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| **SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO****VĨNH LONG****ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC***(Đề thi có 3 trang)* | **ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPTNĂM HỌC 2022-2023**Môn thi: **Tiếng Anh**Ngày thi: **04.06.2022**Thời gian làm bài: **60 phút** *(Không kể thời gian giao đề)* |

***Chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau:***

**1.** I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here in my uncle’s farm only for 3 days.

**A.** was **B.** were **C.** has been **D.** have been

**2.** I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English speaking club last week. It’s great fun.

**A.** join **B.** was join **C.** am join **D.** joined

**3.** It is hopeful that the pollution problems will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ soon.

**A.** be solve **B.** solved **C.** be solved **D.** solves

**4.** You don’t like that shirt, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you?

**A.** won’t **B.** don’t **C.** will **D.** do

**5.** To save money, I buy clothes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are on sale.

**A.** they **B.** it **C.** who **D.** which

**6.** I don’t mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to e-mails unless they are junk mails.

**A.** to reply **B.** reply **C.** replying **D.** replied

**7.** We need cars to travel; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we can walk or bike to reduce air pollution.

**A.** however **B.** therefore **C.** because **D.** so

**8.** He said that he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ very happy to see me.

**A.** will be **B.** is **C.** was **D.** be

**9.** This hot weather is going \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ until the end of the month!

**A.** out **B.** off **C.** for **D.** on

**10.** The road to my uncle’s farm is so bad. If it were in better condition, the trip \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ faster.

**A.** will be **B.** would be **C.** is **D.** was

**11.** How much time do you spend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the web a day?

**A.** going **B.** sailing **C.** flying **D.** surfing

**12.** I am very happy to accept your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** invite **B.** invites **C.** invitation **D.** invited

**13.** The party was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ organized.

**A.** caring **B.** cares **C.** careful **D.** carefully

**14.** Much of the town was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the earthquake.

**A.** grown **B.** rained **C.** erupted **D.** destroyed

**15.** Do you think that life \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on otherplanets outside our earth?

**A.** orbits **B.** consists **C.** exists **D.** captures

**16.** It is useful to learn a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_language.

**A.** outside **B.** abroad **C.** mother **D.** foreign

***Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có trọng âm chính nhấn vào âm tiết có vị trí khác với ba từ còn lại.***

**17.** **A.** temple **B.** peaceful **C.** clothing **D.** improve

**18.** **A.** tradition **B.** celebrate **C.** regional **D.** tropical

***Chọn từ (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với ba từ còn lại.***

**19. A.** p**e**n **B.** l**e**nd **C.** lab**e**l **D.** **e**mpty

**20. A.** visit**ed** **B.** need**ed** **C.** look**ed** **D.** rest**ed**

***Đọc kỹ đoạn văn và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống.***

**The Two Festivals**

Tet or Lunar New Year is a festival which occurs (**21**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ late January or early February. It is a time for families to clean and decorate their homes, (**22**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ enjoy special food such as sticky rice cakes. Family members (**23**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ live apart try to be together at Tet.

Passover is (**24**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Israel and by all Jewish people. On this festival, people celebrate freedom from slavery. Passover is also an ancient spring festival. On the first and second nights of Passover, Jewish families eat a special (**25**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ called the Seder.

**21.** **A.** on **B.** in **C.** at **D.** to

**22.** **A.** and **B.** but **C.** however **D.** so

**23.** **A.** whom **B.** which **C.** who **D.** they

**24.** **A.** celebrated **B.** celebrating **C.** celebration **D.** celebrates

**25.** **A.** evening **B.** birthday **C.** wedding **D.** meal

***Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/cụm từ có gạch chân cần phải sửa***

**26.** Last week, one of my classmates invited us to join his family on a day travel to the see.

**A.** one of my **B.** invited **C.** his **D.** travel

**27.** Students which are encouraged by the teacher often work harder.

**A.** which **B.** encouraged **C.** often work **D.** harder

**28.** Since this book was first published on 2006, over 50,000 copies have been sold.

**A.** was first **B.** on **C.** copies **D.** been sold

**29.** The new camera didn’t work, but I took it back to the shop.

**A.** didn’t **B.** but **C.** it **D.** to

***Đọc kĩ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (ứng với A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu hỏi.***

‘Bollywood’, which is the name of the film industry in Mumbai, India, makes almost 1,000 films a year. Since making its first film in 1913, Bollywood has made over 29,000 films. This is a much higher number than the USA and means it is the biggest film industry in the world. Most Indians like watching films better than any other free-time activity and ten million of **them** go to the cinema everyday. Bollywood films tell romantic love stories and singing and dancing are an important part of every film. Indian films are also enjoyed outside India. Last Bollywood made over $500 million by selling its films to other countries.

Indian actors make more films each year than American actors inHollywood but they are not paid as much. This is why most Bollywood films only cost about $2 million to make. Hollywood film is never made for under $5 million.

Most Bollywood actors are young. They work hard but only for a few years. Amitabh Bachman, who some people say is India’s greatest actor, is different. He has been the star of more than 140 films during an acting career for almost 40 years.

**30.** What is the best title for this text?

**A.** Amitabh Bachman, India’s Greatest Actor

**B.** Watching Films, the Most Popular Free-time Activity

**C.** Bollywood, the Biggest Film Industry in the World

**D.** The Cost of Making a Bollywood Film

**31.** Which of the following is NOT true according to the text?

**A.** Going to the cinema is most Indians’ favorite hobby

**B.** Since 1913, Bollywood has made just under 29,000 films.

**C.** A lot more films are made in India than in the USA

**D.** The Indian film industry is called Bollywood.

**32.** What can be inferred from the text?

**A.** Bollywood film producers don’t sell their films outside India.

**B.** Dancing and singing are important in a few Bollywood films.

**C.** Most Bollywood actors work in films until they are quite old.

**D.** Films are cheaper to make in Bollywood than in Hollywood

**33.** The word **“them”** in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** Indians **B.** Americans **C.** industries **D.** activities

**34.** The word **“career”** in the last paragraph can be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** teaching **B.** singing **C.** job **D.** cinema

***Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với câu có nghĩa gần nhất với mỗi câu cho sẵn sau đây.***

**35.** “I read a book per month.” He said.

**A.** He said I read a book per month.

**B.** He said he is reading a book per month.

**C.** He said that he read a book per month.

**D.** He said I was read a book per month.

**36.** They sell jeans all over the world.

**A.** Jeans are sold all over the world.

**B.** All over the world jeans are sell.

**C.** Jeans are sell all over the world.

**D.** All over the world they are sold jeans.

***Chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành các câu sau.***

**37.** I can’t finish my homework in all this noise. I wish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** you would turn on the TV

**B.** the TV would turn on

**C.** you would turn off the TV

**D.** the TV will turn off

**38.** You can’t fit in that shirt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** unless you lose some weigh

**B.** unless you won’t lose some weight

**C.** you not lose any weight

**D.** if you won’t lose some weight

***Chọn phương án đúng nhất cho các tình huống giao tiếp sau.***

**39.** Kent: “What country are you from?” – Haru “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** I’m Haru **B.** I’m from Japan **C.** I’m fine **D.** Thank you

**40.** Maria: “Could you do the washing up, please?”

 Kent: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I don’t have anything else to do”

**A.** No problem **B.** I’m sorry **C.** I’m afraid not **D.** Nothing special