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| **SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO**  **HƯNG YÊN**  **ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC** | **ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT NĂM HỌC 2022-2023**  Phần thi: **Tiếng Anh**  Ngày thi: **03.06.2022** |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best option to answer each of the following questions.***

**Television and Kids**

Television is very popular and even has some benefits for kids. It helps very young children learn the letters of the alphabet, and helps other kids learn about science, cultures, and world events.

However, researchers show that too much TV is bad for children. For one thing, there is a link between watching more than four hours of TV a day and being overweight. For another thing, many TV shows are violent and upsetting. Watching these shows may cause kids to be more fearful. And of course, more time in front of the TV means less time to study. Too much TV may also be the cause of lower grades.

Experts do not agree on the solution to these problems. Some say that kids should watch only educational programs; others say kids should watch no TV at all. And others suggest teaching **them** to watch TV as occasional entertainment, not as an everyday hobby.

**Câu 31.** What is the passage mainly about?

**A.** Why kids love TV **B.** Benefits of kids’ TV shows

**C. Effects of television on kids** **D.** Why kids shouldn’t watch TV

**Câu 32.** The word “**them**” in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** experts **B.** problem

**C. kids** **D.** programs

**Câu 33.** According to the passage, watching a lot of TV may \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A. cause weigh problems lor children** **B.** cause children Io gel better grades

**C.** cause children to be more famous **D.** cause children to study more

**Câu 34.** How many kids feel when they watch violent and upsetting TV shows?

**A. fearful** **B.** pleasant **C.** funny **D.** happy

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that has the same meaning as the sentence printed before it.***

**Câu 35.** Although I got up late yesterday, I arrived at the meeting on time.

**A.** Although I got up late yesterday, but I arrived at the meeting on time.

**B.** Despite I got up late yesterday, I arrived at the meeting on time.

**C. In spite of getting up late yesterday, I arrived at the meeting on time.**

**D.** Although I got up late yesterday, so I arrived at the meeting on time.

**Câu 36.** “I can’t finish this book in a day," he said.

**A.** He said that I can’t finish that book in a day.

**B.** He said that I couldn't finish that book in a day.

**C. He said that he couldn’t finish that book in a day.**

**D.** He said that he can’t finish that book in a day.

**Câu 37.** I gave my mother flowers on Mother's Day.

**A.** My mother is given flowers on Mother’s Day.

**B. My mother was given flowers on Mother’s Day.**

**C.** My mother wasn’t given flowers on Mother’s Day.

**D.** My mother isn’t given flowers on Mother’s Day.

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to the following questions.***

**Câu 38.** When her sister came, she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to music in the room.

**A.** is listening **B.** are listening **C.** were listening **D. was listening**

**Câu 39.** I miss my friends. I wish they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here right now.

**A.** will be **B.** have been **C.** are **D. were**

**Câu 40.** She never goes to the movies \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she is very busy.

**A.** however **B.** therefore **C.** although **D. because**

**Câu 41.** The students listened \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while the examiner gave them the directions.

**A.** attention **B. attentively** **C.** attentiveness **D.** attentive

**Câu 42.** They arrived in Ho Chi Minh city \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ May 2nd.

**A.** by **B.** in **C. on** **D.** at

**Câu 43.** She can’t go camping with her friends tomorrow because she will have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her little sister.

**A. look after** **B.** look for **C.** look up **D**. look at

**Câu 44.** Your sister has worked for a foreign company since 2015, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A. hasn’t she** **B.** has she **C.** was she **D.** doesn't she

**Câu 45.** Hike reading books \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tell about different cultures in the world.

**A.** where **B. which** **C.** whom **D.** who

**Câu 46.** I will send you some postcards if I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ time.

**A.** had **B. have** **C.** having **D.** will have

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

**Câu 47.**

**A.** s**a**fe **B. tall** **C.** l**a**te **D.** h**a**te

**Câu 48.**

**A. wanted** **B.** ask**ed** **C.** work**ed** **D.** stopp**ed**

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

**Câu 49. - Lan:** “Why don’t we go out for a picnic?”

**- Trang:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** You’re very kind to say so. **B. That’s a good idea!**

**C.** You’re welcome. **D**. Congratulation!

**Câu 50. - Tom:** “Congratulation! You’ve passed the exam.”

**- John:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Not at all. **B. Many thanks**.

**C.** No, I don’t think so. **D**. Sorry, I don’t.