

**MA TRẬN ĐỀ THI MINH HỌA TN THPT MÔN TIẾNG ANH 2025**

**TRƯỜNG THPT U MINH**

TT	NỘI DUNG	PHẠM TRÙ KIẾN THỨC	SỐ CÂU	NB	TH	VD
1	<b>ĐỌC – ĐIỀN THÔNG BÁO</b> <i>*chỉ báo 2.1 Hiểu được các thông điệp đơn giản và các thông tin truyền thông về các chủ đề phổ biến.</i>	Từ loại	1	X		
		Trật tự từ	1		X	
		Rút gọn mệnh đề liên hệ	1	X		
		Giới từ	1	X		
		Cụm từ cố định (Collocation)	1		X	
		Hình thức động từ	1	X		
2	<b>ĐỌC – ĐIỀN QUẢNG CÁO, TỜ RƠI</b> <i>*chỉ báo 2.2: Hiểu được các thông tin quan trọng trong các thông tin, quảng cáo thường nhật.</i>	Từ ngữ chỉ số lượng	2	X	X	
		Cụm động từ	1		X	
		Cụm giới từ	1		X	
		Từ vựng	2		X	X
3	<b>SẮP XẾP ĐOẠN HỘI THOẠI/LÁ THƯ/ĐOẠN VĂN</b> <i>*chỉ báo 2.3: Hiểu được mạch lập luận của văn bản, xác định được các kết luận chính trong các văn bản có sử dụng ngôn ngữ rõ ràng.</i>	Sắp xếp đoạn hội thoại	2	X	X	
		Sắp xếp lá thư	1		X	
		Sắp xếp đoạn văn	2			X X
4	<b>ĐỌC – ĐIỀN KHUYẾT THÔNG TIN</b> <i>*Chỉ báo 1.2: Hiểu được những ý chính, nội dung chi tiết về các chủ đề mang tính thời sự và quen thuộc trong các văn bản ( khoảng 280- 300 từ)</i>	Câu bị động	1		X	
		Mệnh đề trạng từ	1		X	
		Ngữ cảnh câu	3		X	XX
5	<b>ĐỌC HIỂU – 8 CÂU</b> <i>*chỉ báo 1.3: Hiểu được những ý chính, nội dung chi tiết về các chủ đề mang tính thời sự và quen thuộc trong các văn bản (khoảng 250- 280 từ)</i>	Câu hỏi thông tin chi tiết	1	X		
		Câu hỏi từ vựng đồng nghĩa	1		X	
		Câu hỏi từ vựng trái nghĩa	1		X	
		Câu hỏi về từ tham chiếu	1	X		
		Câu hỏi về paraphrasing	1			X
		Câu hỏi TRUE/NOT TRUE	1			X
		Câu hỏi về thông tin theo đoạn	2	XX		

6	<b>ĐỌC HIỂU 10 CÂU</b> <i>*Chỉ báo 3.3: Hiểu được những ý chính, nội dung chi tiết về các chủ đề mang tính thời sự và quen thuộc trong các văn bản (khoảng 330- 380 từ)</i>	Câu hỏi về điền câu phù hợp vào đoạn	1		X	
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**SỞ GD VÀ ĐT CÀ MAU**  
**TRƯỜNG THPT U MINH**

**ĐỀ MINH HOẠ 2025**

Môn: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian: 50 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề)

Thí sinh làm bài trên phiếu trả lời trắc nghiệm

(Đề kiểm tra có: 4 trang, 40 câu trắc nghiệm)

*Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.*

#### **Super Typhoon Milton and its Destruction**

Super Typhoon Milton struck the eastern coastline last weekend, causing widespread devastation. Many residents described it as the most (1)\_\_\_\_\_ experience they had ever faced. The combination of (2)\_\_\_\_\_ and relentless rain left the town completely paralyzed.

The typhoon, (3)\_\_\_\_\_ the coast at around 3 PM, brought winds exceeding 180 km/h. This resulted in massive flooding and left thousands (4)\_\_\_\_\_ need of emergency assistance. The authorities worked hard to (5)\_\_\_\_\_ a difference, but the sheer scale of the disaster made recovery efforts slow. Now, the community is slowly rebuilding their homes, hoping (6)\_\_\_\_\_ what was lost.

Question 1: A. terrifying B. terrified C. terrifies D. terrify

Question 2: A. strong stormy winds B. winds strong stormy  
C. stormy strong winds D. stormy winds strong

Question 3: A. which hit B. hitting C. that hits D. hit

Question 4: A. in B. at C. on D. with

Question 5: A. make B. take C. do D. have

Question 6: A. to be restored B. restoring C. to restored D. being restored

*Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.*

#### **The Problem of Child Labour**

Child labour is a significant issue that involves many children worldwide. It often forces them to work long hours in poor conditions, affecting their (7) \_\_\_\_\_ and mental health. Many children are (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to attend school, which has a long-term impact on their futures. (9) \_\_\_\_\_ these challenges, organizations like UNICEF are (10) \_\_\_\_\_ to provide better opportunities for children. They believe that through offering education and protection, child labour can be significantly reduced. Although child labour still remains in (40) \_\_\_\_\_ parts of the world, efforts are being made to reduce its impact.

Question 7: A. physical B. mental C. social D. emotional

Question 8: A. able B. capable C. unable D. impossible

Question 9: A. Because of B. In spite of C. Due to D. Instead of

Question 10: A. focusing on B. look forward to C. come up with D. find out

**Question 11:** A. much

**B. many**

C. little

D. most

**Question 12:** A taken

B. paid

C. given

D. **made**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 13 to 17.*

**Question 13:**

a. **David:** Hi, Alice. No problem. What happened?

b. **Alice:** David. I'm so sorry I'm late.

c. **David:** Oh, I see. I'm glad you're safe.

A. a-b-c

B. b-c-a

**C. b-a-c**

D. c-b-a

**Question 14:**

a. **John:** I'm from New York. How about you?

b. **Jane:** Hi John, I'm Jane. Nice to meet you too. Where are you from?

c. **Jane:** I'm from Los Angeles. What do you do?

d. **John:** I'm a graphic designer. I work for a small design studio.

e. **John:** Hi, my name is John. Nice to meet you.

A. a-b-c-d-e

B. e-d-c-b-a

C. b-c-d-e-a

**D. e-b-a-c-d**

**Question 15:**

Dear Sir or Madam,

a. I would really like to apply for one of your courses.

b. First, I would appreciate it if you could tell me what the entry requirements are. I finished upper-secondary school last summer. Could you please let me know if I still need to take a test? If there is one, please let me know where I can find detailed information about it.

c. Finally, it would be great if you write back to me with details about what topics it will cover and how long it will take.

d. I look forward to hearing from you.

e. Next, I would like to know the course fee and the daily wage for the apprenticeship. It is very important for me to have this information so that I can decide if I can afford to study at your school.

f. I am writing to ask for more information about the tour guide training courses at the SGV Vocational School. I am over 18 years now and I am very interested in travelling and exploring different cultures.

Your faithfully,

Hoang Bao Nam

*(Adapted from Global Success)*

**A. f-a-b-e-c-d**

B. f-a-b-d-c-e

C. a-b-d-c-e-f

D. a-b-f-e-c-d

**Question 16:**

a. First of all, the Internet reshaped the world. It allows us to find everything in seconds and learn about it in detail. There are millions of educational videos and online courses to help us learn about various things.

b. To sum up, the Internet has had an impact on almost every part of our lives and it is the greatest invention in recent human history!

c. We can also be entertained by the Internet because it allows us to watch films and videos at the click of a button.

d. Furthermore, the Internet allows us to do so much, such as communicating instantly with anyone in the world, finding out news at any time and shopping online 24 hours a day.

e. I believe that the Internet has had the biggest impact of all inventions of the 20th century.

*(Adapted from Bright)*

A. a-b-c-d-e

B. b-c-d-e-a

**C. e-a-d-c-b**

D. e-a-c-d-b

**Question 17:**

a. However, there are also negative aspects. Celebrating these festivals may encourage people to buy things they don't need, leading to consumerism and financial strain.

b. Firstly, celebrating foreign festivals helps young people learn about other cultures. This cultural exchange promotes understanding and tolerance, which are essential in our globalized world. Secondly, these festivals bring a lot of happiness and joy.

- c. Nowadays, more and more young Vietnamese people celebrate festivals such as Christmas and Halloween. In my opinion, this has both positive and negative impacts on young Vietnamese people.
- d. In conclusion, I firmly believe that while celebrating world festivals can be enriching and enjoyable, it is crucial to maintain a balance. Young people should embrace global cultures while also preserving and valuing their cultural traditions.
- e. Furthermore, young people may start to ignore local festivals, which could result in the loss of traditional cultural practices and a weakened sense of cultural identity. This might make people lose their sense of belonging to their own culture.

(Adapted from *Global Success*)

A. c-b-a-e-d

B. c-b-e-a-d

C. c-b-a-e-d

D. b-e-c-a-d

**Read the following passage about *The green movement in Viet Nam* and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheets to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.**

With the economic development in recent years, people's environmental awareness in Viet Nam has also increased. (18) \_\_\_\_\_ in both urban and rural communities, which have inspired people to change their lifestyles and help to protect the environment.

Since 2008, 'Education for Nature Viet Nam' has collaborated with Super Motor Viet Nam in (19) \_\_\_\_\_ for staff members of national parks and nature reserves. (20) \_\_\_\_\_ to learn more about environmental solutions and protection strategies. This project is part of the Go Green Programme, (21) \_\_\_\_\_ the Viet Nam Environment Protection Administration and the Ministry of Education and Training.

Another Go Green campaign is organised by The Plazas. It includes a series of green activities such as a tree-planting festival, Nature and Environment photo contest, and No Bag Day. Every year, The Plazas (22) \_\_\_\_\_ when all its shopping centres turn their lights off to remind customers to save electricity.

**Question 18.** A. There have been much green initiative

C. There have been many of green initiative

**B. There have been many green initiatives**

D. There have been much of green initiatives

**Question 19.** A. being organised training courses

C. to organise training courses

B. organise training courses

**D. organising training courses**

**Question 20.** **A. The aim is to help them**

C. Their aim is to help

B. The aim of their helping

D. The aim is help them

**Question 21.** A. be co-organised by

C. **co-organised by**

B. co-organising by

D. co-organise by

**Question 22.** A. takes part on the Earth Hour event

C. takes part at the Earth Hour event

B. take part in the Earth Hour event

**D. takes part in the Earth Hour event**

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

Urbanization refers to the process through which cities grow and expand as more people move from rural to urban areas. This phenomenon is driven by various factors, including economic opportunities, educational facilities, and healthcare services, which often attract individuals seeking better living standards. As cities become more populated, **they** undergo significant transformations in infrastructure, including housing, transportation, and public services.

The rise in urban populations can lead to both positive and negative outcomes. On the positive side, urbanization can **stimulate** economic development, innovation, and cultural exchange. It often brings improvements in living standards and provides better access to services and amenities. However, rapid urban growth can also strain existing infrastructure, leading to issues such as overcrowding, pollution, and inadequate public services. These challenges can impact the quality of life in urban areas and require careful planning and management.

**Effective urban planning is crucial to mitigating the negative effects of urbanization.** This includes creating sustainable infrastructure, managing resources efficiently, and ensuring equitable access to services for all residents. By addressing these challenges, cities can harness the benefits of urbanization while improving the overall quality of urban life.

**Question 23:** Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a factor driving urbanization?

- A. Economic opportunities
- B. Healthcare services
- C. Climate change
- D. Educational facilities

**Question 24:** The word **stimulate** in paragraph 2 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. encourage
- B. promote
- C. hinder
- D. accelerate

**Question 25:** The word **they** in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. rural areas
- B. cities
- C. economic opportunities
- D. suburban

**Question 26:** The word **mitigating** in paragraph 3 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. worsening
- B. addressing
- C. preventing
- D. reducing

**Question 27:** Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 3?

- A. Good urban planning is essential to address urbanization's adverse effects.
- B. Proper urban planning can help reduce the negative impacts of urban growth.
- C. Mitigating urbanization's drawbacks requires effective urban planning.
- D. Managing urbanization's negative consequences relies on strategic urban planning.

**Question 28:** According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Urbanization always improves living standards.
- B. Rapid urbanization can lead to overcrowding and pollution.
- C. Economic development is rarely associated with urbanization.
- D. Urban growth only brings negative outcomes.

**Question 29:** In which paragraph does the writer mention the benefits of urbanization?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 2
- C. Paragraph 3
- D. Paragraph 4

**Question 30:** In which passage does the author mention that durable infrastructure helps manage the impacts of urbanization?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 2
- C. Paragraph 3
- D. Paragraph 4

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

[I]. Yet, in India this act is fraught with risk and individuals depend on weak laws for justice. Occasionally, deviant promoters are called to account as was the case in the detention of Unitech's promoters.

[II] This incident shows up the fallout of an absence of proper regulation to cover contracts between buyers and real estate promoters. [III] A real estate bill, which is presently pending in Rajya Sabha, seeks to fill this gap. It has been debated for over two years and should be passed by Parliament in the budget session. [IV]

India is in the midst of rapid urbanization and urban population is expected to more than double to about 900 million over the next three decades. Unfortunately, even the current population does not have adequate housing. A government estimate in 2012 put the shortage at nearly 19 million units. If this shortage is to be alleviated quickly, India's messy real estate sector needs reforms.

The real estate bill seeks to set standards for contracts between buyers and sellers. Transparency, a rare commodity in real estate, is enforced as promoters have to upload project details on the regulators' website. Importantly, standard definitions of terms mean that buyers will not feel cheated after taking possession of a house. In order to protect buyers who pay upfront, a part of the money collected for a real estate project is ring-fenced in a separate bank account. Also, given the uncertainty, which exists in India on land titles, the real estate bill provides title insurance. This bill has been scrutinized by two parliamentary committees and its passage now brooks no delay.

This bill is an important step in cleaning up the real estate market, but the journey should not end with it. State governments play a significant role in real estate and they are often the source of problems. Some estimates suggest that real estate developers have to seek approvals of as many as 40 central and state departments, which lead to delays and an escalation in the cost of houses. Sensibly, NDA government's project to provide universal urban housing forces states to institute reforms to access central funding.

**Without real estate reforms at the level of states, it will not be possible to meet the ambition of making housing accessible for all urban dwellers.**

**Question 31.** Where in paragraph I does the following sentence best fit?

**Buying a house is the single largest financial investment an individual makes.**

A. [I]

B. [II]

C. [III]

D. [IV]

**Question 32:** What is the main idea of the passage?

A. The obstacles and resolutions to India's real estate market.

B. The urban dweller's inaccessibility to housing

C. The need for urgent reform in housing distribution.

D. The lack of housing in India.

**Question 33.** According to the passage, which of the following is the pending in Rajya Sabha?

A. NDA government's new scheme      B. Universal rural housing programme

C. Real estate bill      D. Universal urban housing programme

**Question 34.** Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Current population does not have adequate housing in India.

B. India's real estate sector needs reforms.

C. Real state bill has been scrutinized by two parliamentary committees.

D. Urban population is expected to more than double to about 850 million over the next three decades.

**Question 35.** According to the passage, what is the source of problem in real estate?

A. Buyers and sellers

B. Central governments

C. Market money makers

D. State governments

**Question 36.** The word *debated* in the first paragraph is OPPOSITE in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_.

A. approved

B. deaden

C. diminished

D. relieved

**Question 37.** The word *possession* in the third paragraph refers to\_\_\_\_\_.

A. lease

B. need

C. proprietary rights

D. renting

**Question 38.** The word *escalation* in the forth paragraph refers to\_\_\_\_\_.

A. decrease

B. growth

C. reduction

D. sustainability

**Question 39.** Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?

**Without real estate reforms at the level of states, it will not be possible to meet the ambition of making housing accessible for all urban dwellers.**

A. Real estate will innovate if it meets the requirement of building all urban dwellers' houses .

B. To meet the ambition of making housing accessible for all urban dwellers, real estate has to reform

C. The ambition of making housing accessible for all urban dwellers can carry out thanks to real estate reforms at the level of states

D. Real estate reforms at the level of states prevents making housing accessible for all urban dwellers

**Question 40:** Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

A. buying house is not a single largest individual investment

B. in India, no one depends on laws for justice

C. the real estate bill does not provide title insurance

D. urbanization in India has increased rapidly

\_\_\_\_\_The end\_\_\_\_\_