</b>	/'klʌm.zi/	(adj )	vụng về
<b>comedy</b>	/'kɒm.ə.di/	(n)	phim hài
<b>cool</b>	/ku:l/	(adj )	dễ thương
<b>cute</b>	/kju:t/	(adj )	xinh xắn
<b>documentary</b>	/ˌdɒk.jə'men.tər.i/	(n)	phim tài liệu
<b>educate</b>	/'ed.jə.keɪt/	(v)	giáo dục
<b>educational</b>	/ˌed.jə'keɪ.jən.əl/	(adj )	mang tính giáo dục
<b>entertain</b>	/en.tə'teɪn/	(v)	giải trí
<b>event</b>	/i'vent/	(n)	sự kiện
<b>fact</b>	/fækt/	(n)	thực tế, sự thật hiển nhiên
<b>fair</b>	/feər/	(n)	hội chợ, chợ phiên
<b>funny</b>	/'fʌn.i/	(adj )	hài hước
<b>game show</b>	/'geɪm ʃəʊ/	(n)	buổi truyền hình giải trí
<b>human</b>	/'hju:.mən/	(adj )	thuộc về con người
<b>local</b>	/'ləʊ.kəl/	(adj )	mang tính địa phương
<b>main</b>	/meɪn/	(adj )	chính yếu, chủ đạo
<b>manner</b>	/'mæn.ər/	(n)	tác phong, phong cách
<b>MC</b>	/ˌem'si:/	(n)	người dẫn chương trình
<b>musical</b>	/'mju:zɪ.kəl/	(n)	buổi biểu diễn văn nghệ
<b>national</b>	/'næʃ.ən.əl/	(adj )	thuộc về quốc gia
<b>newsreader</b>	/nju:z'ri:.dər/	(n)	người đọc bản tin trên đài, truyền hình
<b>pig racing</b>	/pɪg 'reɪ.sɪŋ/	(n)	đua lợn
<b>programme</b>	/'prəʊ.græm/	(n)	chương trình
<b>reason</b>	/'ri:zən/	(n)	nguyên nhân
<b>remote control</b>	/rɪ'məʊt kən'trəʊl/	(n)	điều khiển (TV) từ xa
<b>reporter</b>	/rɪ'pɔ: .tər/	(n)	phóng viên
<b>schedule</b>	/'ʃed.ju:l/	(n)	chương trình, lịch trình
<b>series</b>	/'sɪə.ri:z/	(n)	phim dài kì trên truyền hình
<b>stupid</b>	/'stju:.pɪd /	(adj )	đần độn, ngớ ngẩn

<b>universe</b>	/ˈjuː.ni.vɜːs/	(n)	vũ trụ
<b>viewer</b>	/ˈvjuː.ər/	(n)	người xem (TV)
<b>weatherman</b>	/ˈweð.ə.mæn/	(n)	người thông báo tin thời tiết trên đài hoặc TV

## GRAMMAR

### I. Wh-question words (Từ để hỏi)

#### 🌟 Công thức

<b>Với động từ thường</b>	<b>Question word + auxiliary + subject + verb...?</b> <b>E.g:</b> What do you eat? (Bạn ăn gì?)
<b>Với động từ be</b>	<b>Question word + be + subject...?</b> <b>E.g:</b> Where is Peter? (Peter đâu rồi?)

#### 🌟 Cách dùng

Từ hỏi	Mục đích
<b>Who</b>	Dùng để hỏi về người.
<b>Whose</b>	Dùng để hỏi về chủ sở hữu.
<b>Where</b>	Dùng để hỏi vị trí và địa điểm.
<b>When</b>	Dùng để hỏi về thời gian.
<b>Why</b>	Dùng để hỏi nguyên nhân và tìm lí do.
<b>What</b>	Dùng để hỏi về sự vật, việc điều chưa biết.
<b>Which</b>	Dùng để hỏi về sự lựa chọn.
<b>How</b>	Dùng để hỏi cách thức, tình trạng.

#### 🌟 Một số ví dụ cơ bản

Who do you like?	(Bạn thích ai?)
Whose car is this?	(Chiếc xe này của ai?)
Where is the bus stop?	(Trạm xe buýt ở đâu?)
When is his birthday?	(Sinh nhật của anh ấy là khi nào?)
Why does he have bad marks?	(Tại sao anh ấy bị điểm thấp?)
What do they talk?	(Họ nói gì?)
Which drink do you order, coffee or milk tea?	(Bạn gọi thức uống nào, cà phê hay trà sữa?)
How is your homework?	(Bài tập về nhà của bạn thế nào?)
- Với <b>how</b> ta có thêm dạng câu hỏi khi đi với tính từ hoặc trạng từ	

#### How + adj/adv...

<b>How much</b>	: để hỏi số lượng, dùng cho danh từ không đếm được
<b>E.g:</b> How much time do you spend on English every day?	(Bạn dành bao nhiêu thời gian cho môn tiếng Anh hằng ngày?)
<b>How many</b>	: để hỏi số lượng, dùng cho danh từ đếm được
<b>E.g:</b> How many brothers and sisters do you have?	(Bạn có bao nhiêu anh chị em?)
<b>How often</b>	: để hỏi về sự thường xuyên
<b>E.g:</b> How often do you visit your grandparents?	(Bao lâu bạn mới đi thăm ông bà?)
<b>How far</b>	: để hỏi về khoảng cách
<b>E.g:</b> How far is the school from your house?	(Trường học cách nhà bạn bao xa?)
<b>How long</b>	: để hỏi về khoảng thời gian
<b>E.g:</b> How long does this TV program me last?	(Chương trình ti vi này kéo dài bao lâu?)

### II. Conjunctions (Liên từ)

Liên từ	Cách dùng
<b>and</b>	Dùng để thêm thông tin vào câu nói. <b>E.g:</b> My brother <b>and</b> I play football.

<b>but</b>	Dùng để nêu lên hai thông tin đối ngược nhau. <b>E.g:</b> She wants good marks, <b>but</b> she doesn't study hard.
<b>so</b>	Dùng để chỉ kết quả, hệ quả, phía trước so luôn có dấu phẩy. <b>E.g:</b> It's raining, <b>so</b> I'll stay at home.

## PRONUNCIATION

### I. Consonant /θ/ (Phụ âm /θ/)

"th" được phát âm là /θ/

+ Khi nó đứng đầu, giữa hay cuối từ

Examples	Transcription	Meaning
think	/θɪŋk/	nghĩ, suy nghĩ
thing	/θɪŋ/	đồ vật

+ Khi "th" được thêm vào một tính từ để chuyển thành danh từ

Examples	Transcription	Meaning
width	/wɪθ/	bề rộng
depth	/depθ/	độ sâu

+ Khi "th" chỉ số thứ tự

Examples	Transcription	Meaning
fourth	/fɔ:θ/	số thứ 4
fifth	/fɪfθ/	số thứ 5

### II. Consonant /ð/ (Phụ âm /ð/)

"th" được phát âm là /ð/

Examples	Transcription	Meaning
they	/ðeɪ/	họ
father	/'fɑ:ðə(r)/	bố, cha

## PRACTICE

### A

### LISTENING

**I. Listen to the paragraph twice and circle the correct answer to each of the following questions**

- What can the home viewers see through television?  
A. people B. places  
C. things in faraway lands D. all are correct
- What do the programs on TV include?  
A. dramas B. light comedies C. sporting events D. all are correct
- How many hours a day do people spend sitting in front of the TV?  
A. 3 or 4 hours B. 2 or 3 hours C. 3 hour D. 4 hours
- Is television more convenient nowadays?  
A. Yes, it is B. No, it isn't C. Yes, they are D. No, they aren't

**II. Listen to the paragraph twice and decide whether the following sentences are True or False.**

- Television provides us with information and entertainment T  
F
- Television can also help us update the news from all over the world T  
F
- Advertisements on television which helps us have more information T  
F
- Children sometimes can study well because of TV. T  
F

# B

## PHONETICS

### I. Put the words into two groups (/ð/ and /θ/)

fourth  
sixth  
then  
south

there  
author  
northern  
thank

southern  
with  
gather  
without

another  
something  
athlete  
through

/θ/

/ð/

### II. Choose the word with the underlined part the same as the word in the line.

- |                        |                   |                    |                    |
|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>weather</u>   | B. <u>brother</u> | C. <u>breathe</u>  | D. <u>cloth</u>    |
| 2. A. <u>tooth</u>     | B. <u>maths</u>   | C. <u>father</u>   | D. <u>thing</u>    |
| 3. A. <u>theatre</u>   | B. <u>thunder</u> | C. <u>those</u>    | D. <u>thick</u>    |
| 4. A. <u>both</u>      | B. <u>teeth</u>   | C. <u>smooth</u>   | D. <u>fourth</u>   |
| 5. A. <u>weather</u>   | B. <u>wealthy</u> | C. <u>clothing</u> | D. <u>bathing</u>  |
| 6. A. <u>though</u>    | B. <u>thank</u>   | C. <u>throw</u>    | D. <u>thin</u>     |
| 7. A. <u>thin</u>      | B. <u>that</u>    | C. <u>the</u>      | D. <u>they</u>     |
| 8. A. <u>birthday</u>  | B. <u>month</u>   | C. <u>both</u>     | D. <u>them</u>     |
| 9. A. <u>anything</u>  | B. <u>them</u>    | C. <u>neither</u>  | D. <u>weather</u>  |
| 10. A. <u>think</u>    | B. <u>than</u>    | C. <u>Thursday</u> | D. <u>third</u>    |
| 11. A. <u>father</u>   | B. <u>they</u>    | C. <u>the</u>      | D. <u>thick</u>    |
| 12. A. <u>then</u>     | B. <u>though</u>  | C. <u>bath</u>     | D. <u>mother</u>   |
| 13. A. <u>southern</u> | B. <u>neither</u> | C. <u>thus</u>     | D. <u>third</u>    |
| 14. A. <u>author</u>   | B. <u>those</u>   | C. <u>width</u>    | D. <u>think</u>    |
| 15. A. <u>there</u>    | B. <u>theater</u> | C. <u>earth</u>    | D. <u>anything</u> |

### III. Choose a word that has different stressed syllable from others.

- |                        |                      |                    |                       |
|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>programe</u>  | B. <u>habit</u>      | C. <u>answer</u>   | D. <u>compare</u>     |
| 2. A. <u>favourite</u> | B. <u>weatherman</u> | C. <u>comedian</u> | D. <u>theatre</u>     |
| 3. A. <u>anything</u>  | B. <u>project</u>    | C. <u>remote</u>   | D. <u>weather</u>     |
| 4. A. <u>broadcast</u> | B. <u>favourite</u>  | C. <u>national</u> | D. <u>educational</u> |
| 5. A. <u>comedy</u>    | B. <u>cartoon</u>    | C. <u>writer</u>   | D. <u>Channel</u>     |
| 6. A. <u>talent</u>    | B. <u>viewer</u>     | C. <u>person</u>   | D. <u>instruct</u>    |
| 7. A. <u>programme</u> | B. <u>today</u>      | C. <u>channel</u>  | D. <u>happy</u>       |
| 8. A. <u>boring</u>    | B. <u>happen</u>     | C. <u>depend</u>   | D. <u>football</u>    |
| 9. A. <u>number</u>    | B. <u>reason</u>     | C. <u>question</u> | D. <u>compete</u>     |
| 10. A. <u>outdoor</u>  | B. <u>cartoon</u>    | C. <u>busy</u>     | D. <u>little</u>      |

# C

## VOCABULARY-GRAMMAR-COMMUNICATION

### I. Read the conversation below. Choose the correct letter A, B or C to fill in each blank.

**Minh:** Are there any Interesting (1) \_\_\_\_\_ on TV tonight?

**Long:** Yes, there's a very interesting (2) \_\_\_\_\_ about life in Antarctica.

**Minh:** That's a (3) \_\_\_\_\_ isn't It? I think I saw it two weeks ago.

**Long:** That's right. It's part of a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ on living in strange places.

**Minh:** Do you watch a lot of (5) \_\_\_\_\_ films?

**Long:** Not really. I prefer television (6) \_\_\_\_\_.

**Minh:** What about (7) \_\_\_\_\_ programmes?

**Long:** I like to see 360 Sports. That's my (8) \_\_\_\_\_.

**Minh:** What (9) \_\_\_\_\_ is it on?

**Long:** It's on VTV3. Anyway, do you want me to (10) \_\_\_\_\_ the TV now?

1. A. showings                      B. screens                      C. films                      D. programmes

2. A. news                      B. documentary                      C. service                      D. cartoons

3. A. second                      B. copy                      C. repeat                      D. again

4. A. set                      B. collection                      C. series                      D. play

5. A. travel                      B. sightseeing                      C. tour                      D. trip

6. A. stages                      B. dramas                      C. acts                      D. screens

7. A. sports                      B. playing                      C. matching                      D. watching

8. A. popular                      B. likeable                      C. best                      D. favourite

9. A. programme                      B. channel                      C. showing                      D. TV

10. A. open                      B. turn on                      C. turn up                      D. turn off

**II. Choose the correct answers A, B, C, or D to finish the sentences.**

1. The program can be both \_\_\_\_\_ and entertaining.

- A. educated                      B. education                      C. educational  
D. educate

2. The \_\_\_\_\_ I like best is Xuan Bac.

- A. comedy                      B. comedian                      C. comedier                      D. comedience

3. Are there any good programmes \_\_\_\_\_ teenagers on TV tonight ?

- A. to                      B. of                      C. with                      D. for

4. Children can participate \_\_\_\_\_ a TV competition for a game show or quiz show.

- A. in                      B. at                      C. to                      D. for

5. Disney channel is one of the most \_\_\_\_\_ channels \_\_\_\_\_ children.

- A. good - for                      B. exciting - of                      C. popular - to  
D. popular - for

6. VTV is a \_\_\_\_\_ TV channel in Vietnam. It attracts millions of TV viewers.

- A. national                      B. international                      C. local                      D. wide

7. What's your \_\_\_\_\_ TV programme?

- A. best                      B. good                      C. favourite                      D. like

8. - \_\_\_\_\_ do you like this TV programme?

- Because it helps me relax.

- A. What                      B. Where                      C. Who                      D. Why

9. My father likes watching sports \_\_\_\_\_ on VTV3.

- A. channels                      B. events                      C. athletes                      D. matches

10. TV \_\_\_\_\_ can join in some game shows through telephones or by emails.

- A. weathermen                      B. people                      C. viewers                      D. newsreaders

11. That's the \_\_\_\_\_ film I've ever seen.

- A. fun                      B. funny                      C. function                      D. funly

12. The series can be both \_\_\_\_\_ and educational.

- A. entertain                      B. entertainment                      C. entertaining                      D. entertainingly

13. The game show this week will test you general \_\_\_\_\_ about Amazon jungle.

- A. knowledgeable                      B. knowledge                      C. know                      D. unknowledge

14. I like Doraemon, \_\_\_\_\_ my sister likes it, too.

- A. and                      B. but                      C. or                      D. so

15. My brother likes talent shows, \_\_\_\_\_ he doesn't like animated films

- A. and                      B. but                      C. or                      D. so

16. When is the weather forecast programme \_\_\_\_\_? At 7.30 p.m everyday.  
A. to B. of C. with D. on
17. Most programmes \_\_\_\_\_ TV are interesting  
A. on B. of C. with D. for
18. That TV programme is not only interesting \_\_\_\_\_ it also teaches children many things about family and friendship.  
A. and B. so C. because D. but
19. \_\_\_\_\_ are you going to invite to your birthday party?  
A. What B. Who C. Whose D. Where
20. \_\_\_\_\_ does the movie start? - At 9 o'clock.  
A. Where B. What C. Which D. When
21. \_\_\_\_\_ are you still watching television?  
A. Why B. What C. Where D. Who
22. \_\_\_\_\_ did you spend in Hanoi? - Once week.  
A. How many B. How much C. How long D. How often
23. \_\_\_\_\_ pen is this? Can I borrow it?  
A. Whose B. Whom C. Who D. Which
24. \_\_\_\_\_ is the weather forecast programme on? At 7.30 pm every day.  
A. what B. how C. when D. where
25. I like watching TV, \_\_\_\_\_ I watch it in my free time  
A. so B. when C. but D. or
26. \_\_\_\_\_ do you watch TV a day? - Twice a day.  
A. How often B. How far C. How many D. How much
27. \_\_\_\_\_ hours a day do you watch TV?  
A. How often B. How far C. How many D. How much
28. The children watched TV late last night, \_\_\_\_\_ with them.  
A. and B. but C. or D. so
29. My little brother can draw \_\_\_\_\_ colour pictures very well.  
A. and B. but C. or D. so
30. Are you watching TV \_\_\_\_\_ are you doing your homework?  
A. and B. but C. or D. so
31. "How many days a week do you go to school?" " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
A. I go to school very often. B. I go to school five days a week.  
C. I don't like school. D. School day is long.
32. "What did you watch on TV last night?" " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
A. Tom and Jerry is so interesting. B. I'm sorry I don't like films.  
C. I watched the talent show. D. I have an interesting film.
33. "Who is your favourite person on TV?" " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
A. I like The Seven Kitties a lot. B. I like Quang Thang in Weekend Meeting.  
C. Ocean Life is on at 7.30. D. VTV3 is a popular channel.
34. "Why do you like Explore programme?" " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
A. Exploring is fun. B. Because I love the wildlife.  
C. We need to explore the wildlife. D. Why do you ask me so?
35. "What's your favourite TV programme?" " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
A. I love The Voice Kids. B. I watch TV three times a week.  
C. It will be long. D. I am thinking about TV.

**III. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined words in each of the following questions.**

1. The film is **exciting**  
A. boring B. interesting C. tired D. peaceful



2. You should think of **participating** the game shows on TV.  
A. taking in      B. taking part in      C. making      D. doing
3. The internet is not only time-consuming and **costly** but also dangerous.  
A. cheap      B. expensive      C. inexpensive      D. low in price
4. They **are interested in** this movie.  
A. hate      B. mind      C. detest      D. like
5. There are two programmes **starting** at the same time.  
A. ending      B. finishing      C. beginning      D. being

**IV. Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined words in each of the following questions.**

1. The content of the documentary films are about **historic** cities  
A. clean      B. good      C. exciting      D. modern
2. Hoa usually lies on the sofa to watch TV. She doesn't do anything. She is **lazy**.  
A. hard- working      B. quiet      C. confident  
D. kind
3. It was an (a) **enjoyable** day.  
A. exciting      B. comfortable      C. boring      D. interesting
4. I like don't like watching documentary because it is **boring**  
A. noisy      B. interesting      C. comfortable      D. crowed
5. I usually **turn off** the TV when I don't use it.  
A. turn in      B. turn over      C. turn on      D. turn up

**V. Fill in each blank with the correct form of the word in brackets.**

1. Children love \_\_\_\_\_ films because they are so funny. **(animate)**
2. The talent shows in Viet Nam nowadays attract a lot of \_\_\_\_\_. **(view)**
3. Students should watch \_\_\_\_\_ programmes on TV as they can learn a lot from them. **(education)**
4. Mr. Bean always makes us laugh. The main character is so \_\_\_\_\_. **(fun)**
5. My little brother doesn't like this film because it's \_\_\_\_\_. **(bore)**

**VI. Use and, but or so to complete the sentences.**

1. My brother likes football, \_\_\_\_\_ he watches sports programmes every Sunday.
2. I have a lot of homework, \_\_\_\_\_ I don't watch TV on weekdays.
3. I usually watch the news, \_\_\_\_\_ I watch wildlife programmes, too.
4. My classmate is interested in films, \_\_\_\_\_ he never watches films on TV.
5. My father usually comes home at six o'clock, \_\_\_\_\_ then he watches TV for an hour.
6. The characters of the film are very nice, \_\_\_\_\_ the music doesn't sound very modern.
7. Mr. Wealthy is very rich, \_\_\_\_\_ he never feels happy.
8. Minh studies very hard, \_\_\_\_\_ he always gets good grades.

**VII. Complete the following sentences with suitable question words.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is the new weather's man name?
2. \_\_\_\_\_ of these channels do you like most?
3. \_\_\_\_\_ did you leave before the programme ended?
4. \_\_\_\_\_ does the game show begin? - At 6p.m. I think.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ your father watch TV? - Twice a day.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ is your favorite MC?
7. \_\_\_\_\_ does the animal programme last? - About 90 minutes. I think.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ should we place the new TV? - In the kitchen.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ programmes does the local television have?
10. \_\_\_\_\_ does cable TV cost per month.
11. \_\_\_\_\_ do you prefer - The Lion King or Tom and Jerry?
12. \_\_\_\_\_ does this programme finish?





## D READING

### 1. Read the text and answer the following questions.

① My name is Hoa. There are five people in my family but each of us has our own favourite programmes on TV. My father loves sports. He watches sports programmes every weekend. My mother likes music programmes. Her favourite singer is Lan Anh. I like music, too. I sometimes watch *Hits of the week* with my mother. My brother Nam only watches the news. He says it's very interesting. He doesn't like other programmes. My sister, Lan likes films. She watches almost all Korean films on TV. Her favourite film is *Winter Sonata*. I never watch romantic films. I think they are very boring. To me, detective films are the best. They are exciting with a lot of action. I hardly ever watch TV in the morning on weekdays because I have to go to school.

1. Does Hoa's father or brother like watching the news?



2. What kind of films does Hoa's sister like?



3. Why doesn't Hoa like romantic films?



4. What kind of films does Hoa like? Why?



5. Why doesn't Hoa watch TV in the morning?



② *Bob the Builder* is a British television program for children. It is broadcast on the BBC and around the world. It was first broadcast on 13 January 1999. It is developed by Hit Entertainment for BBC Television.

The show is about the life of a builder named Bob, and his talking vehicles who help him fix things. Bob has a wife named Wendy and a cat named Pilchard. The slogan of the show is "Can we fix it? Yes, we can!"

There are albums of songs from Bob the Builder. Out of these songs, there are 2 number 1 hits, "Can we Fix It" and "Mambo"/ There is also number 81 hit "Big Fish Little Fish". He also has some video games which are based on and created by Bob the builder.

1. Where is *Bob the Builder* broadcast?



2. When was it first broadcast?



3. Who help Bob fixing things?



4. What is the name of Bob's cat?



5. What is the slogan of the show?



③ Lai Van Sam is one of the most famous MCs in Viet Nam. He was born on June 10th, 1957 in Phu Tho Province. He studied in the Soviet Union when he was young. He has hosted many television programmes such as Who Wants to be a Millionaire, SV96, Wheel of Fortune, We Are the Soldiers, etc. He was also one of the founders of VTV3. On October 5th, 2008 he received an award for being the most popular game show host of VTV. Many viewers love him as he is very intelligent and humorous. He attracts a lot of audiences to his shows. He can make people feel relaxed when watching his shows.

1. When was Lai Van Sam born?



2. Where did he study when he was young?



3. What happened on October 5th, 2008?

4. Why do many viewers love Lai Van Sam?

5. How can he make people feel when watching his shows?

**II. Read the text and circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

① There are a lot of TV programmes in Viet Nam, though I think (1) \_\_\_\_\_ ones are feature films. Feature films are very (2) \_\_\_\_\_ and relaxing. World News is another TV programme Vietnamese people like. It helps people know what (3) \_\_\_\_\_ around the world. Additionally, there are other kinds, such as sport programmes, music shows, and foreign programmes, but they are not as well-known (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the first two. Music shows attract a lot of young people. They join the shows to become (5) \_\_\_\_\_ in the future. The audience loves their beautiful voices.

- |                        |                 |                 |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. the most popular | B. most popular | C. the more     |
| popular                | D. more popular |                 |
| 2. A. excite           | B. excited      | C. exciting     |
|                        |                 | D. excitedly    |
| 3. A. does happen      | B. happen       | C. is happening |
|                        |                 | D. happens      |
| 4. A. like             | B. than         | C. as           |
|                        |                 | D. so           |
| 5. A. weathermen       | B. singers      | C. drawers      |
|                        |                 | D. directors    |

②

**TELEVISION**

Television is one of man's most important means of communication. It brings pictures and (1) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ from around the world into millions (2) \_\_\_\_\_ homes. A person with a television set can sit in his house and watch the president makes a (3) \_\_\_\_\_ or visit a foreign country. He can see a war being fought and watch statesmen try to bring about peace.

Through television, home viewers can see and learn about people, places and things in (4) \_\_\_\_\_ land. Television even takes its viewers out of this world. It brings them coverage of America's astronauts (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the astronauts explore outer space.

- |                |            |           |            |
|----------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| 1. A. tone     | B. noise   | C. voice  | D. sounds  |
| 2. A. of       | B. for     | C. in     | D. about   |
| 3. A. writing  | B. speech  | C. letter | D. speak   |
| 4. A. away     | B. faraway | C. far    | D. off far |
| 5. A. although | B. because | C. as     | D. and     |

**III. Read the passage and choose the correct answer for each question.**

Videos can be very useful. Most banks and stores have video cameras. They protect the premises. When there is a robbery, the police can often identify the robbers in this way.

Videos are very useful in education. Many schools use them as teaching aids. You can take an university courses at home with the help of a VCR (video cassette recorder). In the future, they will be more important in education.

Videos are very important in the music industry. You can now buy VCDs (video compact dis) in many countries in the world. They play music and show video images at the same time.

1. What are very useful in education?  
A. Videos      B. Games      C. Music      D. Money
2. What do many schools use videos as?  
A. singing aids      B. studying aids      C. teaching aids      D. working aids
3. Are videos very important in the music industry?  
A. Yes, they are.      B. No, they aren't.      C. Yes, there is.      D. No, there isn't.
4. Do they play music and show video images at the same time?

- A. Yes, they are      B. Yes, they do.      C. No, they don't.      D. No, they aren't.

## **E WRITING**

### **I. Write the sentences, using the words given.**

1. Although/ Phong/ sleepy/ stay up/ watch/ end/ game/ TV//.

2. Where/ new/ remote control/ that/ I/ buy/ last week//?

3. I/ turn up/ TV/ because/ want/ hear/ music/ clear//.

4. What/ kind/ TV programme/ you/ like/ watch/ most/ when/ small//?

5. Hoa/ like/ eat/ noodles/ but/ mother/ always/ cook/ rice/ her//.

### **II. Rearrange the given words and phrases to make complete sentences.**

1. I/ comedies/very funny/are/ because/ like / they /.

2. My/football match/watches/ mother / never/a/.

3. There/a lot of /TV/on / music programmes/ nowadays/ are.

4. am/ I/ interested in/ every day/ watching TV/.

5. more time/ I/ spend/ watching TV /than doing/ outdoor activities.

6. often/ I/ watch TV/ when/ I/ am/ housework/ eating/ or/ doing.

7. enjoy/ my family/ watching game shows/ because/ and interesting/ are/ they/ very exciting.

8. likes /sports events/ watching/ VTV3/ my father/ on.

9. I/ Dave Lee, / like/ pop music/ the presenter/and / I like/ programme, /.

10. How/a day / watching TV/much time/ spend/ do you/?

### **III. Rewrite each sentence, using the word given in the brackets.**

1. I don't watch cartoons. I don't watch news. **(or)**

2. I like Tom. He's annoying. **(but)**

3. We're watching a comedy. We're laughing happily. **(so)**

4. Vy joined The Voice Kids. Her sister joined it, too. **(and)**


5. Yesterday I watched Shrek, an animated film. Today I'm going to watch a game show. **(so)**

6. My father always reads the newspaper in the morning. He always watches the TV news in the morning. **(and)**

7. Mr Minh heated some water. He wanted a cup of tea. **(so)**

8. I called their house. No one answered the phone. **(but)**

#### IV. Put questions to the underlined in the sentences.

1. My brother watches TV **two** hours a day.  

2. I like **Tu Long** best in the *Weekend Meeting* shows.  

3. The news programme often finishes **at eight o'clock**.  


4. We watched **the late football match** on TV last night.  

5. The new television is **ten thousand million dong**.  

6. Tom put the remote control **on the bookshelf**.  

7. They go to the English club **twice a week**.  

8. She missed a week's lesson **because of illness**.  

9. That newsreader usually gets to work **by bus**.  

10. The game show lasted **for two hours and a half**.

**V. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one**

1. Lan does not watch TV on weekdays because she is busy studying.  
👉 Lan is busy studying, \_\_\_\_\_
2. How many hours a week does your sister spend watching TV?  
👉 How \_\_\_\_\_
3. What programme do you like best?  
👉 What's your \_\_\_\_\_
4. The Wildlife is very informative. It is also very interesting.  
👉 The Wildlife is very \_\_\_\_\_
5. My sister likes watching the X-Factor very much.  
👉 My sister is very \_\_\_\_\_
6. I like watching animal programme on TV  
👉 My favourite TV programme \_\_\_\_\_
7. Minh likes watching programmes that make him laugh.  
👉 Minh enjoys \_\_\_\_\_
8. Watching too much TV is not good  
👉 It's not \_\_\_\_\_

**VI. Write a paragraph of 50 - 60 words about your favourite TV programme. You can use the following questions as suggestions.**

- What is the name of the programme?
- What time is it on?
- What is it about?
- What do you like most about the programme?

[illegible]

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