## UBND TỈNH HẢI DƯƠNG SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 05 trang)

## KHẢO SÁT CHẤT LƯỢNG HỌC SINH LỚP 12, LẦN 1 NĂM HỌC 2023-2024

Bài thi môn: TIẾNG ANH

(Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề)

			Mã đề: 419
Họ và tên thí sinh:			
Số báo danh:			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or L from the other three in pro	•		rd whose underlined part differs ions.
Question 1: A. miss	B. bite	C. find	<b>D.</b> dr <u>i</u> ve
Question 2: A. thick	<b>B.</b> <u>th</u> ank	C. though	<b>D.</b> thing
	•		word that differs from the other
three in the position of stres	• •	~ -	_
Question 3: A. discuss			D. attract
Question 4: A. confidence	<b>B.</b> interview	C. relation	<b>D.</b> instrument
	D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the	e correct answer to each of the
following questions.			
- ·	1 0	nost of their free t	time in front of the television or
computer, Encourage	ge them to read.	n : :::: 41 1	1
A. curb it in the shoot		<b>B.</b> nip it in the bu	
C. clip it in the bloom		<b>D.</b> check it in the	
Question 6: The teacher said	d that I had worked	than anyone e	lse in class.
A. hardest	<b>B.</b> harder		<b>D.</b> more hard
<b>Question 7:</b> When I got to t			
A. are dancing		•	<b>D.</b> have danced
<b>Question 8:</b> What did you h			
<b>A.</b> a	<b>B.</b> Ø (No article)		
Question 9: The electricity	will be for 10 n	ninutes while the w	orkmen test the circuit.
A. going on	<b>B.</b> putting on	C. putting off	<b>D.</b> going off
Question 10: Nam didn't go	to school yesterday, _	?	
A. did he	<b>B.</b> does he	C. has he	<b>D.</b> was he
Question 11: Our teacher al	ways tells us to practise	e English e	very day.
A. to listen	<b>B.</b> to listening	C. listen	<b>D.</b> listening
Question 12: With so many	y areas of woodland be	eing cut down, a lo	ot of wildlife is losing its natural
·			
A. settlement	<b>B.</b> habitat	C. beauty	<b>D.</b> protection
<b>Question 13:</b> The second-2015.	hand car that my fathe	er bought was aln	nost new although it was made
<b>A.</b> at	<b>B.</b> on	C. by	<b>D.</b> in
		•	a clear-sighted of the
company's future.	a saccessiai icaaci,	you should have	u elear signica or the
A. view	<b>B.</b> vision	C. glance	<b>D.</b> eye
		-	by Michael Jackson during his
remarkable solo career.	2121, 21 <b>2 (21)</b> 5111		-, -: tuenden daning ind
A. which performed	<b>B.</b> to perform	C. performed	<b>D.</b> performing

<b>Question 16:</b> Ms. Thuy will	I charge of the	advertising for the pla	ıy.		
<b>A.</b> do	<b>B.</b> get	C. make	<b>D.</b> take		
Question 17: Trees and flo					
A. have watered					
Question 18: Our friends _					
A. had prepared					
			ways of thinking and creative		
solutions to difficult proble					
<b>A.</b> diverse	<b>B.</b> diversely	C. diversity	<b>D.</b> diversify		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer she	eet to indicate the sent	tence that best completes each		
of the following exchanges					
Question 20: Mrs. Van and		-	skills at school.		
- Mrs. Van: "Some soft ski	•				
- Mr. Phuong: "	They are necessa	ry for them."			
A. You're welcome	<b>B.</b> I agree with you	C. I don't either	<b>D.</b> You're quite wrong		
Question 21: Two friends .	ane and Anne are talk	ing about Anne's new	hairstyle.		
- Jane: "You look so impres	ssive and attractive wit	h your new hairstyle!"			
- Anne: " I t	hink it makes me look	10 years older."			
A. You've got be kiddin					
<ul><li>A. You've got be kidding</li><li>C. You can say that again</li></ul>		<b>D.</b> Anything will do			
Mark the letter A R C or	D on vour answer sh	aget to indicate the wo	ord OPPOSITE in meaning to		
the underlined word(s) in e	•		Tu OII OSIIL in meaning to		
* *			anxiety was rising to almost		
unbearable limits.	iliai examination con	illig very soon ills <u>a</u>	maxiety was rising to annost		
A. pressure	D haradam	Camfidanaa	D approbancian		
Question 23: He was too w					
A. full of sincerity	et bemind the ears to				
•		<ul><li>B. full of experience</li><li>D. lack of responsibility</li></ul>			
C. without money		D. lack of responsit	onity		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		d(s) CLOSEST in meaning to		
the underlined word in eac	h of the following que	estions.			
Question 24: Don't be afr	aid to talk the problen	n over with him becau	ise he is a very approachable		
man.					
A. polite	B. confident	C. rude	<b>D.</b> friendly		
Question 25: The state gov	ernment is determined	to <b>tackle</b> the problem	of poverty in the inner cities.		
<b>A.</b> solve	<b>B.</b> encounter	C. cause	<b>D.</b> pose		
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answe	r sheet to indicate th	he sentence that is closest in		
meaning to each of the following	owing questions.				
Question 26: We last visite	d our uncle two years	ago.			
A. We have two years to	visit our uncle.	<b>B.</b> We didn't visit o	our uncle two years ago.		
C. We have visited our u	The have visited our uncle for two years. <b>D.</b> We haven't visited our uncle for two years.		ed our uncle for two years.		
Question 27: It's possible t	hat the weather will be	better next week.			
<b>A.</b> The weather should b	e better next week.	<b>B.</b> The weather nee	eds to be better next week.		
C. The weather may be l	oetter next week.		st be better next week.		
Question 28: "The Bidens					
A. He said that the Bider	-	• •			
<b>B.</b> He said that the Bider	_	* *			
	_				

<b>C.</b> He said that the Bidens <b>D.</b> He said that the Bidens	•	• •	
	•	sheet to indicate t	the underlined part that needs
correction in each of the foll	~ -		
	-	ito masculinity wei	re <u>published</u> this week and they
make for <u>illuminating</u> reading		~	
*	<b>B.</b> illuminating	C. exhausting	<b>D.</b> masculinity
Question 30: I have gone to s		_	
C	<b>B.</b> home	C. but	D. see
·	ng the causes of global	warming, scientist	ts worked out some solutions to
reduce their effects.			
A. some	<b>B.</b> identifying	C. their	<b>D.</b> of
Mark the letter A, B, C, or L	on your answer shee	t to indicate the se	ntence that best combines each
pair of sentences in the follo	wing questions.		
Question 32: She received th	e IELTS exam result. S	She immediately ph	oned her family.
A. She received the IELTS	S exam result as soon as	s she phoned her fa	mily.
<b>B.</b> No sooner had she phor	ned her family than she	received the IELT	S exam result.
C. Scarcely had she receiv	ed the IELTS exam res	sult when she phone	ed her family.
<b>D.</b> She immediately phone	ed her family that she w	ould receive the IE	LTS exam result.
Question 33: The weather is	•		
A. I have to cancel my trip	-	• •	_
<b>B.</b> If it weren't for the goo		_	
C. I wish the weather were		• •	_
<b>D.</b> If only the weather were	· ·	•	•
•		•	
		•	ur answer sheet to indicate the
correct word or phrase that b	•	•	
_			artphone is undoubtedly a great
			s depending on your needs. For
÷	•	•	r door, and even some of these
(35) have a small came			
			ation of energy more efficiently
thanks to some smart devices	s. (36) application	ons, such as Google	e's voice assistant, allow you to
control your Smart Home in a	n more organized way,	as long as they are	connected.
(37), there are also	some risks related to S	Smart Homes. Like	any device that connects to the
Internet, there is a possibility	y that it may be hacked	d; this becomes a	very determining factor when it
comes to protecting your sec	urity and the personal	information (38)	is hosted on your network.
They may even be able to acc			
Question 34: A. fulfill	<b>B.</b> choose	C. interrupt	<b>D.</b> divide
Question 35: A. materials	<b>B.</b> discoveries	C. positions	<b>D.</b> devices

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.

**B.** Much

**B.** where

**B.** However

**Question 36: A.** Others

Question 38: A. whose

Question 37: A. For example

C. Another

C. who

**C.** Otherwise

Australians place a high value on independence and personal choice. This means that a teacher or course tutor will not tell students what to do, but will give them a number of options and suggest **they** 

**D.** Other

**D.** that

**D.** Therefore

work out which one is the best in their circumstances. It also means that they are expected to take action if something goes wrong and seek out resources and support for themselves.

Australians are also prepared to accept a range of opinions rather than believing there is one truth. This means that in an educational setting, students will be expected to form their own opinions and defend the reasons for that point of view and the evidence for it.

Australians are uncomfortable with differences in status and hence idealise the idea of treating everyone equally. An illustration of this is that most adult Australians call each other by their first names. This concern with equality means that Australians are uncomfortable taking anything too seriously and are even ready to joke about themselves.

Australians believe that life should have a balance between work and leisure time. As a consequence, some students may be **critical** of others who they perceive as doing nothing but study. Australian notions of privacy mean that areas such as financial matters, appearance and relationships are only discussed with close friends. While people may volunteer such information, they may resent someone actually asking them unless the friendship is firmly established. Even then, it is considered very impolite to ask someone what they earn.

**Question 39:** Which best serves as the title for the passage?

Question 37.	willen dest serves as the title for the	passage:	
A. Australia	n culture	<b>B.</b> Australian ed	lucation
C. Balancin	g Work and Leisure in Australia	<b>D.</b> Things to do in Australia	
Question 40:	The word <u>they</u> in paragraph 1 refers	to	
A. students	B. teachers	C. options	<b>D.</b> Australians
Question 41:	In paragraph 3, most adult Austra	alians call each of	ther by their first names because

A. they idealize differences in status

**B.** they are ready to joke about themselves

C. they prefer informality and equality

**D.** they are uncomfortable with opinions

**Question 42:** The word <u>critical</u> in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. complimentary

**B.** faultfinding

C. appreciative

D. ashamed

**Question 43:** Which of the following is NOT true, according to the passage?

**A.** Asking someone what they earn is considered fairly polite.

**B.** Australians are prepared to accept a range of opinions.

C. A teacher or course tutor will not tell students what to do.

**D.** Students in Australia will be expected to form their own opinions.

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

Scientists have identified two ways in which species disappear. The first is through ordinary or "background" extinctions, where species that fail to adapt are slowly replaced by more adaptable life forms. The second is when large numbers of species go to the wall in relatively short periods of biological time. There have been five such extinctions, each provoked by cataclysmic evolutionary events caused by some geological eruption, climate shift, or space junk slamming into the Earth. Scientists now believe that another mass extinction of species is currently under way – and this time human fingerprints are on the trigger.

How are we doing it? Simply by demanding more and more space for ourselves. In our <u>assault</u> on the ecosystems around us we have used a number of tools, from spear and gun to bulldozer and chainsaw. Certain especially rich ecosystems have proved the most vulnerable. In Hawaii more than half of the native birds are now gone – some 50 species. Such carnage has taken place all across the island communities of the Pacific and Indian oceans. While many species were hunted to extinction,

**others** simply succumbed to die to the "introduced predators' that humans brought with them: the cat, the dog, the pig, and the rat.

Today the tempo of extinction is picking up speed. Hunting is no longer the major culprit, although rare birds and animals continue to be butchered for their skin, feathers, tusks, and internal organs, or taken as savage pets. Today the main threat comes from the destruction of the habitat of wild plants, animals, and insects need to survive. The draining and damming of wetland and river courses threaten the aquatic food chain and our own seafood industry. Overfishing and the destruction of fragile coral reefs destroy ocean biodiversity. Deforestation is taking a staggering toll, particularly in the tropics where the most global biodiversity is at risk. The **shrinking** rainforest cover of the Congo and Amazon river basins and such places as Borneo and Madagascar have a wealth of species per hectare existing nowhere else. As those precious hectares are drowned or turned into arid pasture and cropland, such species disappear forever.

1			1 1 /
species disappear forever.			
Question 44: What does the	ne passage mainly of	discuss?	
<b>A.</b> The tempo of extincti	ion of species today	ý	
<b>B.</b> Deforestation as a ma	ijor cause of mass e	extinctions of species	
C. Human activity and in	ts impact on a mass	s extinction of species	
<b>D.</b> The two ways in which	ch species disappea	nr	
Question 45: The word as	<u>sault</u> in paragraph	2 is closest in meaning to	•
A. development	B. attack	C. effort	<b>D.</b> influence
Question 46: All of the fo	llowing are mention	ned as a form of habitat de	estruction EXCEPT
A. hunting rare birds and	d animals	B. cutting down for	rests
C. destroying coral reefs	<b>D.</b> damming wet	lands and rivers	
Question 47: The word ot			
A. Indian oceans	<b>B.</b> species	C. native birds	<b>D.</b> communities
Question 48: Which is	no longer conside	ered a major cause of th	e mass extinction under way
currently?			
<b>A.</b> the destruction of hab	pitats of species		
<b>B.</b> the killing of animals	• •		
<b>C.</b> the shrinking of rainf	orests in the tropics	8	
<b>D.</b> the building of dams			
Question 49: The word sh	<b>rinking</b> in paragra	-	
A. becoming smaller		<b>B.</b> relating to biodiversity	
C. being exploited		<b>D.</b> becoming richer	•
Question 50: It can be infe	•	· ——	
A. it's impossible for sci	lentists to identify t	the causes of mass extinction	ons of species
		rom the other five in that is	•
_	_	that speeds up the extinction	-
<b>D.</b> habitat destruction m	akes a minor contri	bution to the current mass	extinction of species
	====	<i>THE END</i> =====	