#### **UNIT: HELLO**

### Lesson 1: COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES (pp. 4-6)

## I. Objectives (learning outcomes):

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

#### a. Knowledge:

- -learn/review vocabulary about countries and nationalities.
- -learn/review structures to ask and answer about countries and nationalities.

### b. Core competences & language skills:

- -enhance Ss' language skills
- -develop Ss' collaboration.
- -improve Ss' communication and other skills

#### c. Personal qualities:

- be collaborative and supportive in pair work and team work.
- love their countries and their communities.

### II. Teaching aids:

- **Teacher's aids:** student book and teacher's book, class CDs, IWB software, projector/interactive whiteboard /TV (if any), Powerpoint
- **Students' aids:** Student's book, notebooks.

#### **III. Procedures:**

### A. Warm-up (3 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to introduce the new lesson; to get students' attention at the beginning of the class by discovering the content of the lesson.
- **b. Content:** introduction of the new lesson
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can have a general idea about what they are going to learn in the unit
- **d.** Competences: communication, collaboration, synthesizing skills

T's Activities	Ss' Activities	Content
- Have Ss read through the Unit	-Work in pairs	What's in this unit?
objectives on page number 4	- Read	- Vocabulary: countries, nationalities, sports,
		family members, appearance, numbers,
		characters.
- Ask Ss to close their books	-Talk to a	- Grammar: articles, can, subject personal
and work in pairs to share what	partner	pronouns, possessive adjectives, to be, have
they can remember about what		got, possessive case, adjective, imperative.
they have just read		- <b>Reading:</b> Friends around the world.

	- <b>Speaking:</b> greetings, introduce yourself/
	others, presenting a family, describing people,
	asking about telephone numbers.
-Present to the	- Writing: a blog entry
class	- CLIL: The UK

## **B.** New lesson: (37 minutes)

## 1. Activity 1: Vocabulary (25 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to help Ss revise and expand vocabulary about countries and nationalities.
- **b. Content:** vocabulary about countries and nationalities
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can remember and expand vocabulary about countries and nationalities, improve their pronunciation and use them in the real situation.
- **d. Competences: c**ommunication, collaboration, synthesizing skills and creativity
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
		Vocabulary: Countries and nationalities
- Ask Ss to look at the map and	- Look at the	Task 1. Look at the map. Match the
then give them time to match	map and then	countries on the map to the nationalities.
the countries on the map to the	match the	1 Canada – Canadian
list of nationalities.	countries on	2 the UK – British
	the map to the	3 Australia – Australian
	list of	4 South Africa – South African
- Check Ss' answers around the	nationalities	5 the USA – American
class.		<b>6</b> New Zealand – New Zealander
- Play the video for Ss and elicit		7 Brazil – Brazilian
their comments.		8 Vietnam – Vietnamese
		9 Russia – Russian
		10 Spain – Spanish
		11 Egypt – Egyptian
		12 Greece – Greek
		13 Turkey – Turkish
		14 Argentina – Argentinian
- Play the recording with pauses	- Practice	Task 2. Look at exercise 1, listen and repeat
for Ss to repeat chorally and/or	saying the	
individually.	vocabulary.	

<ul><li>(Teacher can read and ask Ss to repeat)</li><li>- Check Ss' pronunciation and intonation.</li><li>- Explain the task.</li></ul>	- Act out	Task 3. Act out dialogues as in the example.
- Ask two Ss to model the	dialogues and	A: Where's Ann from?
example dialogue.	practise	B: She's from Canada. She's Canadian.
	countries and	
	nationalities.	A: Where's John from?
		B: He's from the USA. He's American.
		Suggested Answer Key
- Ask Ss to work in pairs and	- Practise the	A:Where's Lino from?
act out similar dialogues for the	structure with	B:He's from Brazil. He's Brazilian.
people on the map.	different	A:Where's Camila from?
- Monitor the activity around	information.	B:She's from Argentina. She's Argentinian.
the class.		A:Where's Liz from?
		B:She's from the UK. She's British.
		A:Where's Maria from?
		B:She's from Greece. She's Greek.
		A:Where's Igor from?
		B:He's from Russia. He's Russian.
		A:Where's Quang from?
		B:He's from Vietnam. He's Vietnamese.
		A:Where's Rosa from?
		B:She's from Spain. She's Spanish.
		A:Where's Ahmet from?
		B:He's from Turkey. He's Turkish.
		A:Where's Omar from?
		B:He's from Egypt. He's Egyptian.
		A:Where's Simba from?
		B:He's from South Africa. He's South African.
		A:Where's Helen from?
		B:She's from Australia. She's Australian.
		A:Where's Martin from?
		B:He's from New Zealand. He's New
		Zealander.

- Ask Ss to complete the	- Practise	Task 4. Complete the sentences.
sentences about themselves.	speaking by	I'm from <u>Vietnam</u> (country).
Elicit answer from Ss around	using their	I'm <u>Vietnamese</u> (nationality).
the class.	own	
(we can change the countries to	information.	
the province/ city/ district)		

## 2. Activity 2: Reading (15 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to read for gists and consolidate comprehension of a text.
- **b. Content:** Reading a passage called Friends around the world
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can use language to talk about someone's background in different contexts.
- **d. Competences:** reading skills (scanning and skimming), adaptation, analytical and critical thinking skills, presentation skill.

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
		Reading:
- Ask Ss to look at the pictures	- Listen and read	Task 1. Look at the pictures. Where is
and elicit Ss' guesses of where	for gist.	each person from? Listen and read to find
each person is from.	- Read and find	out.
- Play the recording. Ss listen	out the	
and read and find out.	information	Answer Key:
		Vicky is from Sydney, Australia. Jill is from
		Wellington, New Zealand. James is from
		Stittsville, Canada. Alicia is from Worcester,
		South Africa.
- Give Ss time to read the text	- Read the text	Task 2. Read the text. Decide if the
again and mark the statements	and find the	sentences are $R$ (right) or $W$ (wrong).
according to what they read.	information to	
- Check Ss' answers.	complete the	<b>1</b> Vicky is 10 years old. W
	task	<b>2</b> Jill is good at tennis. R
		<b>3</b> James is Canadian. R
		<b>4</b> Alicia can play tennis. W
- Play the video for Ss and elicit	- Work in	Task 3. Complete the personal profiles.
their comments.	groups and	Choose a person and present him/her to

	finish the task.	the class.	
- Allow Ss time to review the		Name: James Age:11 years old	
text and complete the personal		Nationality: Canadian	
profiles.		From (city/town/village): Stittsville	
- Check Ss' answers on the		Country: Canada	
board.		Sports: martial arts	
- Ask various Ss to choose a			
profile and present the person to	- Present in front	Name: Jill Age: 11 years old	
the class.	of the class	Nationality: New Zealander	
		From (city/town/village): Wellington	
		Country: New Zealand	
		Sports: tennis	
		Name: Vicky Age: 11 years old	
		Nationality: Australian	
		From (city/town/village): Sydney	
		Country: Australia	
		Sports: basketball	
Extra Activity			
- Tell Ss you are going to read		Name: Age: 10 years old	
out information from one of the		Nationality: South African	
profiles in Exercise 3 but will		From (city/town/village): Worcester	
include a mistake. Ss have to		Country: South Africa	
listen and correct the mistake		Sports: basketball	
you have made.			
e.g. T: Vicky is 11 years old.		Suggested Answer Key	
She's from Canberra. She's		Vicky is 11 years old. She is from Sydney,	
Australian.		Australia. She is Australian. She can play	

basketball.

## C. Consolidation (3 minutes)

Team A S1: She's from Sydney.

- Vocabulary about countries and nationalities
- Structures to ask and answer about countries and nationalities

## D. Homework assigned (2 minutes)

- Learn new words about community services.
- Write four sentences about community services near their house/ neighborhood.
- Do exercises in the workbook (page 4)

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к	et l	ection	nn.

1. What did I like from the lesson?

2. What should I improve in the next lesson?

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#### **UNIT: HELLO**

## Lesson 2: SPORTS (pp. 7-9)

## I. Objectives (learning outcomes):

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

### a. Knowledge:

- learn/review vocabulary about sports and family members.
- learn/review subject personal pronouns/ possessive adjectives.
- learn/review about verb to be.

### b. Core competences & language skills:

- develop Ss' collaboration.
- improve Ss' communication, critical thinking and other skills.

## c. Personal qualities:

- be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.
- love their countries and their communities.

#### II. Teaching aids:

- Teacher's aids: student book and teacher's book, class CDs, IWB software, projector/interactive whiteboard /TV (if any).
- **Students' aids:** Student books, notebooks.

#### III. Procedures:

#### A. Warm-up: (5 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to introduce the new lesson and set the scene for Ss to acquire new language; to get students' attention at the beginning of the class by means of enjoyable and short activities as well as to engage them in the steps that follow.
- **b. Content:** Task 4 (Completing the gaps)
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can have a general idea about sports and the verbs associated with them (*play*, *do*).
- d. Competences: communication, collaboration, synthesizing skills
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
- Ask Ss to look at the sports in	- Read the text and	Vocabulary: Sports
the pictures and then use the	complete the gaps.	Task 4. Complete the gaps. Use play
verbs 'play, do' to complete		or do.
the gaps.		1. play football
- Check Ss' answers.		2. do martial arts
		3. play basketball

	4. do gymnastics
	5. play tennis

## B. New lesson: (35 minutes)

## 1. Activity 1: (15 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to present modal verb can (affirmative, negative, interrogative and short answer) and introduce SS some linkers to link the ideas.
- **b.** Content: Modal verb can and a blog
- c. Expected outcomes: Ss can review modal verb and practise writing a blog
- **d. Competences: c**ommunication, collaboration, critical thinking and synthesizing skills, creativity

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
- Present <i>can</i> . Say, then write	- Listen and take	Task 5. Read the table. Ask and answer
on the board: <i>I can play</i>	note	questions about the sports in Exercise. 4.
football. Underline the word		- affirmative
<i>can</i> and explain that it shows		I/ You/ He/ She/ It/ We/ You/ They
that we are able to do sth.		can play tennis.
Say, then write on the board:		- negative
I can't do martial arts.		I/ You/ He/ She/ It/ We/ You/ They
Underline the word <i>can't</i> and		can't do gymnastics.
explain that this word shows		- interrogative & short answers
that we are unable to do sth.		Can I/ you/ he/ she/ it/ we/ you/ they
- Ask Ss to read the table.		ride a bike?
Point out that <i>can/can't</i> is the		Yes, I/ you/ he/ she/ it/ we/ you/ they
same in all persons.		can.
- Ask Ss to ask and answer in	- Work in pairs to	No, I/ you/ he/ she/ it/ we/ you/ they
pairs following the example	complete the task	can't.
using the sports in Exercise		Eg: A: Can you play football?
4.		B: Yes, I can./No, I can't.
- Monitor the activity around		Suggested Answer Key
the class.		A:Can you do martial arts?
		B:Yes, I can./No, I can't.
		A:Can you play basketball?
		B:Yes, I can./No, I can't.
		A:Can you do gymnastics?

		B:Yes, I can./No, I can't.
		A:Can you play tennis?
		B:Yes, I can./No, I can't.
- Read out the <b>Note!</b> box and	- Listen and take <b>Note!</b>	
explain the linkers	notes	Linkers: and, or
(and, or) to Ss. \		and: link similar ideas
		or: link two or more alternatives
- Ask various Ss to tell the	- Work in pairs to	Task 6. Tell the class what your partner
class what their partner can	make the sentences	can/can't do.
and can't do using and, or.	with can, can't	Eg: Peter can play football, basketball and
		tennis. He can't do martial arts or
		gymnastics.
		Suggested Answer Key
		Tom can play football and tennis. He can't
		do gymnastics or play basketball.
		Sara can do gymnastics and play football.
		She can't play basketball or do martial
		arts.
		Writing (a blog entry about yourself)
- Ask Ss to complete the	- Complete the	Task 7. Complete the profile about
profile about themselves.	profile individually	yourself. Then complete a blog entry
- Demonstrate the task		about yourself (about 30 words).
presenting yourself. (Hello!	- Talk about	Name: An
I'm An and I'm 12 years old.	themselves	<b>Age:</b> <u>12</u> years old
I'm from Hanoi, Vietnam. I'm		Nationality: Vietnamese
good at basketball.)		From (city/town/village): Hanoi
- Allow Ss some time to		Country: Vietnam
complete the task using		Sports: basketball
linkers. Check Ss' answers.		Suggested Answer Key
		Hello! I'm An and I'm 12 years old. I'm
		from Hanoi, Vietnam. I'm good at
		basketball.

## 2. Activity 2: Grammar (20 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to present personal pronouns/ possessive adjectives and revise verb "Be"
- **b. Content:** grammar rules and exercises **of** Subject personal pronouns/ possessive adjectives verb "be"

- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can revise personal pronouns/ possessive adjectives, verb "be" and use them in the real situation.
- **d.** Competences: communication, collaboration, critical thinking and synthesizing skills
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Con	tent
		Subject personal pr	onouns/Possessive
- Read out the <i>Note!</i> box.	- Read, listen and	adjectives	
- Present the subject pronouns.	take notes	Note!	
- Ask Ss to read the theory.		• We use <i>it</i> for anima	ls and things.
Ask Ss to go through the		• We use <i>they</i> for pe	eople, animals or
cartoon and identify the words		things.	
in bold ( <i>I</i> : subject personal		subject personal	possessive
pronoun, <i>my</i> : possessive		pronouns	adjectives
adjective). Then, explain the		I	My
task and read out the example.		You	Your
		Не	His
		She	Her
		It	Its
		We	Our
		You	Your
		They	their
- Give Ss time to complete the	- Complete the task	Task 1. Read the tal	ole. Then match the
task and then check Ss'	individually then	sentences.	
answers. One student reads out	share with their	1. <b>I</b> am Tony.	
the first part of the sentence	partners	2. <b>You</b> 're Australian.	
and another student reads out		3. <b>He</b> 's Alan.	
the second part. Ss can be in		4. <b>She</b> 's 12.	
open or closed pairs.		5. <b>It</b> 's my book.	
		6. Paul and Mary ar	e British.
		a. <b>Their</b> teacher is M	r. Brown.
		b. <b>Its</b> colour is black.	
		c. <b>His</b> friend is Laura	ı <b>.</b>
		d. <b>Your</b> friend is Aus	stralian, too!
		e. <b>My</b> friend is Eric.	
		f. <b>Her</b> name is Amy.	

London.	he gaps with the onoun or possessive iends. Our home is in d Lyn. Their friend is
- Explain the task Allow Ss some time to replace the words in bold Check Ss' answers.  - Complete the task individually and then share with their partners  1. e 2. d 3. c 4. f 5  **Complete the correct subject productive.**  adjective.  1. Julie and I are from London. 2. This is Mario and Rosa. 3. We're Greek. Out too.	he gaps with the choun or possessive iends. Our home is in d Lyn. Their friend is
- Explain the task.  - Allow Ss some time to replace the words in bold.  - Check Ss' answers.  - Complete the task individually and then share with their partners  1. Julie and I are from London.  2. This is Mario and Rosa.  3. We're Greek. Outtoo.	iends. <u>Our</u> home is in <b>d Lyn</b> . Their friend is
- Allow Ss some time to replace the words in bold Check Ss' answers.  their partners  1. Julie and I are fr. London. 2. This is Mario and Rosa. 3. We're Greek. Ou too.	iends. <u>Our</u> home is in <b>d Lyn</b> . Their friend is
replace the words in bold.  - Check Ss' answers.  their partners  1. Julie and I are fr. London.  2. This is Mario and Rosa.  3. We're Greek. Ou too.	<b>d Lyn.</b> Their friend is
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London.  2. This is <b>Mario and</b> Rosa.  3. <b>We</b> 're Greek. <u>Ou</u> too.	<b>d Lyn.</b> Their friend is
2. This is <b>Mario and</b> Rosa. 3. <b>We'</b> re Greek. <u>Ou</u> too.	·
Rosa. 3. <b>We</b> 're Greek. <u>Ou</u> too.	·
3. <b>We</b> 're Greek. <u>Ou</u> too.	<u>r</u> friends are Greek,
too.	<u>r</u> friends are Greek,
4. This is <b>Tom</b> . <u>He</u> is	
	is from Canada.
5. <b>Jane</b> is from the	UK. <u>She</u> is 10 years
old.	
Task 3. Look at the	e pictures. Read the
- Explain the task Complete the task sentences (1-5) and	l choose the correct
- Allow Ss some time to individually and item. Then comple	te the gaps with the
choose the correct words in then share with <b>correct words (A-E</b>	Ξ).
bold and complete the their partners	
sentences using the colour- 1. I'm Julie and this	is <b>her/</b> <u>my</u>
coded pictures.	
- Check Ss' answers. 2. This is Jake and t	his is <u>his</u> /your
bicycle.	
3. I'm Anna and this	s is <b>my</b> / <b>his</b> brother
Ben. This is <b>your/</b> 01	<u>ur</u> guitar.
4. This is Jessica and	d this is <u><b>her</b></u> /its
watch.	
5. Tim and Paul are	friends and this is
your/ <u>their</u> ball.	
The verb to be	
- Present the verb 'to be' Listen to teacher <b>affirmative</b>	
Write on the board: <i>I am</i> and take notes I <b>am ('m)</b>	
White. I'm White. Present the You are ('re)	

full and contracted forms of		He/She/It <b>is ('s)</b>
the Present Simple affirmative		We/You/They <b>are ('re)</b>
of the verb 'to be'.		negative
		I am not ('m not)
		You <b>are not (aren't)</b>
		He/She/It <b>is not (isn't)</b>
		We/You/They are not (aren't)
		interrogative short answers
		<b>Am</b> I?
		Yes, I am./No, I'm not.
		Are you?
		Yes, you are./No, you aren't.
		Is he/she/it?
		Yes, he/she/it is./No, he/she/it isn't.
		Are we/you/they?
		<b>Yes,</b> we/you/they <b>are</b> ./ <b>No,</b> we/you/they
		aren't.
- Ask Ss to read the table and -	- Complete the task	Task 4. Read the table. Complete the
then explain the task and read i	individually and	gaps. Then match the sentences (1-6) to
out the example.	then share with	the sentences (a-f).
t	their partners	1. Pam <u>isn't</u> 10 years old.
- Allow Ss time to complete		2. They aren't (are) Spanish.
the task and check Ss'		3. I 'm ('m not) British.
answers.		4. We are (aren't) Russian.
		5. London isn't in the USA.
		6. You are (aren't) 12 years old.
		a. We aren't (are) Australian.
		b. I 'm not ('m) Canadian.
		c. It is in the UK.
		d. She <u>is</u> 12.
		f. You aren't (are) 10.
		g. They are (aren't) Brazilian.
		Answer key:
		Answer key: 1.d 2. f 3. b 4. a 5. c 6. e
		-
- Explain the task and read out -	- Read and answer	1.d 2.f 3.b 4.a 5.c 6.e

- Give Ss time to complete the	- Work in pairs	and I'm from the USA. This is my best
task.		friend, Kate. She's 11 years old. Our
- Check Ss' answers.		favourite sport is tennis.
		Answer key:
		1. Is Peter from the USA? Yes, he is.
		2. <u>Is</u> he 11? <u>No, he isn't</u> .
		3. <u>Are</u> Kate and Peter best friends?
		Yes, they are.
		4. <u>Is</u> Kate 11 years old? <u>Yes</u> , <u>she is</u> .
		5. <u>Is</u> basketball their favourite sport?
		No, it isn't.
		Task 6. Make sentences that are true
- Explain the task and give Ss	- Use their own	about you. Use the affirmative or
time to complete it.	information to	negative.
- Check Ss' answers.	complete the task	Suggested Answer Key
		1 I <u>am/am not</u> 15 years old.
		2 My best friend <u>is/isn't</u> from Greece.
		<b>3</b> My favourite sport <u>is/isn't</u> tennis.
		4 My friends <u>are/aren't</u> 14 years old.
		5 Our favourite colour <u>is/isn't</u> green.
		6 I am/am not good at tennis.
	- Take part in the	The contractions game
- Explain the game and	game to review the	Ss need to learn the contractions as they
monitor the class	lesson	are very commonly used when speaking
		English.
		One simple activity you can do is to tell
		Ss you are going to say sentences. If the
		sentence is in the contraction form, Ss
		stay seated, but Ss should stand up and
		repeat the sentence with the contraction if
		the sentence is NOT contracted.
		Example
		T: I'm English.
		Ss: [Stay seated]
		T: She is Canadian.
		Ss: [Stand up and say 'She's Canadian.']
C. Consolidation (3 min)		

- Vocabulary about sports and family members.
- Subject personal pronouns/ possessive adjectives.
- Verb *to be*.

# D. Homework assigned (2 minutes)

- Learn Vocabulary about sports and family members.
- Do exercises in the workbook (page 5)

# Reflection:

1. What did I like from the lesson?
-
-
2. What should I improve in the next lesson?
-
-

UNIT: HELLO	Date:
Lesson 3: MY FAMILY (pp. 10-12)	Period:

## I. Objectives (learning outcomes):

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

### a. Knowledge:

- -learn/review vocabulary about family members and character adjectives.
- -learn/review structure have got (affirmative and negative).
- -know how to describe people.

### b. Core competences & language skills:

- enhance Ss' language skills
- develop Ss' collaboration.
- improve Ss' communication, critical thinking and other skills.

### c. Personal qualities:

- be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.
- love their countries and their communities.

## II. Teaching aids:

- **Teacher's aids:** student book and teacher's book, class CDs, IWB software, projector/interactive whiteboard /TV (if any).
- **Students' aids:** Student books, notebooks.

### III. Procedures:

#### A. Warm-up: (3 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to introduce the new lesson and set the scene for Ss to acquire new language; to get students' attention at the beginning of the class by means of enjoyable and short activities as well as to engage them in the steps that follow.
- **b. Content:** Family members
- **c. Expected outcomes:** So can learn some vocabulary about family members and their synonyms.
- **d.** Competences: communication, collaboration, analytical thinking skills

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
- Read out the <i>Note!</i> box.		Family members
	- Listen and take	Note!
	notes	dad = father
		mum = mother
		grandma = grandmother
		granddad = grandfather

- Play the recording.	- Listen and repeat	Task 1. Look at Anna's family tree.
- Check Ss' pronunciation and	chorally or	Listen and repeat. (1.4)
intonation.	individually.	

## B. New lesson: (37 minutes)

## 1. Activity 1: (20 minutes)

- a. **Objectives:** Present and express possession or relation and introduce vocabulary about people appearance.
- **b.** Content: Modal verb can and writing a blog
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can remember the grammar points and describe people.
- **d.** Competences: communication, collaboration, critical thinking and presentation skills
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
		Note!
- Read out the <i>Note!</i> box about	- Listen and take	We use 's to express possession or relation
's with Ss.	notes	e.g. Tony's book, Tony's dad.
- Direct Ss' attention to the		
family tree and explain the task.	- Complete the	Task 2. Look at Anna's family tree.
As an extension, say sentences	task.	Complete the sentences with words from
about the people in Anna's		Exercise 1.
family tree. Ss, in teams, find		1. Bob is Anna's granddad.
who the person/people is/are.		2. Lara is Anna's <u>aunt</u> .
- Check Ss' answers.		3. Nick is Anna's <u>brother</u> .
Example		4. Sue is Anna's <u>cousin</u> .
T: He's Helen's husband.		5. Anna is Mary's <u>daughter</u> .
Team A S1: Bob. etc.		6. Lara is Alex's <u>wife</u> .
		7. Mary is Nick's <u>mum/mother</u> .
		8. Helen is Anna's grandma/grandmother.
		9. Alex is Anna's <u>uncle</u> .
		10. Tom is Anna's <u>dad/father</u> .
		Task 3. Draw your family tree. Present
- Explain the task.	- Complete the	your family to the class.
- Allow Ss time to make their	task using their	This is my family. My grandma is Iris and
family tree and then choose	own information	my granddad is Arthur. My mum is
various Ss to present their	then share with	Amanda and my dad is Paul. My aunt is
family members to the class.	their partners	Carol and my uncle is Tony. My sister is
	- Present in front	Lisa and my brother is Dylan.

Extra Activity for weaker	of class	
classes		
Ss find pictures of their family		
members and present their		
families to the class.		
e.g. This is my dad, Pedro. Etc.		
		Describing people
- Direct Ss to the pictures and go	- Listen and take	Note!
through the words. Read out the	notes	tall >< short
Note! box.		thin >< lump
- Play the recording. Ss listen		young >< old
and find out who the girls are.		Task 4. Look at the picture. Who are the
	- Complete the	girls? Listen and read the dialogue to
	task individually	find out. Find the words that contain
	and then share	blended consonants.
	with their	Answer Key
	partners	Jessica is the tall one.
		Mary is the short one.
		Blended consonants: great, Australia,
		friend, plump
- Go through the blended		Note!
consonants. NOTE:	- Complete the	Blended consonants are two consonants
- Ask Ss to find words in the	task	together (bl, br, cl, cr, dr, fr, fl, gl, gr, pl,
dialogue that contain blended		pr, sl, sm, sp, st, scr, str, tr, etc.). When
consonants.		pronounced, we hear all consonants e.g. bl
		– blue.
		Task 5. Answer the questions.
- Read out the <b>Question word</b>	- Read and	1. Who is Barry's cousin?
<b>box</b> and present the question	answer the	Jessica is Barry's cousin.
words.	questions	2. Where is Mary from?
- Give Ss time to read the text		Mary/She is from Australia.
again and answer the questions.		3. How old is Mary?
- Give feedback		Mary/She is 11.

# 2. Activity 2: (17 minutes)

**a. Objectives:** to present character adjectives and the verb "have got"

- **b. Content:** Character adjectives and "have got"- grammar rules and practice
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can use character adjectives to describe people and apply the verb "have to" in the real situation.
- **d. Competences: c**ommunication, collaboration, critical thinking skills and creativity
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
		Vocabulary: Character adjectives
- Read out the <i>Note</i> ! box.	- Listen and take	Note!
	notes	Adjectives
		In English, adjectives do not change in
		gender or number. They go before a noun
		but after the verb <i>to be</i> e.g. Ann is <b>tall</b> .
		She's got a <b>clever parrot</b> . Her parrot <b>is</b>
		clever.
		Task 6. Listen and repeat. Which words
- Ask Ss to look at the	-Listen and repeat	contain blended consonants?
pictures and play the	chorally and/or	1. kind 2. funny 3. friendly
recording.	individually.	4. polite 5. clever
- Check Ss' pronunciation	- Answer the	Answer Key
and intonation. Then,	question	kind, friendly, clever
elicit which words contain		
blended consonants.		
		Task 7. Write the names of four of your
- Explain the task and give	- Complete the task	family members. Ask and answer as in
Ss time to complete it.	individually and then	the example.
- Check Ss' answers	practise with their	Eg:
around the class.	partners	A: Who's Paul?
		B: He's my dad.
		A: What is he like?
		B: He's clever.
		Answer Key
		A:Who's Helen? B:She's my mum.
		A:What is she like? B:She's kind.
		A:Who's Mary? B:She's my sister.
		A:What is she like? B:She's friendly.
		A: Who's Ted? B: He's my brother.

		A: What is he like? B:He's funny.
		Have got (affirmative/negative)
- Ss' books closed. Write	- Listen to teacher	E.g.:
on the board: <i>I have got a</i>	and take notes	I've got a dog.
<i>pen</i> . Show your pen to Ss.		I <b>haven't got</b> a cat.
Explain that we use <i>have</i>		Maria <b>has got</b> a cat.
<i>got</i> to show possession.		affirmative negative
Write next to the sentence:		I/ You have got ('ve got)
<i>I've got a pen</i> . Explain		I/ You have not got (haven't got)
how the contracted form		He/ She/ It has got ('s got)
of the verb <i>have got</i> is		He/ She/ It has not got (hasn't got)
formed. Continue with the		We/ You/ They have got ('ve got)
rest of the persons.		We/ You/ They have not got (haven't got)
Alternatively, use the		
cartoon to present <i>have</i>	- Complete the task	Task 1. Read the table. Then look at the
<i>got</i> . Go through the table	- Work in pairs	table and complete the sentences as in
with Ss.		the example.
- Ask Ss to read the		1 Gary a hamster.
theory.		2 Gary has not/hasn't got a parrot.
- Ask Ss to complete the		<b>3</b> Gary and Helen have/'ve got a goldfish.
sentences in closed pairs.		<b>4</b> Helen has/'s got a rabbit.
- Check Ss' answers.		5 Helen has not/hasn't got a frog.
		<b>6</b> Gary has/'s got a frog.
		Task 2. Correct the sentences as in the
		example.
- Explain the task and read	- Complete the task	1 Kelly has got a cat. (a dog)
out the example.	individually and then	No, Kelly hasn't got a cat. She's got a dog.
- Give Ss time to correct	share with their	2 Joey has got a brother. (a sister)
the sentences.	partners	No! Joey hasn't got a brother. He's got a
- Check Ss' answers.		sister.
		3 They have got a daughter. (a son)
		No! They haven't got a daughter. They've
		got a son.
		<b>4</b> I have got a parrot. <b>(a frog)</b>
		No! I haven't got a parrot. I've got a frog.
		Note!
- Read out the <i>Note!</i> box	- Read and take	's is the short form of the third person

and then explain the task	notes	singular (he/she/it) of the verbs have got
and read out the examples.		and <b>be (is)</b>
		e.g.
		He's got a cat. =He has got a cat.
		He's eleven. = He is eleven.
- Give Ss time to rewrite	- Complete the task	Task 3. Rewrite the sentences as in the
the remaining sentences	individually and then	examples.
and then check their	share with their	1. Paul's from the UK. (Paul is)
answers on the board.	partners	2. Steve's got a rabbit. (Steve has)
		3. Mary's American. (Mary is )
		<b>4.</b> Tony's got a hamster. ( <u>Tony has</u> ).
		<b>5.</b> Bob's got a sister. ( <u>Bob has</u> )

## C. Consolidation (3 minutes)

- Vocabulary about countries and nationalities.
- Structures to ask and answer about countries and nationalities.

## D. Homework assigned (2 minutes)

- Learn vocabulary about countries and nationalities and structures to ask and answer about countries and nationalities.
- Do exercises in the workbook (page 7)

## Reflection:

1. Wha	at did I li	ke from tl	ne lesson?
-			

2. What should I improve in the next lesson?

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UNIT: HELLO	Date:
Lesson 4: NUMBERS (pp. 13-15)	Period:

## I. Objectives (learning outcomes):

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

### a. Knowledge:

- remember vocabulary about numbers (1-100).
- apply structure have got (interrogative and short answers) in the real situation
- ask about telephone numbers.
- understand the rules of articles (a/an-the).

### b. Core competences & language skills:

- develop Ss' language skills
- improve Ss' collaboration, communication, critical thinking and other skills.

### c. Personal qualities:

- be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.
- love their countries and their communities.

### II. Teaching aids:

- Teacher's aids: student book and teacher's book, class CDs, IWB software, projector/interactive whiteboard /TV (if any).
- **Students' aids:** Student books, notebooks.

#### III. Procedures

#### A. Warm-up: (5 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** To present and practise the verb "have got"
- **b.** Content: Verb "have got" rules and task 4
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can remember and practise the verb "have got".
- **d.** Competences: communication, analytical thinking skills
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities		Content
- Present the interrogative form		Have got (interro	ogative & short
of 'have got'. Point to a S and	- Read and take	answers)	
ask: Has Tim got a dog? (Yes,	notes	interrogative	short answers
he has.) Ask: Has Tim got a		Have I/ you	Yes, I/ you have.
cat? (No, he hasn't.) Write		got?	No, I/ you haven't.
these on the board and		Has he/ she/ it	Yes, he/ she/ it has.
underline 'Has got', Yes, he			
has. /No, he hasn't.		got?	No, he/ she/ it hasn't.
		Have we/ you/	<b>Yes,</b> we/ you/ they <b>have.</b>

- Explain that the last two	- Complete the	they <b>got</b> ?	
sentences are short answers.	task and then		<b>No,</b> we/ you/ they
Elicit from Ss how short	share with their		haven't.
answers are formed (Yes +	partners		
personal pronoun/noun +		Task 4. Read the	table. Complete the
have/ has – No +		questions. Then a	•
personal/pronoun/noun +		_	a cat?" "Yes, I
haven't/ hasn't). Alternatively,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
you can use the cartoon to		<b>2</b> "Has Jack got a	brother?" "Yes, he has."
explain how we form the		<u> </u>	a frog?" "No, they
interrogative & short answers		haven't."	
of 'have got'.		<b>4</b> "Has Julie got a	sister?" "No, she hasn't."
- Ask Ss to read the table and		<u> </u>	l you got a hamster?" "Yes,
then read out the examples.		we have."	,
- Give Ss time to complete the			
task and then check Ss'			
answers on the board.			

## B. New lesson: (35 minutes)

## 1. Activity 1: (15 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to practise the verb "have got", revise positive case and make questions
- **b. Content:** "Have got"- positive cases and question word "whose"
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can use the grammar points in the task
- **d.** Competences: communication, collaboration, critical thinking skills and creativity
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
- Explain the task and then		Task 5. Form complete questions, then
read out the example.	- Complete the task	answer them as in the example.
- Give Ss time to complete	individually and	1. you/a big family?
the task and then check Ss'	then share with	Have you got a big family?
answers.	their partners	Yes, I have/ No, I haven't
		2. your best friend/brother?
		Has your best friend got a brother? Yes,
		he/she has./No, he/she hasn't.
		3. you/a sister?
		Have you got a sister? Yes, I have./No, I
		haven't.

		<b>4.</b> your parents/cat?	?
		Have your parents	got a cat? Yes, they
		have./ No, they hav	ven't.
		Possessive case ('S	s – of the)
- Read out the theory box and explain the possessive case.	- Listen and take notes	one person +	two people + 's
<ul> <li>Go through the cartoon with Ss. Elicit when we use <i>whose</i> (to ask about possession).</li> <li>Give Ss time to complete the task.</li> <li>Check Ss' answers.</li> </ul>	- Complete the task individually and then share with their partners	The colour of the blook's colour)  Task 6. Read the to the correct item.  1 It's the book of to 2 The bag's colour red.  3 Kate's sister/The frog.	Bob and Al's dog or objects. We use of the. book is blue. (NOT: The cheory box. Then choose the girl/girl's book. c/ colour of the bag is e sister of Kate has got a s dog/ The dog of Mark
- Read out the <b>?Word</b> box.		and Sam is small.	hase ask for possession
	Complete the task		hose: ask for possession
- Explain the task and read out the example.	- Complete the task individually and	the example.	stions and answers as in
- Give Ss' time to complete	then share with	1. book? Ann.	
the remaining items.	their partners	Whose book is this	?
- Check Ss' answers.	- Practise asking	It's Ann's	
Green of and were	and answering with	<b>2.</b> hamster? Mario	
	their partners	Whose hamster is t	his?
	_	It's Mario's hamste	
		<b>3.</b> ball? Tom and P	
		Whose ball is this?	
		It's Tom and Peter	's ball.

# 2. Activity 2: (10 minutes)

**a. Objectives:** to present and practise numbers 1-100"

**b. Content:** numbers 1-200

- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can use numbers ask and answer about telephone numbers
- **d. Competences: c**ommunication, collaboration, critical thinking skills
- e. Organization:

- Play the recording. Ss listen and repeat the numbers Ask Ss to count from 1-20 one after the other.  - Listen and repeat chorally repeat chorally  - Listen and repeat. (1.7)  1 one 6 six 11 eleven 16 sixteen 2 two 7 seven 12 twelve 17 seventeen 3 three 8 eight 13 thirteen 18 eighteen 4 four 9 nine 14 fourteen 19 nineteen 5 five 10 ten 15 fifteen 20 twenty
numbers.  - Ask Ss to count from 1-20 one after the other.  repeat chorally  repeat chorally  1 one 6 six 11 eleven 16 sixteen 2 two 7 seven 12 twelve 17 seventeen 3 three 8 eight 13 thirdeen 18 eighteen 4 four 9 nine 14 fourteen 19 nineteen 5 five 10 ten 15 fifteen 20 twenty
- Ask Ss to count from 1-20 one after the other.  2 two 7 seven 12 twelve 17 seventeen 3 three 8 eight 13 thirteen 18 eighteen 4 four 9 nine 14 fourteen 19 nineteen 5 five 10 ten 15 fifteen 20 twenty
- Ask Ss to count from 1-20 one after the other.  3 three 8 eight 13 thirteen 18 eighteen 4 four 9 nine 14 fourteen 19 nineteen 5 five 10 ten 15 fifteen 20 twenty
5 five 10 ten 15 fifteen 20 twenty
Asking about telephone numbers
- Read the <i>Note!</i> aloud Read and <b>Note!</b>
- Choose two Ss to read take notes In English, when we use 0 (zero) in telepho
through the example numbers, we say <i>oh</i> NOT <i>zero</i> .
dialogue. Task 2. Ask and answer as in the example
- Allow Ss some time to - Practise <b>Eg:</b>
complete the task with the asking and asking asking and asking ask
rest of the numbers in answering the B: It's two-six-five-oh-eight-two-seven-
closed pairs. telephone eight.
- Monitor the activity numbers 1. 26508278
around the class. 2. 55243089
- Ask some pairs to act out 3. 22943318
their dialogues Work in pairs 4. 72098632
5. 37025921
Answer Key
2. B: It's double five – two – four – three –
– eight – nine.
3. B: It's double two – nine – four – double
three – one – eight.
4. B: It's seven – two – oh – nine – eight – s
- three - two.
5. B: It's three – seven – oh – two – five –
nine – two – one.
Note!
- Read the <i>Note!</i> aloud Read and In English, when we write a compound
- Play the recording. Ss number (any number made up of two words

listen and repeat the	take notes	we use a hyphen in between them e.g. 46
numbers.	- Listen and	forty-six.
	repeat chorally	21 twenty-one 27 twenty-seven 60 sixty
		22 twenty-two 28 twenty-eight 70 seventy
		23 twenty-three 29 twenty-nine 80 eighty
		24 twenty-four 30 thirty 90 ninety
		25 twenty-five 40 forty 100 a/one hundred 26 twenty-six 50 fifty
- Play the recording.	- Complete the	Task 4. Listen and circle the numbers you
- Ss listen and circle the	task	hear:
correct number.	individually	
- Check Ss' answers.	and then	Answer key
- As an extension, T can	compare with	1. 20 2. 100 3. 50 4. 42 5. 13 6. 80
prepare bingo cards with	their partners	
various numbers from 1-		
100, then play BINGO with		
their Ss. Say numbers from		
1-100. Ss in teams write the		
number on the board.		
T: 26		
Team A S1: twenty-six		

## 3. Activity 3: (10 minutes)

**a. Objectives:** to present the rules of articles and practise using them

**b. Content:** Articles A, An-the

**c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can understand the rules of articles and complete the task

**d.** Competences: communication, collaboration, critical thinking skills

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
- Read out the cartoon.		Read the theory box.
Elicit/Explain that the words in	- Read and	a/an – the
bold are used when we talk	take notes	1. a/an
about sb or sth in general. Elicit		a an
when we use $a$ (before singular		a <u>s</u> martphone a <u>b</u> all an <u>i</u> pod an <u>u</u> mbrella
nouns starting with a consonant		
sound) or <i>an</i> (before singular		
nouns that begin with a vowel		• We use <i>a/an</i> when we talk about a person,
sound). Go through the grammar		animal or thing in general.
		• We use <i>a</i> before singular nouns that begin

rules.		with a <b>consonant</b> sound, e.g. <b>a</b> book.
- Ask Ss to give other examples		• We use <i>an</i> before singular countable
of their own if possible.		nouns that begin with a <b>vowel</b> sound, e.g.
		an egg BUT an hour.
		2. the
		We use <i>the</i> when we talk about something
		specific or something mentioned before.
- Go through the use of 'the' in		The pen on the desk is Mary's.
the theory table.		This is a <b>smartphone</b> . <b>The smartphone</b> is
		black.
		Task 6: Fill in the gaps with a/an or the,
- Allow some time for Ss to	- Complete	then circle the correct colour. Which of the
complete the exercise. Ss can	the task	words in bold contain blended consonants?
work in closed pairs.	individually	green, purple, black, blue, grey
- Check Ss' answers.	and then share	1. This is an anorak. The anorak is
	with their	<u>pink</u> /white.
	partners	2. This is a purse. The purse is <b>green/<u>purple</u></b> .
		3. This is an alarm clock. The alarm clock is
		yellow/ <u>black</u> .
		4. This is a watch. The watch is <b>purple/blue</b> .
		5. This is an umbrella. The umbrella is
		<u>red</u> /black.
		6This is an e-reader. The e-reader is
		grey/brown.
		7. This is a sharpener. The sharpener is
		orange/yellow.
		8. This is a schoolbag. The schoolbag is
		<u>pink</u> /green.

## C. Consolidation (3 minutes)

- Vocabulary about numbers (1-100).
- Structure have got (interrogative and short answers).
- Asking about telephone numbers.
- Articles (a/an- the).

## D. Homework assigned (2 minutes)

- Learn Vocabulary about numbers (1-100) and articles (a/an-the).

- Do exercises in the workbook (page 7)
Reflection:
1. What did I like from the lesson?
-
-
2. What should I improve in the next lesson?
-
-

UNIT: HELLO	Date:
Lesson 5: GREETINGS & CLASSROOM LANGUAGE (pp. 16-17)	Period:

### I. Objectives (learning outcomes):

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

### a. Knowledge:

- learn/review how to introduce yourself and others.
- learn/review classroom language and imperative.

### b. Core competences & language skills:

- develop Ss' language skills
- improve Ss' communication, critical thinking and other skills.

### c. Personal qualities:

- be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.
- love their countries and their communities.

### II. Teaching aids:

- **Teacher's aids:** student book and teacher's book, class CDs, IWB software, projector/interactive whiteboard /TV (if any).
- **Students' aids:** Student books, notebooks.

#### **III. Procedures:**

### A. Warm-up: (5 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to introduce the ways people greet and set the scene for Ss to acquire new language; to get students' attention at the beginning of the class by means of enjoyable and short activities as well as to engage them in the steps that follow.
- **b. Content:** Greetings
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can learn how to greet people.
- d. Competences: communication, collaboration, analytical thinking skills
- e. Organization:

T's Activities	Ss' Activities	Content
- Explain that the sentences in		Greetings:
Exercise 1 are typical ones the	- Ss repeat chorally or	<i>Task 1</i> . Listen and repeat
British use to greet people.	individually.	Good morning! Goodbyel/
- Play the recording. You can	- Take notes	
ask Ss to provide their native		
language equivalents.		



B. New lesson: (35 minutes)

1. Activity 1: (15 minutes)

**a. Objectives:** to review the ways of greetings and introducing yourself/ others

**b. Content:** greeting and introducing yourself and others

**c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can greet people in different ways and introduce themselves/ others

**d.** Competences: communication, collaboration, critical thinking skills

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
		Greetings – Introducing yourself/others
- Read out the <i>Note!</i> box.	- Listen and take	Note!
- Read out the phrases and	notes	In English-speaking countries, people use Mr/
give Ss time to use them		Mrs/ Ms + a surname to address their teacher
to complete the dialogue.		e.g. Hello, Ms.Green. (NOT: <i>Hello Kate</i> or
		Hello teacher.)
		Task 2.
- Ask Ss to read and fill in	- Read the dialogue	a. Complete the dialogue with the phrases
the blanks with the words	and fill in the	below.
given	blanks with words	• Goodbye • Hello • This is • Nice to meet you
	given and then	Mrs.White: 1) Hello, I'm Mrs White. What's
	share with their	your name?
	friends	Nat: Hello, Mrs White. My name's Nat. 2)
		<u>This is</u> Barry.
		Mrs.White: 3) Nice to meet you, Barry.
- Play the recording. Ss		Barry: Nice to meet you, too. 4) Goodbye!
listen and check their		Mrs.White: Bye.
answers to Exercise 2a.	- Listen and check	b. Listen and check. Then read the dialogue
- Divide the class into	the answer.	aloud.
groups of three and ask		

them to take roles and	- Work in groups to	
read the dialogue aloud.	read the dialogue	
	aloud	

## 2. Activity 2: (20 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to present and practise using classroom language
- **b.** Content: Classroom language
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can use classroom language and understand basic imperative of their teacher.
- **d.** Competences: communication, collaboration, critical thinking skills
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content		
		Classroom language		
- Play the recording	- Listen and repeat	Task 3. Listen and repeat.		
with pauses for Ss to	chorally and	- Listen.		
repeat chorally and/or	individually	- Read.		
individually.	- Take notes	- Don't talk, please.		
- Pay attention to Ss'		- Close your books.		
pronunciation and		- Open your books.		
intonation.		- Sit down, please.		
		- Come to the board, please.		
		- Write in your notebooks.		
		- Stand up, please.		
		Note!		
- Read out the <i>Note!</i>	- Read and take	- We use the imperative to give: an <b>order</b> e.g. Stand		
box and go through	notes	up.; instructions e.g. Open your book on p. 25.		
the table. Elicit how		- Imperative		
we form the		+ base form of the verb		
imperative. Point out		affirmative		
that we can use <i>please</i>		Eg: <b>Open</b> your books.		
to sound more polite.	- Work in pairs	+ <b>negative Don't</b> + base form of the		
- Ask a pair of Ss to		verb		
model the activity	- Act out the	Eg: <b>Don't open</b> your books.		
using the example.	situation			
- Have Ss complete		Task 4. Make imperative sentences. Then your		
the task in pairs. Ask		partner acts out what you ask him/her to do.		
various pairs around		Student A: Stand up, please.		

the class to share their	St	tudent B: (stands up)
answers.		

## C. Consolidation (3 minutes)

- Greetings and introducing.
- Classroom language and imperative.

## D. Homework assigned (2 minutes)

- Learn classroom language and imperative
- Do exercises in the workbook (pages 8-9)

## Reflection:

2. What should I improve in the next lesson?

\_

UNIT: HELLO	<b>Date:</b>
Lesson 6: NATIONAL PRIDE (pp. 18-19)	Period:

## I. Objectives (learning outcomes):

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

## a. Knowledge:

- -learn about The United Kingdom.
- -draw a map of Vietnam.

## b. Core competences & language skills:

- develop Ss' language skills.
- improve Ss' communication, presentation, critical thinking and other skills.

### c. Personal qualities:

- be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.
- love their countries and their communities.

### II. Teaching aids:

- **Teacher's aids:** student book and teacher's book, class CDs, IWB software, projector/interactive whiteboard /TV (if any).
- **Students' aids:** Student books, notebooks.

#### **III. Procedures:**

#### A. Warm-up: (3 minutes)

- **a. Objectives:** to introduce Great Britain and set the scene for Ss to acquire new language; to get students' attention at the beginning of the class by means of enjoyable and short activities as well as to engage them in the steps that follow.
- **b. Content:** The map of Great Britain
- **c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can learn about countries in Great Britain.
- **d. Competences:** communication, collaboration, analytical thinking skills
- e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
- Ask Ss to look at the map.	- Look at the map	Task 1. Look at the map. Which countries
Elicit which countries are in	and find the	are in Great Britain? Listen, read and
Great Britain.	countries in Great	check. 1.13
- Play the recording. Ss	Britain.	Answer Key
listen and read the text and	- Listen and check	England, Wales and Scotland are in Great
check.		Britain.

### B. New lesson: (37 minutes)

## 1. Activity 1: (10 minutes)

**a. Objectives:** to present UK and its features.

**b. Content:** A text about UK (task 2)

**c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can have some information about UK

d. Competences: communication, collaboration, critical thinking and presentation skills

e. Organization:

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
- Ask Ss to read the texts	- Read the texts	Task 2. Read the texts and complete the
and then complete the labels	and then complete	cities on the map. Choose one part of the
on the map.	the labels on the	UK and present it to the class.
- Check Ss' answers.	map.	Suggested Answer Key
		England is one part of the UK. The capital
		city of England is London. The Palace of
		Westminster is a famous landmark in London.
		Bath is another city in England and a famous
- Read out the <i>Note!</i> box.	- Read and take	landmark in Bath is the ancient Roman Spa.
- Ask various Ss to present	notes	Note!
different parts of the UK to	- Work in group	We do not use <b>the</b> with names of cities, towns
the class.	- Present other	or villages.
- Play the video for Ss and	parts of the UK	
elicit their comments.		

## 2. Activity 2: (27 minutes)

**a. Objectives:** to know and discover useful information about Vietnam.

**b. Content:** Project- Presentation and National Pride

**c. Expected outcomes:** Ss can know more information about their country and love their it more.

**d. Competences: c**ommunication, collaboration, critical thinking, presentation and research skills

T's activities	Ss' activities	Content
- Ask Ss to work in groups	- Work in group	Task 3. Collect information about your
and look up information	to find the	country under the headings: country – capital
on the Internet or in	information	city – other cities – landmarks. Present your
encyclopaedias/ other		country to the class.
reference books and then		Suggested Answer Key

use the information to		Country: Vietna	m	
present their country to the		Capital city: Hanoi		
class.		Other cities: Ho Chi Minh City, Đà Nẵng and		
		Huế		
		Landmarks: Hạ Long Bay, Hanoi Citadel, Khải		
		Định Tomb		
		I am from Vietna	ım. The capita	l city of Vietnam is
		Hanoi. Other cit	ies are Ho Ch	i Minh City, Đà
		Nẵng and Huế. S	Some famous l	andmarks from
		Vietnam are Hạ	Long Bay, Ha	noi Citadel and
		Khải Định Tomb		
- Explain the task and give	- Work in	Project Time		
Ss time to draw their map	groups	Draw the map o	of Vietnam in	your notebook
and complete it including	- Draw maps	and complete it	with the nam	ne of the capital
pictures.	and then	city and other c	ities/towns. P	ut photos of each
- Ask various Ss to present	present to their	city/town and label them.		
their maps to the class.	class.	Suggested answer:		
- Alternatively, assign the		A-4-200		
task as HW and display		The state of the s		
the maps around the class.				
- Ask Ss to work in small	- Work in group	Task 2. Copy th	e headings be	elow in your
groups and copy the	to complete the	notebook. Colle	ct informatio	n about famous
headings into their	task.	landmarks in ea	nch of the citi	es in Exercise 1
notebooks. Give them		and write it und	ler the headir	ngs. Prepare a
time to collect information		poster. Label th	e photos.	
about famous landmarks		Name of the landmark		
in the cities in Exercise 1	- Hang their	What it is (castle, bridge, wall, monument,		
and complete their notes.	poster on the	tower, etc.)		
- Give Ss time to prepare a	wall or on the	Where it is		
poster. Display the posters	board.	Suggested Answer Key		
in the class.		Name of	What it is	Where it is
		landmark		
		Ho Chi Minh	mausoleum	Hanoi

		Mausoleum		
			. 7	II. Cl. M. I
		Củ Chi	tunnel	Ho Chi Minh
		Tunnel		City
		Presentation Skills		
- Ask various Ss to present	- Present their	Task 3. Use the	e map in Exe	rcise1 and your
Vietnamese landmarks to	product	notes in Exerci	ise2 to prese	nt the landmarks to
the class using the map in	- Listen and	the class.		
Exercise 1 and their notes	take notes, then	My country is f	amous for its	landmarks is a
from Exercise2.	their friends	in		
- Explain the task and	can give some	Suggested Ansv	wer Key	
explain what an itinerary	comments	My country is fo	amous for its	landmarks. Ho Chi
is (A planned route or		Minh Mausoleu	m is a mauso	oleum in Hanoi. The
journey). Ask Ss to plan a		Củ Chi Tunnel	is a system of	f tunnels in Ho Chi
trip to the cities in		Minh City.		
Exercise 1 and draw an				
itinerary on their map.				
- Ask various Ss to share				
their answers with the				
class.				
		National pride		
- Give Ss time to research	- Research	4. a. Look at th	ne flag of Vie	etnam. What do the
online about the colours of	online about the	colours on it mean? Research information.		
the Vietnamese flag and	colours of the	Tell the class.		
their meanings.	Vietnamese	Suggested Ansv	wer Key	
- Ask Ss to tell the class.	flag and their	The colours of t	the Vietnames	se flag are red and
- Play the video for Ss and	meanings.	yellow. Red is fo	or bloodshed	during the struggle
elicit their comments.	- Present their	for liberation a	nd yellow is f	or Vietnamese
- Explain that 'national	answer	people skin's co	olour.	
pride' is a feeling of				
happiness and satisfaction	- Work in	b. Find flags of	f other count	tries with the same
from being a citizen of	groups and	colours as the	Vietnamese f	flag. Tell the class.
your country.	complete the	Suggested Ansv	wer Key	
- Explain the task and give	task	China, Spain, C	Eroatia, Liech	ntenstein, Kyrgyzstan,
Ss time to research other		Belgium, etc.		
flags with the same				
colours as theirs.				
- Ask Ss to tell the class.				

## C. Consolidation (3 minutes)

- The United Kingdom.
- Drawing a map of Vietnam.

## D. Homework assigned (2')

- Learn vocabulary about numbers (1-100) and articles (a/an- the).
- Draw a map of Vietnam
- Do exercises in the workbook (pages 10-11)

## Reflection:

1. What did I like from the lesson?

2. What should I improve in the next lesson?

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