# TRƯỜNG THCS&THPT NGUYỄN BỈNH KHIỆM - CẦU GIẤY

-----(Đề thi có 4 trang)

# ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KÌ I - KHÓI 12 NĂM HỌC 2025 - 2026 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 50 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

Họ và tên:			Số báo danh:		Mã đề 1114	
	owing advertisement and e numbered blanks.		·		•	
	The Inspiring Liv	ves Exhibition – Celebr	ating Remarkable Fig	ures of Histor	<b>y!</b>	
shouldn't miss	ionate about learning fi s! This special program : nd social progress. Visi	is designed to honor inf	luential figures (1)	extraord	linary contributions to	
vou're (3)	in famous invent	tors, respected leaders,	or talented artists, the ex	xhibition helps	s bring their stories to	
life. Guided to who want (5)	ours are available daily, more about	and visitors can be drop	pped (4) near	each themed z	zone. Perfect for thos	
experience.  Ouestion 1	A. making	R made	C. was made	D. make		
Question 2.	_	B. discover				
Question 3.		R interesting	C. interested			
Question 4.	A. on	B. off	C. to	<b>D.</b> about		
Question 5.		B. learned				
Question 6.			C. meaningful highly		highly	
Question o.	74. Inginy meaningrai	<b>D.</b> meaningramy mgn	C. meaningful ingiliy	D. meaning	inginy	
Read the follo				ndicate the op	tion that best fits each	
		Cultural festival guide	•			
Discover Glo	nulticultural celebration bal Traditions	•				
	njoy activities hosted by			ique customs o	of each community.	
	re free, (7) soi	me special workshops m	nay require registration.			
Navigate the						
Please (8)	the event map to av	void (9) the w	rong sections.			
	rience the festival, consid	der joining a tour guided	by local volunteers.			
Taste the Wo		. 1 11				
	foods, avoid (10)					
	ole bottle to reduce waste		(11) of culture	es.		
Question 7	gain a deeper (12) <b>A.</b> and	<b>B.</b> despite	C. because	D evcent		
_	A. focus in	D. despite  D. may attention to	C. because	D. be except	a <b>h</b> aut	
			_			
Question 9.	A. getting over	<b>B.</b> getting down	C. getting away	<b>D.</b> getting to		
Question 10.	A. almost	B. some	C. a lot	<b>D.</b> every		
Question 11.	A. variety	<b>B.</b> quality	C. amount	<b>D.</b> dozen		
Question 12.	A. understanding	B. respect	C. value	<b>D.</b> information	on	
Mark the lette	er A, B, C or D to indicat	te the best arrangement	of utterances or senten	ces to make a	meaningful exchang	
	h of the following questi					
-	a) First, reducing plastic	<u> </u>	ecrease pollution.			
	nare some simple tips for	greener living.				
c) Dear Tom,						
	porting eco-friendly bra		ent.			
	l steps can make a big di	tterence.				
f) Yours, Davi						
	erving water helps protec	natural resources.	Reabdasf			
A. $c - b - a - g - d - e - f$ C. $b - g - c - a - d - e - f$			<b>B.</b> $c - a - b - d - g - e - f$			
$\mathbf{U}$ . $\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{g} - \mathbf{e}$	c - a - a - e - I		<b>D.</b> $c - b - d - a - g - e$	— I		

**Question 14. a)** This effort not only enhances the efficiency of government services but also encourages citizens to engage more actively with digital platforms.

- **b)** As businesses increasingly adopt digital technologies, they can improve their competitiveness and contribute to overall economic growth in the country.
- c) In conclusion, Vietnam's digital transformation journey is vital for fostering innovation and ensuring sustainable development in the years to come.
- **d)** Furthermore, investing in technology infrastructure and digital skills training is crucial for ensuring that the workforce is prepared for the demands of a rapidly evolving digital economy.
- e) In recent years, Vietnam has made significant strides in digital transformation, with the government aiming for 70% of public services to be accessible online by 2025.

$$A \cdot d - b - e - a - c$$

**B.** 
$$d - b - a - c - e$$

**C.** 
$$b - e - a - c - d$$

**D.** 
$$e - a - d - b - c$$

Question 15. a) Mark: That must have been an unforgettable moment!

- **b)** Mark: I finally got the chance to meet my role model yesterday.
- c) Alice: Wow! How did it go?

$$\mathbf{A.} \mathbf{c} - \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$$

**B.** 
$$b - c - a$$

$$\mathbf{C}$$
.  $\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{c}$ 

**D.** 
$$a - b - c$$

Question 16. a) Alice: Yes, I joined a cooking class to learn traditional dishes.

- **b)** Mark: Really? Which activity did you enjoy the most?
- c) Mark: Did you have fun at the multicultural fair?
- d) Mark: Sounds amazing!
- e) Alice: Definitely! I loved how diverse it was.

**A.** 
$$c - b - a - e - d$$

**B.** 
$$e - c - b - a - d$$

**C.** 
$$c - b - e - a - d$$

**D.** 
$$c - e - b - a - d$$

Question 17. a) However, this rapid change also creates challenges.

- b) Urbanization has transformed many countries.
- c) As more people move to cities, access to education improves.
- **d)** To address these issues, governments must plan.
- e) Therefore, cities must balance growth with quality of life.

**A.** 
$$b - c - a - e - d$$

**B.** 
$$b - c - e - a - d$$

**C.** 
$$b - a - c - d - e$$

**D.** 
$$a - b - c - e - d$$

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

## **URBANISATION**

Urbanisation is increasing quickly, and although it presents challenges, it also offers many advantages. (18)\_\_\_\_\_, they gain access to better services, education, and employment opportunities (19)\_\_\_\_.

City growth normally occurs through planned projects. Public facilities (20) to support transportation, housing, and

essential services, making urban life more convenient and efficient.

(21) urban areas provide a direct pathway to diverse careers and modern lifestyles. This combination of improved

(21)\_\_\_\_\_, urban areas provide a direct pathway to diverse careers and modern lifestyles. This combination of improved services and wider opportunities equips individuals (22)\_\_\_\_\_ they need to adapt and succeed in fast-growing cities.

## Question 18.

- A. Because of people move from rural areas to cities
- **B.** In spite of moving to cities from rural areas
- C. Not only people move from rural areas
- **D.** As people move from rural areas to cities

### **Question 19.**

- **A.** though supportive development of people and economy
- **B.** that support personal and economic development
- C. when they support personal and economic development
- **D.** which personal and economic development are supported

**Question 20.** A. can develop

**B.** are developed

**C.** Have developed

**D.** is developing

### Question 21.

- **A.** When it comes to rural environments
- **B.** Unlike rural environments
- C. Like rural environments
- **D.** Take rural environments as an example

## **Question 22.**

- **A.** with the skills and conditions
- **B.** for the skills and conditions
- **C.** for fear of skills and conditions
- **D.** who is in need of skills and conditions

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Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

Water is one of the most essential resources on our planet, crucial for all forms of life. However, increasing demand and pollution are putting immense pressure on our freshwater supplies. According to recent studies, nearly 2 billion people worldwide live in countries experiencing high water stress, leading to a decline in the availability of **this precious resource**. This situation not only affects drinking water but also agriculture, sanitation, and energy production.

The primary causes of water scarcity include population growth, urbanization, and climate change. <u>As cities expand, the demand for water increases significantly</u>. Moreover, agricultural practices that rely heavily on water are becoming unsustainable in many regions. Climate change further exacerbates these issues, causing <u>unpredictable</u> weather patterns and extreme droughts, which reduce water availability.

In response to this growing crisis, everyone must prioritize water conservation. Simple actions, such as fixing leaks, using water-efficient appliances, and practicing mindful consumption, can make a <u>significant</u> difference. Additionally, implementing policies that promote sustainable water management and investing in technologies for water recycling can help mitigate the impacts of water scarcity.

Despite these efforts, the challenges remain substantial. It is crucial that we recognize the importance of conserving water and take immediate steps to protect this vital resource for future generations.

Question 23. The phrase	this precious resource" in	paragraph I refers to					
A. availability	<b>B.</b> pressure	C. water	<b>D.</b> planet				
Question 24. The word "unpredictable" in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by							
A. steady	<b>B.</b> regular	C. unforeseeable	<b>D.</b> reliable				
Question 25. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as an action to conserve water in the passage?							
A. reusing containers		<b>B.</b> using appliances	C 11				
C. practicing mindful	consumption	<b>D.</b> fixing leaks	<b>D.</b> fixing leaks				
Question 26. According	to the passage, which of the	following is TRUE about water'	?				
A. Climate change helps make water resources more stable and predictable.							
<b>B.</b> Water scarcity only affects drinking water and does not impact other sectors like agriculture or energy.							
C. Most countries around the world currently have more than enough freshwater to meet all their needs.							
<b>D.</b> Water is essential	for life, and increasing demai	nd and pollution are putting hear	yy pressure on global freshwater				
sources.							
Question 27. Which of t	he following best paraphrase	s the underlined sentence in para	agraph 2?				
A. As cities grow larger, the need for water drops instead of rising.							
<b>B.</b> As cities continue to expand, the demand for water increases in a way that is considered unfavorable.							
C. The expansion of cities leads to a substantial rise in water consumption.							
<b>D.</b> If urban areas develop, water becomes less essential for daily life.							
Question 28. The word "significant" in paragraph 3 is OPPOSITE in meaning to							
A. principal	<b>B.</b> substantial	C. insignificant	<b>D.</b> crucial				
Question 29. In which p	aragraph does the writer men	tion the ways people do to cons	erve water?				
A. Paragraph 1	<b>B.</b> Paragraph 3	C. Paragraph 4	<b>D.</b> Paragraph 2				
<b>Question 30.</b> In which p	aragraph does the writer poir	nt out the number of people who	undergo water scarcity?				
A. Paragraph 1	<b>B.</b> Paragraph 2	C. Paragraph 4	<b>D.</b> Paragraph 3				

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

#### TRAVELING TO WORK

If you were going to choose a job that involves travel, what would be your first choice? There are many jobs available today that give people opportunities to travel. [I]

Being an au pair is an excellent way to not only go to different countries, but to live in different places around the world and really get a feel for the culture. Au pairs live with the families they are placed with and take care of children. Many parents include au pairs in family events and vacations, so they experience many aspects of the new culture while on the job. [II] However, many of the activities are centered around the children, so they may not get to experience many things that interest adults.

[III] For people who want a bit more freedom working abroad, being an English teacher may be a good choice. There are English teaching jobs in almost all countries in the world. People teaching English in other countries often have a chance to travel on the weekends around the country. One <u>drawback</u> is that many teachers often wind up hanging out with other English teachers, and they don't have time to learn the country's language. [IV]

The nickname "roadie" implies that this job involves life on the road. Roadies are people who work and travel with bands and provide technical support. Roadies can be lighting and stage crew who set up the stage and break it down before and after events. They can also be technicians helping band members with their instruments. International tours take a band's

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crew to cities around the world, often requiring air travel. However, the crew doesn't get much time off, so they may travel to several countries without seeing much besides concert venues and hotels.

Similarly, flight attendants often travel to cities around the world, but <u>they</u> don't see much besides the inside of airplanes and hotels. <u>However, when they do have time off, they can often fly at no cost, and family members can sometimes fly free as well.</u> It is widely thought that a flight attendant job is <u>glamorous</u>, but flight attendants must deal with travel hassles, as well as security issues.

All jobs have advantages and disadvantages whether or not you travel for work, so if you have the travel bug, keep these jobs in mind for the future.

Question 31. Where in this passage does the following sentence best fit?

"Although many traveling careers sound fantastic, they also have disadvantages."

**A.** [III]

**B.** [IV]

**C.** [II]

**D.** [I]

Question 32. The word "drawback" in paragraph 3 could be best replaced by:

A. flaw

**B.** strength

C. merit

D. advantage

Question 33. The phrase "they" in paragraph 5 refers to:

A. cities

**B.** hotel

C. airplanes

**D.** flight attendants

Question 34. The phrase "glamorous" in paragraph 5 is OPPOSITE in meaning to:

A. complex

**B.** attractive

C. simple

**D.** magnificent

Question 35. According to paragraph 4, which of the following is NOT a feature of "roadie"?

- **A.** Certain roadies assist musicians by taking care of their instruments.
- **B.** Roadies travel with bands and provide support for their technical needs.
- C. Roadies usually have plenty of free time to explore the cities they visit.
- **D.** Some roadies work as stage and lighting crew, assembling and dismantling the stage.

Question 36. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 2?

- A. Being an au pair lets you live with a host family abroad and experience their culture through childcare.
- **B.** Being an au pair mainly focuses on exploring adult hobbies and interests abroad.
- C. The job of an au pair rarely involves spending time with the host family.
- **D.** Au pairs usually live alone while working in a foreign country.

Question 37. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Flight attendants always spend most of their time sightseeing rather than working on airplanes and in hotels.
- **B.** Au pairs mainly focus on adult activities and rarely take care of children.
- C. All travel-related jobs give workers plenty of free time to explore new cities.
- **D.** Some jobs let people travel while working, each with different advantages and limits.

**Question 38.** Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined part in paragraph 5?

- A. Flight attendants always have to pay for all their flights, even on days off.
- **B.** Flight attendants can only fly free on international flights, not domestic ones.
- C. Flight attendants can often travel for free during their time off, and sometimes their family members can too.
- **D.** Flight attendants and their families are never allowed to fly for free, even on personal trips.

Question 39. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. All travel-related jobs guarantee cultural immersion and personal freedom for the worker.
- **B.** Au pairs and English teachers usually get enough free time to fully explore the local culture on their own.
- C. People who choose travel-related jobs may experience different aspects of a country depending on their role and responsibilities.
- **D.** Roadies and flight attendants often have the opportunity to see major tourist attractions in every city they visit.

**Question 40.** Which of the following best summarises the passage?

- A. Almost all travel-related jobs let workers fully experience the local culture and have plenty of free time.
- **B.** Many jobs, such as being an au pair, English teacher, roadie, or flight attendant, allow people to travel while working, each with its own benefits and limitations.
  - C. People in travel-related jobs rarely have responsibilities and mostly enjoy sightseeing.
  - **D.** Only certain jobs, like being an au pair or a flight attendant, give people the chance to travel while working.

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