

UNIT 8: THE WORLD AROUND US

①. LISTENING

Listen to an interview about a trip to Vietnam.

I. Listen once and choose FIVE things that Mr. Johnson mentioned about Viet Nam.

- a. Food
- b. The capital
- c. The weather
- d. Prices
- e. Hotels
- f. Means of transport
- g. Traffic
- h. The people
- i. Nature
- j. Entertainment

- 1. Food
- 2. The weather
- 3. Means of transport
- 4. The people
- 5. Nature

II. Listen again and decide whether the statements are TRUE or

FALSE. Statements

True/ False

- 6. Mr. Johnson does not really like his trip to Viet Nam.
- 7. He spent more than a week in each city.
- 8. He travelled around each city by motorbike.
- 9. He found Vietnamese food delicious.
- 10. He enjoyed wonderful weather during his trip.

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②. PHONETICS

I. Choose the words whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

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|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. sleeping | B. <u>i</u> sland | C. camps <u>i</u> te | D. <u>s</u> taying |
| 2. A. <u>n</u> earby | B. batter <u>y</u> | C. pret <u>y</u> | D. th <u>i</u> rty |
| 3. A. <u>c</u> lose | B. <u>c</u> anyon | C. <u>c</u> limbing | D. <u>c</u> ell phone |
| 4. A. <u>t</u> ent | B. <u>j</u> acket | C. b <u>e</u> st | D. g <u>e</u> t |
| 5. A. <u>r</u> afting | B. <u>c</u> amping | C. <u>p</u> lane | D. kay <u>a</u> king |
| 6. A. <u>b</u> each | B. <u>s</u> eafood | C. <u>b</u> ea <u>t</u> iful | D. <u>w</u> eather |
| 7. A. <u>w</u> onders | B. comic bo <u>o</u> ks | C. fo <u>r</u> ests | D. tri <u>p</u> s |
| 8. A. <u>p</u> illows | B. to <u>w</u> els | C. <u>f</u> lashlights | D. to <u>y</u> s |
| 9. A. <u>s</u> unglasses | B. cand <u>i</u> es | C. sandc <u>a</u> stles | D. c <u>a</u> ves |
| 10. A. <u>c</u> onfirmed | B. travel <u>e</u> d | C. stay <u>e</u> d | D. hik <u>e</u> d |

II. Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is placed differently from that of the other in each group.

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| 1. A. pillow | B. towel | C. forest | D. <u>confirm</u> |
| 2. A. <u>weekend</u> | B. campsite | C. flashlight | D. highland |
| 3. A. waterfall | B. <u>vacation</u> | C. kayaking | D. canyon |
| 4. A. dangerous | B. natural | C. beautiful | D. <u>delicious</u> |
| 5. A. Caribbean | B. international | C. <u>geography</u> | D. Indonesian |

3. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

1. Choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences.

1. Mộc Châu Highland is the _____ of Vietnam.
A. east B. west C. south **D. north**
2. The three Rs _____ reduce, reuse and recycle.
A. mean by B. turn to **C. stand for** D. put up
3. You shouldn't throw those papers away; they're _____.
A. refillable B. reducible **C. recyclable** D. repayable
4. We should use reusable shopping bags _____ plastic bags.
A. instead of B. because of C. in spite of D. place of
5. Thousands of people donated money and food to those in _____.
A. length **B. need** C. order D. space
6. We should use _____ shopping bag to protect the environment.
A. reusable B. reused C. reusing D. reuse
7. Nowadays, people are using more _____ cosmetics.
A. nature B. naturally **C. natural** D. unnatural
8. My teacher asks us to _____ the amount of waste at school.
A. reducing B. reduced C. reduction **D. reduce**
9. Plastic bags, bottles, papers should be put into recycling bins in order that they can be _____.
A. recycle B. recyclable C. recycling **D. recycled**
10. Air _____ is a serious problem that our city is facing due to our own activities.
A. pollute B. polluted **C. pollution** D. pollutant
11. In my family, my father always _____ the rubbish out after dinner.
A. puts B. gives C. picks D. gets
12. A _____ bulb produces light and heat at the same time so it is said to be a waste of energy.
A. lamp **B. light** C. electric D. solar
13. _____ bags should be banned because the use of them pollutes our land and water seriously.
A. glass B. wooden C. garment **D. plastic**
14. Some people treat garbage by burning them, this will produce a lot of harmful _____.
A. smoke B. water C. fire D. steam
15. I and my classmates are _____ a survey on how much waste is produced at our school every day.
A. researching B. getting C. taking **D. doing**
16. The increase of global temperature has caused the sea _____ to rise; this is very dangerous for our human life.
A. degree B. side **C. level** D. rank

Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

17. The development of cities is becoming faster and faster and this causes wildlife animals' homes disappear.
A. reason **B. make** C. do D. purpose
18. Everyone can save power by unplugging the home appliances when they're not in use.
A. turn in B. switch on **C. switch off** D. turn on

Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

19. Tigers, polar bears and giant pandas are among endangered species and need to be protected.
A. saved B. conserved **C. guarded** D. destroyed
20. Our children and grandchildren might not have a green world to live in if we keep polluting the environment.
A. fresh B. clean **C. dirty** D. friendly

II. Give the correct form of the verbs to complete the sentences.

21. We should (bring) **bring** a pillow because the campsite (not/ have) **doesn't have** any.
22. If I study hard, I (pass) **will pass** this year's exam.
23. What time **does** the English Speaking Contest (start) **start**?
24. We (not play) **didn't play** very well yesterday, so we (lose) **lost** the match.
25. Our flight (take) **will take** off at 4 o'clock tomorrow.
26. When I was a primary student, I (not do) **didn't do** much sports at school.
27. If you (love) **love** the beach, you should go to Phú Qu ốc Island.
28. We need to bring a flashlight so we can (see) **see** clearly at night.
29. I (have) **had** a wonderful holiday with my family last summer.
30. My friend (not be) **wasn't** at the party last Sunday, so he (not know) **didn't know** what happened.

III. Supply the correct forms of the given words to complete the sentences.

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| 31. There will be a new amusement park to the north of the city. | (AMUSE) |
| 32. Many tourists visit Da Lat for its peaceful atmosphere. | (PEACE) |
| 33. Life is more exciting in the city than in the country. | (EXCITE) |
| 34. Weekends are our time for relaxation . | (RELAX) |
| 35. Jack got back home too late, so his mom shouted angrily . | (ANGRY) |

④. READING

I. Read the following passage and decide whether each of the statements is TRUE or FALSE.

Read the passage and decide whether the sentences are True (T) or False (F).

As children, we can do many things to save fresh water. Firstly, you can save showers rather than baths. Short showers use less water and also there is less use of energy to heat the water. However not keeping yourself clean is NOT an option. Secondly, clean your teeth by putting water into a glass. Use the water for wetting your toothbrush, rinsing your mouth and cleaning, your brush. You can also help your family save water by using a watering can to water plants and vegetables in the garden rather than using a hose. Maybe you could help recycle the water from the washing machine. And you can help your school save water by switching off taps properly and using the water fountain for drinking water.

Statements	True/ False
1. Using showers can save more water than baths.	
2. You shouldn't use a glass of water for cleaning your teeth.	
3. A hose should be used to water plants and vegetables.	
4. The water from the washing machine should be used for other things.	
5. You should switch off the taps properly to help save water at school.	

II. Choose the option (A, B, or C) that best completes each numbered blank in the passage. Three ways everyone can help make the Earth a greener place is to reduce, reuse, and recycle!

When people reduce it means they are using (6)_____ of something. This allows us to create less waste. Turning off the faucet when we brush our teeth is a simple way to reduce. This is a small action that prevents us from wasting (7)_____.

Another small action people can take is to reuse things we already have. Taking bags to the store (8)_____ we shop for food is one way to reuse them. Using both sides of piece of paper before getting a new one is another way to reuse.

(9)_____ is when new materials are created from old ones. Paper, plastic, and metal are all materials that can be recycled. Things like newspapers, soda cans, and plastic bags can all be turned (10)_____ new objects if we take the time to recycle them!

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|---------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 6. A. much | B. more | C. little | D. less |
| 7. A. energy | B. electricity | C. water | D. time |
| 8. A. when | B. what | C. how | D. while |
| 9. A. Reusing | B. Reducing | C. Recycling | D. Reacting |
| 10. A. out | B. up | C. down | D. into |

III. Fill in each blank with ONE suitable word.

Visitors to San Francisco usually bring back with them a photo of the Golden Gate Bridge. This landmark (11) **has** been there since 1937. At first, almost (12) **no** one believed that the building of this 4.8 kilometer long bridge was possible. It (13) **took** four years to complete. In 1937, it was the (14) **longest** suspension bridge in the world. Its red color is painted regularly. It helps people move easily (15) **between** Marin Headlands and the city of San Francisco. Because of this, San Francisco has developed very quickly.

5. WRITING

I. Rewrite the following sentences with the given beginnings in such a way that the meanings stay unchanged.

1. Jenny is not as beautiful as Laura.
→ **Laura is more beautiful than Jenny.**
2. My family plans to spend the summer vacation by the sea.
→ **My family is going to spend the summer vacation by the sea.**
3. My advice for you is to travel by plane.
→ **You should travel by plane.**
4. This book is not so interesting as that one.
→ **That book is more interesting than this one.**
5. Why don't we take the taxi? (by)
→ **Let's go/ travel by taxi!**

II. Rearrange the given phrases to make a complete sentence.

6. the teacher/where/spend/his summer vacation/going to/is/?
Where is the teacher going to spend his summer vacation?
7. Hue does./ Ho Chi Minh City has/ than/ a/ population/ larger
Ho Chi Minh City has a larger population than Hue does.
8. her trip/ is going to/the Hyde Park/ Michelle/ to London./ visit/ during
Michelle is going to visit the Hyde Park during her trip to London.
9. should go/ because/ I think/ from here./ by taxi/ the museum/ we/ too far/ is
I think we should go by taxi because the museum is too far from here.
10. attract/ each year./ natural wonders/ thousands of / Viet Nam's/ foreign tourists
Vietnam's natural wonders attract thousands of foreign tourists each year.

6. SPEAKING

Complete the dialogue with the correct sentences from the list. There is ONE EXTRA sentence.

- a. When are you going to start your trip?
- b. How long are you going to stay in Hanoi?
- c. Who are you going to visit in Sapa?
- d. Where are you going to stay in Sapa?
- e. Who are you going to travel with?
- f. What are you going to bring with you?
- g. How are you going to get there?
- h. Where are you going to spend your summer holiday?
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Helen: Hi, there! It's summer time.

Tom: (1) **h. Where are you going to spend your summer holiday?**

Helen: Mom says we are going to visit Hanoi next week.

Tom: That sounds great! (2) **g. How are you going to get there?**

Helen: By plane. It will be my first flight!

Tom: (3) **b. How long are you going to stay in Hanoi?**

Helen: About 3 days. Then we are going to travel further north, visiting Sapa.

Tom: (4) **d. Where are you going to stay in Sapa?**

Helen: Mom says she has booked a small hotel.

Tom: (5) **e. Who are you going to travel with?**

Helen: My parents, my brother and my two cousins.

Tom: You will have a good time, I'm sure.

Helen: Thank you, Tom.

_____ **The end** _____

II. LISTENING UNIT 8:

Listening transcript: Listen to someone talking about their trip to Vietnam

Interviewer: Welcome to our "Travel First" program.

Today, we are going to listen to Mr. Johnson, who has just got back from Vietnam. Hello, Mr. Johnson. How was your trip?

Mr. Johnson: Hello. It was terrific! I have never had a better vacation.

Interviewer: Really? How long did you stay in Vietnam?

Mr. Johnson: My trip lasted nearly a month, and I travelled to the 5 main cities of Vietnam, admiring its beautiful mountains and rivers. I spent about 4 or 5 days in each city before moving to the next.

Interviewer: That's a long vacation. How did you get around in Vietnam?

Mr. Johnson: First, I arrived in Hanoi by plane. I moved from one city to the next by coach or by plane. By the way, it's very easy and interesting to travel around by motorbike in Vietnam.

Interviewer: It must be hard during rainy days.

Mr. Johnson: Lucky me! I had perfect weather during my time there. Vietnamese people are friendlier than any people I have ever met. The food tastes so good. You must try "pho" there.

Interviewer: It's break time now! We'll continue talking about food after the break. Phelps has achieved the same success. That makes him one of the greatest swimmers of all time.
