

Francophone and Francophile community in Viet Nam and this year it also aims to guide people towards a greener future through sport, culture, education, and (10) _____ professional opportunities.

As part of the even, the fourth season of the Course de la Francophonie (*Race of the Francophonie*) continues its commitment

(11) _____ the values of the Francophone community. It offers an opportunity to (12) _ personal goals and spread a positive spirit. The Francophone Career and Job Fair will be held (13) _____ the race, offering young people the chance to

meet directly with embassies and organisations of the Francophone community, schools and universities, as well as business representatives. There will also be numerous booths and stands (14) _____ by Francophone embassies and institutions teaching French and in French.

(Adapted from <https://vietnamnews.vn>)

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|--------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Question 9. | A. gathering | B. congress | C. ceremony | D. conference |
| Question 10. | A. others | B. another | C. the others | D. other |
| Question 11. | A. promoting | B. to promoting | C. promote | D. to promote |
| Question 12. | A. play | B. go | C. set | D. do |
| Question 13. | A. by dint of | B. in line with | C. by virtue of | D. in parallel with |
| Question 14. | A. run | B. running | C. were run | D. which run |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 15 to 24.

Technology, Deterrence and the Battle Against Waste Crime

Illegal waste dumping is frequently dismissed as a local inconvenience; however, in practice it constitutes a highly organised and financially lucrative form of environmental crime. In England alone, such activity is estimated to cost the economy approximately

£1 billion annually, while simultaneously imposing long-term ecological and social damage. Against this backdrop, the government has announced the establishment of a 33-member drone unit intended to enhance the detection and investigation of unlicensed waste sites. Far from being a symbolic gesture, this initiative represents a strategic shift towards a more **assertive** and technology-driven enforcement model. [I]

The announcement coincided with the conviction of Varun Datta at Birmingham Crown Court. Datta orchestrated the illegal disposal of more than 4,000 tonnes of municipal waste across 16 sites, including protected land and a historic manor property. By falsely declaring that the waste would be transported to a licensed facility near Sheffield, he redirected it to unauthorised locations nationwide. [II] The court ordered him to repay over £1 million, reflecting the financial benefits derived from his activities, in addition to compensation and prosecution costs. [III] Although his custodial sentence was suspended, the substantial financial penalty was intended to undermine the economic incentives that often make waste crime attractive to organised groups.

Central to the revised strategy is the expanded role of the Environment Agency, which now integrates advanced surveillance technologies into its investigative framework. Several drones will be equipped with lidar systems capable of generating highly detailed topographical maps, enabling authorities to identify concealed or rapidly changing dumping sites. Officials argue that such innovation is necessary because organised offenders have become increasingly adept at exploiting regulatory gaps and avoiding conventional inspections. In this sense, technological monitoring is presented not as an optional enhancement but as a proportionate response to evolving criminal methods. [IV]

Nevertheless, questions remain regarding whether surveillance and financial penalties alone can deliver sustained deterrence. Critics contend that suspended prison sentences may dilute the perceived severity of the offence, potentially weakening the overall message of zero tolerance. Moreover, effective enforcement is resource-intensive and depends upon coordination between national regulators, local authorities and private landowners. Without consistent collaboration and long-term funding, even sophisticated technology may struggle to reverse entrenched patterns of illegal disposal.

Ultimately, while drones and harsher penalties are unlikely to eradicate waste crime entirely, **they** signal an effort to recalibrate the balance of risk and reward that has historically favoured offenders. By combining technological precision with legal accountability, policymakers appear determined to demonstrate that environmental crime will no longer remain a low-risk, high-profit enterprise.

(Adapted from <https://www.theguardian.com/am>)

- Question 15. According to paragraph 1, the establishment of the drone unit is best understood as an attempt to .
- A. offset the economic losses caused by environmental offences
 - B. replace conventional inspection methods with fully automated monitoring systems
 - C. address illegal dumping through a more proactive and technology-oriented enforcement approach
 - D. increase the number of personnel responsible for environmental compliance
- Question 16. The word "**assertive**" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to .
- A. forceful and determined
 - B. experimental and innovative
 - C. temporary and flexible
 - D. hesitant and cautious
- Question 17. Why are lidar-equipped drones presented as a necessary component of the revised enforcement strategy?
- A. They improve the accuracy of detecting concealed dumping sites that traditional inspection procedures may overlook.
 - B. They prevent offenders from exploiting sentencing inconsistencies within the judicial system.
 - C. They reduce the overall administrative burden associated with prosecuting environmental offences nationwide.
 - D. They symbolise a broader governmental commitment to technological modernisation in environmental governance.
- Question 18. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 3?
- A. Traditional inspection systems remain adequate despite the emergence of new technological tools.
 - B. Waste crime has expanded primarily because enforcement agencies underestimated its economic impact.
 - C. Organised offenders have shifted towards less profitable but more discreet disposal methods.
 - D. Regulatory authorities are restructuring investigative practices to address increasingly adaptive criminal strategies.
- Question 19. According to the passage, the financial penalty imposed on Datta was intended to _____

- A. highlight the symbolic importance of environmental protection
- B. replace imprisonment as the primary form of punishment
- C. remove the financial motivation behind organised waste crime
- D. compensate local authorities for technological investment

Question 20. According to paragraph 4, which of the following factors is identified as essential for achieving sustained effectiveness in combating illegal waste crime?

- A. The immediate introduction of mandatory prison sentences for all environmental offences.
- B. Sustained inter-agency cooperation supported by consistent financial and institutional resources.
- C. Comprehensive public awareness initiatives designed to discourage community-level participation.
- D. Exclusive reliance on advanced aerial surveillance technologies across affected regions.

provided by the third person.

D. The researcher writes this type of ethnography from their own perspectives without any interpretation from a third person.

Question 29.

A. to understand social and cultural phenomena through a distinct lens offered by them

B. each offering a distinct lens through which social and cultural phenomena can be understood

C. each of them offers a distinct lens in order to understand social and cultural phenomena

D. because social and cultural phenomena can be understood from a distinct lens offered

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 30 to 34.

Question 30. a. Mia: Honestly, chances like that don't come up very often. It could help your career in the long run.
b. Leo: I've just been offered a short-term contract abroad, but I'm not sure if I should take it.
c. Leo: Yeah, I guess it might give me an edge later on.

A. b – c – a B. b – a – c C. c – b – a D. a – b – c

Question 31. a. Liam: I agree. Protecting wildlife isn't just a local issue anymore; it's a global responsibility.
b. Sophie: I read that several countries are working together to save endangered species.
c. Liam: Yes, and some conservation projects have even created jobs for local communities.
d. Sophie: That's great! It shows that wildlife conservation benefits both the environment and the economy.
e. Liam: Exactly. When people see real benefits, they're more willing to support long-term conservation efforts.

A. a – b – c – e – d B. b – a – c – d – e C. b – c – d – e – a D. b – d – c – a – e

Question 32. a. However, the reality was far more demanding than I had anticipated, as cultural differences and tight deadlines quickly tested my adaptability.
b. Instead of feeling discouraged, I gradually adjusted my communication style and learned how to collaborate effectively with colleagues from diverse backgrounds.
c. Participating in an international exchange programme motivated me to pursue broader career opportunities beyond my home country.
d. This challenging yet transformative experience ultimately strengthened my resilience and brought me closer to achieving global success.
e. At first, I was excited about working on multinational projects and expanding my professional network.

A. c – e – b – a – d B. e – c – a – b – d C. c – e – a – b – d D. c – a – e – b – d

Question 33. a. Overall, these developments suggest a clear transition from a predominantly agricultural village to a more urbanised and functionally diverse area.
b. Significant developments occurred in Greenfield village between 1990 and 2015, during which the village underwent considerable changes.
c. By 2015, several new housing estates had been constructed on former farmland, and the main road had been extended to the east.
d. In 1990, Greenfield was largely rural in character, consisting mainly of open fields, a small number of houses, and a primary school located near the river.
e. Furthermore, a community centre and a small retail area were added in the southern part of the village, replacing what had once been open land.

A. d – b – c – e – a B. b – d – c – e – a C. b – c – d – e – a D. d – c – b – e – a

Question 34. a. I am writing to express my interest in the part-time sales assistant position advertised on your website.
b. I believe my customer service experience and strong communication skills make me a suitable candidate for this role.
c. I am currently a second-year university student seeking practical work experience to develop my professional skills.
d. I would welcome the opportunity to attend an interview at your convenience.
e. I have attached my CV for your consideration and look forward to hearing from you soon.

A. a – b – c – e – d B. a – c – b – e – d C. c – a – b – d – e D. a – c – b – d – e

Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 35 to 40.

Eat Real Food Policy – Updated U.S. Dietary Guidelines (2025–2030)

The **Eat Real Food Policy** refers to the updated *United States Dietary Guidelines for Americans (2025–2030)*, marking a significant shift in federal nutrition guidance. (35) , the policy delivers a clear message: prioritise real, minimally processed foods to curb diet-related diseases and improve public health. The guidelines emphasise **real, whole foods** (36) _____ are recognisable in their natural form. **Protein** is highlighted as a key nutrient and encouraged at every meal. **Fruit and vegetables** are prioritised with (37) _____, while **whole grains** are promoted over refined grains.

The policy addresses rising (38) _____ of obesity, prediabetes, and chronic diseases linked to poor diets by encouraging a shift towards nutrient-dense. **In doing so, it seeks to foster long-term** (39) _____ **habits that support sustainable public health outcomes.** These science-based guidelines apply (40) _____ all life stages and influence national programmes such as school meals, public health campaigns, and nutrition education.

(Adapted from <https://www.hhs.gov/policy.com>)

Question 35. A. However B. Nevertheless C. Accordingly D. Otherwise

Question 36. A. whose B. which C. who D. what

Question 37.
A. specific targets intake B. specific intake
C. intake specific targets targets

Question 38.	A. numbers	B. amounts	D. targets specific intake	D. degrees
Question 39.	A. dietary	B. dietetics	C. rates	D. diet
Question 40.	A. for	B. to	C. dietitian	C. of
			D. with	

----- **THE END** -----

Giaodethitienganh.info có rất nhiều tài liệu tiếng anh file word hay, chất lượng, để tải thêm rất nhiều tài liệu hay khác, mời bạn đăng ký tài khoản (chỉ 100k/ năm) để chủ động hoàn toàn việc tải tài liệu bất cứ lúc nào bạn cần!