# **ENGLISH PRACTICE 75**

### SECTION II: GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

PART 1: Choose the option (A,B,C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences. Write your answers in the numbered table below.

1.	Our country is a	rich nati	ural resour	rces.			
	A. of	<b>B.</b> with		C. about		Γ	). in
2.	The idea to	a visit to the	local cour	ncil reside	nce was welc	comed b	by all the visitors.
	A. pay	<b>B</b> . do		C. go		Γ	). walk
3.	In his anxiety to	o make himself	, he	spoke too	loudly and to	oo slow	ly.
		B. unders					
4.	for th	he fact that he was	working a	broad, he	would willing	gly hav	e helped with the
	project.						
	A. If it hadn't b	een <b>B</b> . If it ha	d been	C. Had it	been	Γ	D. Hadn't it been
5.	Some animals a	are on the	of becom	ning extino	ct.		
	A. edge	B. verge		C. side		Γ	). tip
6.	The play is very	y long but there are	three				•
		<b>B.</b> breaks				Γ	). naps
		complet					-
	A. got	<b>B</b> . went		C. was		Γ	<b>).</b> left
8.	Could I pick yo	our on the	e subject b	pefore the	meeting?		
	<b>A.</b> brains	B. head	v	C. intelle	ect	Γ	). mind
		to lend my brother					
		<b>B</b> . up					<b>).</b> down
		th the performance					
		helped <b>B</b> . helped				Γ	had helped
		n's speech was so					
		<b>B</b> . indiscr					
		und some other peo					-
		n <b>B</b> . team u					
	cha		•		C		
	A. John was de			<b>B.</b> It was	decided that	John s	hould
	C. There was d	ecided that John sh	ould	<b>D</b> . John l	nad been deci	ided to	
		it the problem but I					
	<b>A.</b> come in for	<b>B</b> . come a		C. come		Γ	come out
15	, the	ey slept soundly.			•		
		was the night air		<b>B</b> . Hot th	ough the nig	ht air w	/as
	C. Hot as was	•			though the n		
		S			C	C	
Wı	rite your answers	here:	1				
1.		2.	3.		4.		5.
6.		7.	8.		9.		10.
11		12.	13.		14.		15.

PART 2: Read the text below and think of the word that best fits each gap. Use only ONE word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0). Write your answers in the numbered table below.

			ere things you and your
			ir chance to express your
			is open to (3)
			an individual or
			ake any form – a piece of
writing, a picture, or e	ven architectural plans.	It is completely (5) _	to you. What we
are looking for is evide	ence ( <b>6</b> ) origi	inality, imagination and	, above (7), the
genuine views of youn	g people.		
By (8) part :	in this, you will help in	a study being carried o	ut at a leading university.
All work entered (9)	the competi	tion will be kept at th	e university and used in
research. Entries canno	ot be returned (10)	of this. But it a	lso means that, even (11)
you do no	ot win, your views w	rill still be heard and	will remain for future
educationalists to study	у.		
Entries must reach us	no ( <b>12</b> ) than	Friday 30 April. Wini	ners will receive valuable
	ipment and software fo		
Write your answers here			
0. it	1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.	7.
8.	9.	10.	11.
12.			

PART 3: Read the text below and look carefully at each line. Some of the lines are correct and some have a word which should not be there. If a line is correct, put a tick  $(\sqrt{})$ . If the line has a word that should not be there, write the word at the end of the line. There are two examples at the beginning.

0	Congratulations on winning of the tennis championship! You must be	of
00	very pleased, especially since the prize is quite a lot of money.	$\sqrt{}$
1	What are you going to spend it on? You could even buy a new car	
2	with all that money! You should have be in great shape after all the	
3	training you have been doing. It must be so very hard work, practising	
4	all those hours for every day but it is worth it in the end, isn't it?	
5	Perhaps you are thinking of going on holiday so that you can have	
6	a break from tennis and relax. Can you tell me exactly what is kind of	
7	tennis racket you chose for the competition? If I would get the same,	
8	it might help me to improve my game. Anyway, congratulations on	
9	your great victory! I'm still studying English every single day and the	
10	course has three months to go. I have moved house, as if you can see	
11	from my new address. Make sure you reply back to the right address!	
12	Your last letter went to my old address, but it wasn't by your fault	
13	because I hadn't told anyone who I had moved then. Did you know	

<ul><li>that I have had a job for t</li><li>four evenings a week. I li</li><li>o'clock in the morning, w</li></ul>				
	ense or form of the verbs in brace bered table below. (0) has been			
of ice, hundreds of metres thick last century, scientists (3) circumstances that brought it to More recently, people (4) place in our own time. During Africa, and frequent failures of summer for over a century, a records began. Could such even Even small changes in climate damaging effect on agriculture. cent of annual production, the venture of the control of the con	ope (0)(lie) (1)  c. Ever since this astonishing face(speculate) on the nature of an end(wonder) if climatic charges the early 1970s there (6) of Indian monsoon. In 1976, Europe as these be symptoms of a work that (8)(occur) from the world is extremely vulnerable (10) apportant for us to understand how	(discover) in the of the Ice Age climate, and the linges could (5)		
Write your answers here:  0. <i>lay</i>	1.	2.		
3.	4.	5.		
6.	7.	8.		
9.	10.			
<ul><li>sentences. Write your answer example.</li><li>0. She screamed for</li></ul>	CORD only which can be use s in the numbered table below and luckily someone heard her through such a difficult time	w. (0) has been done as an		
Thanks for all your through such a difficult time.  Practical is offered through our accommodation service to new students.  I get off at the next  The referee was forced to the game because of heavy snow.  Work has temporarily come to a while the funding in reviewed.				
2. Keep your on your work.  Do you have anyone in for this job?				
Don't her. She didn't mean what she said.  There is a little gift around the corner.  I do a weekly at the supermarket.  He didn't expect his own mother to him to the police.				
<b>4.</b> Everyone wished her the Jenny won the competiti	best of at university an on at her first attempt – perhaps is, we are capable of creations.	d hoped she would enjoyed it. t was beginner's!		
5. Politicians can abuse the	ir position of	ung our own good fortune.		

	The supply to o	our house was cut because of road	work.
		the to authorize this cha	
<b>6.</b>		redicted the huge impact of infor	
	No matter how advanced	d becomes, machine w	ill never be able to think like
	humans.		
	It's a waste of time for hi	umans to do tasks that modern	can do.
7.	She was struck by the suc	dden that he might alrea	idy have left.
	He dived in after her with	hout a second	
	It was once that	the sun traveled around the earth	1.
<b>8.</b>	Governments should give	e as much foreign as po	ssible to poorer countries.
	In certain circumstances	s, emergency in the fo	rm of money should be sent
	immediately.		
	The most successful long	g-term programmes enco	ourage self-help.
	e your answers here:		
0. <b>h</b>	elp	1.	2.
3.		4.	5.
6.		7.	8.
inter and (1)_ and (3)_ same or fl	rview. This will give you the answers live. It is also a in guiding you general (2) Just improvement in the reason that a (4) oating in your head. It only	to go through a te opportunity to try out your tect a chance to receive feedback towards improving your interview st one mock interview will result your interview skill. Why? For doesn't exist while it is still or wexists when you give it (5)	hnique that is w style BENEFIT Ilt in a PRESENT For the NOTICE n paper SPEAK ORAL
noth It is quest practof a Therewill your as you emp	the same with being interstion and say, 'Yeah, I know tise your answer live; this is mirror. Seek out a (6) n you will have two opinion find you get a completely deself than when you are was our voice always sounds diff will be glad the image is cloyer's mind. For maximur wers and go through a second	w the answer to that one.' You resolve the time to talk to yourself is and have the session videous — and have the session videous — the interview's and your own different (7) when listerate thing yourself saying something ferent on tape, so do your (8) captured on tape and not in a point effect, you should (9) ond mock interview. This should	ok at a need to n front otaped. PROFESSION n. You ning to IMPRESS g. Just RESPOND otential your VISIT
with	any (10) and $g$	ne real EASE	

Write your answers here

0. advisable	1.	2.
3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.
9.	10.	

# **SECTION III: READING (4 points)**

PART 1: Read the article below and decide which answer (A,B,C or D) best fits each gap. Write your answers in the numbered table below. There is an example at the beginning (0)

Write your unswers in the nur	nocicu iubic ociow.	There is an example	at the beginning (b).
Students and jobseekers keen t			
hope that voluntary work w (2) experience – per	and the ment (1)_	is (2)	owu. This chance to
	sonally and professi	onally – is (3)	on the wish-list of
young people.	1 . 1 . 1	1.11(4)	
A survey carried out last year	revealed that young	and old (4)	said volunteering had
improved their lives, particular	Ty those (5)	_in conservation or he	eritage work.
Businesses recognise its impo	ortance and get to (	b) their prof	ile in the community,
while staff get a break from t	heir daily routine to	develop 'soft skill',	(7)initiative
and decision-making. One volution of the volunteering does make a contract of the volunteering does does not be a contract of the volunteering does does not be a contract of the volunteering does not be	unteering organisatio	on is ( <b>8</b> ) ano	ther survey to find out
if volunteering does make a c	lifterence in the wor	rkplace, or if it is sor	nething businesses do
simply to improve their (9)	·		_
Not (10) are busin	less-sponsored plac	cements becoming	more common, the
government is also investing			olunteers. The push is
clearly on to make volunteerin			
And the more people who part	ticipate, the more the	e act fulfils its (12) _	of making the
world a better place.			
0. A. alternative	<b>B</b> . choice	C. option	<b>D</b> . election
1. A. stand out	<b>B</b> . lift out	C. pick out	<b>D</b> . point out
2. <b>A</b> . win	<b>B</b> . achieve	C. collect	D. gain
3. A. extreme	B. high	C. sharp	<b>D</b> . strong
4. A. similar	<b>B</b> . the same	C. alike	<b>D</b> . too
5. A. committed	<b>B</b> . associate	C. connected	<b>D</b> . involved
6. A. raise	<b>B</b> . increase	C. arouse	<b>D</b> . motivate
7. <b>A</b> . such	B. such as	C. such like	D. such and such
8. <b>A</b> . governing	B. guiding	C. conducting	<b>D</b> . directing
9. A. representation	<b>B</b> . look	C. image	<b>D</b> . figure
10. <b>A</b> . only	<b>B</b> . just	C. merely	<b>D</b> . simply
11. <b>A</b> . claim	B. recruit	C. bring	D. enter
12. <b>A</b> . aim	<b>B</b> . direction	C. mark	D. design
Write your answers here			
<b>0.</b> <i>B</i>	2.	3	

0. B	1.	2.	3.
------	----	----	----

4.	5.	6.	7.
8.	9.	10.	11.
12.			

PART 2: Look at the sentences below about a hotel. Read the text to decide if each sentence is correct or incorrect.

If it is correct, write C. If it is incorrect, write I.

Write your answers in the numbered table below.

- 1. During the 1980s, few tourists used to go to the Arctic in summer.
- 2. People came in large numbers to Jukkasjärvi to see the Arctic Hall.
- **3.** The artist encouraged people to sleep in the Arctic Hall.
- **4.** Each winter, guests come and sleep in the hotel before it is finished.
- **5.** Progress when building the hotel is influenced by the weather.
- **6.** The temperature inside the hotel changes according to the temperature outside.
- 7. Some clothes are provided by the hotel.
- **8.** Guests should buy boots which fit as tightly as possible.
- **9.** Items ordered through the ICEHOTEL shop will be delivered to your home.
- **10.** It is possible to take a train from the airport to the IceHotel.

#### THE ICEHOTEL

For many years the Arctic was a popular destination in the summer season to see the land of the midnight sun but in winter the few inhabitants had the snow and ice to themselves. By the end of the 1980s it was decided that the dark and cold winter should be seen as an advantage. In the winter of 1990 the French artist Jannot Derit was invited to have the opening of an exhibition in a specially built igloo (a building made of snow) in the little town of Jukkasjärvi on the frozen Torne River. The building, named Arctic Hall, attracted many interested visitors to the area. One night a group of foreign guests decided it would be a good idea to sleep in the Arctic Hall. The following morning the brave group were very pleased with their experience and the idea of an ice hotel was born. Today it is world famous.

As soon as winter begins, a team of snow builders, architects and artists from all over the world come to Jukkasjärvi and they make the hotel for that year. As one part is completed, it opens to visitors and overnight guests, while the other parts are still being built. The first part is completed in December and each week after that a new part opens, until January 7th when the hotel is completed. As the ICEHOTEL is built under the open sky, using the natural materials of the winter season, the finishing date depends on nature and therefore there are sometimes changes to the plan. In the spring, as the weather gets warmer, the hotel melts.

Inside the hotel, the temperature is never colder than -5 °C to -8 °C, however cold it may be outside. Winter outer clothes such as warm overalls, hats and gloves are included in the cost of guests' stay at the hotel. In addition to this, it is a good idea for guests to bring sweaters and a scarf as well as plenty of woolen socks and to choose footwear that is larger than normal to allow space for thick socks.

If you are planning to come to the hotel, you can buy warm sweaters, woolen socks and much more on the ICEHOTEL website. You can order these and the equipment you will need at the same time as you book your visit. The items will be delivered to your room when you check in. The hotel is in the village of Jukkasjärvi, 200 km above the Arctic Circle but only 15 km from Kiruna airport and 17 km from Kiruna train station. Transport by bus can be arranged from the airport or train station to the IceHotel.

Write your answers here

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

PART 3: Read the following passage and do the tasks below. Write your answers in the numbered table.

#### The Atmosphere of Venus

Venus, also called the Morning Star and Evening Star, is the second-closest planet to the sun and the brightest object in the night sky. The planet orbits the sun every two hundred and twenty four Earth-days and is sometimes referred to as Earth's sister planet because the two share both a similar size and bulk. What is not similar, however, is Venus's atmosphere in comparison to Earth's atmosphere.

The atmosphere on Venus is much heavier and has a higher density than **that** of Earth. Venus's atmosphere also expands significantly higher than Earth's atmosphere although a thick cloud cover makes the surface of Venus nearly impossible to see unless observed through radar mapping.

While the pressure and temperature of Venus's upper atmosphere are comparable to those of Earth, the heat and pressure of the lower atmosphere are not unlike a furnace. Venus's atmosphere is very thick due to a composition consisting mainly of carbon dioxide, and a small amount of nitrogen. If man could survive the extreme heat of Venus's surface (400 degrees Celsius), then he would have to contend with a surface pressure that is more than 90 times that of Earth. Venus's extremely high temperature is thanks to the greenhouse effect caused by such a large amount of carbon dioxide. The greenhouse effect is a process by which the sun's infrared radiation is more readily absorbed by the atmosphere. Just like in a real greenhouse used to grow plants years round, the proliferation of carbon dioxide traps radiation and warms Venus's atmosphere. Due to this phenomenon, Venus boasts a higher atmospheric temperature than Mercury, even though Venus is twice the distance from the sun.

However, scientists postulate that Venus's atmosphere was not always so hot. [A] Studies show that large bodies of water were once on Venus's surface but that eventually evaporation of all the water caused the runaway greenhouse effect which regulates the planet today. [B] Thus Venus has become a critical study for today's scientists, as human being are only beginning to struggle with the early stages of the greenhouse effect. [C] Our problems do not stem from evaporated water supplies but from a **propagation** of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases due to industrial and automobile emissions. [D]

Another interesting characteristic to note regarding Venus's atmosphere is that its daytime temperatures and nighttime temperatures are not that far removed from each other.

This is due to the thermal inertia, the ability of a substance to store heat despite changing temperatures and the transfer of heat by Venus's strong winds. Although winds on the surface of Venus move slowly in comparison with Earth's winds, Venus's air is so dense that a slow-moving there can move large obstructions and even skip stones along the planet's surface.

In 1966, humankind made its first attempt at sending a recording instrument into Venus's atmosphere. The Venera 3 probe did collide with Venus surface; however, the abrupt impact caused its communication system to fail, and it was unable to send and feedback. In 1967, Venera 4 successfully enter Venus's atmosphere and was able to take many readings, one of which recorded that Venus's atmosphere was between ninety and ninety-five percent carbon dioxide. Subsequent Venera probes were sent into Venus's atmosphere, but most of them succumbed to the crushing air pressure.

# Questions 1-7: Choose the answer (A, B, C or D) which you think fits best according to the passage.

- 1. According to paragraph 1, Venus is named the Morning Star and Evening Star because
  - **A**. it is very bright
  - **B**. it is close to the sun
  - C. it can be seen from evening till morning
  - **D**. it is used to find the direction by sailors
- 2. The word *that* in paragraph 2 refers to
  - A. size B. bulk C. atmosphere D. density
- 3. Which of the following best expresses the essential information in the bold sentence in paragraph 3? Incorrect answer choices change the meaning in important ways or leave out essential information.
  - **A**. Earth experiences greater surface pressure than Venus.
  - **B**. If a man could survive its surface pressure.
  - C. The surface pressure and heat of Venus are much greater than those on Earth.
  - **D**. Venus's surface temperature and pressure make it uninhabitable by humans.
- 4. According to paragraph 3, the greenhouse effect on Venus is owed to
  - **A**. the small amounts of nitrogen
  - **B**. the rapid increasing amounts of carbon dioxide
  - C. growing plants
  - **D**. the high atmospheric temperatures
- 5. In paragraph 4, the author of the passage implies that Earth
  - A. might suffer the same greenhouse effect as Venus
  - **B**. once had an atmosphere similar to Venus's
  - C. has bodies of water similar to those on Venus today
  - **D**. is experiencing a reduction of carbon dioxide emissions
- 6. Look at the four blanks [...] in paragraph 4 that indicate where the following sentence could be added to the passage.

#### Although the causes are different, the ramifications are the same.

Where would the sentence best fit?

- 7. The word *propagation* in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to
  - A. generation B. elimination C. evaporation D. desecration

Question 8: Complete the brief summary of the passage by selecting the THREE answer

choices that express important ideas in the passage. The introductory sentence for the summary is provided bellowed.				
Scientists look at Venus to predict Earth's future.				
•				
•				
•				
<ul> <li>Answer Choices</li> <li>A. Venus once had large bodies of water that elaborated and cause a rapid increase in carbon dioxide.</li> <li>B. Earth's wind has a greater velocity than Venus's because the air movement on Venus is denser and can even more large obstructions.</li> <li>C. Spaceships landing on Venus, though often crushed by Venus's atmosphere, have revealed much about its carbon dioxide filled atmosphere.</li> <li>D. If man could survive the hot temperature of Venus, then he would have to contend with the great surface pressure.</li> <li>E. The first space probe of Venus was made in 1966.</li> <li>F. Scientists are concerned that conditions on Earth that propagate significant quantities of carbon dioxide will produce a greenhouse effects similar to Venus's.</li> </ul>				
Write your answers here:				
1. 2. 3. 4.				
5. 6. 7. 8.				
PART 4: You are going to read a magazine article about learning how to fly a plane. Eight paragraphs have been removed from the article. Choose from paragraphs A-I the one that fits each gap (1-8). There is one extra paragraph that you do not need to use. Write your answers in the numbered table below.				
Learning to Fly				
I had been testing cars and motorcycles for over twenty years. I couldn't take any more. It wasn't terribly exciting and, in any case, new cars were beginning to look identical and drive similarly. What I needed was a new challenge.  Unfortunately, I wore glasses. The Royal Air Force wouldn't consider anyone for pilot training unless they had perfect eyesight. Halfway through an aptitude test, they realised that my eyes were far from perfect. I didn't stand a chance.				
2				
It was an obvious choice. It's just twenty minutes' drive from my home. It's very quiet, too, so the £90 per hour for the training is spent flying in the air, not waiting on the ground for other planes to take off.				
It took me a whole year to get my private pilot's license. It started well, with my first solo flight coming after just seven hours. Then came all the studying, the exams, the hard work. I never thought I'd get to the end of it.				

Then came last winter and the end of the course was in sight. For weeks, the weather was so terrible that for most of the time it was impossible to fly. Strong winds, heavy rain and even snow and ice made flying conditions extremely hazardous.

5

But finally the first of three practical exams arrived – the navigation test. The examiner sets you a course that you have to plan according to the weather, and then fly with him sitting beside you.

6

I passed this test, but I don't know how. The second test involves flying cross-country to two other airports, which you can choose, and landing at both. The important thing is to give the right messages to the air-traffic control people and understand their replies.

7

After this alarming episode, the exercises in the flight-handling test were simple. As we complete the sixth exercise, the examiner suddenly turned to me and said, 'Congratulations – you've passed!'

8

I wasn't sure why, because we usually land as slowly as possible. Then I turned round and realised straight away: we were being followed by a British Airways jumbo jet!

- **A.** A week which we had set aside for finishing the course came and went with no possibility of getting in the air at all. And besides the problems with the weather, my second son was born, and that made it even more difficult to find the time for lessons and studying.
- **B.** But the real reason I chose this club was that a friend of mine, Andrew Wilkins, is the chief instructor there. He impressed me by taking me out for a free flight just so that I could see what it was like.
- C. Unfortunately, I got myself lost this time and flew too far east. I completely missed the first airport. However, I flew over a car factory I recognised and managed to get back on course.
- **D.** Along the way, he'll take the controls and fly off course, just to get you lost. Then he'll hand back the control to you and expect you to find your way home.
- **E.** One day I was asked by an air-traffic controller if I could see another aircraft ahead. I said yes, and immediately it disappeared into a cloud. I just didn't know what to do.
- **F.** At the time, taking private lessons to learn how to fly was financially beyond me. So I had to delay my plans to become a pilot for quite a while. It was twenty years, in fact, before I finally enrolled at a flying club in Hertfordshire.
- **G.** Since getting my pilot's license, I've been out flying a few times. The highlight so far was flying up to Birmingham International Airport for a motor show with Andrew beside me. As we approached the way, the air-traffic controller came on the radio asking for as much speed as our little plane could manage.
- **H.** For months, my head was always in a book and my head hurt from all the facts, figures and flying instructions.
- **I.** This feeling of needing a change coincided with my  $40^{th}$  birthday, which started me thinking about what I'd been doing all those years. When I left school all I had really wanted to do was fly.

### Write your answers here:

1.	2.	3.	4.
5.	6.	7.	8.

### **SECTION 4: WRITING (6 points)**

PART 1: Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentences printed before it.

1. Return the product to the shop if you have any complaints about	out it.
→ Should	
2. It's almost nine months since I stopped subscribing to that ma	gazine.
→ I cancelled	
3. Her success went beyond her expectation.	
→ Never	
4. His fondness for the game increased with his proficiency.	
→ The more	
5. They will not announce the findings until next week.	
→ No announcement	
6. Both of the lifts were out of order.	
→ Neither	
7. Simon hadn't expected that he would feel so weak after the op	peration.
→ The operation left	
at the beginning (0).  0. You must do exactly what the manager tells you. (CARRY)  Now must again out the manager's instructions executed in the manager's instructions are instructions.	otly.
→ You must <u>carry out the manager's</u> instructions exact. I would like to be able to speak French (IIAD)	Cliv.
1. I would like to be able to speak French. ( <b>HAD</b> )	
→I wish	
2. It was raining cats and dogs. (TORRENTS)	speak French.
- The roin was	
	speak French.
3. The two theories appear to be completely different. ( <b>COMMO</b>	speak French.
3. The two theories appear to be completely different. (COMMO  → The two theories	speak French.  ON)
<ul> <li>3. The two theories appear to be completely different. (COMMO → The two theories</li></ul>	speak French.  ON)
<ul> <li>3. The two theories appear to be completely different. (COMMO → The two theories</li></ul>	speak French.  ON)  VE)  efore you borrowed my book.
<ul> <li>3. The two theories appear to be completely different. (COMMO → The two theories</li></ul>	speak French.  ON)  VE)  efore you borrowed my book.
4. It was wrong of you to borrow my book without asking. (HAY	on)  VE) efore you borrowed my book. CAVOURITE)
3. The two theories appear to be completely different. (COMMO  → The two theories  4. It was wrong of you to borrow my book without asking. (HAV  → You	on)  VE) efore you borrowed my book. CAVOURITE)

7. The police arrived as the thieves were committing the crime. ( <b>RED-HANDED</b> )
→The police
8. The Mediterranean is warm, whereas the North Sea is much colder. (NOTHING)
→ The North Sea is the
Mediterranean.
PART 3: In class, you have been discussing the statement 'Old people should be looked after by members of their family or it is better for them to live in nursing-home'. Your teacher has asked you to write an essay expressing your own opinion. Write your essay in 250-300 words.
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

---The End---

#### **KEYS**

### **SECTION II: GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY (7 points)**

### PART 1: (1,5 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

Write your answers here.

1. D	2. A	3. C	4. A	5. B
6. A	7. B	8. D	9. D	10. A
11. A	12. B	13. B	14. C	15. B

PART 2: (1,2 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

0. <i>it</i>	1.would/could/might	2. what	3.any/every						
<b>4.as</b>	5. up/ down	6. of	7. all/ everything						
8. taking	9. for/ in	10. because	11. if						
12 later									

PART 3: (1,5 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

1.√	2. have	3. so	4. for	5. √
6. is	7. would	<b>8.</b> √	9. √	10. if
11. back	12. by	13. who	<b>14.</b> √	15. at

PART 4: (1,0 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

0. lay	1. buried	2. was discovered
3. have speculated	4. have wondered	5. be taking
6. were	7. experienced	8. occur
9.standing	10. to adverse	

### PART 5: (0,8 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

0. help	1. stop	2. mind
3. shop	4. luck	5. power
6. technology	7. thought	8. aid

PART 6: (1,0 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

0. advisable.	1. beneficial	2. presentation
3. noticeable	4. speech	5. orally
6. professional	7. impression	8. responses
9. revisit	10. unease	

### **SECTION III. READING (4 points)**

### PART 1: (1,2 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

0. <b>B</b>	1. <b>A</b>	2. <b>D</b>	3. <b>B</b>
4. <b>C</b>	5. <b>D</b>	6. <b>A</b>	7. <b>B</b>
8. C	9. <b>C</b>	10. <b>A</b>	11. <b>B</b>
12. <b>A</b>			

# PART 2: (1,0 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

1. I	2.	C	3.	I	4.	C	5.	C	
6 <b>I</b>	7	C	8.	I	9.	Ι	10.	I	

# PART 3: (1,0 điểm/8 câu) 0,1 điểm/1 lựa chọn đúng

1.	A	2.	C	3.	D	4. <b>B</b>			
5.	A	6.	В	7.	A	8.	A	$\mathbf{C}$	F

# PART 4: (0,8 điểm) 0,1 điểm/ 1 câu

1. <b>I</b>	2. <b>F</b>	3. <b>B</b>	4. <b>H</b>
5. <b>A</b>	6. <b>D</b>	7. <b>C</b>	8. <b>G</b>

### **SECTION 4: WRITING (6 points)**

# PART 1: (1,4 điểm) 0,2 điểm /1 câu 1. .....you have any complaints about the product, return it to the shop. 2. ....my subscription to that magazine nine months ago. 3. .....had she expected she was so successful. 4. .....proficient he was at the game, the more he was fond of it. 5. ..... of the findings will be made until next week. 6. .... of the lifts was working. 7. ..... Simon feeling weaker than he (had) expected. PART 2: (1,6 điểm) 0,2 điểm /1 câu 1. .... *I had ability to*.....

- 2. .....was coming down in torrents.
- 3. ....have (got) nothing in common.
- 4. ....should have asked me/for permission....
- 5. ....to be a favourite of ....
- 6. .....to put up with commuting .......
- 7. ....caught the thieves red-handed...
- 8. ....nothing like as warm as .....

### PART 3: (3.0 điểm)

Điểm thành phần của bài luận theo những điểm đề nghị sau:

- Organization: Bố cục rõ ràng, đầy đủ ba phần: mở bài, thân bài, kết luân. (0,4đ)
- Discourse: (Thể hiện khả năng viết mạch lạc, chặt chẽ, nối kết câu, chuyển mạch tốt)  $(0,6\,\mathrm{d})$
- Sentence structures (expressions, vocabulary, spelling): Cấu trúc câu linh hoạt, (đơn, phức) (0,8 đ)
- Ideas: (ý hay, phong phú, biểu đạt nội dung liên quan chặt chẽ với chủ đề của đề thi. (0,8)
- Length (Đảm bảo đủ số lượng từ qui định : không quá dài hoặc quá ngắn) (0,4đ)

---The End---



NGUỒN SƯU TẦM VÀ CHIA SỂ TÀI LIỆU MIỄN PHÍ CHO BÉ

MUỐN BÉ GIỞI TIẾNG ANH BA MỆ NÊN ĐỘC FILE NÀY https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1PvH2u-NQknWuXihb GLAryuiULLPwNaf?usp=sharing

TỔNG HỢP THƯ VIỆN TÀI LIỆU MIỄN PHÍ CHO BÉ TỪ MẰM NON ĐẾN LỚP 12 TẠI ĐÂY <a href="https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1c5uj8NtXKypKzMcdaaDEEys0KDXYphpuMn3">https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1c5uj8NtXKypKzMcdaaDEEys0KDXYphpuMn3</a> DrCwJHk/edit#slide=id.p

Hoặc ba mẹ vào nhóm sưu tầm và chia sẻ tài liệu, APP học TIẾNG ANH CHO BÉ MIỄN PHÍ https://www.facebook.com/100004598379391/videos/796054742280796/

Hoặc nhóm zalo chia sẻ tài liệu: 0917.427.940 https://zalo.me/g/strvoy468

TỔNG HỢP KỂNH YOUTUBE VÀ TRANG WEB HỌC TIẾNG ANH MIỄN PHÍ RẮT CẦN CHO BÉ <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/10OrX">https://drive.google.com/file/d/10OrX</a> J5yy-mjvzjh6ZQWNRXOv6yks2-9/view?usp=sharing

Hoặc ghé kênh youtube có link tải tài liệu trong phần mô tả của video trong DANH SÁCH PHÁT: TÀI LIỆU TIẾNG ANH

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GUt fticYrM&t=341s

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7RMJ6CmjT3c&t=6s

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cd1JBXu3jl4&t=62s