**TRƯỜNG THCS ĐỀ ĐỀ XUẤT GIỮA HỌC KỲ II**

 **GIAO LONG MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 9**

**PART A: LANGUAGE FOCUS (4.0 POINTS)**

***I. Khoanh tròn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân phát âm khác các từ còn lại (0.6 điểm)***

 1. **A.** gar**n**ish **B.** drai**n** **C.** spri**n**kle **D.** te**n**der

 2. **A.** wh**i**sk **B.** sl**i**ce **C.** gr**i**ll **D.** d**i**p

 3. **A**. word**s** **B**. noun**s** **C**. term**s** **D**. street**s**

***II. Khoanh tròn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có trọng âm chính rơi vào vị trí âm tiết khác các từ còn lại. (0.4 điểm)***

 0. **A.** diverse **B.** combine **©**. garnish **D.** shallot

 1. **A.** teaspoon **B.** cabbage **C.** pancake **D.** canteen

 2. **A**. rusty **B**. mainly **C**. correct **D**. country

***III. Khoanh tròn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để điền vào mỗi chỗ trống trong các câu sau, như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm. (2,0 điểm)***

0. I often go to school \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bicycle.

**A.** on **B.** at **©.** by **D.** in

1. You should eat more fruits and vegetables if you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to lose weight.

**A.**would want **B.** wanted **C.** want **D.** will want

 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of famous dishes in Southern Vietnam are Hu Tieu Nam Vang, Bun Mam, fried rice,

 flour cake, and many kinds of puddings.

**A.** Any **B.** A **C.** Much **D.** Some

3. My husband is going on a business \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to New York next week.

**A.**tour  **B.** travel **C.** trip **D.** journey

 4. One million people live in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ capital city Santo Domingo.

**A.** a **B.** an **C.** the **D.** x

 5. She bought a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of bananas in the supermarket yesterday.

**A.** loaf **B.** bunch **C.** stick **D.** clove

 6.Studies suggest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ only when you are most active and giving your digestive system a

 long break each day.

 **A.** eat **B.** eating **C.** being eaten **D.** to eat

7. Trees won't grow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there is enough water.

**A.** if **B.** when **C.** unless **D.** as

 8. **Tom**: “Shall I peel the bananas for you?” **Jerry**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A**. What a please Sunday morning it is!

**B**. Yes. It’s cool and sunny.

**C**. That’s right. It’s the first time I’ve made them.

**D**. Sure, you can give me a hand if you want to.

 9. They could understand our conversation if they some English.

 **A.** will know **B**. know **C**. knew **D**. would know

 10. She spoke English with a strong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that I couldn’t understand.

 **A**. accent **B**. skill **C**. vocabulary **D**. language

***IV. Cho dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu sau, như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm (1,0 điểm)***

 0. We are practicing (jog) \_\_\_**jogging**\_\_\_ in the park

1. Mary wishes she ( take)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_part in the festival at Perfume Pagoda next week.

2. My mother (buy) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me this T-shirt on his trip to Da Lat last summer.

3. These delicious dishes (often, make) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from special ingredients.

earlier.

4. This beautiful place will make you (feel) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ better.

5. We (walk) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the beach when it started to rain.

**PART B: READING (3.0 POINTS)**

***I. Đọc đoạn văn và khoanh tròn một phương án đúng nhất A, B, C hoặc D ứng với mỗi từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để điền vào mỗi chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm. (1.0 điểm)***

Together with Cai Be and Phong Dien, Cai Rang Floating Market in Can Tho City is one (0) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the three biggest in the Mekong Delta. The shops and stalls at these markets are boats of different sizes.

Cai Rang Floating Market is (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ all day but it is busiest from sunrise to about 9am. The main items sold there are farm products and specialities of Cai Rang Town, Chau Thanh District and neighboring areas. (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ boat has a long upright pole at its bow on which samples of the goods for sale are hung. Sellers do not have to cry out about their goods (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ their goods can be seen in a distance and their cries would not be heard in the vastness of the river and the noise of boat engines. Small boats that sell beer, soft drinks and wine go among the other boats to (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ market-goers and visitors. The most common goods sold are fruits. Big boats are the wholesalers, selling fruit to dealers from neighboring provinces. Each boat is loaded with plenty of seasonal goods. Activities at the market are also an (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ for tourists to study the cultural aspects of southerners.

 *(Adapted fromtripadvisor.com)*

0. **A.** at **B.** on ©. of **D.** in

1**.A.** open **B.** opened **C.** close **D.** closed

2**.A.** Some **B.** Many **C.** Little **D.** Every

3. **A.** so **B.** because **C.** although **D.** while

4. **A.** sell **B.** meet **C.** serve **D.** catch

5. **A.** occasion **B.** excursion **C.** experience **D.** event

***II. Đọc đoạn văn, trả lời các câu hỏi 1, 2, 3 và khoanh tròn phương án trả lời thích hợp nhất cho các câu hỏi số 4, 5. (2,0 điểm)***

**Junk Food and ‘Real Food’**

A lot of people around the world are getting fat because they eat too much “junk food”.

 Junk food is food that has a lot of calories, but not many nutrients. Nutrients are things that your body needs, such as vitamins, minerals and fiber. Most “fast food”, such as KFC and stuff sold in packages, is junk food. It comes from factories, where scientists add refined sugar, salt and vegetable oil to make it taste good. They do this because they want to make money. They do not care about your health: that is your job. Junk food does taste good, too. That’s why people drink huge bags of “iced tea” and Coke, and eat a big bag of potato chips, and still feel hungry. Their brains keep telling them to eat because it knows the body does not have all the nutrients it needs.

Humans evolved eating three main kinds of food: meat, vegetables and fruit. These are “real foods”. Things like refined sugar, flour and vegetable oil are not part of a human’s natural diet. In America, which has the most **obese** people, it is hard for poor people to find ‘real food’. Fresh vegetables and meat are only sold in supermarkets, and they are more expensive than junk foods. In America, more poor people are obese than rich people. Even people in prisons are obese. Here, we are lucky real food is still available – but so is junk food.

Your body is the most valuable thing you will ever have in your life, so you should treat your body like a temple – not a garbage bin. Don’t eat junk food.

*(Adapted from* [*https://en.islcollective.com/*](https://en.islcollective.com/)*)*

1. What is Junk food?

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2. Why do scientists add refined sugar, salt and vegetable oil in junk food?

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3. Is it difficult for poor people to find ‘real food’ in America?

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4. According to the passage, which is not a real food?

 **A.** apples **B**. string beans **C**. chicken wings  **D**. potato chips

5.The word **“obese**” in the passage is closest in meaning to…............?

**A**. expensive **B**. overweight **C**. valuable **D**. available

**PART C: WRITING (3.0 POINTS)**

***I. Hoàn chỉnh câu thứ hai sử dụng từ cho sẵn sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho.***

***(2,0 điểm).***

1. She learned a few words of French last month**.**

**→ She picked………**

2. My mother has never tasted sushi before.
**→This is ............................................**

3. “I will go to my hometown tomorrow” My father said.

**→ My father said ..................**

4. I can't cook as well as my mother**.**

**→I wish……………..**

5. Hoa can speak English very well.

**→Hoa is fluent…………………………..**

***II. Viết 1 đoạn văn từ 100 đến 120 từ về chủ đề sau: (1,0 điểm)***

 **“What are the simple ways to study English effectively?”**

***Some suggestions may be useful:***

– Get lots of speaking practice

– Practice reading and listening everyday

– Keep your learning interesting

– Use your resources well

– Learn grammar with “point of view” stories

– Take an online lesson

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 **THE END**